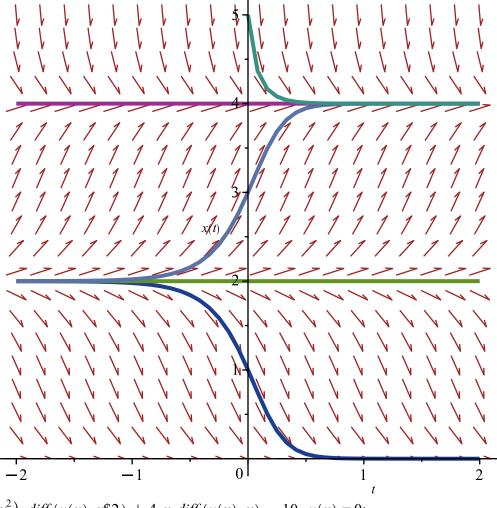
with(DETools) : with(plots) : with(linalg)

[BlockDiagonal, GramSchmidt, JordanBlock, LUdecomp, QRdecomp, Wronskian, addcol, addrow, adj, adjoint, angle, augment, backsub, band, basis, bezout, blockmatrix, charmat, charpoly, cholesky, col, coldim, colspace, colspan, companion, concat, cond, copyinto, crossprod, curl, definite, delcols, delrows, det, diag, diverge, dotprod, eigenvals, eigenvalues, eigenvectors, eigenvects, entermatrix, equal, exponential, extend, ffgausselim, fibonacci, forwardsub, frobenius, gausselim, gaussjord, geneqns, genmatrix, grad, hadamard, hermite, hessian, hilbert, htranspose, ihermite, indexfunc, innerprod, intbasis, inverse, ismith, issimilar, iszero, jacobian, jordan, kernel, laplacian, leastsqrs, linsolve, matadd, matrix, minor, minpoly, mulcol, mulrow, multiply, norm, normalize, nullspace, orthog, permanent, pivot, potential, randmatrix, randvector, rank, ratform, row, rowdim, rowspace, rowspan, rref, scalarmul, singularvals, smith, stackmatrix, submatrix, subvector, sumbasis, swapcol, swaprow, sylvester, toeplitz, trace, transpose, vandermonde, vecpotent, vectdim, vector, wronskian]

```
fI := x \rightarrow 6 x^{2} - 8 x - x^{3};
ec1 := diff(x(t), t) = fI(x(t));
solve(fI(x) = 0);
D(fI)(0); \# < 0 stabil
D(fI)(2); \# > 0 instabil
DEplot(ec1, x(t), t = -2 ...2, [seq([x(0) = i], i = 1 ...5)]);
fI := x \mapsto 6 \cdot x^{2} - 8 \cdot x - x^{3}
ec1 := \frac{d}{dt} x(t) = 6 x(t)^{2} - 8 x(t) - x(t)^{3}
0, 4, 2
-8
-8
-8
-8
```

Warning, plot may be incomplete, the following errors(s) were issued: cannot evaluate the solution further left of -.73473324e-1, probably a singularity



$$ec2 := (1 + x^{2}) \cdot diff(y(x), x\$2) + 4 \cdot x \cdot diff(y(x), x) - 10 \cdot y(x) = 0;$$

$$solGen2 := dsolve(ec2, y(x));$$

$$solPC2 := dsolve(\{ec2, y(0) = a, D(y)(0) = 1\}, y(x));$$

$$y2 := unapply(rhs(solPC), x);$$

$$L2 := limit(y2(x), x = infinity);$$

$$a2 := solve\left(\frac{3 \text{ Pi}}{32} + a, a\right);$$

$$ec2 := (x^{2} + 1) \left(\frac{d^{2}}{dx^{2}} y(x)\right) + 4x \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x)\right) - 10y(x) = 0$$

$$solGen2 := y(x) = c_{1} (5x^{2} + 1) + \frac{c_{2} ((15x^{4} + 18x^{2} + 3) \arctan(x) + 15x^{3} + 13x)}{x^{2} + 1}$$

$$solPC2 := y(x) = a (5x^{2} + 1) + \frac{(15x^{4} + 18x^{2} + 3) \arctan(x) + 15x^{3} + 13x}{16(x^{2} + 1)}$$

$$y2 := x \mapsto a \cdot (5 \cdot x^{2} + 1) + \frac{(15 \cdot x^{4} + 18 \cdot x^{2} + 3) \arctan(x) + 15 \cdot x^{3} + 13 \cdot x}{16 \cdot (x^{2} + 1)}$$

$$L2 := \text{signum}\left(\frac{3\pi}{32} + a\right) \infty$$

$$a2 := -\frac{3\pi}{32}$$
 (2)

 $sist3 := diff(x(t), t) = x(t) - 3 \cdot y(t), diff(y(t), t) = 3 \cdot x(t) - y(t);$ $solGen3 := dsolve(\{sist3\}, \{x(t), y(t)\});$ $solPC3 := dsolve(\{sist3, x(0) = 0, y(0) = 1\}, \{x(t), y(t)\});$ A3 := matrix([[1, -3], [3, -1]]); $eigenvals(A3); \#Im(sol1) > 0 \text{ si Im}(sol2) < 0 \Rightarrow (0, 0) \text{ de tip centru}$

in opinia mea limta functie nu tinde sper 0, deoarece punctul de echilibru nu este unul de tip focus si cum putem vedea in portretul fazic, nu tind pre 0...

este punct de tip centru

$$DEplot([sist3], [x(t), y(t)], t=-5..5, [[x(0) = 0, y(0) = 1]]);$$

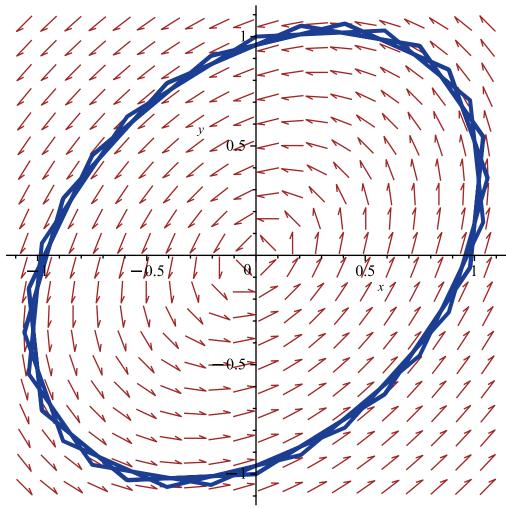
$$sist3 := \frac{d}{dt} x(t) = x(t) - 3 y(t), \frac{d}{dt} y(t) = 3 x(t) - y(t)$$

$$solGen3 := \left\{ x(t) = c_1 \sin\left(2\sqrt{2} \ t\right) + c_2 \cos\left(2\sqrt{2} \ t\right), y(t) = -\frac{2 c_1 \sqrt{2} \cos\left(2\sqrt{2} \ t\right)}{3} + \frac{2 c_2 \sqrt{2} \sin\left(2\sqrt{2} \ t\right)}{3} + \frac{c_1 \sin\left(2\sqrt{2} \ t\right)}{3} + \frac{c_2 \cos\left(2\sqrt{2} \ t\right)}{3} \right\}$$

$$solPC3 := \left\{ x(t) = -\frac{3\sqrt{2} \sin\left(2\sqrt{2} \ t\right)}{4}, y(t) = \cos\left(2\sqrt{2} \ t\right) - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sin\left(2\sqrt{2} \ t\right)}{4} \right\}$$

$$A3 := \left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 & -3 \\ 3 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$2I\sqrt{2}, -2I\sqrt{2}$$



$$sist4 := diff(x(t), t) = -k * x(t), x(0) = x_0;$$

 $\#k = 0.75, x_0 = 24$
 $solPC4 := dsolve(\{diff(x(t), t) = -0.75 * x(t), x(0) = 24\}, x(t));$
 $\#x(0) = 10g, x(8) = 7g$
 $solP4 := dsolve(\{diff(x(t), t) = -k * x(t), x(0) = 10\}, x(t));$

 $solP4 := dsolve(\{diff(x(t), t) = -k * x(t), x(0) = 10\}, x(t));$

x4 := unapply(rhs(solP4), t);

k4 := solve(x4(8) = 7);

$$sist4 := \frac{d}{dt} x(t) = -kx(t), x(0) = x_0$$

$$solPC4 := x(t) = 24 e^{-\frac{3t}{4}}$$

$$solP4 := x(t) = 10 e^{-kt}$$

$$x4 := t \mapsto 10 \cdot e^{-k \cdot t}$$

$$k4 := -\frac{\ln\left(\frac{7}{10}\right)}{8}$$

(3)

$$f_1 := (x, y) \rightarrow -x + y^2;$$

 $f_2 := (x, y) \rightarrow x^2 - 4 \cdot y;$

```
pctEchi := evalf (solve( \{f_1(x, y) = 0, f_2(x, y) = 0\}, \{x, y\}));
J := jacobian( [f_1(x, y), f_2(x, y)], [x, y]);
A1 := subs( pctEchi[1, 1], pctEchi[1, 2], eval(J));
A2 := subs( pctEchi[2, 1], pctEchi[2, 2], eval(J));
eigenvals(A1); \#asim stabil de tip focus
eigenvals(A2); \#instabil de tip sa
f_1 := (x, y) \mapsto -x + y^2
f_2 := (x, y) \mapsto x^2 - 4 \cdot y
pctEchi := \{x = 0, y = 0, \}, \{x = 2.519842100, y = 1.587401052\}
J := \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2y \\ 2x & -4 \end{bmatrix}
AI := \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 \end{bmatrix}
A2 := \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3.174802104 \\ 5.039684200 & -4 \end{bmatrix}
-4, -1.
```

1.77200187285253, -6.77200187285253

(4)