Getting Started with the Common Data Service



Agenda

- Common Data Service Overview
- Creating the CDS Database
- Understanding Entities
- Importing Data into the CDS Database
- Building Model-driven Apps
- Creating a Custom Entity



What is Common Data Service?

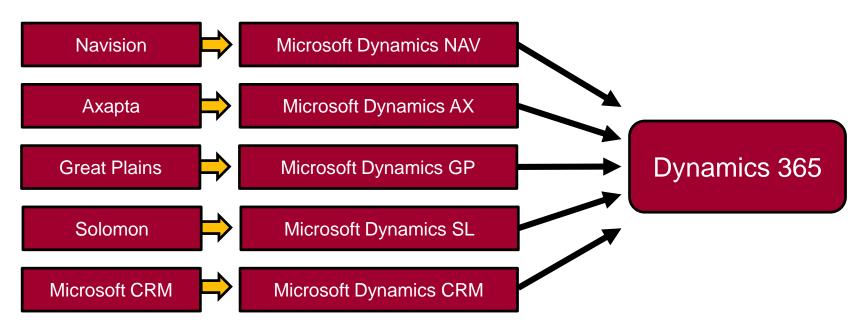
- Platform for building business applications
 - Business application include CRMs, ERPs, etc.
 - Provides common database infrastructure

- What does CDS for Apps provide?
 - Standard database schema of common entities
 - Extensible design for extending and creating entities
 - Ability to build entity-specific UI components
 - Ability to build entity-specific business logic
 - Ability to build apps by assembling components



Evolution of Microsoft Business Application Suite

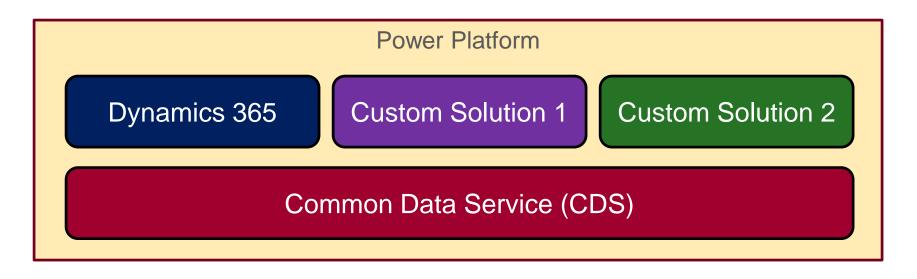
- Microsoft has acquired many software companies
 - Several acquisitions involved software that targets CRM and ERP
 - Microsoft evolved many software applications into Dynamics suite
 - Dynamics 365 represents evolution from on-premises to cloud





Birth of the Power Platform

- Microsoft migrating infrastructure out of Dynamics 365
 - CDS has infrastructure for building entity-based business solutions
 - Dynamics 365 is now collection of entities with UI and logic
 - Custom solutions can be built using entities with UI and logic
 - CDS provides foundation of Power Platform





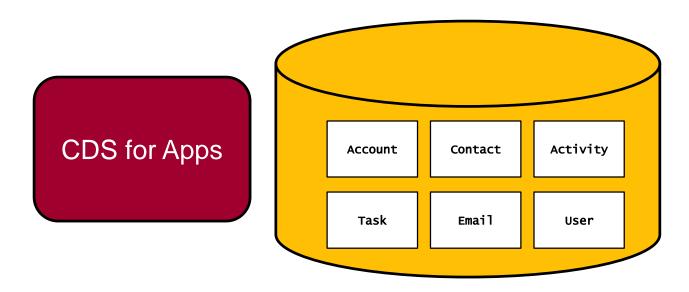
Common Data Model (CDM)

- What is the Common Data Model (CDM)?
 - Open-sourced definition of standard entities
 - Entities are well-defined, modular, and extensible
 - structural and semantic consistency across apps and deployments
- CDM helps integrate and disambiguate data from
 - business processes
 - digital interactions
 - product telemetry
 - people interactions



Common Database Model Schema

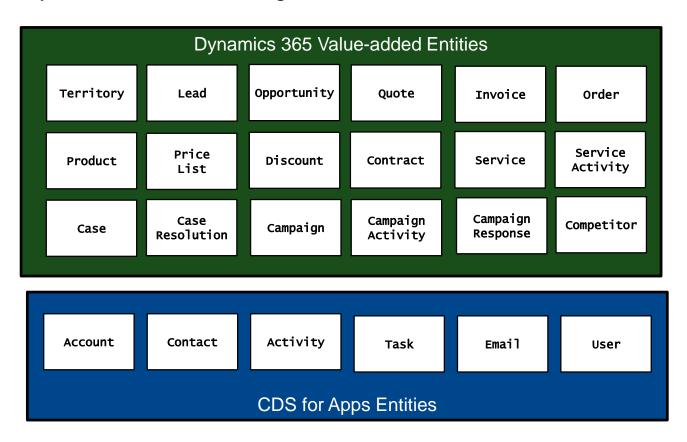
- CDM defines set of entities available to all applications
 - Account: represents an business entity that can be invoiced
 - Contact: represents a human being
 - Activity: represents an event that can be schedule
 - Task: represents work item that can be assigned to user or team
 - Email: represents email message sent or received
 - User: represents system user who can be owner of records





CDS for Apps vs Dynamics 365 for Sales

- CDS for Apps provides base set of entities
 - Custom solutions can extend and add entities
 - Dynamics 365 add a large set of its own entities





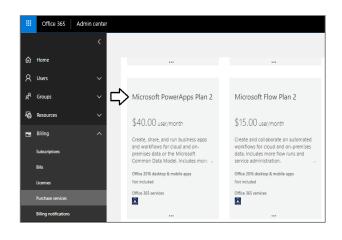
Agenda

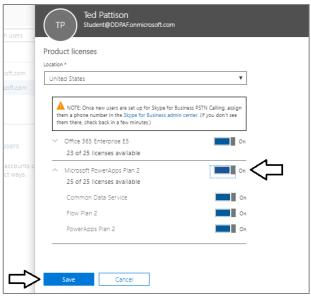
- Common Data Service Overview
- Creating the CDS Database
- Understanding Entities
- Importing Data into the CDS Database
- Building Model-driven Apps
- Creating a Custom Entity

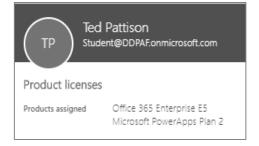


PowerApps Plan 2

- Certain design tasks require PowerApps Plan 2
 - You can start a 30-day trial for PowerApps Plan 2
 - License must be assigned to individual user accounts



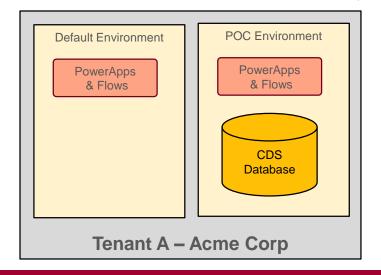


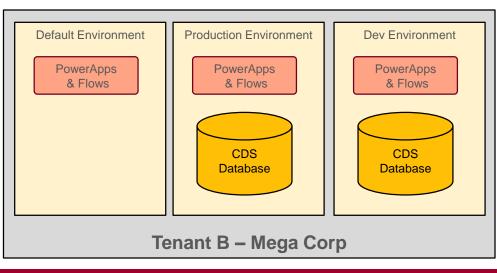




What is an Environment?

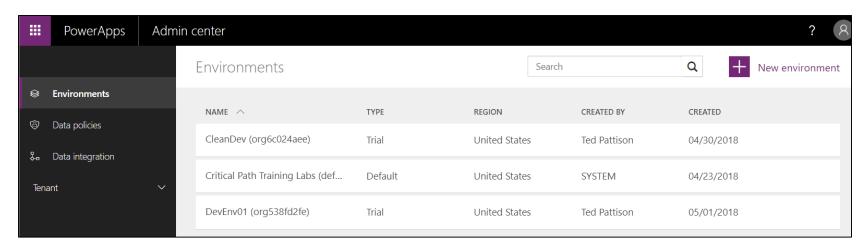
- Environment is container for PowerApps, Flow and the CDS
 - Each environment and its resources exist within a geographic region
 - Environment resources include PowerApps, Flows and CDS database
 - Environment represents a governance and security boundary
 - Every tenant is provisioning with a default environment
 - Administrator can provision additional environments if needed
 - Environment can be provisioned with or without a CDS database
 - Environment can contain only one CDS database





Environments and CDS for Apps

- Environments managed in PowerApps Admin Center
 - You can configure security and access
 - You can create new environments
- Access to environment controlled at 3 different levels
 - Environmental roles
 - Resource permissions for apps and flows
 - CDS Database roles





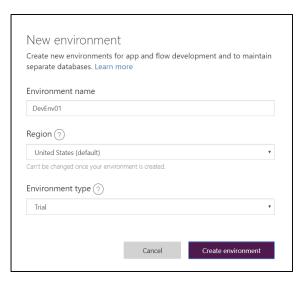
Environment Roles (Admin and Maker)

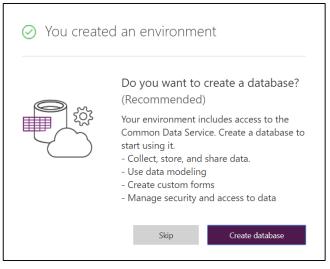
- Environment Admin role
 - Change role membership
 - Create new environments with or without CDS database
 - View and manage all resources created in environment
 - Set Data Loss Prevention policies
- Environment Maker role
 - Create apps, connections, custom APIs, gateways, and flows
 - Create and extend CDS entities (requires PowerApps plan 2)

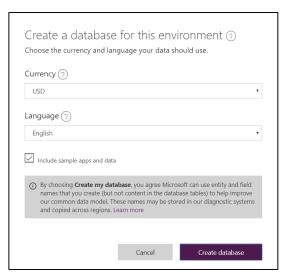


Creating the CDS for Apps Database

- Steps to create a new CDS for Apps Database
 - Navigate to Power Apps Admin Center
 - Create a new environment
 - 3. Configure the new environment with a CDS for Apps database
 - 4. Add option to include sample data [Optional]

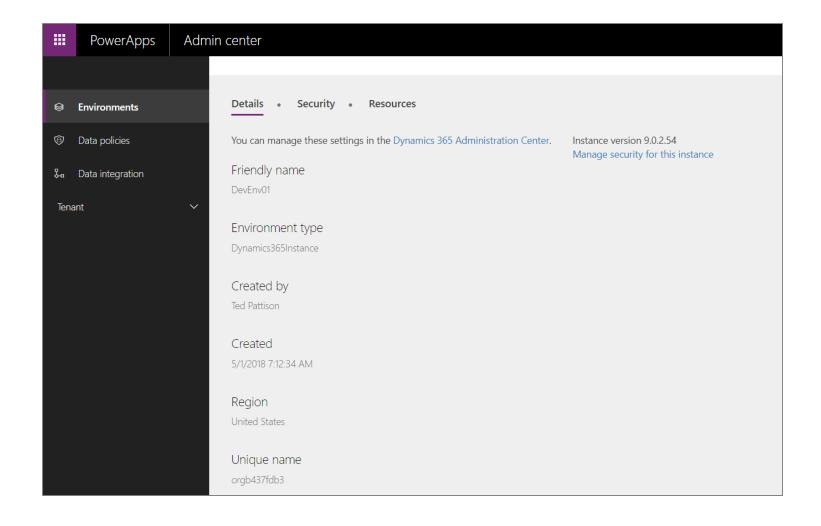






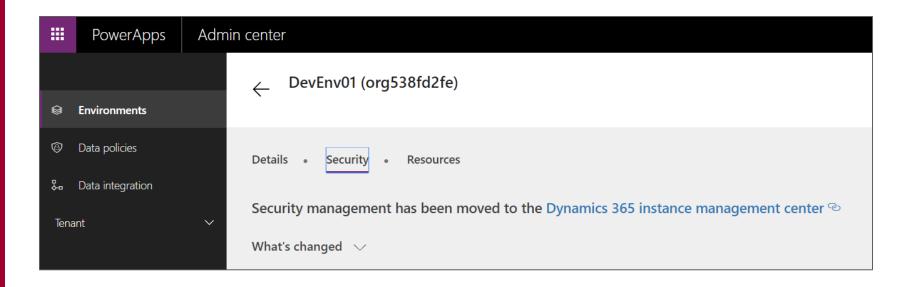


Examining the New Environment





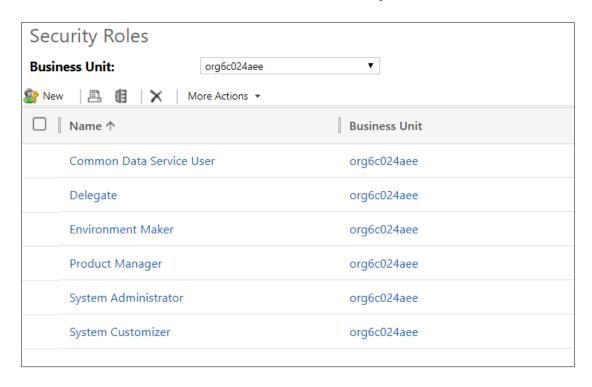
Configuring Environment Security





Environmental Security Roles

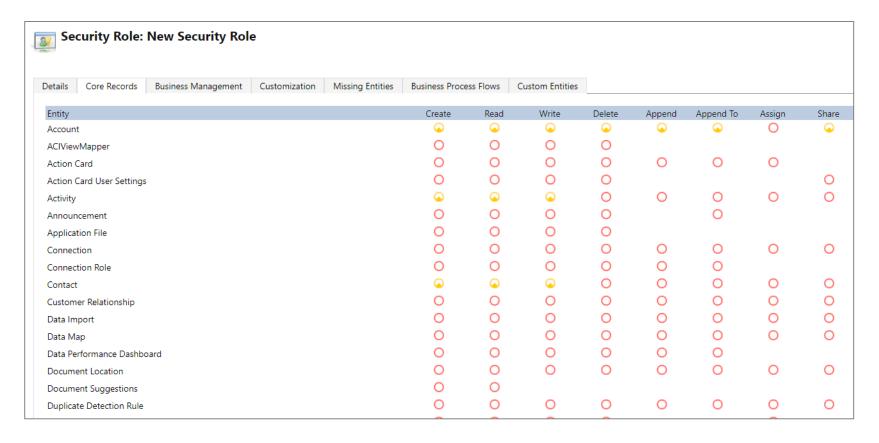
- User access to CDS data based on roles
 - Environment security configured in terms of business units
 - CDS pre-defines common security roles
 - You can define custom security roles as well





Security Role Configuration - Core Records

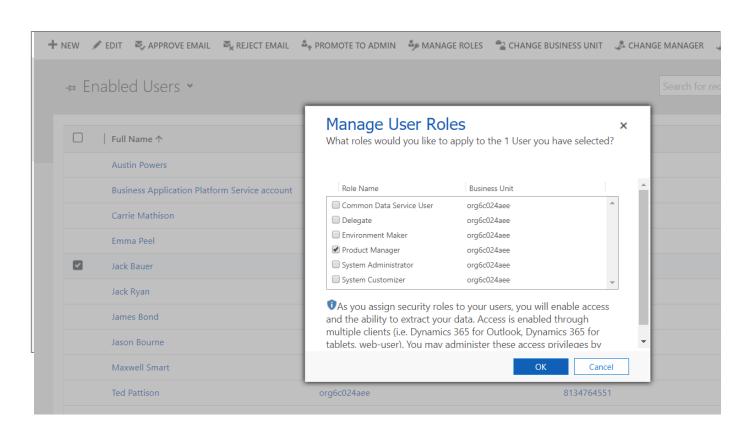
- Roles define access to specific entities
 - Permissions include create, read, write, delete, etc.





Assigning Users to Security Roles

Roles are assigned to users and groups





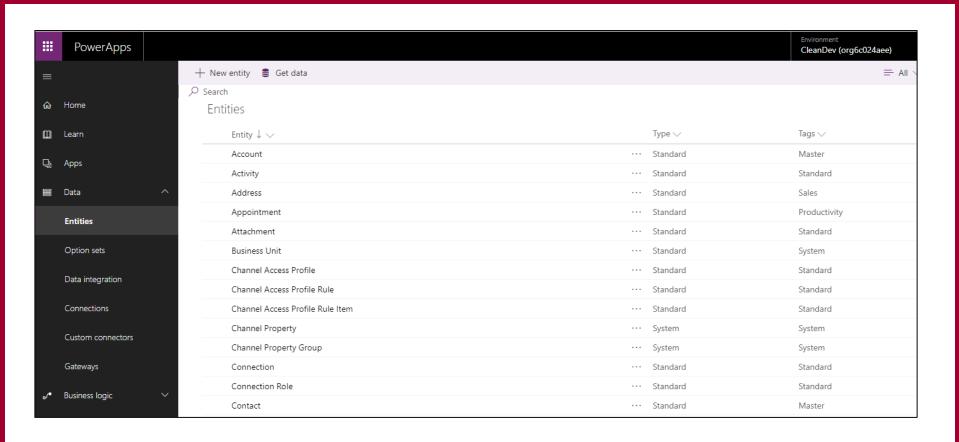


Agenda

- Common Data Service Overview
- ✓ Creating the CDS Database
- Understanding Entities
- Importing Data into the CDS Database
- Building Model-driven Apps
- Creating a Custom Entity

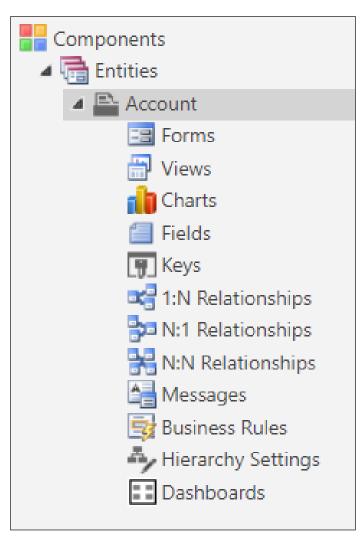


Inspecting the Standard Entities





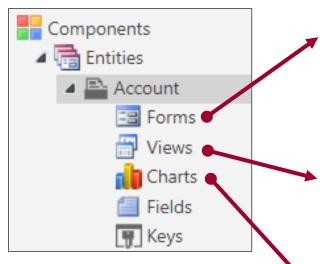
What Exactly is an Entity?

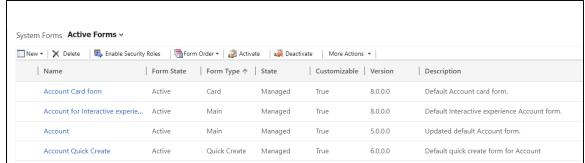


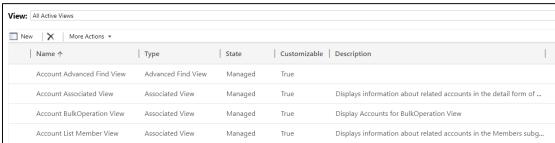
- Data components
 - Entity, Fields, Option sets, Relationships
- UI components
 - Forms
 - Views
- Logic Components
 - Business rules
 - Business process flows
 - Workflows, Actions & Flows
- Visualization Components
 - Charts
 - Dashboards
 - Power BI components



Inside an Entity





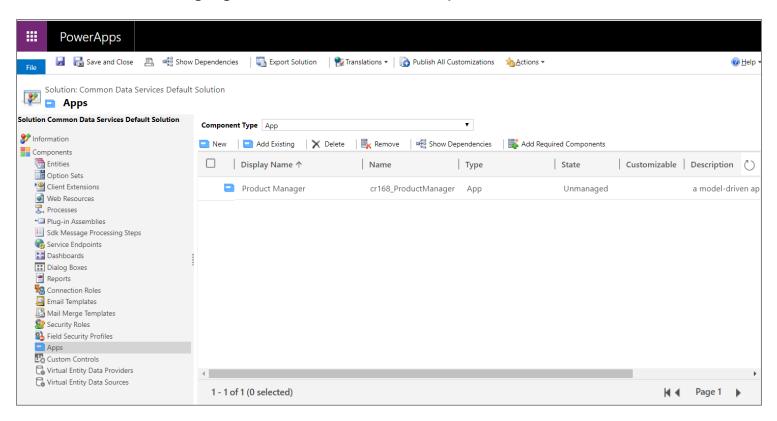






Solution Explorer

- Solution Explorer provides top-level view of customizations
 - Can be challenging to find in current UI experience





CDM Extensibility

- You can modify most standard entities
 - Modification involves adding fields
 - Existing fields cannot be modified or removed
 - System entities cannot be modified
- You can create custom entities
 - Herein lies the ability to design complex business apps





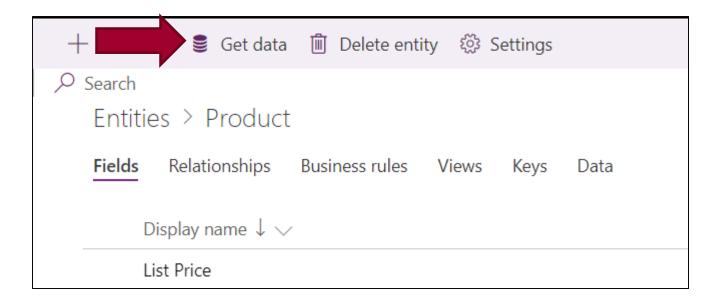
Agenda

- Common Data Service Overview
- ✓ Creating the CDS Database
- ✓ Understanding Entities
- Importing Data into the CDS Database
- Building Model-driven Apps
- Creating a Custom Entity



Importing Data

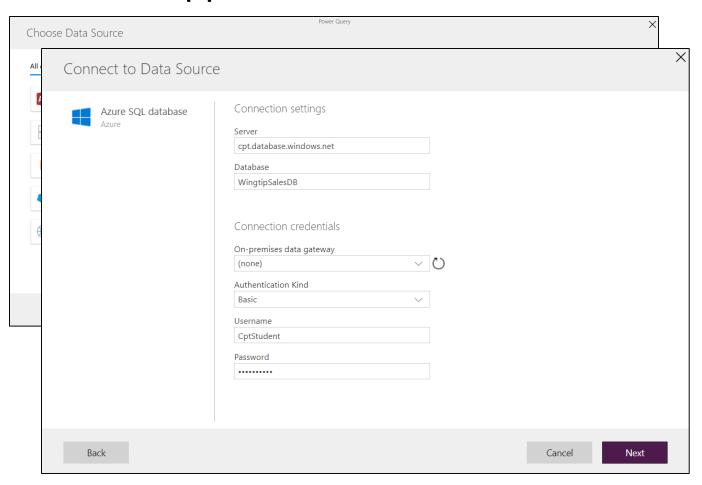
- You can import data from external sources
 - Data can be added to table for new or existing entity
 - Importing tools include Power Query in the browser





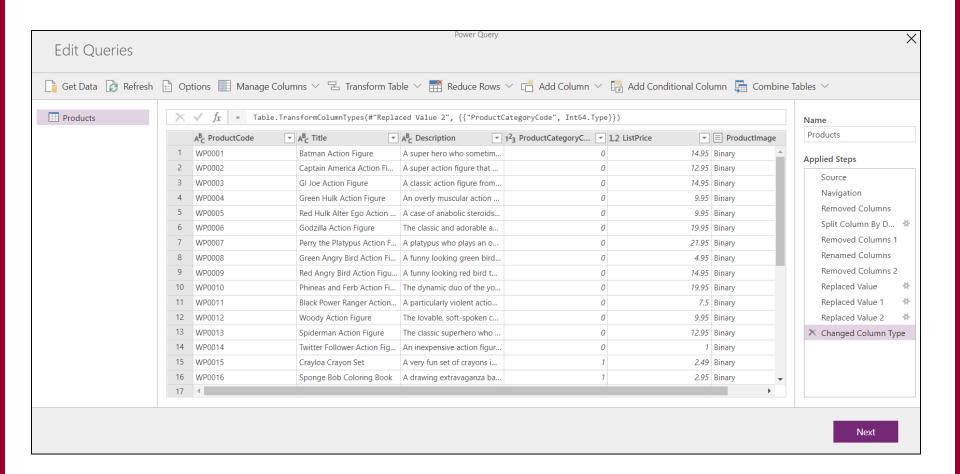
Selecting an External Datasource

Select a supported datasource connector



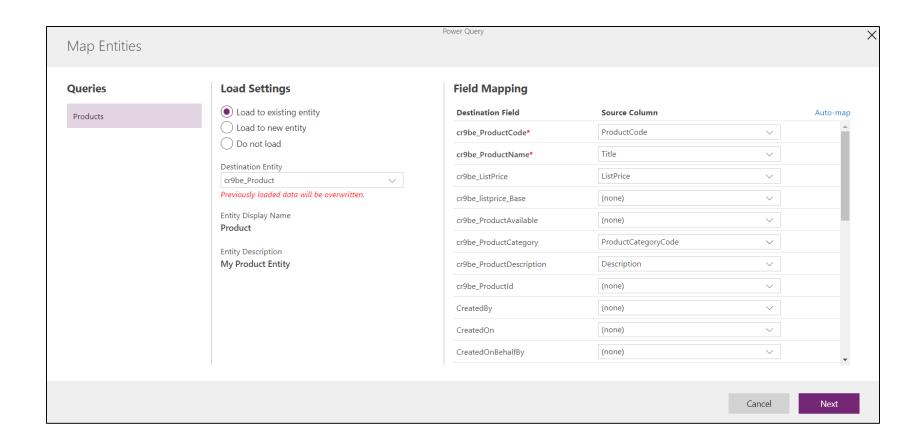


Power Query in the Browser





Loading Imported Data into Existing Entity







Agenda

- Common Data Service Overview
- ✓ Creating the CDS Database
- Understanding Entities
- ✓ Importing Data into the CDS Database
- Building Model-driven Apps
- Creating a Custom Entity

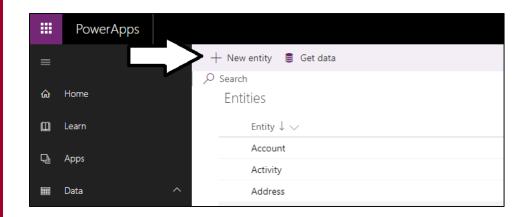


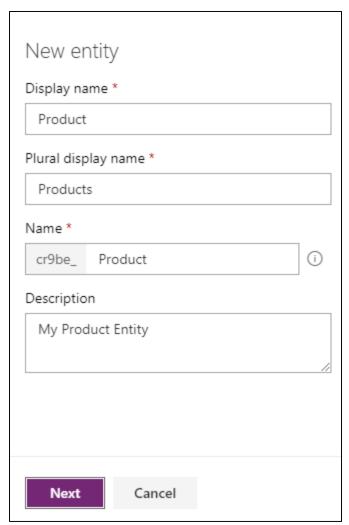
Agenda

- Common Data Service Overview
- ✓ Creating the CDS Database
- Understanding Entities
- ✓ Importing Data into the CDS Database
- ✓ Building Model-driven Apps
- Creating a Custom Entity



Creating a Custom Entity

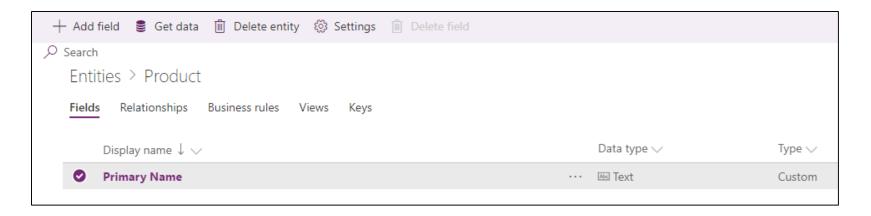






Primary Name

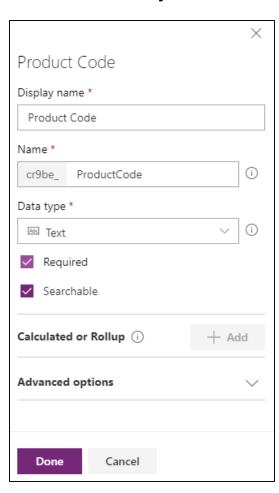
- Every entity created with Primary name field
 - Display name can be changed to something more appropriate





Adding Fields

Custom entity can be extended by adding fields





Adding Custom Fields

| Fields Relationships Business rules View | ws Keys Data | | |
|--|-------------------|--------|-----------------|
| Display name \downarrow \checkmark | Data type 🗸 | Type 🗸 | Required \vee |
| List Price | ··· Currency | Custom | |
| List Price (Base) | ··· Currency | Custom | |
| Product Available | ··· 🗎 Two Options | Custom | |
| Product Category | ··· 🗏 Option Set | Custom | |
| Product Code | ··· Abd Text | Custom | ~ |
| Product Description | ··· And Text Area | Custom | |
| Product Image | ··· 🖾 Image | Custom | |
| Product Name | ··· Alid Text | Custom | ~ |



Core System Fields Added to All Entities

| ties > Product s Relationships Business rules V | iews Keys Data | |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Display name ↓ ∨ | Data type 🗸 | Type ∨ |
| Created By | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |
| Created By (Delegate) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |
| Created On | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |
| Currency | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Standard |
| Exchange Rate | · · · × _s Decimal Number | Standard |
| Import Sequence Number | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |
| List Price | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Custom |
| List Price (Base) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Custom |
| Modified By | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |
| Modified By (Delegate) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |
| Modified On | ··· 局 Date and Time | System |
| Owner | ··· A Owner | System |
| Owning Business Unit | · · · • III Lookup | System |
| Owning Team | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |
| Owning User | · · · • Lookup | System |
| Product | · · · □ Unique Identifier | System |
| Product Available | ··· Two Options | Custom |
| Product Category | · · · Option Set | Custom |
| Product Code | · · · El Text | Custom |
| Product Description | · · · E Text Area | Custom |
| Product Image | · · · 🖂 Image | Custom |
| Product Name | · · · Est Text | Custom |
| Record Created On | · · · Date Only | System |
| Status | ··· Option Set | System |
| Status Reason | ··· 🗏 Option Set | System |
| Time Zone Rule Version Number | · · · · · · · · · · Whole Number | System |
| UTC Conversion Time Zone Code | · · · · · · · · · · Whole Number | System |
| Version Number | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |

| Product | ··· 🖂 Unique Identifier | System |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| | | |
| Created By | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |
| Created By (Delegate) | ··· ⊞ Lookup | System |
| Created On | ··· 局 Date and Time | System |
| Modified By | ··· 🖾 Lookup | System |
| Modified By (Delegate) | · · · • I Lookup | System |
| Modified On | ··· 🗟 Date and Time | System |
| Owner | ··· A Owner | System |
| Owning Business Unit | · · · • I Lookup | System |
| Owning Team | · · · • III Lookup | System |
| Owning User | · · · • Lookup | System |
| Record Created On | · · · • Date Only | System |
| Status | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |
| Status Reason | ··· 🗏 Option Set | System |
| Time Zone Rule Version Number | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |
| UTC Conversion Time Zone Code | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |
| Version Number | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | System |

Moving to Model-driven Apps

- What are the key benefits of model-driven apps?
 - Rich no-code design environment focusing on components
 - Create apps with consistent UI navigation, elements & metaphors
 - Design apps using the building blocks of Dynamics 365
 - Create responsive apps that work on desktop and mobile devices
 - Build apps into solutions that can be distributed and versioned
- What are the steps to building a model-driven app?
 - Model business data using entities in Common Data Model (CDM)
 - Define business processes on top of app-specific entity model
 - Compose the app UI on top of entities and business processes



MDA Components and Designers

- Model-driven apps assembled using components
 - App designer builds app by adding components
 - Components used to compose app functionality and appearance
 - App metadata consists of components and component properties
- App components separated into four categories
 - 1. Data components
 - 2. Logic components
 - 3. UI components
 - 4. Visualization components



Data Components

- Entity
- Field
- Option set field
- Relationship



UI Components

- App
 - Top-level collection of components
 - Tracks fundamental app properties, client type, and app URL
- Site map
 - Provides navigation across other UI components
- Form
 - Provides set of data-entry fields for a specific entity
- View
 - Read-only view of records for a specific entity
 - Defines display columns, column width, sort behavior and filters



Business Logic Components

- Business process flow
 - Interactive logic to walk user through standard business process
 - User moves flow from step to step until flow completes
- Workflow
 - Non-interactive logic to automate business process
 - Once workflow starts, it runs to completion without user interaction
- Actions
 - Logic that can be invoked manually by user
- Business rule
 - Logic to define rule or validation constraints to a form
- Flow
 - Microsoft Flow logic to read or write data to external sources





Summary

- ✓ Common Data Service Overview
- ✓ Creating the CDS Database
- ✓ Understanding Entities
- ✓ Importing Data into the CDS Database
- ✓ Building Model-driven Apps
- Creating a Custom Entity

