# **Creating SharePoint Farm Solutions**

Lab Time: 45 minutes

Lab Folder: C:\Student\Modules\02\_FullTrustSolutions\Lab

Lab Overview: In this lab you will learn how to create a SharePoint farm solution. While Microsoft recommends the SharePoint Add-in model as the preferred way to extend SharePoint deployments both on-premises as well as in the cloud with Office 365, there are still a great many things that cannot be accomplished using add-ins. This is why farm solutions still play an important role in the product.

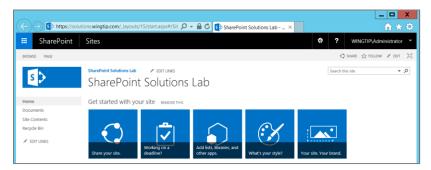
## **Exercise 1: Setup Lab Environment**

In this exercise you will run a PowerShell script to create a new site collection at the URL of <a href="https://solutions.wingtip.com">https://solutions.wingtip.com</a>. Once you have created the new site collection, you ill then use it as a test site as you create and debug as farm solution.

- 1. Setup a new site collection for this lab:
  - a) Ensure you are logged into the WingtipServer server as WINGTIP\Administrator.
  - b) Run a PowerShell script, found in the root lab folder for this module:
    - i) Right-click SetupLab.ps1 and select Run with PowerShell. This file can be found in the files associated with this lab:

#### C:\Student\Modules\02\_FullTrustSolutions\Lab

c) When the script completes, it will launch a new browser and navigate to the lab site collection.

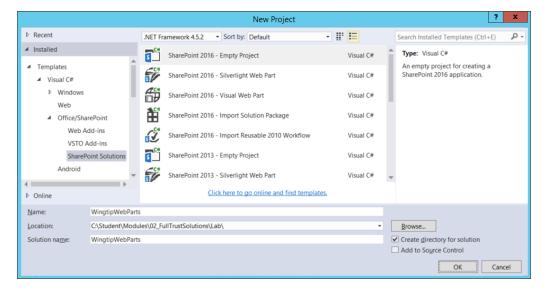


d) Close the PowerShell console window.

# **Exercise 2: Creating Web Parts using Farm Solutions**

In this exercise you will create a simple Web Part and add it to a custom Web Part group with a custom icon. This will be done using a farm solution.

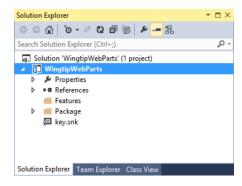
- 1. Create a new project in Visual Studio 2015:
  - a) Launch Visual Studio 2015 as administrator:
    - i) Windows Keyboard Key → Right click on the Visual Studio 2015 tile and select Run as administrator
    - ii) Alternatively, after pressing the **Windows Keyboard Key** you can simply start typing the name of the program you are looking for (e.g. Visual Studio); this will filter the results to those that match the letters typed on the keyboard)
  - b) In Visual Studio select File → New → Project.
  - c) In the New Project dialog:
    - i) Find the **SharePoint 2016 Empty Project** template under the following node:
      - (1) Templates → Visual C# → Office / SharePoint → SharePoint Solutions
    - ii) Name: WingtipWebParts
    - iii) Location: C:\Student\Modules\02 FulltrustSolutions\Lab
    - iv) Uncheck the Create directory for solution checkbox
    - v) Click **OK** to create the project



- d) In the SharePoint Customization Wizard, use the following values to complete the wizard.
  - i) What site do you want to use for debugging? https://solutions.wingtip.com
  - ii) What is the trust level for this SharePoint solution? Deploy as farm solution
- e) Click Finish



After the project has been created, examine its structure in the Solution Explorer.

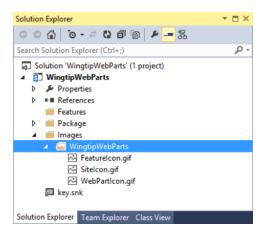


2. Add a few images into your project so they are deployed inside the SharePoint Images folder.

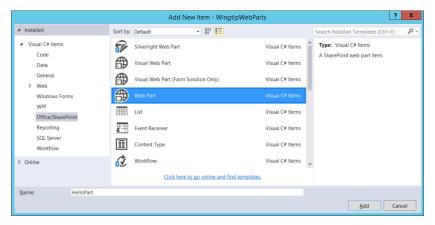
- a) Using the Solution Explorer tool window, right-click the WingtipWebParts project and select Add → SharePoint "Images" Mapped Folder.
- b) Right-click the Images\WingtipWebParts folder you just created and select Add → Existing Item.
- c) In the Add Existing Item dialog, navigate to the folder associated with this exercise:

## C:\Student\Modules\02\_FulltrustSolutions\Lab\StarterFiles

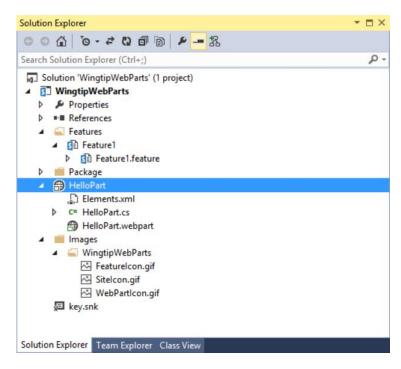
- d) Select the following files:
  - i) FeatureIcon.gif
  - ii) SiteIcon.gif
  - iii) WebPartIcon.gif
- e) Click Add



- 3. Add a Web Part to the project:
  - a) Using the Solution Explorer tool window, right-click the WingtipWebParts project and select Add -> New Item.
  - b) In the Add New Item dialog, select the Web Part template from the Visual C# Items → Office/SharePoint category.
    - i) Name: HelloPart
  - c) Click Add.



4. Inspect the SharePoint Project Item node for the Web Part named **HelloPart**. Notice it contains three files named **Elements.xml**, **HelloPart.cs** and **HelloPart.webpart**.



- 5. Right-click the **HelloPart \ HelloPart.webpart** file and select **Open**.
  - a) Update the roperty> node that has the attribute name="Title" and set the title to The "Hello" Web Part.
  - b) Update the cription and set the title to A most compelling Web Part.
- 6. The **HelloPart.webpart** file should look like the following code sample:

7. Add three more properties to the **HelloPart.webpart** file, just after the last property by adding the following XML:

- 8. Now, modify the element manifest that will provision the Web Part definition:
  - a) Using the Solution Explorer tool window, right-click the HelloPart\Elements.xml file and select Open.
  - b) Modify the <Property> element with the Name="Group" attribute by setting the Value attribute to Wingtip Web Parts.

9. Finally, add some logic to the Web Part:

- a) Using the Solution Explorer tool window, right-click the HelloPart \ HelloPart.cs file and select Open.
- b) You should see that the the CreateChildControls method is currently empty.
- c) Add the following code to the body of the **CreateChildControls** method:

```
namespace WingtipWebParts.HelloPart {
   [ToolboxItemAttribute(false)]
   public class HelloPart : WebPart {
      protected override void CreateChildControls() {
      var label = new Label() { Text = "Hello Web Part" };
      this.Controls.Add(label);
   }
}
```

10. Save all changes: File → Save All.

## **Build and Test the Project**

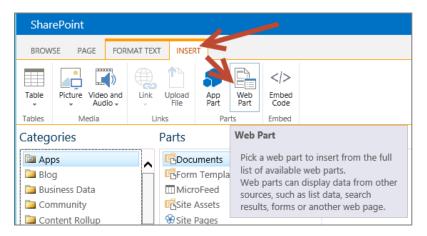
- 11. Build and test your application by pressing [F5] or Debug → Start Debugging.
- 12. If you are prompted with the **Debugging Not Enabled** dialog, click **OK** to continue.



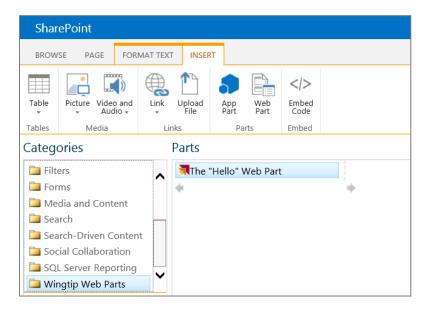
- 13. Once the solution has been deployed, Internet Explorer will launch and navigate to the https://solutions.wingtip.com site.
- 14. Add the Web Part to the page:
  - a) Using the Site Actions "gear" icon in the top-right corner, select Edit Page.



- b) Before you add your new web part to the page, remove the other three existing web parts from the page.
- c) Using the ribbon, select the Insert tab and click the Web Part button.



d) Select the The "Hello" Web Part from the Wingtip Web Parts category and click the Add button.



e) At this point, you should see your new web part displayed on the page.



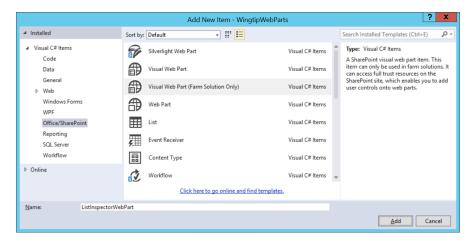
15. Close the browser to stop the debugger and go back to Visual Studio.

In this exercise you created a Web Part, added it to your project and added it to the sample SharePoint site.

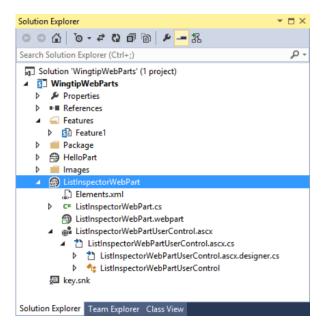
#### Exercise 3: Creating a Visual Web Part with AJAX Behavior

Now you will add a second Web Part using the Visual Web Part template. This makes it possible to create the UI for a Web Part using an ASP.NET User Control and the Visual Studio User Control Designer. You will also use the **updatePane1** control from ASP.NET AJAX to give your Web Part a Web 2.0 user experience eliminating postbacks.

- 1. In this exercise, you should continue working with the WingtipWebParts project you created in the previous exercise.
- Add a new Visual Web Part to the WingtipWebParts project named ListInspectorWebPart:
  - a) Using the Solution Explorer tool window, right-click the WingtipWebParts project and select Add -> New Item.
  - b) In the Add New Item dialog, select the Visual Web Part (Farm Solution Only) template from the Visual C# Items → Office/SharePoint category.
    - i) Name: ListInspectorWebPart
  - c) Click Add.

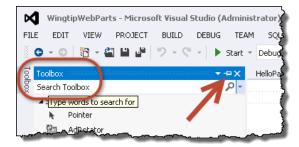


3. Inspect the SharePoint Project Item (SPI) node for the Web Part named ListInspectorWebPart. Notice it contains multiple files:

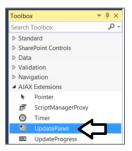


- 4. Right-click the ListInspectorWebPart \ ListInspectorWebPart.webpart file and select Open.
- Update the two existing properties (Title & Description) and add additional properties, as listed below, to the ListInspectorWebPart.webpart file. The properties should look like this:

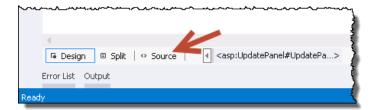
- 6. Now, modify the element manifest that will provision the Web Part definition:
  - a) Using the Solution Explorer tool window, right-click the ListInspectorWebPart \ Elements.xml file and select Open.
  - b) Modify the <Property> element with the Name="Group" attribute by setting the Value attribute to Wingtip Web Parts.
- 7. Update the user interface portion of the Web Part:
  - a) Using the **Solution E**xplorer tool window, right-click the **ListInspectorWebPart \ ListInspectorWebPart.ascx** file and select **View Designer**.
  - b) If the **Toolbox** tool window is not open, click it and then click the pushpin to pin it open:



c) Using the Toolbox tool window, find the UpdatePanel control in the AJAX Extensions grouping. Drag the UpdatePanel onto the design surface.



d) After adding the UpdatePanel control, use the buttons at the bottom of the designer, click Source to switch to the Source view:



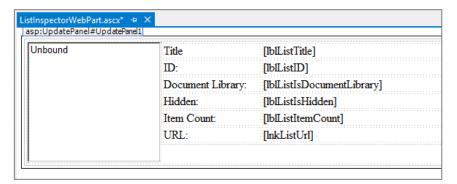
e) Once you switch over to **Source** view, you should be able to see the **<asp:UpdatePanel>** tag.

f) Add a new HTML table inside the <asp:UpdatePanel> element on the page. You can find the HTML content to create this table in the following file in the folder associated with this exercise:

## C:\Student\Modules\02\_FulltrustSolutions\Lab\StarterFiles\ListInspectorTable.txt

g) When you are done, the code in your screen should match the code in the following screenshot.

8. Using the buttons at the bottom of the designer, click **Design** to switch to the **Design** view: (the ListInspectorWebPart.ascx design view should appear as below:



- 9. Now code the Visual Web Part to make it do something:
  - a) Using the Solution Explorer tool window, right-click the ListInspectorWebPart \ ListInspectorWebPart.ascx \ ListInspectorWebPart.ascx.cs file and select Open.
  - b) Add the following to the top of the file:

```
using Microsoft.SharePoint;
```

c) Create two protected fields by adding the following code just inside the class:

```
protected Guid SelectedListId = Guid.Empty;
protected bool UpdateListProperties = false;
```

d) Add a method named IstLists\_SelectedIndexChanged() by adding the following to the class. This event handler is already referenced in the markup you added to the ListInspectorWebPart.ascx file:

```
protected void lstLists_SelectedIndexChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
   SelectedListId = new Guid(lstLists.SelectedValue);
   UpdateListProperties = true;
}
```

e) Add an overridden implementation of the **OnPreRender()** method using the parameter list shown in the following code block.

```
protected override void OnPreRender(EventArgs e) {
  if ((lstLists.SelectedIndex > -1) & (!UpdateListProperties)) {
    SelectedListId = new Guid(lstLists.SelectedValue);
  lstLists.Items.Clear();
  SPWeb site = SPContext.Current.Web:
  foreach (SPList list in site.Lists)
    ListItem listItem = new ListItem(list.Title, list.ID.ToString());
    lstLists.Items.Add(listItem);
 }
    when the page reloads, default the selected item to the current list
  if (SelectedListId != Guid.Empty) {
    lstLists.Items.FindByValue(SelectedListId.ToString()).Selected = true;
  if (UpdateListProperties) {
    SPList list = SPContext.Current.Web.Lists[SelectedListId];
    lblListTitle.Text = list.Title;
    lblListID.Text = list.ID.ToString().ToUpper();
    lblListIsDocumentLibrary.Text = (list is SPDocumentLibrary).ToString();
lblListIsHidden.Text = list.Hidden.ToString();
    lblListItemCount.Text = list.ItemCount.ToString();
    lnkListUrl.Text = list.DefaultViewUrl;
    lnkListUrl.NavigateUrl = list.DefaultViewUrl;
 }
}
```

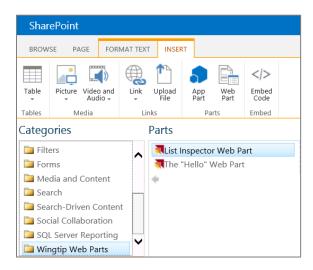
10. Save all changes: File → Save All.

## **Build and Test the Project**

- 11. Build and test your application by pressing [F5] or Debug → Start Debugging.
- 12. Once the solution has been deployed, Internet Explorer will launch and navigate to the <a href="https://solutions.wingtip.com">https://solutions.wingtip.com</a> site.
- 13. Add the Web Part to the page:
  - a) Using the Site Actions "gear" icon in the top-right corner, select Edit Page.



- b) Using the ribbon, select the Insert tab and click the Web Part button.
- c) Select the List Inspector Web Part from the Wingtip Web Parts category and click the Add button.



14. Click different lists to see the values refresh to show the respective properties.



15. Close the browser to stop the debugger and go back to Visual Studio.

In this exercise you created a new Visual Web Part and deployed it as a farm solution.

# **Exercise 4: Add Site Pages to a SharePoint Solution**

In this exercise you will add some site pages to an existing solution and create links to these new pages.

- 1. Open an existing starter project in Visual Studio 2015:
  - a) Launch Visual Studio 2015 as administrator.
  - b) Select File → Open → Project/Solution.
  - c) In the Open Project dialog, select the following project provided in the files associated with this lab:

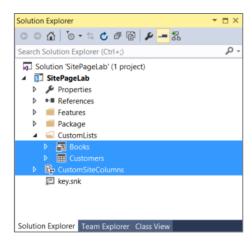
#### C:\Student\Modules\02\_FullTrustSolutions\Lab\StarterProjects\SitePageLab\SitePageLab.sln

Note: You may get an error from Visual Studio about not having a site URL or debugging site specified. Ignore it for now.

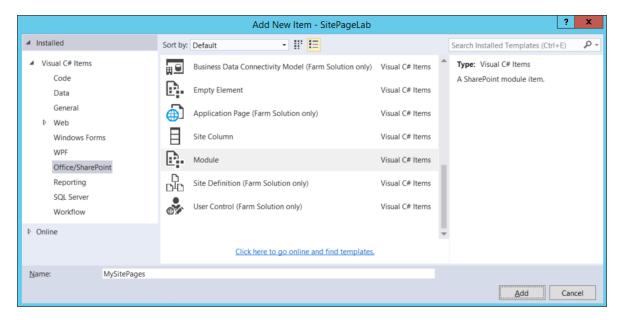
- 2. Ensure the project is using the lab's site collection for testing:
  - a) Select the project SitePageLab in the Solution Explorer tool window.
  - b) Look in the Properties tool window and ensure the Site URL property is set to <a href="https://solutions.wingtip.com">https://solutions.wingtip.com</a>.
  - c) Make sure the Sandbox Solution property of the SitePageLab project is set to a value of False.

Remember that the VM you are using to complete lab exercises does not support server-side code from a sandboxed solution.

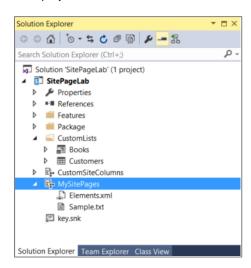
The SitePageLab project already contains SharePoint Project Items to create a few site columns and two lists. These two lists, Books and Customers, will be used throughout the remainder of this lab.



- 4. Create a new module to provision some site pages to the site:
  - a) Right-click the project SitePageLab in the Solution Explorer tool window and select Add → New Item.
    - i) In the Add New Item dialog, select the Module template from the Visual C# Items → Office / SharePoint category.
    - ii) Name: MySitePages
    - iii) Click Add.



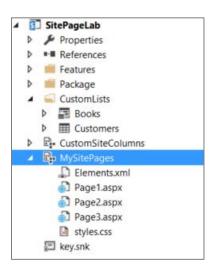
b) Your project should look like the one in the following screenshot.



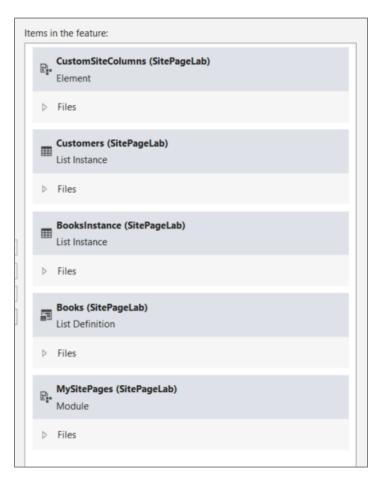
- 5. Add the provided site pages to the MySitePages module:
  - a) Within the MySitePages module, right click Sample.txt and select Delete.
  - b) Right-click the MySitePages module in the Solution Explorer tool window and select Add → Existing Item.
  - c) In the Add Existing Item dialog, add the files Page1.aspx, Page2.aspx, Page3.aspx and styles.css from the following folder:

## C:\Student\Modules\02\_FullTrustSolutions\StarterFiles

d) When you are done, your project should match the following screenshot.



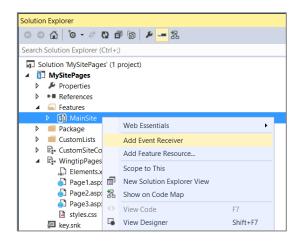
- 6. Verify the **MySitePages** module is included in the list of items in the Feature:
  - a) In the Solution Explorer tool window, expand the SitePageLab project to the Features\MainSite node.
  - b) Right-click the MainSite Feature and select View Designer.
  - c) Verify the **MySitePages** module is listed on the right-hand column **Items in the Feature**. If it isn't select it and use the arrows between the two columns to add it from the left column: **Items in the Solution**.



## Add Navigation Elements to the Site to Surface the New Site Pages

At this point your project will simply create a few pages in the development site. Users would have to know the URL and manually type it into the browser to navigate to these files. To make this more user friendly, write some custom code to add some navigation elements to the site to point to these three new files.

- 7. In the Solution Explorer tool window, expand the SitePageLab project to the Features\MainSite node.
- 8. Right-click the **MainSite** Feature and select **Add Event Receiver**.



9. Within the **MainSite.EventReceiver.cs** code file, add the following line to the top of the file to add a reference to the SharePoint navigation namespace:

#### using Microsoft.SharePoint.Navigation;

10. Find the commented out method **FeatureActivated()** and replace it with the following code to create three new links in the top navigation link bar:

```
public override void FeatureActivated(SPFeatureReceiverProperties properties) {
   SPSite siteCollection = properties.Feature.Parent as SPSite;
   if (siteCollection != null) {
        SPWeb site = siteCollection.RootWeb;
        // create menu items on top link bar for custom site pages
        SPNavigationNodeCollection topNav = site.Navigation.TopNavigationBar;
        topNav.AddAsLast(new SPNavigationNode("Page 1", "MySitePages/Page1.aspx"));
        topNav.AddAsLast(new SPNavigationNode("Page 2", "MySitePages/Page2.aspx"));
        topNav.AddAsLast(new SPNavigationNode("Page 3", "MySitePages/Page3.aspx"));
   }
}
```

11. While the previous code will create three new links when the Feature is activated, these links are not automatically removed when you deactivate the Feature. In addition, the provisioned files are not automatically removed. To clean up everything done by the Feature activation, find the commented out method **FeatureDeactivating()** and replace it with the following code to delete the links and provisioned pages:

```
public override void FeatureDeactivating(SPFeatureReceiverProperties properties) {
   SPSite siteCollection = properties.Feature.Parent as SPSite;
   if (siteCollection != null) {
      SPWeb site = siteCollection.RootWeb;

   try {
      // delete folder of site pages provisioned during activation
      SPFolder sitePagesFolder = site.GetFolder("MySitePages");
      sitePagesFolder.Delete();
   }
   catch { }

   SPNavigationNodeCollection topNav = site.Navigation.TopNavigationBar;
   for (int i = topNav.Count - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
      if (topNav[i].Url.Contains("MySitePages")) {
        // delete node
```

```
topNav[i].Delete();
     }
}
```

## Update the User Interface of the Provisioned Site Page Page1.aspx

Page1.aspx has references to CSS classes to create a more specialized user interface. In order to get this styling, you need to link to a custom CSS file.

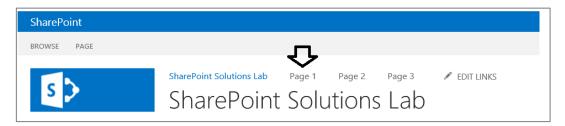
- 12. Add a reference to the CSS file in **Page1.aspx**:
  - a) In the Solution Explorer tool window, find the MySitePages\Page1.aspx file.
  - b) Right-click Page1.aspx and select Open.
  - c) Find the ASP.NET content placeholder PlaceHolderAdditionalPageHead and add the following markup to the content of the content placeholder:

```
<link href="styles.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" />
```

- 13. Save all changes: File → Save All.
- 14. Build and test your application by pressing [F5] or Debug → Start Debugging.

Note: If prompted with an Attach Security Warning dialog, click Attach.

- 15. Once the solution has been deployed, Internet Explorer will launch and navigate to the default page for the site.
- 16. In the top navigation, select Page 1 to navigate to the Page1.aspx site page you provisioned.



17. Notice how Page1.aspx has unique styling compared to just plain old text:



18. Close the browser to stop the debugger and go back to Visual Studio.

## Update the User Interface of the Provisioned Site Pages Page2.aspx and Page3.aspx

Page2.aspx is a Web Part Page but does not include any Web Parts. In this section you will add a new instance of the XsltListViewWebPart to display the Customer list. For Page3.aspx, which is also a Web Part Page, you will also add a XsltListViewWebPart to show the contents of the Books list.

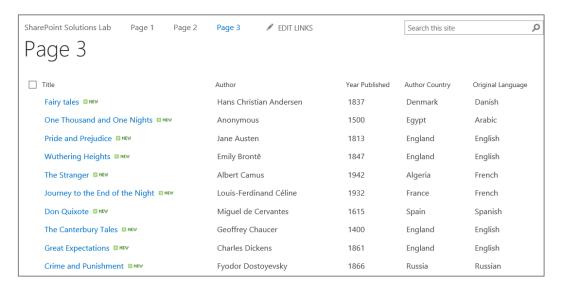
- 19. Add a Web Part to Page2.aspx:
  - a) In the Solution Explorer tool window, find the MySitePages\Page2.aspx file.
  - b) Right-click Page2.aspx and select Open.
  - c) Find the ASP.NET content placeholder **PlaceHolderMain** and add the following markup to the content of the content placeholder:

- 20. Add a Web Part to Page3.aspx:
  - a) In the Solution Explorer tool window, find the MySitePages\Page3.aspx file.
  - b) Right-click Page3.aspx and select Open.
  - c) Find the ASP.NET content placeholder **PlaceHolderMain** and add the following markup to the content of the content placeholder:

- 21. Save all changes: File → Save All.
- 22. Build and test your application by pressing [F5] or Debug > Start Debugging.
  - a) If prompted with an Attach Security Warning dialog, click Attach.
- 23. When the site loads in Internet Explorer, select **Page 2** to navigate to the **Page2.aspx** site page you provisioned. Notice the **Customers** list is displayed in a typical format.



24. Now select Page 3 and notice it displays the Books list in the same format.



25. Close the browser to stop the debugger and go back to Visual Studio.

In this exercise you added a few site pages to a full trust solution and created links in the navigation pointing to these pages. You are now done with this lab.