Developing and Distributing Custom Visuals



- Defining Data Roles and Data Mappings
- Extending a Visual with Custom Properties
- Designing Custom Visuals using a View Model
- Advanced Custom Visual Design Features
- Packaging and Deploying Custom Visuals



Visual Capabilities

- Visual capabilities defined inside capabilities.json
 - dataRoles defines the field wells displayed on Fields pane
 - dataViewMappings defines the type of DataView used by visual
 - objects defines custom properties for visual

```
▶ .api
▶ .vs
▶ .vscode
▶ assets
▶ node_modules
▶ src
▶ style
➡ .npmignore
{} capabilities.json
{} package-lock.json
{} pbiviz.json
```

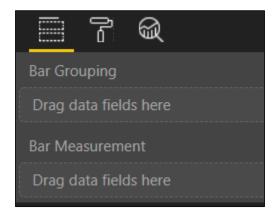
```
capabilities.json ** X

{
     "dataRoles": ...,
     "dataViewMappings": ...,
     "objects": ...
}
```



Data Roles

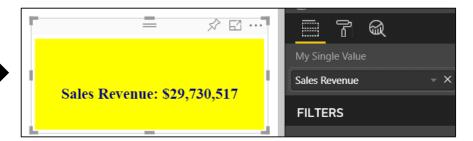
- DataRoles define how fields are associated with visual
 - Each dataRole is display as field well in the Field pane
 - dataRoles can be defined with conditions and data mappings





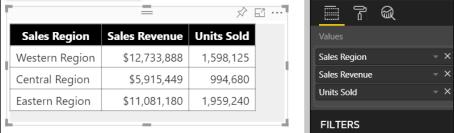
Data Mapping Modes

- Power BI visual API provides several mapping modes
 - Single
 - Table
 - Categorical
 - Matrix
 - Tree

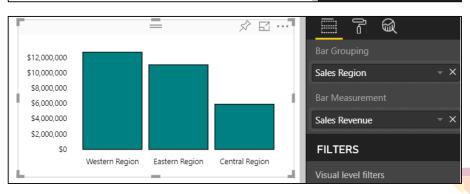




Single Mapping



Categorical Mapping



Developer Visual DataView

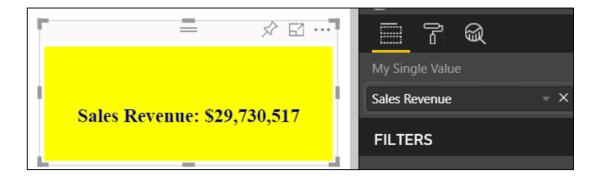
- Developer visual supports DataView mode
 - Allows you to see and explore data mapping
 - Allows you to see metadata for custom properties





Single Mapping Example: oneBigNumber

- dataRole can use dataViewMapping mode of single
 - For visuals like Card which only display single value
 - Condition can define that a dataRole requires exactly one measure





Programming in Single Mapping Mode

- Single mapping easy to access through visuals API
 - DataView object provides single.value property
 - value property defined as PrimativeValue { bool | number | string }
 - PrimativeValue must be explicitly cast
 - Other measure properties available through column metadata

```
"tree": \bigoplus \{\ldots\}.
"categorical": \bigoplus\{\ldots\},
"table": \bigoplus \{\ldots\},
"matrix": \bigoplus \{\ldots\},
"single": ⊖{
     "column": \bigoplus \{\ldots\},
     "value": 29730517.14
"metadata": ⊖{
     "columns": ⊖[
                "roles": \bigoplus\{\ldots\},
                "type": \bigoplus \{\ldots\},
                "format": "\\$#,0;(\\$#,0);\\$#,0",
                "displayName": "Sales Revenue",
                "queryName": "Sales.Sales Revenue",
                "expr": \bigoplus \{\ldots\},
                "index": 0,
                "isMeasure": true
```

```
public update(options: VisualUpdateOptions) {
    // get DataView object
    this.dataView = options.dataViews[0];

    // get single value
    var value: number = <number>this.dataView.single.value;

    // get metadata to discover field name and format string
    var column: DataViewMetadataColumn = this.dataView.metadata.columns[0];
    var valueName: string = column.displayName
    var valueFormat: string = column.format;
```



Using the Power BI Formatting Utilities

- Used to format values using Power BI formatting strings
 - Requires installing powerbi-visuals-utils-formattingutils package

```
var value: number = <number>this.dataView.single.value;
var column: DataViewMetadataColumn = this.dataView.metadata.columns[0];
var valueName: string = column.displayName
var valueFormat: string = column.format;

var valueFormatterFactory = powerbi.extensibility.utils.formatting.valueFormatter;
var valueFormatter = valueFormatterFactory.create({
   format: valueFormat,
   formatSingleValues: true
});

var valueString: string = valueFormatter.format(value);
```

```
"column": ⊖{
    "roles": ⊕{...},
    "type": ⊕{...},
    "format": "\\$#,0;(\\$#,0);\\$#,0",
    "displayName": "Sales Revenue",
    "queryName": "Sales.Sales Revenue",
```

```
"column": ⊖{
    "roles": ⊕{...},
    "type": ⊕{...},
    "format": "#,0",
    "displayName": "Units Sold",
    "queryName": "Sales.Units Sold",
```

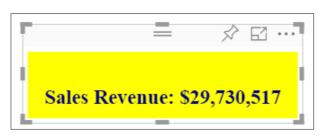






Table Mapping Example: Snazzy Table

- dataRole can use dataViewMapping mode of table
 - For visuals which display rows & columns for ordered set of fields
 - condition can define number of fields that can be added

	=	ø	EZ	
Sales Region	Sales Revenue	Units Sold		Values
Western Region	\$12,733,888	1,598,125		Sales Region
Central Region	\$5,915,449	994,680		Sales Revenue
Eastern Region	\$11,081,180	1,959,240		Units Sold
	_			FILTERS



Programming in Table Mapping Mode

- Table mapping data accessible through visuals API
 - DataView object provides table property
 - table property provides columns property and rows property

```
"table": ⊖{
    "columns": ⊖[
       \Theta{
              "roles": \bigoplus\{\ldots\},
              "type": \bigoplus\{\ldots\},
              "format": undefined,
              "displayName": "Sales Region",
              "queryName": "Customers.Sales Region",
              "expr": \bigoplus\{\ldots\},
              "index": 0,
              "identityExprs": ⊕[ ... ]
       \oplus \{\ldots\}
        \oplus \{\dots\}
    "identity": \oplus[ ... ],
    "identityFields": ⊕[ ... ],
    "rows": ⊖[
       \Theta
              "Western Region",
             12733888.2,
              1598125
```

```
public update(options: VisualUpdateOptions) {
  var dataView: DataView = options.dataViews[0];
  var table: DataViewTable = dataView.table;
  var columns: DataViewMetadataColumn[] = table.columns;
  var rows: DataViewTableRow[] = table.rows;
```



Categorical Mapping Example: Barchart

- dataRole can use dataViewMapping mode of categorical
 - This is the most common type of data mapping
 - For visuals which divide data into groups for analysis
 - Groups defined as columns and values defined as measures

```
"dataRoles": [
  { "displayName": "Bar Grouping", "name": "myCategory", "kind": "Grouping" },
  { "displayName": "Bar Measurement", "name": "myMeasure", "kind": "Measure" }
],
"dataViewMappings": [
     "conditions": [ { "myCategory": { "max": 1 }, "myMeasure": { "max": 1 } } ].
     "categorical": {
       "categories": {
          "for": { "in": "myCategory" },
          "dataReductionAlgorithm": { "top": {} }
       "values": {
          "select": [ { "bind": { "to": "mvMeasure" } } ]
                                                                            $12,000,000
                                                                            $10,000,000
                                                                            $8,000,000
                                                                            $6,000,000
                                                                            $4,000,000
                                                                            $2,000,000
                                                                                                               FILTERS
                                                                                   Western Region Eastern Region Central Region
                                                                                                                Visual level filters
```



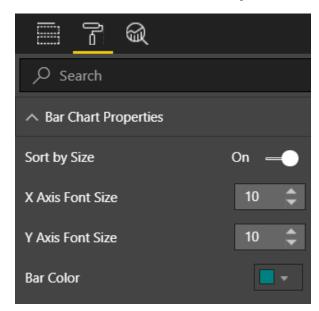
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Extending Visuals with Custom Properties

- Custom properties defined using objects
 - You can define one or more objects in capabilities.json
 - Each object defined with name, display name and properties
 - object properties automatically persistent inside visual metadata
 - properties can be seen and modified by user in Format pane
 - Custom properties require extra code to initialize Format pane

```
"objects": {
    "barchartProperties": {
        "displayName": "Bar Chart Properties",
        "properties": {
            "sortBySize": {
                  "displayName": "Sort by Size",
                  "type": { "bool": true }
        },
        "xAxisFontSize": {
                  "displayName": "X Axis Font Size",
                  "type": { "integer": true }
        },
        "yAxisFontSize": {
                  "displayName": "Y Axis Font Size",
                  "type": { "integer": true }
        },
        "barcolor": {
                  "displayName": "Bar Color",
                  "type": { "fill": { "solid": { "color": true } } }
        }
     }
}
```





DataViewObjectParser and VisualSettings

- Power BI visual utilities provide DataViewObjectParser
 - Abstracts away tricky code to initialize and read property values

```
module powerbi.extensibility.visual {
  import DataViewObjectsParser = powerbi.extensibility.utils.dataview.DataViewObjectsParser;
  export class VisualSettings extends DataViewObjectsParser {
    public barchartProperties: BarchartProperties = new BarchartProperties();
  }
  export class BarchartProperties {
    sortBySize: boolean = true;
    xAxisFontSize: number = 10;
    yAxisFontSize: number = 10;
    barColor: Fill = { "solid": { "color": "teal" } };
}
```



Mapping Object Properties to VisualSettings

- VisualSettings class must map to named objectnamed
 - VisualSetting class contains named field that maps to object name
 - Named field based on custom class with mapped properties
 - Object & property names must match what's in capabilities.json



Initializing Objects in the Format Pane

- Visual must initialize properties in Format pane
 - Visual must implement enumerateObjectInstances
 - VisualSettings makes this relatively easy
 - Extra code required to make property appear as spinner

```
public enumerateObjectInstances(options: EnumerateVisualObjectInstancesOptions): VisualObjectInstanceEnumeration {
  // register object properties
  var visualObjects: VisualObjectInstanceEnumerationObject =
    <VisualObjectInstanceEnumerationObject>VisualSettings
      .enumerateObjectInstances(this.settings.options);

∠ Search

  // configure spinners for integers properties
  visualObjects.instances[0].validValues = {
    xAxisFontSize: { numberRange: { min: 10, max: 36 } },
                                                                          Bar Chart Properties
   yAxisFontSize: { numberRange: { min: 10, max: 36 } },
                                                                          Sort by Size
  // return visual object collection
  return visualObjects;
                                                                          X Axis Font Size
                                                                          Y Axis Font Size
                                                                                                     10
                                                                          Bar Color
```



Retrieving Property Values

- Property values persisted into visual metadata
 - Properties not persisted white they still retain default values

```
"tree": ⊕{...},
"categorical": ⊕{...},
"table": ⊕{...},
"matrix": ⊕{...},
"single": undefined,
"metadata": ⊖{
    "columns": ⊕[ ... ],
    "objects": ⊖{
        "barchartProperties": ⊖{
            "sortBySize": false,
            "xAxisFontSize": 14
        }
    }
}
```

Property values retrieved using VisualSettings object

```
public update(options: VisualUpdateOptions) {
   if (options.dataViews[0]) {
      // create VisualSettings object
      this.settings = VisualSettings.parse(options.dataViews[0]) as VisualSettings;
      // retrieve property values
      var sortBySize: boolean = this.settings.barchartProperties.sortBySize
      var xAxisFontSize: number = this.settings.barchartProperties.xAxisFontSize;
```



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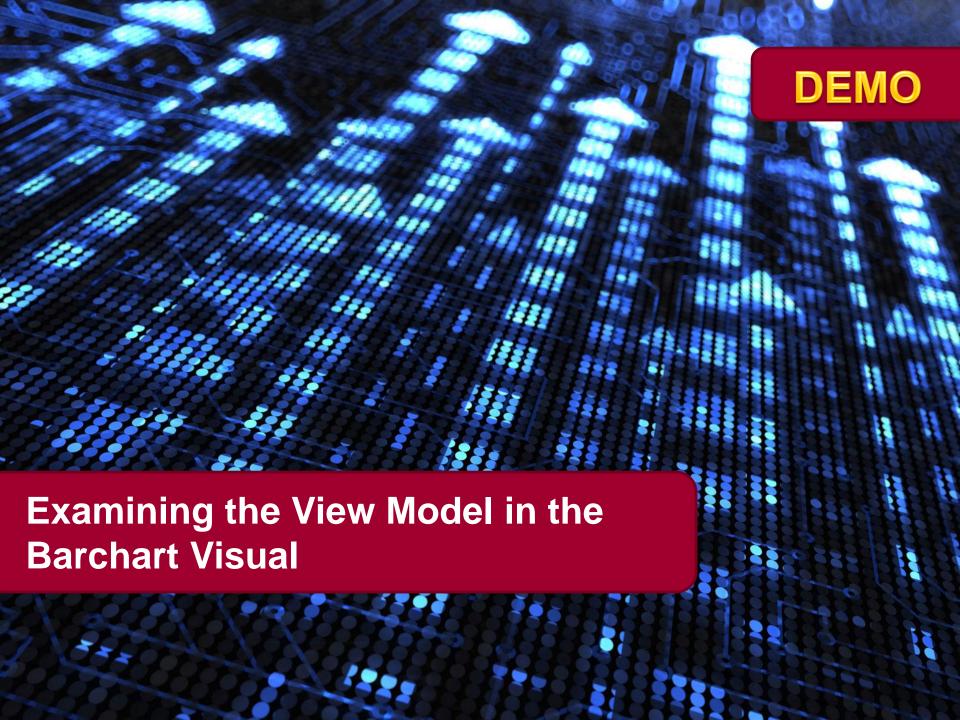
Designing with View Model

- Best practice involves creating view model for each visual
 - View model defines data required for rendering
 - createViewModel method gets data to generate view model
 - update method calls createViewModel to get view model

```
export interface BarchartDataPoint {
   Category: string;
   Value: number;
}

export interface BarchartViewModel {
   IsNotValid: boolean;
   DataPoints?: BarchartDataPoint[];
   Format?: string;
   SortBySize?: boolean;
   XAxisFontSize?: number;
   YAxisFontSize?: number;
   BarColor?: string;
}
```





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smartieBarChart Demo

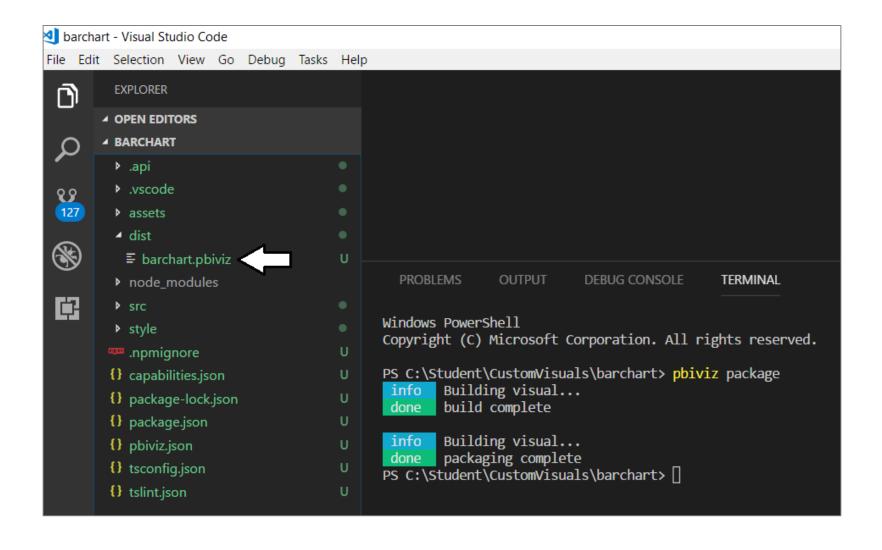
- Advanced Visual Features
 - Support for Visual Highlighting
 - Selection Manager
 - TooltipsServiceWrapper



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Summary

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