Entity-based Sentiment Classifier for Social Media Analysis

Master Thesis Seminar

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Motivation

- Social media networking services such as Twitter provide a massive amount of valuable data.
- Core business processes such as market-sensing, customer acquisition and customer relationship management (CRM).
- Cross domain applications: Politics, Sociology and others.



Motivation - SentiTrack

- Linked Data-based Social Media Analysis for Stock Market Tracking
 - ReSA (Real-time Sentiment Analysis) by Dr. Ali Khalili
 - Find correlation between public sentiments and intra-day stock prices



Problem definition



State-of-the-art approaches

- Entities are usually ignored
- Only document-level analysis
- Not designed for tweets
- Presence of multiple entities
- Real-Time Systems
 - Performance issues

Objective

"Classify the sentiment of tweets according to the opinion expressed towards a target entity"



"my iPhone is better than your Nexus 4"

Entity

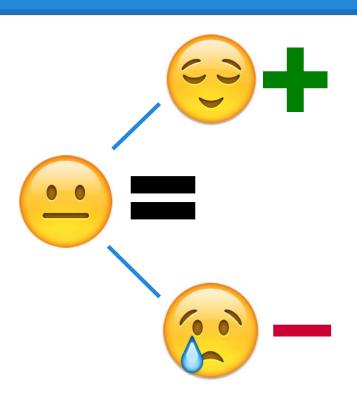
Entity

Solution Proposed

- Entity-based Sentiment Classifier
 - 3-Class Machine Learning approach
 - Identify and categorize entities
 - Entity context extraction
 - Entity-based features
- Datasets for training
 - Collection of target-labeled tweets



Background - Sentiment Analysis



Extracting Opinions

- NLP / IR Task
- Analysis levels (3)

Classifiers

- Supervised / Unsupervised
- Classification classes
- Polarity / Subjectivity

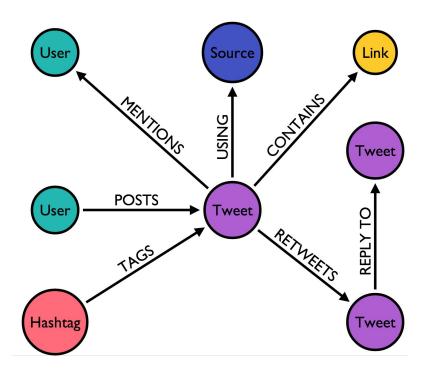
Background - Twitter

Features

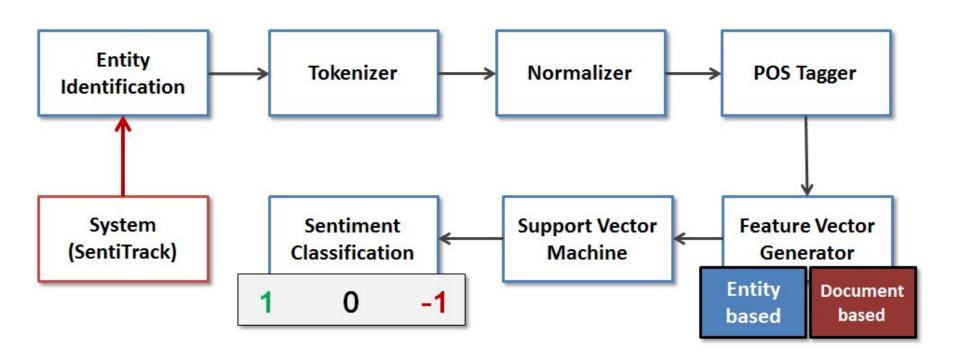
- Short and concise
- Slang / Abbr.
- Unique elements

Twitter API

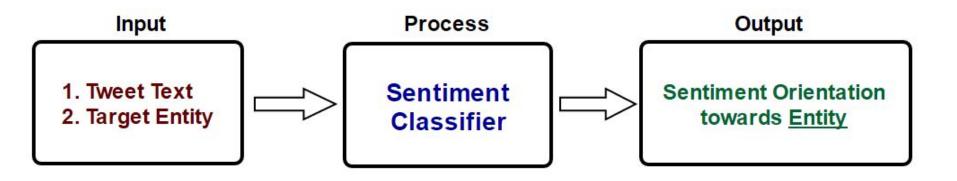
- Real-Time analysis
- Query based search



Approach - Overview



Approach - Workflow



Approach - Entity Identification

DBpedia Spotlight

- Input labeled entities (Company / Person / Product) from SentiTrack
- Forward array of entities (Target and Others) to Tokenizer module

```
Tweet: Samsung is a great company but not as good as LG

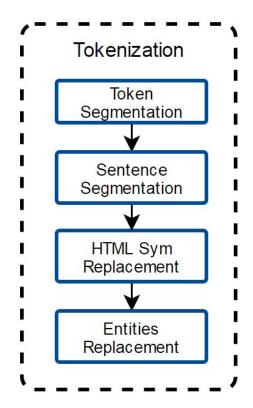
Entity

'@URI': 'http://dbpedia.org/resource/LG_Corp',
'@support': '692',
'@types': 'DBpedia:Agent,Schema:Organization,DBpedia:Organisation,DBpedia:Company',
'@surfaceForm': 'LG',
'@offset': '46',
'@similarityScore': '0.9339616587926485',
'@percentageOfSecondRank': '0.06881123322259425'
```

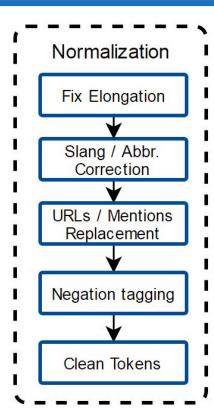
Approach - Tokenizer

Tokenization process

- Splitting of tweets into tokens using Regex
- Identify sentence finalization tokens to for sentence separation (Regex)
- Replace HTML elements with real values
- Entities are replaced by placeholders to reduce sparsity of feature vectors.



Approach - Normalizer



Normalization process

- Fix tokens with more than two repeated letters
- Replace slang and abbreviations with correct form (Urban Dictionary)
- Replace URLs and @Mentions with placeholders
- Tag tokens with "_NEG" that follow a negated word (not, never, none, etc...)
- Remove numbers and symbols (Except Emojis)

Approach - Example Normalizer / Tokenizer

	${f Target}$	(1) Google		
-	Other	(1) Nexus		
	Entities	(1) Nexus		Tok
-	Tweet	Thanks google!! Just got my new Nexus <3		
	Result Tokens	(1) {Thanks, TargetEntity!!}		
		(2) {Just, got, my, new, OtherEntity, <3}	•	

Tokenized

Normalized

Tokens	Normalization Result		
(1) {not, their, best, !}	(1){not, their_NEG, best_NEG, !}		
(2){ http://t.co, @Muse, #LiveMuse}	(2){ someURL, someUser, #LiveMuse}		

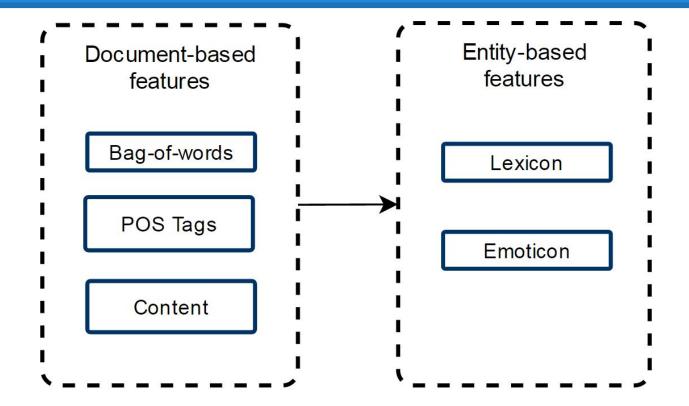
Approach - Pos Tagger

Part-of-speech tags on tokens

- Twitter ARK POS Tagger (Carnegie Mellon Uni) java-based
- Most relevant tags are: Nouns / Adjectives / Verbs / Adverbs

Normalized Tokens	POS Tagging	
(1){not, their_NEG, best_NEG}	{R/not, O/their_NEG, A/best_NEG}	
(2) { someURL, someUser, $\#$ Live}	$\{ \text{ someURL, someUser, } \#/\#\text{Live} \}$	

Approach - Feature Vector Generator



FVG / Document - Binary Bag-of-words

Boolean term frequency

- Vector space reduced by removal of Stopwords
- Values can only be 1 or 0, present or not

Tweets	Binary Bag-of-words		
happy birthday friend! :)	{1,1,1,1,0,0,0}		
always be happy;)	{1,0,0,0,1,1,1}		

FVG / Document - POS Tags / Content

POS Tags Features

No. of Nouns / Adjectives / Verbs / Adverbs

Content Features

No. of all-caps, hashtags, elongated words, negation context, punctuation.



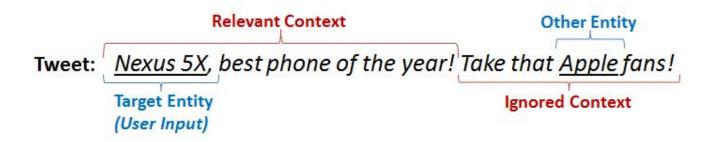
FVG / Entity - Context Extraction

Sentence separation

Ignore non-target sentences (Outside Neighborhood) for Entity features

"But" clause and conditions

Rules for condition expression ("except that, but, better than")



FVG / Entity - Lexicon

Lexicons	Score Range	Words	
MaxDiff	Real-values	1,500	
AFINN	-5 to 5	2,477	
BingLiu	Pos / Neg	6,785	
SentiWordNet	-1 to 1	147,292	
MPQA	Pos / Neg	6,886	
NRC Hashtag	Real-values	54,129	
Sentiment140	Real-values	62,468	

Lexical Resources

- Different score ranges
- All 3 types of lexicons

Calculations

- No. sentiment tokens
- Total score
- Max score
- Last token score

FVG / Entity - Emoticons / Example

Emoticon Features

- Resource Pos / Neg emojis (SentiStrength)
- No. of Pos / No. of Neg

Target-entity context tokens	Feature Vectors		
{my, TargetEntity, is, awesome,	(BingLiu) $\{2, 2, 1, 1\}$		
best, day, ever, :D }	$(\text{Emoji})\{1,0\}$		

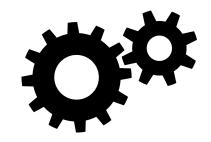
Approach - Support Vector Machine / SentiTrack

Node-SVM (LibSVM)

- Linear kernel with default parameters
- No class weighting (balanced training data)
- Active sparse format to ignore 0 in vector space

SentiTrack - common technologies

- Node-js implementations
- Modular integration with .npmjs (Node Package Manager)



Evaluation Results - Datasets

Collection

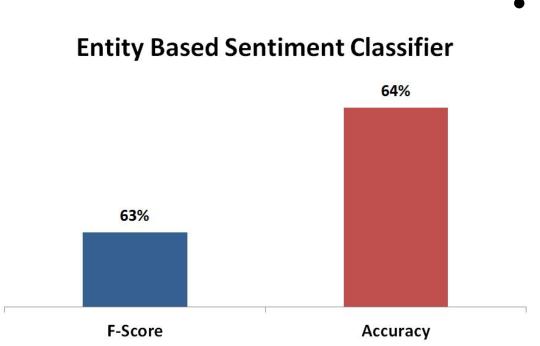
- Semeval 2015 (Semantic Evaluation) Task 10 Training data
- Semeval 2016 Task 4 Training data
- Twitter Sanders Analytics Corpus
- STS Gold (Saif M. Mohammad)

Data Summary

- 4900 entity-based annotated tweets (balanced classes)
- 70% 30% SVM Training / Eval ratio



Evaluation Results - Quality

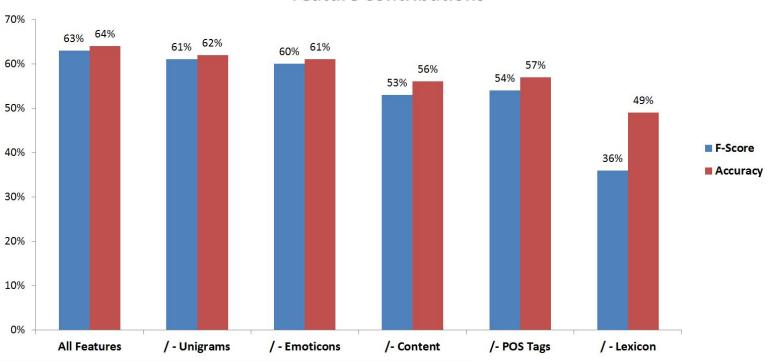


Evaluation Metrics

- F-Score / Accuracy
- 4-fold cross validation
- Features quality test
- 70% 30% training / eval ratio

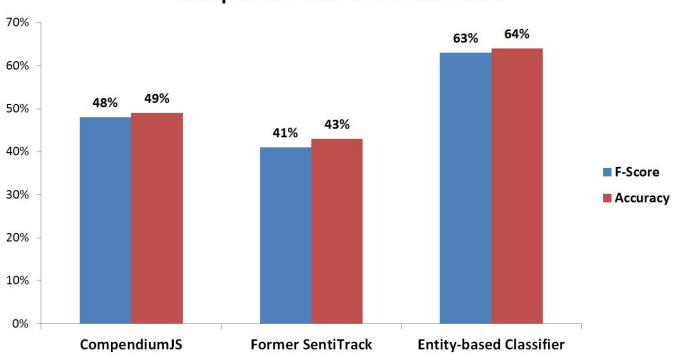
Evaluation Results - Quality

Feature Contributions



Evaluation Results - Comparison

Comparison with other solutions



Evaluation Results - Performance

Evaluation environment

- Intel Core i5-2320 CPU @ 3.00GHz
- 8 GB RAM
- 64 bits Windows 7

Results for 1000 tweets processed

- Former SentiTrack Classifier: 323 ms
- CompendiumJS: 2357 ms
- Entity-based Classifier: 3447 ms



Conclusions

- This thesis presented the research, solution and evaluation of an entity-based sentiment classifier for social media analysis
- Implemented sentiment classifier was fully integrated to SentiTrack and ReSA. Which proves its compatibility with real-time systems
- Proposed approach achieved satisfactory results with 20% accuracy improvement over former SentiTrack classifier

Future Work

- Expand the sentiment classifier with a dependency parser module capable of performing real time analysis
- Improve the quality of the classifier by including higher level n-grams and a better Named Entity Recognition module
- Develop a graphical user interface that allows users to classify tweets
- Enhance Support Vector Machine module by the inclusion of distant supervision methods

SentiTrack...



Thank You

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