

1) $V = 2000 \text{ u.m.}$

$P_A = 250 \text{ u.m.}$

$P_B = 500 \text{ u.m.}$

$$\text{COP}_A = ? = \frac{P_A}{P_B} = \frac{250}{500} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 1A = \frac{1}{2}B$$

$$\text{COP}_A = \frac{Q_B}{Q_A} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Q_A = 2000 : 250 = 8$$

$$Q_B = 2000 : 500 = 4$$

2) $Q_i = 100$

$Q_c = 20$

$\text{COP}_C = ?$

$$\text{COP}_C = \frac{Q_i}{Q_c} = \frac{100}{20} = 5 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 1C = 5i$$

3)

Q	UT	U _{mg}
1	35	-
2	63	28
3	89	26
4	113	24
5	135	22
6	135	0
7	120	-15

$$U_{mg} = ?$$

$$U_{mg} = \frac{\Delta UT}{\Delta Q} = \frac{UT_1 - UT_0}{Q_1 - Q_0} = \frac{63 - 35}{2 - 1} = 28$$

$$\frac{89 - 63}{3 - 2} = 26$$

4) $UT = (x+1)(y-5)$ $Q_x^*, Q_y^* = ?$

$$U_{mgx} = (UT)'_x = y - 5$$

$$U_{mgy} = (UT)'_y = x + 1$$

$P_x = 10$

$P_y = 20$

$V = 120$

$$\begin{cases} x P_x + y P_y = V \\ \frac{U_{mgx}}{P_x} = \frac{U_{mgy}}{P_y} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} 10x + 20y = 120 \\ \frac{y-5}{10} = \frac{x+1}{20} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x + 2y = 12 \\ 20y - 100 = 10x + 10 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x + 2y = 12 \\ 2y - 10 = x + 1 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x + 2y = 12 & (1) \\ x - 2y = -11 & (2) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{2x}{2} = 1 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2} = 0,5 \quad \boxed{Q_x = 0,5} \quad (1)$$

$$0,5 + 2y = 12 \Rightarrow 2y = 12 - 0,5 \Rightarrow 2y = 11,5 \Rightarrow \boxed{y = 5,75}$$

$$5] \quad U_T = 2\sqrt{xy} \quad Q_x^*, Q_y^* = ?$$

$$P_x = 2$$

$$P_y = 4$$

$$V = 20$$

$$\begin{aligned} U_{mgx} &= (2\sqrt{xy})'_x = 2 \cdot (\sqrt{x})'_x \cdot (\sqrt{y})'_x \\ &= 2\sqrt{y} \cdot (x^{\frac{1}{2}})'_x = 2\sqrt{y} \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{\frac{1}{2}-1} = \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}} \\ U_{mgy} &= (2\sqrt{xy})'_y = 2\sqrt{x} \cdot (y^{\frac{1}{2}})'_y = 2\sqrt{x} \cdot \frac{1}{2} y^{\frac{1}{2}-1} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{u_{mgx} = \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}} ; u_{mgy} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}}}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 4y = 20 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{y}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 4y = 20 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{4\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x + 2y = 10 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 4\sqrt{y} \cdot \sqrt{y} = 2\sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{x} \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x + 2y = 10 \\ 4y = 2x \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x + 2y = 10 \\ 2y = x \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} 2y = 10 - x \\ x = 2 \cdot 2,5 \Rightarrow x = 5 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x + 2y = 10 \\ 2y = x \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} 2y = 10 - x \\ x = 2 \cdot 2,5 \Rightarrow x = 5 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2y = 10 - x \\ x = 2 \cdot 2,5 \Rightarrow x = 5 \end{cases}$$

6

-3-

$$Umg_x = 20 - 3Q_x$$

Q_x	1	2	3	4	5
Umg_x	17	14	11	8	5
UT	17	31	42	50	55

$$20 - 3 \cdot 1 = 20 - 3 = 17$$

$$20 - 3 \cdot 2 = 20 - 6 = 14$$

$$20 - 3 \cdot 3 = 20 - 9 = 11$$

$$20 - 3 \cdot 4 = 20 - 12 = 8$$

$$20 - 3 \cdot 5 = 20 - 15 = 5$$

$$\Delta UT = Umg_x \cdot \Delta Q_x$$

$$7] V = 20$$

$$P_x = 1$$

$$P_y = 2$$

$$Umg_x = 10 - Q_x$$

$$Umg_y = 28 - 2Q_y$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x + 2y = 20 \\ 10 - x = 14 - y \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} x + 2y = 20 \\ \frac{10 - x}{1} = \frac{28 - 2y}{2} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} x + 2y = 20 \\ 20 - 2x = 28 - 2y \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} x + 2y = 20 \\ -x + y = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$3y = 24 \Rightarrow \boxed{y = 8} \Rightarrow$$

$$x + 2y = 20 \Rightarrow x + 2 \cdot 8 = 20 \Rightarrow x = 20 - 16 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{x = 4}$$

8] boring

9]

$$P_0 = 300$$

$$Q_{c0} = 200$$

$$P_1 = 250$$

$$Q_{c1} = 400$$

$$K_{e_{c/p}} = - \frac{\Delta \% Q_c}{\Delta \% P} = - \frac{400 - 200}{200} \cdot \frac{300}{250 - 300} =$$

$$= + \frac{200}{200} \cdot \frac{300}{+50} = \frac{30}{5} = 6 > 1 \text{ curve elastica.}$$

10)

$$K_{ec/p} = 1,25$$

$$P_1 = P_0 + 10\% \cdot P_0$$

$$\Delta\% Q_c = ?$$

$$K_{ec/p} = - \frac{\Delta\% Q_c}{\Delta\% P} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Delta\% Q_c = - K_{ec/p} \cdot \Delta\% P \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta\% Q_c = -1,25 \cdot 10\% \Rightarrow \Delta\% Q_c = -1,25 \cdot \frac{10}{100} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta\% Q_c = -1,25 \cdot 0,1 \Rightarrow \Delta\% Q_c = -12,5\%$$

prețul crește, cantitatea cerută scade \Rightarrow bun normal

$$11) V_0 = 500$$

$$V_1 = 750$$

$$Q_{cx_0} = 1000$$

$$Q_{cx_1} = 1200$$

$$K_{ec/v} = ?$$

natura bunului

$$K_{ec/v} = \frac{\Delta\% Q}{\Delta\% V} = \frac{Q_1 - Q_0}{Q_0} \cdot \frac{V_0}{V_1 - V_0}$$

$$\frac{1200 - 1000}{1000} = \frac{500}{750 - 500} = \frac{200}{1000} \cdot \frac{500}{250} = \frac{2}{5} = 0,4$$

$$K_{ec/v} = 0,4 > 0 \text{ bun normal}$$