Publishing, Installing and Upgrading Add-ins



Agenda

- Creating the App Catalog
- Publishing Apps in the App Catalog
- Installing and Upgrading Apps
- Deploying Provider-hosted Apps



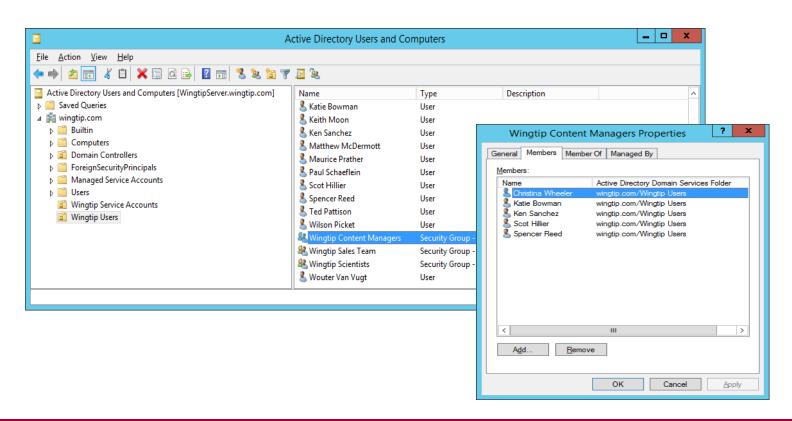
Understanding the App Catalog

- App publishing scheme based on App Catalog
 - App Catalog is site collection with special doc library
 - App packages are published (uploaded) to app catalog
 - Provides better app discovery, installation and upgrade
- App Catalog in on-premises farms
 - One App Catalog site required for each web application
 - End users often play role of App Catalog administrator
- App Catalog in Office 365 & SharePoint Online
 - One App Catalog site used to manage entire tenancy



Who Manages the App Catalog?

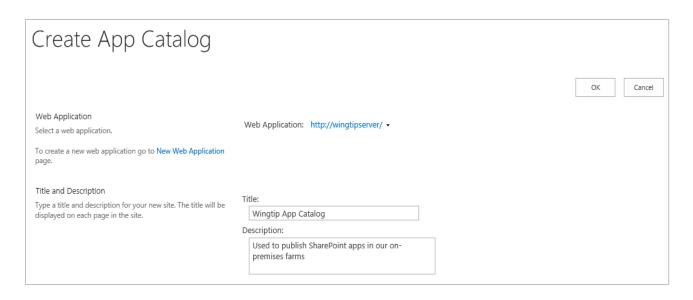
- App Catalog can be managed by business users
 - IT staff doesn't have to install and manage apps
 - Security can be configured using Active Directory group





Creating the App Catalog Site Collection

- You must create the App Catalog site collection
 - You can create it using a PowerShell script
 - You can create it using Central Administration
 - App Catalog site associated with one web application





App Catalog URL and Permissions

- App catalog site created at a specific URL
 - Creating App Catalog site with PowerShell is more flexible you can create site as top-level domain using host-named site collections (HNSCs)



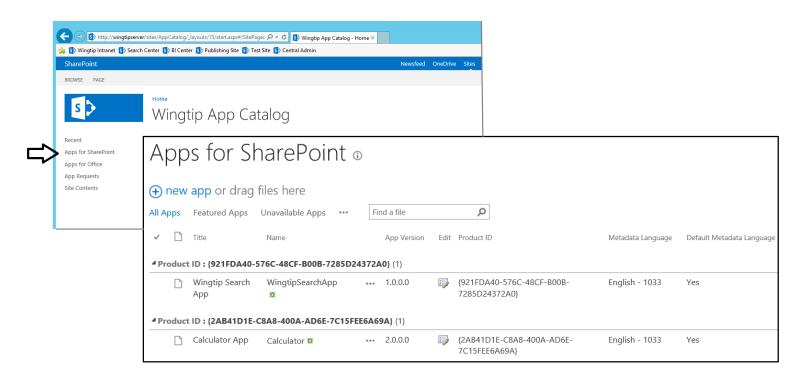
- Setting App Catalog permissions
 - Site collection administrator becomes App Catalog administrator
 - End user permissions allows user to discover and install apps





Apps for SharePoint Document Library

- Apps for SharePoint is special document library
 - It's the place where you publish SharePoint apps
 - You upload app package and enter the related metadata







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Add-in Deployment Overview

for a SharePoint-hosted Add-in

- 1. Package the add-in
 - Package add-in resources in distributable file
- 2. Publish the add-in
 - Make add-in available for installation and upgrade
- 3. Install the add-in
 - Make add-in available for use
- 4. Upgrade the add-in
 - Replace current version of add-in with newer version



App Package

- SharePoint apps distributed using app packages
 - App package is ZIP archive file with *.app extension
 - Built according to Open Package Convention (OPC)
 - Same packaging format used in Apps for Office
 - App package must contain AppManifest.xml
 - App package will often contain file for app icon

MySharePointApp.app
AppManifest.xml
Applcon.png.config.xml
Applcon.png



App Web Solution Package

- App package contains inner WSP for app web
 - Elements deployed to app web using solution package
 - Solution package built into app package as inner WSP



All SharePoint-hosted apps will have an inner WSP in their app package

Cloud-hosted apps will not have an inner WSP in their app package unless they have been implemented to create an app web



Packaging Host Web Features

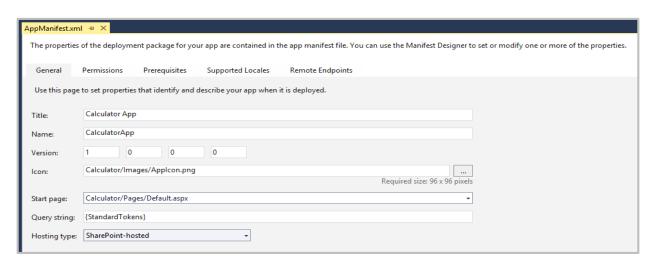
- Host web feature elements added at top level
 - elements.xml file added for each app part
 - elements.xml file added for each UI custom action
 - features.xml file added for host web feature
 - Visual Studio adds GUID to file names

MyAppParts.app	
AppManifest.xml	
Applcon.png.config.xml	
Applcon.png	
featureGUID1.xml	
featureGUID1.xml.config.xml	
elementsGUID2.xml	
elementsGUID3.xml	

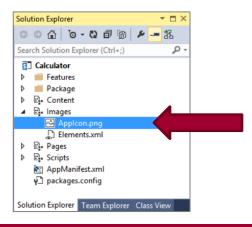


Preparing a Project for Packaging

Review AppManifest.xml and make any required changes



Add a custom App Icon



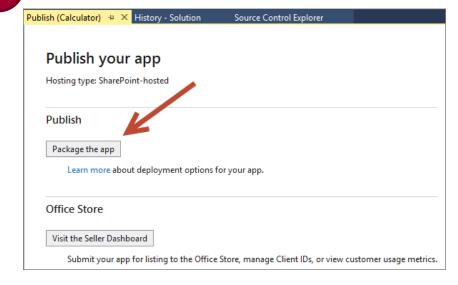


Creating an App Package

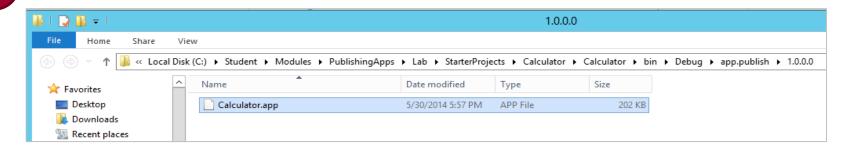
1

▼ □ × Solution Explorer ۵ Search Solution Explorer (Ctrl+;) S Calculator Build Features Package Rebuild Content Content Deploy Images Clean Pages View ▶ E Scripts AppManifest.xml Analyze packages.config Retract Publish... **New Solution Explorer View** Solution Explorer Team Show on Code Map

2



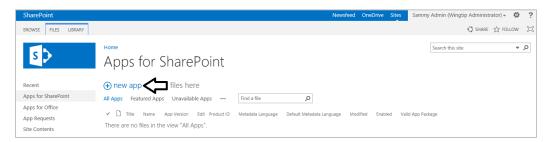
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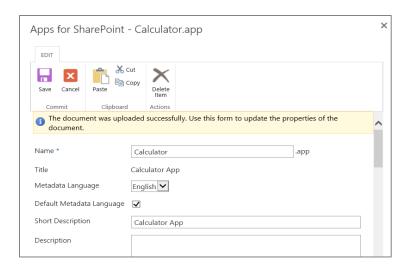


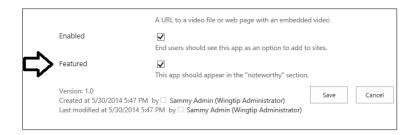
Publishing an App

Upload app package to Apps for SharePoint library



Enter app metadata to complete publishing process







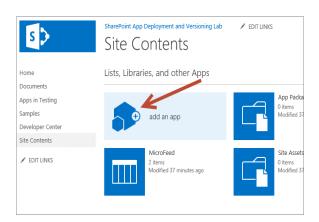
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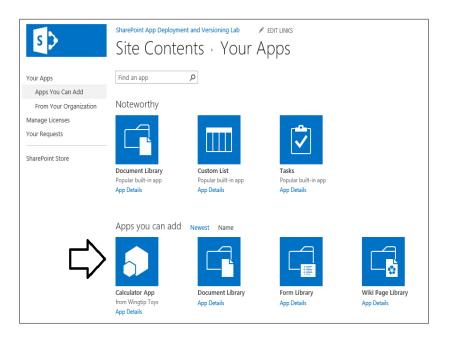
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Installing Apps

- App installer must be site administrator
 - Click add an app link on Site Contents page
 - add an app link takes you to app discovery page (addanapp.aspx)
 - On Your apps page, click on app tile to install that app

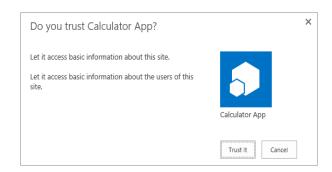




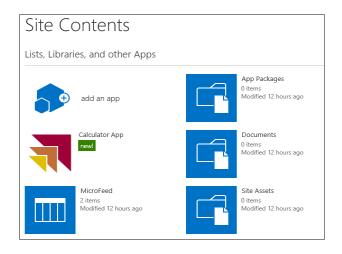


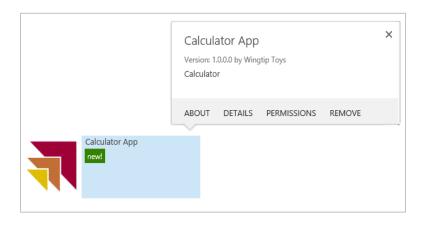
Completing the App installation Process

App installer is Prompted to Explicitly Trust the app During Installation



• After installation, app tile added to **Site Contents** page app tile provides fly-out menu to assist with app management

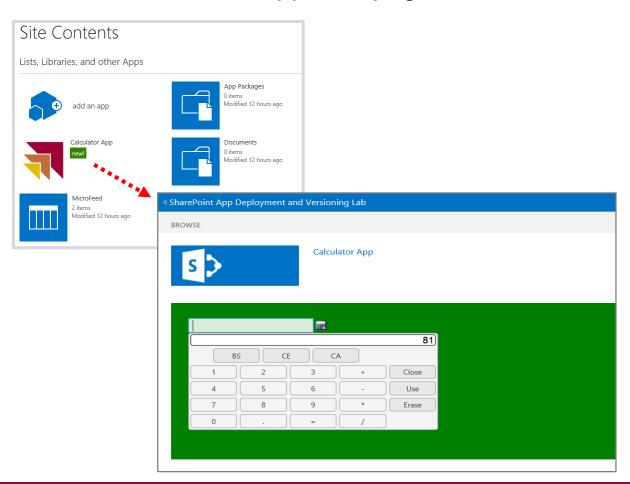






Launching the App After Installation

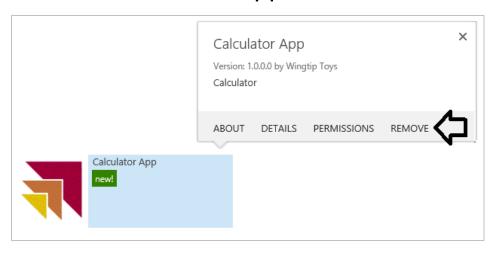
- Clicking app tile on Site Contents page launches app
 - User is redirected to app start page





Uninstalling an App

- Use Remove command in app tile flyout menu
 - SharePoint deletes App Web if there is one

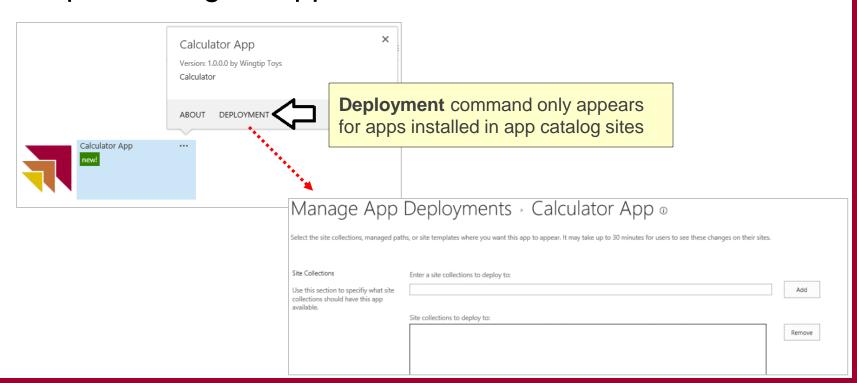






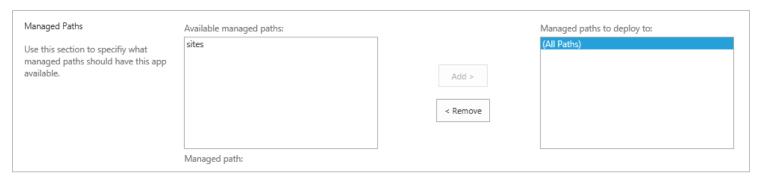
Installing Apps at Tenancy Scope

- App catalog site used for tenancy-scoped install
 - Step 1: Publish app to app catalog site
 - Step 2: Install app in same app catalog site
 - Step 3: Configure app to make it available in other sites

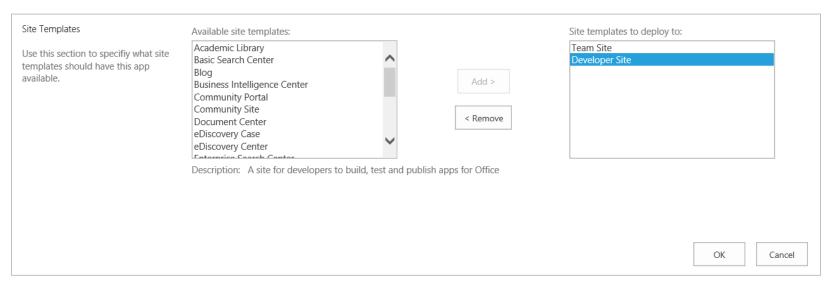


Configuring an App Deployment

App Deployment can be configured in terms of managed paths...



App Deployment can be configured in terms of Site templates...





Pushing out App Deployment Changes

- Deployment changes are not instant
 - Usually requires time job to push changes to all sites
 - Updates can take up to 24 hours to propagate
 - PowerShell script can be used to speed things up for testing

```
Administrator: Windows PowerShell ISE

File Edit View Tools Debug Add-ons Help

PushAppCatalogChanges.ps1 X

Add-PSSnapin Microsoft. SharePoint. PowerShell

# propagate update messahe as soon as possible
Set-SPAppStateUpdateInterval -AppStateSyncHours 0 -FastAppRevocationHours 0
Set-SPInternalAppStateUpdateInterval -AppStateSyncHours 0

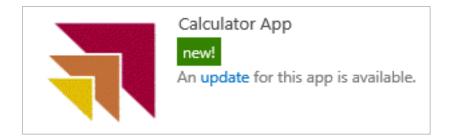
# run timer jobs to propagate changes
STimerJob1 = Get-SPTimerJob | where { S_. DisplayName -eq 'App Installation Service' }
STimerJob2 = Get-SPTimerJob | where { S_. DisplayName -eq 'App State Update' }
STimerJob3 = Get-SPTimerJob | where { S_. DisplayName -eq 'Internal App State Update' }
STimerJob3 = Get-SPTimerJob | where { S_. DisplayName -eq 'Internal App State Update' }
STimerJob3 | Start-SPTimerJob
```





Upgrading Apps

- Overview of SharePoint app upgrade process
 - App catalog tracks current version number of app
 - SharePoint host records app version at install time
 - Updated version of app can be uploaded to app catalog
 - SharePoint host notifies user when there's new version

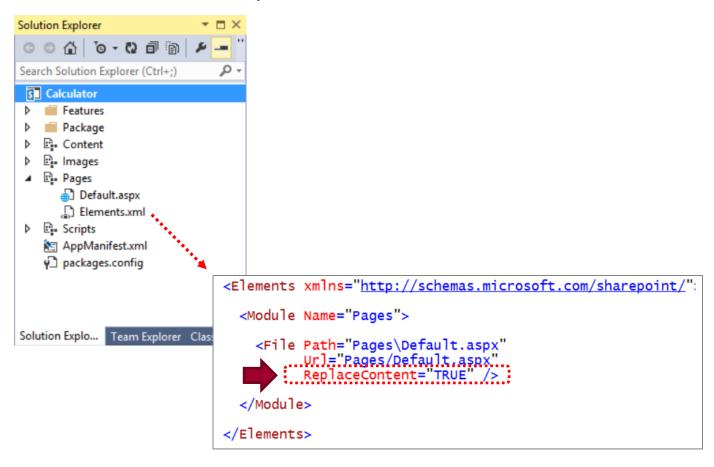


- User makes choice whether upgrade or not
 - User (app installer) is never forced to upgrade
 - If user decides to upgrade, upgrade involves clicking button



Overwriting Existing Files During Upgrade

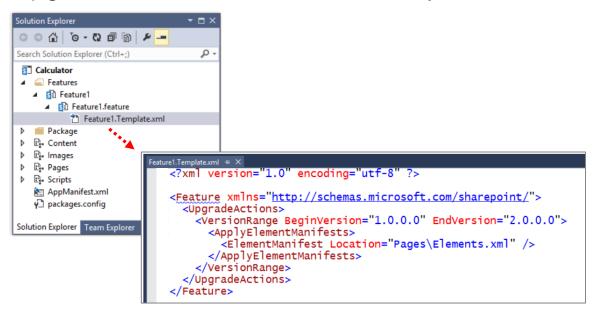
- Files to be upgrade required ReplaceContent attribute
 - Edit must be made by hand to Elements.xml file



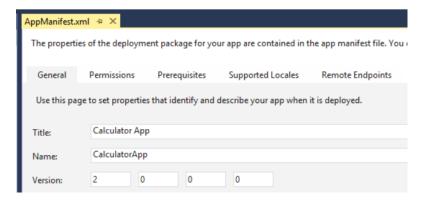


Configuring Feature Upgrade Actions

Upgrade actions must be entered by hand



Make sure to update version number in AppManifest.xml







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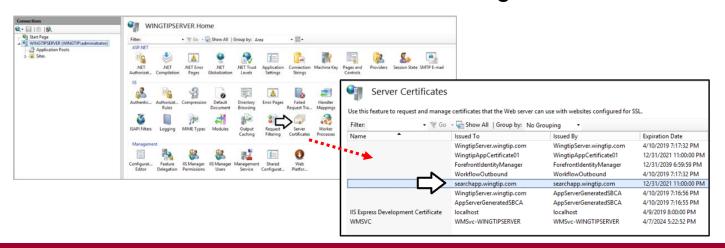


Creating an SSL Certificate

Test SSL certificate can be created & installed using PowerShell

```
CreateCertificateForWingtipSearchApp.ps1 X
 $makecert = "C:\Program Files\Microsoft Office Servers\15.0\Tools\makecert.exe"
 $certmgr = "C:\Program Files\Microsoft Office Servers\15.0\Tools\certmgr.exe"
# specify subject for SSL certificate
$subject = "searchapp.wingtip.com"
# create output directory to create SSL certificate file
 SoutputDirectory = "c:\Certs\"
New-Item SoutputDirectory -ItemType Directory -Force -Confirm: Sfalse | Out-Null
# create file name for SSL certificate files
 $publicCertificatePath = $outputDirectory + $subject + ".cer"
Write-Host
Write-Host "Creating .cer certificate file..."
& Smakecert -r -pe -n "CN=Ssubject" -b 01/01/2012 -e 01/01/2022 -eku 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.1 -ss my -sr localMachi
Write-Host
Write-Host "Registering certificate with IIS..."
& Scertmgr /add SpublicCertificatePath /s /r localMachine root
```

Use IIS Administrative tool to further configure SSL certificate





Creating the IIS Website

- Creating an IIS Website
 - Can be done manually
 - Can be done using a PowerShell script

```
$IisWebSiteName = "Remote Web for Wingtip Search App"
                                                                                                      $IisWebSitePath = "C:\inetpub\WingtipSearchApp"
                                                                                                      $hostHeader = "searchapp.wingtip.com"
$bindingPort = 80
$appPoolName = "DefaultAppPool"
$IisWebSite = Get-Website | Where-Object {$_.Name -eq $IisWebSiteName}
if ($IisWebSite -ne $null) { Write-Host " IIS Web site named $IisWebSiteName has already created" -ForegroundColor Gray }
 #check for existing physical path
 if (Test-Path $IisWebSitePath) {}
   $silence = New-Item -Path $IisWebSitePath -ItemType Directory
   Write-Host " Path $IisWebSitePath created" -ForegroundColor Gray
                .. creating IIS web site: $IisWebSiteName..." -ForegroundColor Gray
 $IisWebSite = New-Website -Name $IisWebSiteName -PhysicalPath $IisWebSitePath -ApplicationPool $appPoolName -HostHeader $hostHeader -Port $bindingPort
                $IisWebSiteName site created" -ForegroundColor Gray
# add entry to HOST file to fix Visual Studio bug
$hostsFilePath = "c:\Windows\System32\Drivers\etc\hosts"
$hostFileEntry = "127.0.0.1
                           $hostHeader"
Add-Content -Path $hostsFilePath -Value "`r`n$hostFileEntry"
Write-Host "HOST file entry added: $hostFileEntry" -ForegroundColor Gray
Write-Host
Write-Host "Finished! You can now import web applications." -ForegroundColor Green
```

Connections

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🐫 Start Page

⊿ .. Sites

Remote Web for Wingtip Search App

SharePoint Central Administration v4

Application Pools

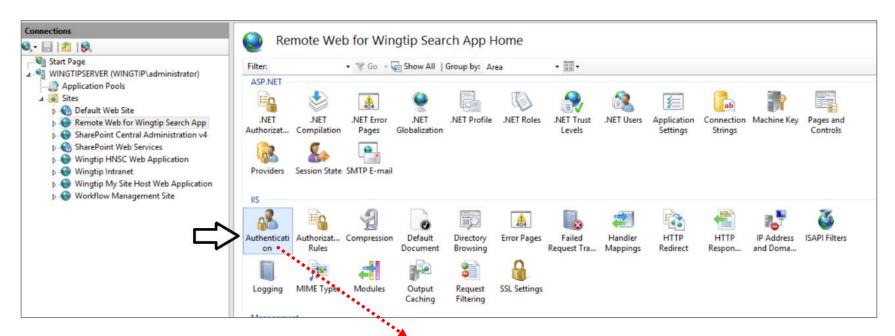
▶ ♠ Default Web Site

SharePoint Web Services

Wingtip HNSC Web Application



Configuring Windows Authentication



Name ^	Status	Response Type
Anonymous Authentication	Enabled	
ASP.NET Impersonation	Disabled	
Basic Authentication	Disabled	HTTP 401 Challenge
Digest Authentication	Disabled	HTTP 401 Challenge
Forms Authentication	Disabled	HTTP 302 Login/Redirect
Windows Authentication	Enabled	HTTP 401 Challenge

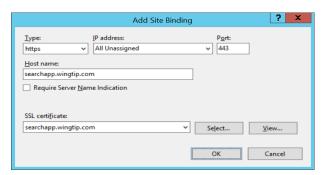


Configuring SSL for the Remote Web

Editing bindings to the associated IIS Website



Create a new HTTPS binding and associate with SSL certificate



Binding listens for requests targeting http://searchapp.wingtip.com

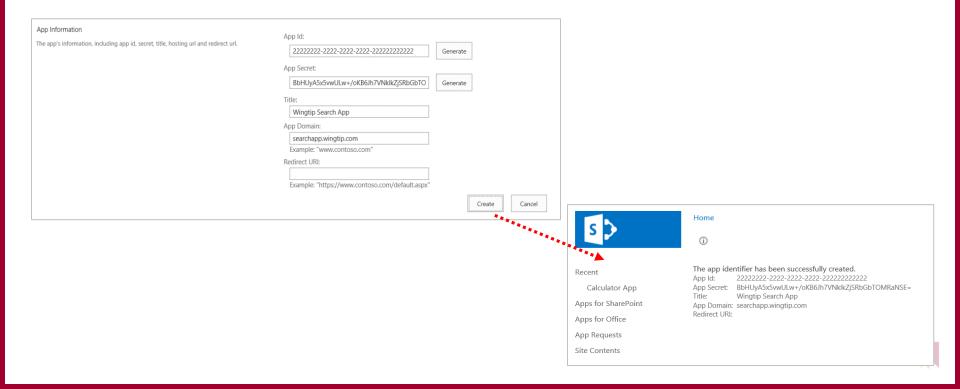






Registering the App Security Principal

- Can be done manually using AppRegNew.aspx page
 - Enter the App ID (aka Client ID)
 - Enter an App Secret (even in S2S scenario when it is not used)
 - Enter a Title
 - Enter an App Domain



Registering App Principal with PowerShell

- Tow ways to do this
 - The easy way using Register-SPAppPrincipal
 - The more flexible way using SPAppPrincipalManager

```
Add-PSSnapin "Microsoft.SharePoint.PowerShell"

# set intialization values for new app principal
$appDisplayName = "My First S25 App"
$clientID = "22222222-2222-2222-22222222222"

$targetSiteUrl = "http://wingtipserver"
$targetSite = Get-SPSite $targetSiteUrl
$realm = Get-SPAuthenticationRealm -ServiceContext $targetSite
$fullAppPrincipalIdentifier = $clientID + '@' + $realm

Write-Host "Register new app principal"
$registeredAppPrincipal = Register-SPAppPrincipal -NameIdentifier $fullAppPrincipalIdentifier
-Site $targetSite.RootWeb
-DisplayName $AppDisplayName

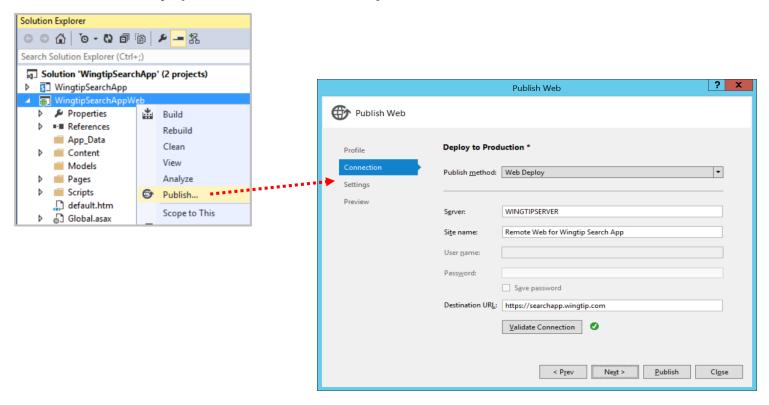
$registeredAppPrincipal | select * | Format-List
$registeredAppPrincipal | select * | Format-List | Out-File -FilePath "SecurityPrincipalO1.txt"
```





Deploying the App's Remote Web Project

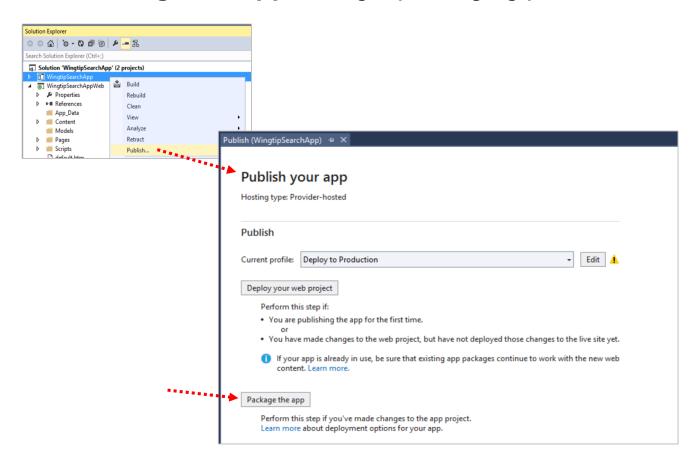
- Visual Studio provides Publish Web wizard
 - Allows you to create one or more deployment configurations
 - Automatically pushes Web Project files into IIS website





Creating the Provider-hosted App Package

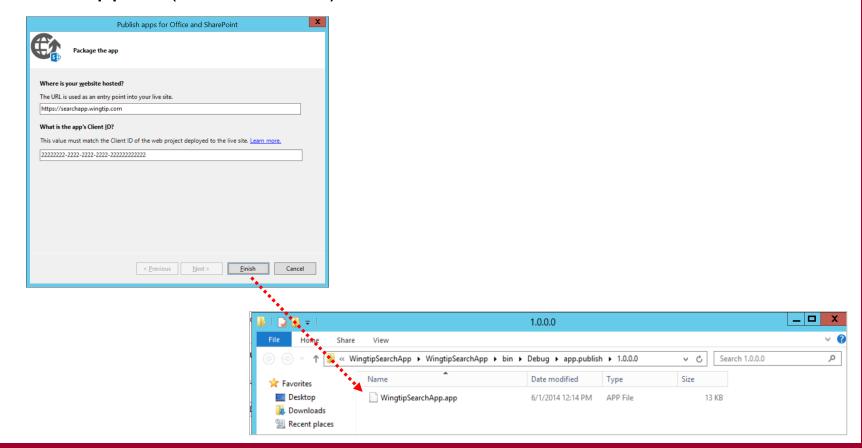
- Visual Studio provides Publish your app page
 - Click Package the app to begin packaging process





Enter Information for the App Package

- Provide-hosted App must be published with...
 - SSL-based URL where the remote web has been deployed
 - The App ID (aka Client ID)



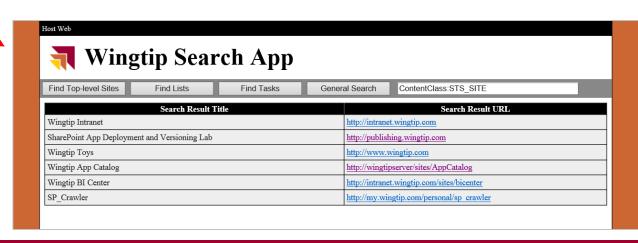
Publishing and Installing the App

Publish the app package (just like with a SharePoint-hosted app)



Install and launch







Summary

- Creating the App Catalog
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- ✓ Installing and Upgrading Apps
- ✓ Deploying Provider-hosted Apps

