

Developing SharePoint Solutions



Agenda

- Understanding SharePoint Solutions
- Features and Feature Receivers
- Creating Web Parts
- Creating Site Pages and Application Pages



SharePoint Solutions

- SharePoint development based on solutions
 - Solution is a CAB file with a *.wsp extension
 - Solution is a container of files distributed as a unit
 - Solution contain manifest with instructions for installer
- Solutions can be deployed at two different scopes
 - At farm scope as a farm solution (*aka Full Trust Solution*)
 - At site collection scope as a sandboxed solution



Sandbox Solutions

- A short-lived strategy for safer developer extensibility
 - Introduced in SharePoint 2010
 - Solutions with “User Code” are deprecated in SharePoint 2013
 - SharePoint App Model designed to replace Sandbox Solutions
 - Avoid using Sandboxed solutions on any new projects
- No-code sandboxed solutions (NCSS) are not deprecated
 - NCSS created using features and declarative XML elements
 - NCSS can be deployed at either farm level or site collection level
 - NCSS can be used to create lists, site columns and content types
 - NCSS can be used to add content



SharePointRoot Directory

- SharePoint Foundation relies on set of template files
 - Stored in special directory known as SharePointRoot
 - SharePointRoot located on file system of each WFE at this path
 - `C:\Program Files\Common Files\Microsoft Shared\Web Server Extensions\16`
 - Farm solutions deploy their files into child directories

Path relative to SharePoint Root	Template file types
/ISAPI	Web Services (*.svc, *.ashx and *.asmx)
/Resources	Resource files (*.resx)
/TEMPLATE/ADMIN	Application pages used exclusively in Central Administration
/TEMPLATE/CONTROLTEMPLATES	ASP.NET User Controls (*.ascx)
/TEMPLATE/FEATURES	Feature definition files (*.xml)
/TEMPLATE/IMAGES	Images (*.gif, *.jpg and *.png)
/TEMPLATE/LAYOUTS	Application pages (*.aspx)
/TEMPLATE/LAYOUTS/1033/STYLES	CSS Files (*.css)
/TEMPLATE/LAYOUTS/ClientBin	Silverlight components (*.xap)
/TEMPLATE/SiteTemplates	Site Definition files (onet.xml)
/TEMPLATE/XML	Custom field type definition files (fdlttype*.xml)



Deployment Using Solution Packages

- What is a solution package?
 - Deployment mechanism
 - Atomic unit of reuse, deployment and versioning
 - A set of files and manifest with installation instructions
 - A CAB file with `*.wsp` extension
- What can be deployed via a solution package
 - Feature definitions
 - Images
 - Assemblies
 - And much more...



The manifest.xml file

- Each Solution Package requires `manifest.xml` file
 - Mainly serves as instructions to installer on WFE

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<Solution xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/"
    SolutionId="07752644-45b2-41c3-9eaa-2d58a1ac31b9"
    SharePointProductVersion="16.0"
    DeploymentServerType="WebFrontEnd"
    ResetWebServer="TRUE">
  <FeatureManifests>
    <FeatureManifest Location="LeadTracker\Feature.xml" />
  </FeatureManifests>
  <TemplateFiles>
    <TemplateFile Location="IMAGES\WingtipDevProject\FeatureIcon.gif" />
    <TemplateFile Location="IMAGES\WingtipDevProject\SiteIcon.gif" />
  </TemplateFiles>
  <Assemblies>
    <Assembly Location="WingtipDevProject.dll"
      DeploymentTarget="GlobalAssemblyCache" />
  </Assemblies>
</Solution>
```



Farm Solution Deployment

- Done using Windows PowerShell scripts
 - Add-SPSolution – uploads solution package
 - Install-SPSolution – deploy solution package

```
Add-PSSnapin Microsoft.SharePoint.Powershell -ErrorAction SilentlyContinue

$SolutionPackageName = "WingtipDevProject1.wsp"
$SolutionPackagePath = "WingtipDevProject1_v1000\WingtipDevProject1.wsp"

$solution = Get-SPSolution | where-object {$_.Name -eq $SolutionPackageName}
if ($solution -ne $null) {
    if($solution.Deployed -eq $true){
        Uninstall-SPSolution -Identity $SolutionPackageName -Local -Confirm:$false
    }
    Remove-SPSolution -Identity $SolutionPackageName -Confirm:$false
}

Write-Host "Installing Solution..."
Add-SPSolution -LiteralPath $SolutionPackagePath

Install-SPSolution -Identity $SolutionPackageName -Local -GACDeployment
Write-Host "Deployment Complete"
```



Updating a Farm Solution

- Used to push out new files to WFE
 - Used to replace images or DLLs with new version
 - Used in feature upgrade

```
$SolutionPackageName = "WingtipDevProject1.wsp"  
$SolutionPackagePath =  
"WingtipDevProject1_v2000\WingtipDevProject1.wsp"
```

```
Update-SPSolution -Identity $SolutionPackageName -LiteralPath  
$SolutionPackagePath -Local -GACDeployment
```

- Watch out...
 - Solution update doesn't automatically upgrade features





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Creating Farm Solutions

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Designing and Implementing Features

- What is a SharePoint Feature?
 - Formally known as a “feature definition”
 - A unit of design and implementation
 - A building block for creating SharePoint solutions
- Features can contain elements
 - e.g. menu items, links, list types and list instances
 - Many other element types possible
- Features can contain event handlers
 - Implemented using a feature receiver class
 - Event handler code can program using SharePoint OM



The feature.xml file

- feature.xml serves as feature manifest file
 - Defines attributes for feature definition
 - Can reference one or more element manifests
 - Can reference a feature receiver

```
<Feature xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/"
  Id="86689158-7048-4421-AD21-E0DEF0D67C81"
  Title="Wingtip Lead Tracker"
  Description="A sample feature deployed using WingtipDevProject1.wsp"
  Version="1.0.0.0"
  Scope="Web"
  Hidden="FALSE"
  ReceiverAssembly="WingtipDevProject1, Version=1.0.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=56170dd0494afccc"
  ReceiverClass="WingtipDevProject1.FeatureReceiver"
  ImageUrl="WingtipDevProject1/FeatureIcon.gif">

  <ElementManifests>
    <ElementManifest Location="elements.xml" />
  </ElementManifests>

</Feature>
```

Element Manifest Files

- Element manifest contain declarative elements
 - `ListInstance` elements creates list during activation
 - Many other element types available
 - Element manifest can contain many elements
 - `feature.xml` file can reference many element manifests

```
<Elements xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/">
  <ListInstance Id="SalesLeads"
    FeatureId="00BFEA71-7E6D-4186-9BA8-C047AC750105"
    TemplateType="105"
    Title="Sales Leads"
    Url="SalesLeads"
    OnQuickLaunch="TRUE" />
</Elements>
```



Feature Element Types

Element Type	Description
BdcModel	Used to include ECTs with SharePoint Apps
ClientWebPart	Used to create a client web part in the host web
ContentType	Used to create a content type
ContentTypeBinding	Used to add a content type to a list
Control	Used to create a delegate control
CustomAction	Used to create a new link or menu command
CustomActionGroup	Used to create a new section for links
HideCustomAction	Used to hide a built-in or custom link or menu command
FeatureSiteTemplateAssociation	Used to staple a feature to a site definition
Field	Used to create a site column
ListInstance	Used to create a list instance
ListTemplate	Used to create a custom list type
Module	Used to provision a file from a template file
PropertyBag	Used to add name-value properties to feature
Workflow	Used to create a workflow template
WorkflowActions	Used to broadcast actions in pre v4.0 workflows
WorkflowActions4	Used to broadcast actions in v4.0 workflows
WorkflowAssociation	Used to associate a workflow template with a list



Feature Receivers

- Feature receiver used to add event handlers
- Must derive from `SPFeatureReceiver`
- Not available with Features included in Apps

```
public class FeatureReceiver : SPFeatureReceiver {  
    public override void FeatureActivated(SPFeatureReceiverProperties props) {  
        SPWeb site = props.Feature.Parent as SPWeb;  
        if (site != null) {  
            site.Title = "Feature Activated";  
            site.SiteLogoUrl = @"_layouts/images/WingtipDevProject1/SiteIcon.gif";  
            site.Update();  
        }  
    }  
  
    public override void FeatureDeactivating(SPFeatureReceiverProperties props) {  
        SPWeb site = props.Feature.Parent as SPWeb;  
        if (site != null) {  
            site.Title = "Feature Deactivated";  
            site.SiteLogoUrl = "";  
            site.Update();  
            SPList list = site.Lists.TryGetList("Sales Leads");  
            if (list != null) { list.Delete(); }  
        }  
    }  
}
```





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Working with SharePoint Features

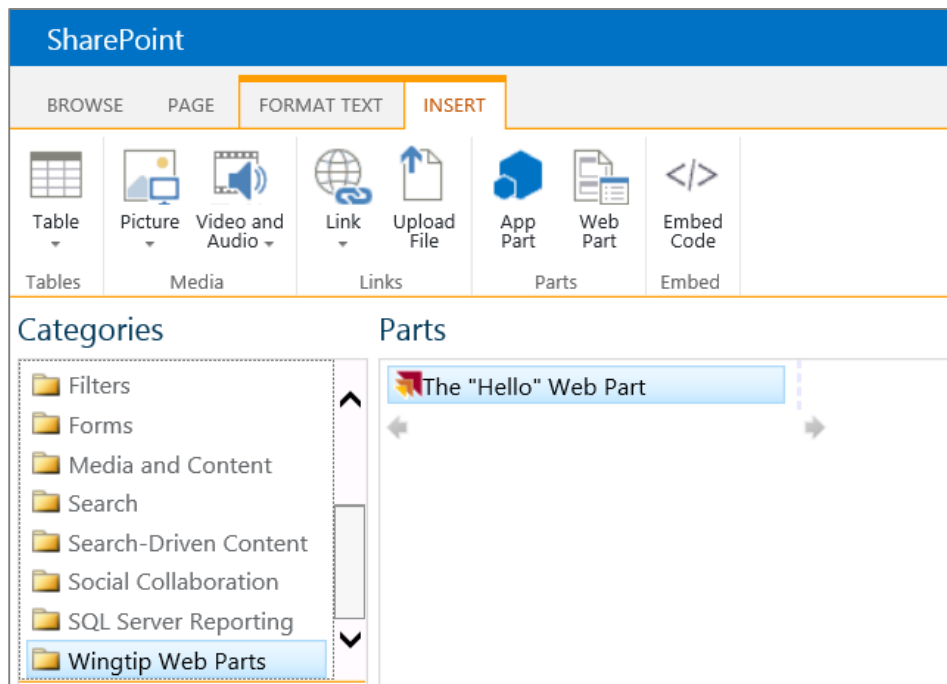
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 - Creating Site Pages and Application Pages



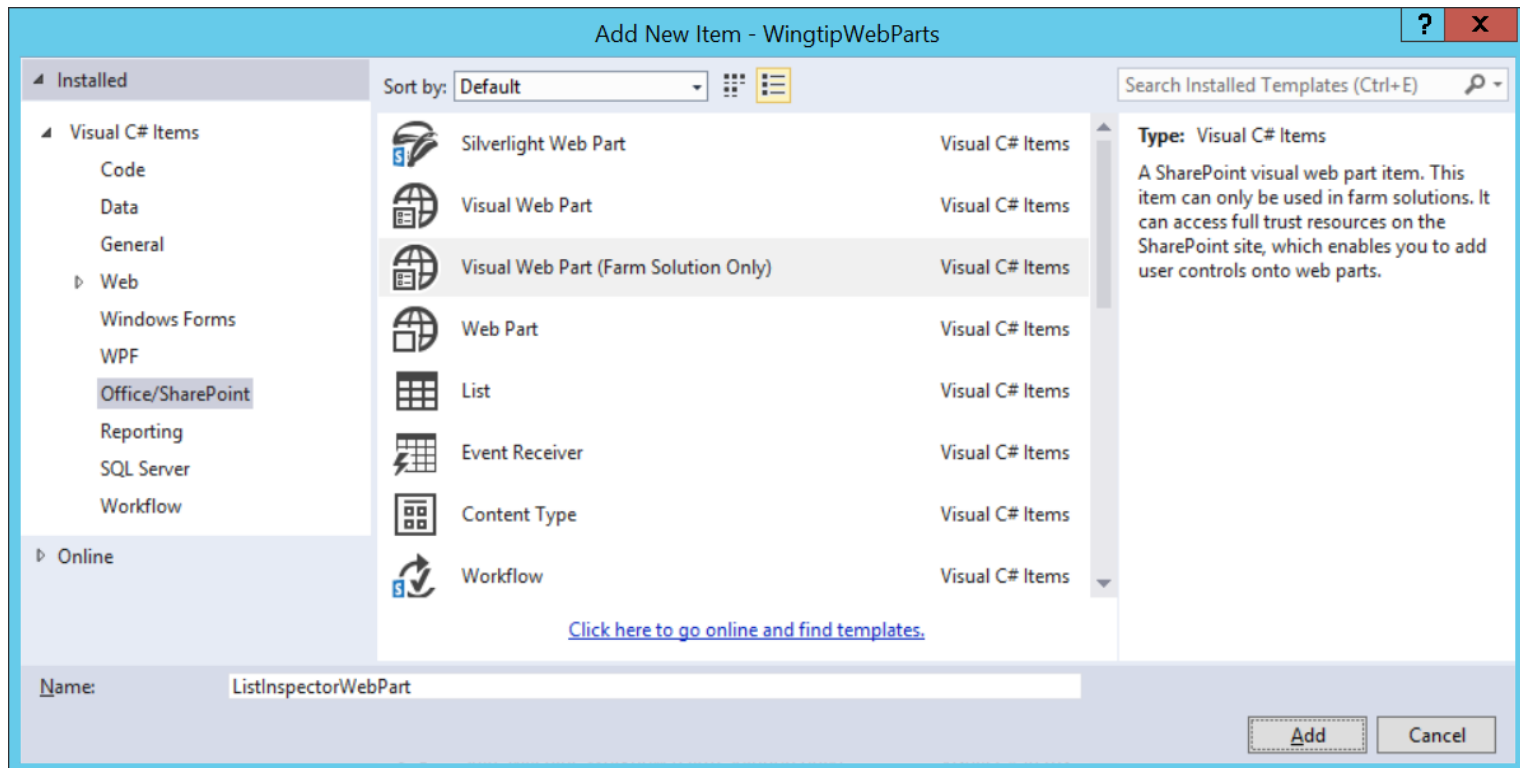
Web Parts

- Web Parts add content and functionality
 - Content is modular, consistent and easy to navigate
 - Configurable chrome: border and title bar
 - Added and configured by users inside browser



Overview of Developing Web Parts

- SharePoint Developer Tools supports two types
 - **Web Part:** ASP.NET server control style
 - **Visual Web Part:** ASP.NET user control style (*.ASCX)



Creating the Custom Web Part Object

- Build a typical ASP.NET 2.0 server control:
 - Create a new class that inherits from:
`System.Web.UI.WebControls.WebParts.WebPart`
 - **Override** `CreateChildControls()`
 - Used to add any child controls to the page such as buttons, textboxes, labels, etc.
 - **Override** `RenderContents()`
 - Renders the contents of the Web Part, inside the outer tags and Web Part chrome
 - **Never override** `Render()` !!!!
 - SharePoint overrides `Render()` to include the Web Part chrome and outer tags





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Creating a Custom Web Part

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SharePoint Sites are Collections of Pages

- All pages share the same look and feel
 - HTML page layout defined by common Master Page
 - Page formatting defined by common CSS files
 - Client-side behaviors defined by JavaScript files
- Pages within site can be split into two categories
 - **Site Pages** exist within the content DB for a site
 - **Application Pages** only exist on file system of WFE



Site Pages vs. Application Pages

- Site Pages exist within virtual file system of site
 - They support customization via Web Parts and/or SPD
 - Site pages can be rendered using underlying template
 - Page using template is said to be a ghosted page
 - Page can be customized (unghosted) by user
- Application Pages are deployed once per farm
 - They are accessible through **_layouts** virtual directory
 - They are parsed / compiled in classic ASP.NET mode
 - They do not support any form of user customization
 - They can only be added using farm solutions



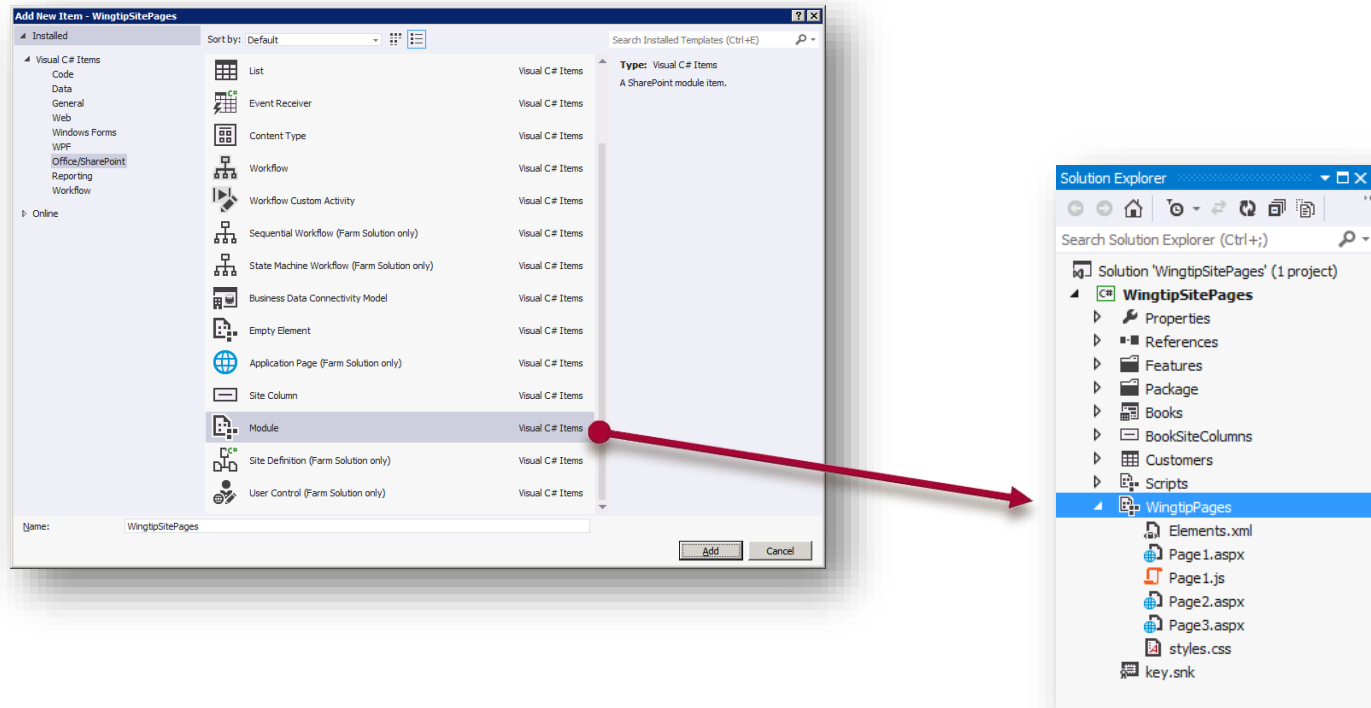
Site Pages Overview

- Site pages can be added by a developer
 - Works in SharePoint solutions and in SharePoint apps
 - Sites pages and related resources added with **Modules**
 - Site pages cannot contain any server-side code
- Developers create site pages using templates
 - You create a Module and add one or more templates
 - Feature activation create instances from the templates
 - Sites pages initially in uncustimized state (ghosted)
 - Sites pages can be customized (unghosted) by users



Creating Site Pages from Page Templates

- Site pages created using a **Module**
 - Module must be associated with a feature
 - Visual Studio adds project folder with `elements.xml` file
 - Inside is a `<Module>` element with `<File>` elements



Modules & Elements.xml File

- Visual Studio updates Module `element.xml` for you
 - You just create / add files to Module folder
 - Some scenarios requires manual edits to `elements.xml`

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<Elements xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/">
  <Module Name="WingtipPages">
    <File Path="WingtipPages\Page1.aspx" Url="WingtipPages/Page1.aspx" />
    <File Path="WingtipPages\Page2.aspx" Url="WingtipPages/Page2.aspx" />
    <File Path="WingtipPages\Page3.aspx" Url="WingtipPages/Page3.aspx" />
    <File Path="WingtipPages\styles.css" Url="WingtipPages/styles.css" />
  </Module>
</Elements>
```



'Hello World' Page Template for Site Page

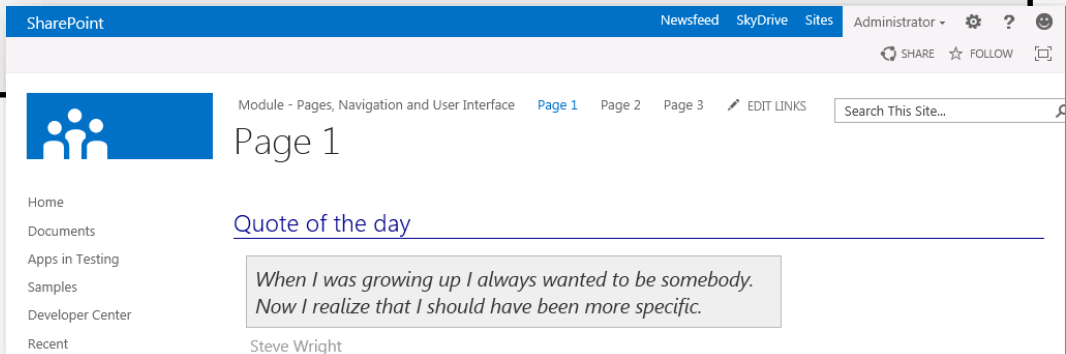
```
<%@ Page MasterPageFile=~masterurl/default.master" %>

<asp:Content ContentPlaceHolderId="PlaceHolderAdditionalPageHead" runat="server">
  <link href="styles.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" />
  <script src="Page1.js" type="text/javascript"></script>
</asp:Content>

<asp:Content ContentPlaceHolderId="PlaceHolderPageTitle" runat="server">
  Page 1 - This shows up at the top of the browser window
</asp:Content>

<asp:Content ContentPlaceHolderId="PlaceHolderPageTitleInTitleArea" runat="server">
  Page 1
</asp:Content>

<asp:Content ContentPlaceHolderId="PlaceHolderMain" runat="server">
  <h3>Quote of the day</h3>
  <p id="quote">When I was growing up I always wanted to be somebody.
    Now I realize that I should have been more specific.</p>
  <p id="quote_author">Steve Wright</p>
</asp:Content>
```



Designing Web Part Pages

- Changes from previous page templates
 - Inherit from `WebPartPage` class
 - Add controls for web part zones and web parts

```
<%@ Assembly Name="Microsoft.SharePoint, Version=15.0.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=71e9bce111e9429c" %>

<%@ Page MasterPageFile="~masterurl/default.master" Inherits="Microsoft.SharePoint.WebPartPages.WebPartPage" %>

<%@ Register TagPrefix="WebPartPages"
    Namespace="Microsoft.SharePoint.WebPartPages"
    Assembly="Microsoft.SharePoint, Version=15.0.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=71e9bce111e9429c" %>

<asp:Content ContentPlaceHolderID="PlaceHolderMain" runat="server">
    <WebPartPages:WebPartZone ID="Main" Title="Main Web Part Zone" FrameType="TitleBarOnly" runat="server">
        <ZoneTemplate>
            <WebPartPages:XsltListViewWebPart
                runat="server" ID="CcustomersWebPart"
                Title="Customers" ListUrl="Lists/Customers"
                ChromeType="None">
            </WebPartPages:XsltListViewWebPart>
        </ZoneTemplate>
    </WebPartPages:WebPartZone>
</asp:Content>
```

Adding Navigation Nodes to Top Nav Bar

- Simple navigation technique for teams sites
 - Done using server-side code or client-side code
 - Not a technique to use in publishing sites

```
public class MainSiteEventReceiver : SPFeatureReceiver
{
    public override void FeatureActivated(SPFeatureReceiverProperties properties)
    {
        SPSite siteCollection = properties.Feature.Parent as SPSite;
        if (siteCollection != null)
        {
            SPWeb site = siteCollection.RootWeb;
            // create menu items on top link bar for custom site pages
            SPNavigationNodeCollection topNav = site.Navigation.TopNavigationBar;
            topNav.AddAsLast(new SPNavigationNode("Page 1", "WingtipPages/Page1.aspx"));
            topNav.AddAsLast(new SPNavigationNode("Page 2", "WingtipPages/Page2.aspx"));
            topNav.AddAsLast(new SPNavigationNode("Page 3", "WingtipPages/Page3.aspx"));
        }
    }
}
```



Pages and Navigation Lab

Page 1

Page 2

Page 3

Page 1



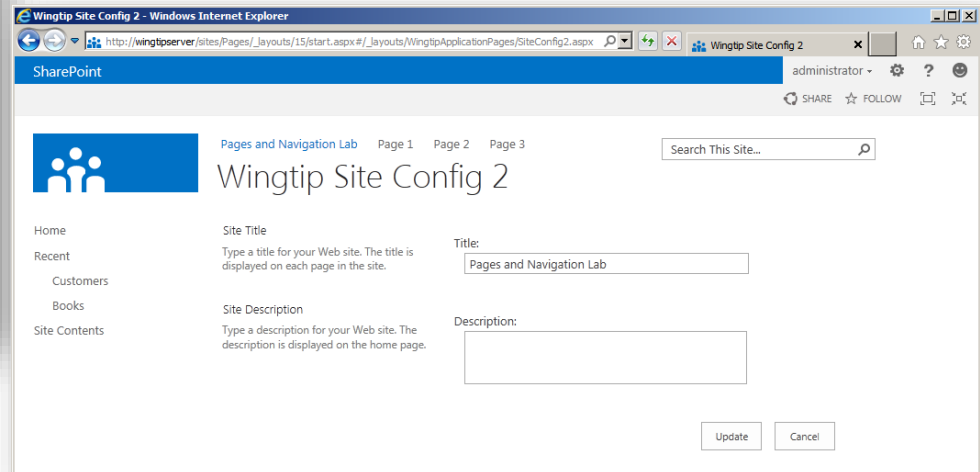
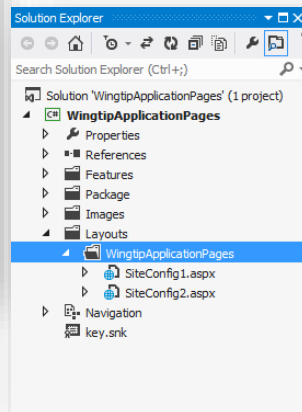
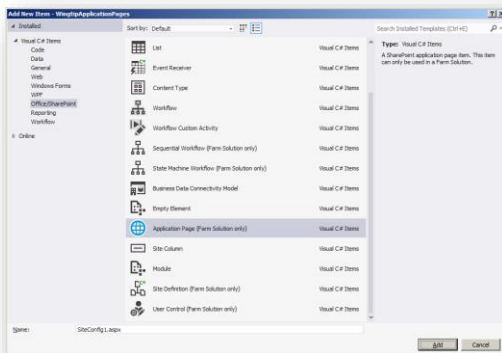


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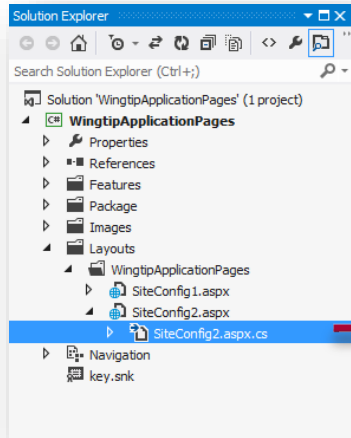
Provisioning Site Pages using Page Templates

Creating Application Pages

- Creating custom application pages
 - Visual Studio provides project item template
 - Only supported in farm solutions
 - Only type of page that supports server-side code



Adding Code to An Application Page



```
public partial class SiteConfig2 : LayoutsPageBase {

    protected override void OnInit(EventArgs e) {
        base.OnInit(e);
        cmdUpdate.Click += new EventHandler(cmdUpdate_Click);
    }

    void cmdUpdate_Click(object sender, EventArgs e) {
        SPWeb site = this.Web;
        site.Title = txtSiteTitle.Text;
        site.Description = txtSiteDescription.Text;
        site.Update();
        SPUtility.Redirect("settings.aspx",
                           SPRedirectFlags.RelativeToLayoutsPage,
                           this.Context);
    }

    protected override void OnPreRender(EventArgs e) {
        base.OnPreRender(e);
        SPWeb site = this.Web;
        txtSiteTitle.Text = site.Title;
        txtSiteDescription.Text = site.Description;
    }
}
```



Navigating with CustomActions

- CustomAction elements provide navigation
 - Add Site Settings links and Site Actions menu items

```
<CustomActionGroup
  Id="WingtipSiteConfiguration"
  Location="Microsoft.SharePoint.SiteSettings"
  Title="Wingtip Site Configuration"
  Sequence="1"
  Description="Wingtip application pages"
  ImageUrl="/_layouts/15/images/WingtipApplicationPages/WingtipIcon.gif" />

<CustomAction
  Id="WingtipSiteSettingsConfig1"
  GroupId="WingtipSiteConfiguration"
  Location="Microsoft.SharePoint.SiteSettings"
  Rights="ManageWeb"
  Sequence="1"
  Title="Site Config 1"
  Description="Use this page to configure the current site" >
  <UrlAction Url="~site/_layouts/WingtipApplicationPages/SiteConfig1.aspx" />
</CustomAction>
```

```
<CustomAction
  Id="WingtipSiteSettingsConfig2"
  GroupId="WingtipSiteConfiguration"
  Location="Microsoft.SharePoint.SiteSettings"
  Rights="ManageWeb"
  Sequence="2"
  Title="Site Config 2"
  Description="Use this page to configure the current"
  <UrlAction Url="~site/_layouts/WingtipApplicationPag" />
</CustomAction>
```

```
<CustomAction
  Id="WingtipSiteActionsConfig1"
  GroupId="SiteActions"
  Location="Microsoft.SharePoint.StandardMenu"
  Rights="ManageWeb"
  Sequence="1"
  Title="Site Config 1"
  Description="Use this page to configure the current site" >
  <UrlAction Url="~site/_layouts/WingtipApplicationPages/SiteConfig1.aspx" />
</CustomAction>

<CustomAction
  Id="WingtipSiteActionsConfig2"
  GroupId="SiteActions"
  Location="Microsoft.SharePoint.StandardMenu"
  Rights="ManageWeb"
  Sequence="2"
  Title="Site Config 2"
  Description="Use this fancier page to configure the current"
  <UrlAction Url="~site/_layouts/WingtipApplicationPages/SiteC" />
</CustomAction>
```

Pages and Navigation Lab Page 1 Page 2 Page 3

Pages and Navigation Lab ▸ Site Settings



Wingtip Site Configuration
Site Config 1
Site Config 2



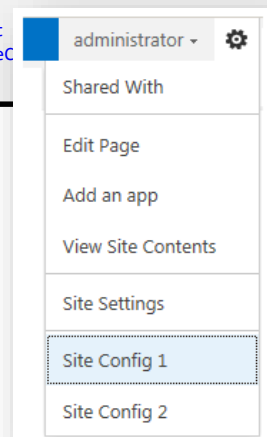
Look and Feel
Title, description, and logo
Quick launch
Top link bar
Tree view
Change the look



Users and Permissions
People and groups
Site permissions
Site collection administrators
Site app permissions



Web Designer Galleries
Site columns
Site content types
Web parts
List templates
Master pages



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