```
containing the properties "raining", "noise", and the "makeNoise()" function
function Animal(raining, noise) {
 this.raining = raining;
 this.noise = noise:
 this.makeNoise = () \Rightarrow \{
  if (this.raining === true) {
   console.log(this.noise);
 };
// Sets the variables "dogs" and "cats" to be animal objects and initializes them
        with raining and noise properties
const dogs = new Animal(true, "Woof!");
const cats = new Animal(false, "Meow!");
// Calling dogs and cats makeNoise methods
dogs.makeNoise();
cats.makeNoise();
// If we want, we can change an object's properties after they're created
cats.raining = true;
cats.makeNoise();
const massHysteria = (dogs, cats) => {
 if (dogs.raining === true && cats.raining === true) {
  console.log("DOGS AND CATS LIVING TOGETHER! MASS HYSTERIA!");
massHysteria(dogs, cats);
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P\
```

01-Activities\01-Ins_Constructors>node index.js

DOGS AND CATS LIVING TOGETHER! MASS HYSTERIA!

Woof! Meow!

// Constructor function which can be used to create objects

Constructors

```
// TODO: Create a constructor function called 'Developer'
that takes in 'name' and 'tech'

function Developer(name, tech) {
    this.name = name;
    this.tech = tech;

// TODO: Include a method called 'introduction()'
        that introduces the Developer with their name and favorite tech

this.introduction = () => {
    console.log('Hi! My Name is ${name} and I love ${tech}.');
    };

}

// TODO: Create a new object using the 'Developer' constructor
    const rita = new Developer("Rita", "Javascript");
    const sendy = new Developer("Sendy", "OPP, if you know what I mean");

// TODO: Call the 'introduction()' method on the new object
    rita.introduction();
    sendy.introduction();
```

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-OOP\01-Activities \02-Stu_Constructors\Unsolved>node index.js
Hi! My Name is Rita and I love Javascript.
Hi! My Name is Sendy and I love OPP, if you know what I mean.
```

```
// Array.prototype.forEach()
const myArray = [2, 4, 6, 8];
myArray.forEach((num) => console.log(num));
// String.prototype.toLowerCase()
const person = {
 name: "Eric",
 age: 28,
 occupation: "Full-Stack Web Developer".
console.log(person.occupation.toLowerCase());
// Prototype methods on constructor function
function Movie(title, releaseYear) {
 this.title = title:
 this.releaseYear = releaseYear;
const superman = new Movie("Superman", 1978);
Movie.prototype.logInfo = function () {
 console.log(`${this.title} was released in ${this.releaseYear}`);
superman.logInfo();
```

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\
10-OOP\01-Activities\03-Ins_Prototypes>node index.js
2
4
6
8
full-stack web developer
Superman was released in 1978
```

Prototype

```
// TODO: Add a comment describing what kind of function this is
function Character(name, type, age, strength, hitpoints) {
 this.name = name:
 this.type = type;
 this.age = age;
 this.strength = strength;
 this.hitpoints = hitpoints;
// TODO: Add a comment describing the purpose of `.prototype`
          in this method declaration
Character.prototype.printStats = function () {
 console.log(
  'Name: ${this.name}\nProfession: ${this.type}\nAge: ${this.age}
           \nStrength: $\{\text{this.strength}\\nHitPoints: $\{\text{this.hitpoints}\}\
 console.log('\n----\n');
// TODO: Add a comment describing the functionality of this method
Character.prototype.isAlive = function () {
 if (this.hitpoints > 0) {
  console.log(`${this.name} is still alive!`);
  console.log('\n----\n'):
  return true:
 console.log(`${this.name} has died!`);
 return false:
// TODO: Add a comment describing the functionality of this method
Character.prototype.attack = function (character2) {
 character2.hitpoints -= this.strength;
// TODO: Add a comment describing the functionality of this method
Character.prototype.levelUp = function () {
 this.age += 1;
 this.strength += 5:
 this.hitpoints += 25;
const warrior = new Character('Crusher', 'Warrior', 25, 10, 75);
const rogue = new Character('Dodger', 'Rogue', 23, 20, 50);
warrior.printStats();
rogue.printStats();
rogue.attack(warrior);
```

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC Bo
01-Activities\04-Stu Prototypes'
Name: Crusher
Profession: Warrior
Age: 25
Strength: 10
HitPoints: 75
Name: Dodger
Profession: Rogue
Age: 23
Strength: 20
HitPoints: 50
Name: Crusher
Profession: Warrior
Age: 25
Strength: 10
HitPoints: 55
Crusher is still alive!
Name: Dodger
Profession: Rogue
Age: 24
Strength: 25
HitPoints: 75
```

// TODO: Add a comment describing what you expect to see printed in the console warrior.printStats();

// TODO: Add a comment describing what you expect to see printed in the console warrior.isAlive(); rogue.levelUp();

// TODO: Add a comment describing what you expect to see printed in the console rogue.printStats();

```
const OverloadDemo = function () {
  this.area = function (x, y) {
    console.log("x = ", x);
    if (!y) {
      console.log("y is not provided");
      return `\nThe area of the square is ${Math.pow(x, 2)} sq units`;
    }
    console.log("y = ", y);
    return `\nThe area of the rectangle is ${x * y} sq units`;
    };
};
const rectangle = new OverloadDemo();
console.log("rectangle.area(5, 7)", rectangle.area(5, 7));
console.log("rectangle.area(5)", rectangle.area(5, process.argv[2]));
```

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-OOP\01-Activities\05-Ins_Polymorphism>node index.js

x = 5
y = 7
rectangle.area(5, 7)

The area of the rectangle is 35 sq units

x = 5
y is not provided
rectangle.area(5)

The area of the square is 25 sq units
```

Polymorphism

```
// Helper function to evaluate if a number is within a given range
const inRange = (x, min, max) \Rightarrow (x - min) * (x - max) \le 0;
function Student(first, last, age) {
 this.firstName = first:
 this.lastName = last:
 this.age = age;
 // Method that will simulate method overloading in JavaScript
 this.displayGrade = function (grade) {
  const input = grade;
  if (!input) {
    throw new Error("no grade provided");
  let response;
  // Return a letter grade if a number grade was passed
  // Ex. 95 => 'A'
  if (typeof input === "number") {
  // TODO: Add logic here to return
           a single letter grade
                                                          if (inRange(input, 60, 69)) {
   if (inRange(input, 90, 100)) {
                                                            response = "D";
    response = "A":
                                                          if (input < 60) {
  if (inRange(input, 80, 89)) {
                                                           response = "F";
    response = "B":
                                                          return response;
  if (inRange(input, 70, 79)) {
    response = "C";
 // Return a range if a letter grade was passed
                                                           case "D":
 // Ex. 'A' = > '90 - 100'
                                                            response = "60 - 69";
 if (typeof input === "string") {
                                                            break;
  switch (input) {
                                                           case "F":
   case "A":
                                                            response = "0 - 59";
     response = "90 - 100";
                                                            break;
     break;
                                                           default:
    case "B":
                                                             response = "0";
     response = "80 - 89";
                                                            break;
     break;
    case "C":
                                                          return response;
     response = "70 - 79";
     break;
const John = new Student("John", "Appleseed", "30");
console.log("John.displayGrade():", John.displayGrade(95));
console.log("John.displayGrade():", John.displayGrade("B"));
```

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-OOP\
01-Activities\06-Stu_Polymorphism\Unsolved>node index.js
John.displayGrade(): A
John.displayGrade(): 80 - 89
```

```
// Promise example using a real-life promise
// The real-life promise in this scenario is a child asking his parents
        for a Nintendo Switch
const choresDone = true;
// Promise
const willGetSwitch = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
 // Check for a desireable outcome, if so resolve the promise
 if (choresDone) {
  const reward = {
   name: "Nintendo Switch",
   desired: true,
  resolve(reward);
  // Otherwise reject the promise
 } else {
  const issue = new Error("Child did not finish chores as promised");
  reject(issue);
});
// Another promise to call only if we get the reward
const playGames = (reward) => {
 const message = `I am playing games on my new ${reward.name}`;
 return Promise.resolve(message);
};
willGetSwitch
 .then(playGames)
 .then((resolved) => console.log(resolved))
 .catch((err) => console.error(err));
```

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\
10-OOP\01-Activities\07-Ins_Promises>node index.js
I am playing games on my new Nintendo Switch

C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\
10-OOP\01-Activities\07-Ins_Promises>node index.js
Error: Child did not finish chores as promised
    at C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-OOP\01-Activities\07-Ins_Promises\index.js:
18:19
```

Promises

```
// Prompt the user to enter what they are currently doing
const userInput = process.argv[2];
console.log("Current user activity:", userInput);
// If the user does not enter anything, return an error message
if (!userInput) {
 console.error(
   "\nPlease enter your current activity\nUsage: `node index.js <activity>`"
 process.exit();
// If the user enters anything other than the word 'coding',
        set 'studentDistracted' to 'true'
const studentDistracted = userInput !== "coding";
// TODO: Refactor the following to use promises
const practiceCoding = () =>
 new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
  if (studentDistracted) {
   reject(new Error("Coding stopped - Student is distracted"));
  resolve("We are coding!");
 });
// TODO: Refactor to call 'practiceCoding()'
         and chain a 'then()' to log "We are coding in promises!" in the console
// TODO: Chain a 'catch()' to log "Promise rejected: " and the error
practiceCoding()
 .then(() => console.log("We are coding in promises!"))
 .catch((err) => console.error("Promise rejected:", err)):
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-OOP\01-Activities\
08-Stu Promises\Unsolved>node index.js coding
Current user activity: coding
We are coding in promises!
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P\01-Activities\
08-Stu Promises\Unsolved>node index.js goofing
Current user activity: goofing
Promise rejected: Error: Coding stopped - Student is distracted
```

```
// Promise resolved right away
const p1 = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
 const time = 0;
 if (time < 0) {
  reject(new Error('Something went wrong'));
  resolve('Resolved right away');
});
console.log('Status of p1:', p1);
// Promise resolved after one second
const p2 = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
 const time = 1000:
 if (time < 0) {
  reject(new Error('Something went wrong'));
  setTimeout(() \Rightarrow \{
   resolve('Resolved after 1 second');
  }, time);
});
console.log('Status of p2:', p2);
// Promise resolved after three seconds
const p3 = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
 const time = 3000;
 if (time < 0) {
  reject(new Error('Something went wrong'));
  setTimeout(() \Rightarrow {
   resolve('Resolved after 3 seconds');
  }, time);
});
console.log('Status of p3:', p3);
// After all three are resolved, Promise.all() returns the results
Promise.all([p1, p2, p3])
 .then((values) => {
  console.log('\nThe returned array from our Promise.all() call:');
  console.log(values);
 .catch((err) => new Error(err));
                                        C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\
                                        10-OOP\01-Activities\09-Ins_Promise-All>node index.js
                                       Status of p1: Promise { 'Resolved right away' }
                                       Status of p2: Promise { <pending> }
                                        Status of p3: Promise { <pending> }
                                        The returned array from our Promise.all() call:
                                          'Resolved right away',
                                          'Resolved after 1 second'.
                                          'Resolved after 3 seconds'
```

Promise All

```
const apiCallDurations = [3000, 4000, 5000, 6000];
const maxDuration = 9999;
const callAPI = (duration) =>
 new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
  setTimeout(() \Rightarrow \{
    // If the duration is longer than maxDuration, reject() the promise
    if (duration >= maxDuration) {
     reject(new Error(`This request timed out`));
    } else {
     // Otherwise resolve() the promise
     resolve('Response received: ${duration}ms');
  }, duration);
 });
const promises = apiCallDurations.map((duration) => callAPI(duration));
console.log('Promises array before the timeouts have finished: ', promises);
// Promise.all will resolve when all promises in the array have been resolved
// Promise.all will reject if any of the promises in that array was rejected
Promise.all(promises)
 .then((response) => console.log('Response from Promise.all():', response))
 .catch((err) => console.error(err));
  C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P
  \01-Activities\10-Stu_Promise-All\Solved>node index.js
  Promises array before the timeouts have finished: [
    Promise { <pending> }.
    Promise { <pending> },
    Promise { <pending> },
    Promise { <pending> }
  Response from Promise.all(): [
    'Response received: 3000ms',
    'Response received: 4000ms',
    'Response received: 5000ms'.
    'Response received: 6000ms
```

```
const Arithmetic = require("../arithmetic");
describe("Arithmetic", () => {
 describe("Initialization", () => {
  it("should return an object containing a 'number' property when called with the 'new' keyword", () => {
   const obj = new Arithmetic();
   expect("number" in obj).toEqual(true);
  });
  it("should set 'number' when created", () => {
   const num = 108;
   const obj = new Arithmetic(num);
   expect(obj.number).toEqual(num);
  it("should default 'number' to 0", () => {
   const obj = new Arithmetic();
   expect(obj.number).toEqual(0);
  });
 });
 describe("plus", () => {
  it("should return a new 'Arithmetic' object", () => {
   const obj = new Arithmetic(3).plus(3);
   expect(obj instanceof Arithmetic).toEqual(true);
  it("should return a new 'Arithmetic' object that has an updated 'number' value", () => {
   const num = 8;
   const added = 7;
   const sum = num + added;
   const { number } = new Arithmetic(num).plus(added);
   expect(number).toEqual(sum);
  });
 describe("minus", () => {
  it("should return a new 'Arithmetic' object", () => {
   const obj = new Arithmetic(9).minus(4);
   expect(obj instanceof Arithmetic).toEqual(true);
  it("should return a new 'Arithmetic' object that has an updated 'number' value", () => {
   const num = 10:
   const subtracted = 17;
   const difference = num - subtracted;
   const { number } = new Arithmetic(num).minus(subtracted);
   expect(number).toEqual(difference);
  });
 });
 describe("value", () => {
  it("should return the 'Arithmetic' object's 'number' value", () => {
   const num = 10;
   const obj = new Arithmetic(num);
   const result = obj.value();
   expect(result).toEqual(num);
  });
 });
});
```

TDD

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P\01-Activities\11-Ins TDD>npx jest
 leed to install the following packages:
Ok to proceed? (v)
 ASS test/arithmetic.test.js
 Arithmetic
  Initialization
      \checkmark should return an object containing a 'number' property when called with the 'new' keyword (3 ms)

√ should set 'number' when created (1 ms)

√ should default 'number' to 0 (1 ms)

     √ should return a new 'Arithmetic' object
       should return a new 'Arithmetic' object that has an updated 'number' value
     √ should return a new 'Arithmetic' object
     √ should return a new 'Arithmetic' object that has an updated 'number' value (1 ms)

√ should return the 'Arithmetic' object's 'number' value

Test Suites: 1 passed, 1 total
             8 passed, 8 total
Snapshots: 0 total
            0.737 s
Ran all test suites
```

```
AIL test/arithmetic.test.js
 Initialization
   √ should return an object containing a 'number' property when called with the 'new' keyword (3ms)

√ should set 'number' when created (1ms)

   √ should default 'number' to 0
 plus
   x should return a new 'Arithmetic' object (2ms)
    x should return a new 'Arithmetic' object that has an updated 'number' value
   √ should return a new 'Arithmetic' object
    √ should return a new 'Arithmetic' object that has an updated 'number' value
    √ should return the 'Arithmetic' object's 'number' value
• Arithmetic > plus > should return a new 'Arithmetic' object
 ReferenceError: thsis is not defined
        Arithmetic.prototype.plus = function (num = 0) {
         const newNumber = thsis.number + num;
   8
         return new Arithmestic(newNumber)
   at Arithmetic.plus (arithmetic.js:6:21)
   at Object.<anonymous> (test/arithmetic.test.js:28:37)
```

```
function Arithmetic(number = 0) {
                                                     this.number = number:
const Arithmetic = require('./arithmetic');
                                                    Arithmetic.prototype.plus = function(num = 0) {
const value = new Arithmetic(4)
                                                     const newNumber = this.number + num:
 .plus(8)
                                                     return new Arithmetic(newNumber);
 .plus(15)
 .minus(16)
                                                    Arithmetic.prototype.minus = function(num = 0) {
 .minus(23)
                                                     const newNumber = this.number - num;
                                                     return new Arithmetic(newNumber);
 .plus(42)
 .plus(108)
 .value();
                                                    Arithmetic.prototype.value = function() {
                                                     return this.number;
console.log(value);
                                                    module.exports = Arithmetic;
```

Pass-Tests

```
const fizzBuzz = (num) =>
  // .map() will run a block of code on each element of the 'num' array
           and return a new array with modified values.
   num.map((singleNum) => {
     const multipleOf3 = singleNum % 3 === 0;
     const multipleOf5 = singleNum % 5 === 0;
    // Meets the requirement of the fourth test: 'should return FizzBuzz if a multiple of both 3 and 5'
     if (multipleOf3 && multipleOf5) {
      return 'FizzBuzz':
    // Meets the requirement of the second test: 'should return Fizz if multiple of 3'
     if (multipleOf3) {
      return 'Fizz':
    // Meets the requirement of the third test:'should return Buzz if multiple of 5'
     if (multipleOf5) {
      return 'Buzz';
    // Meets the requirement of first test: 'should return the number if not a multiple of three or five'
     return singleNum;
    })
    .join(', ');
  // Here, we export this module so that it can be imported by 'fizz.test.js'
  module.exports = fizzBuzz;
const fizzBuzz = require('../fizz');
describe('fizzBuzz', () => {
 it('should return the number if not a multiple of three or five', () => {
  expect(fizzBuzz([1])).toBe('1');
  expect(fizzBuzz([1, 2])).toBe('1, 2');
 });
 it('should return Fizz if multiple of 3', () \Rightarrow {
  expect(fizzBuzz([3])).toBe('Fizz');
  expect(fizzBuzz([3, 6, 12])).toBe('Fizz, Fizz, Fizz');
 });
 it('should return Buzz if multiple of 5', () \Rightarrow {
  expect(fizzBuzz([10])).toBe('Buzz');
  expect(fizzBuzz([10, 20, 25])).toBe('Buzz, Buzz, Buzz');
 });
 it('should return FizzBuzz if a multiple of both 3 and 5', () => {
  expect(fizzBuzz([15])).toBe('FizzBuzz');
  expect(fizzBuzz([15, 30, 45])).toBe('FizzBuzz, FizzBuzz, FizzBuzz');
 });
});
```

```
{
  "name": "13-Ins-Pass-Tests",
  "version": "1.0.0",
  "description": "",
  "main": "fizz.js",
  "directories": {
    "test": "tests"
},
  "scripts": {
    "test": "jest"
},
  "keywords": [],
  "author": "",
  "license": "ISC",
  "devDependencies": {
    "jest": "^26.5.2"
}
}
```

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P\01-Activities\13-Ins Pass-Tests>npm run test
 13-Ins-Pass-Tests@1.0.0 test
 jest
 PASS tests/fizz.test.is
 fizzBuzz
   √ should return the number if not a multiple of three or five (4 ms)
   √ should return Fizz if multiple of 3

√ should return Buzz if multiple of 5 (1 ms)

   √ should return FizzBuzz if a multiple of both 3 and 5 (1 ms)
Test Suites: 1 passed, 1 total
            4 passed, 4 total
Snapshots: 0 total
            2.717 s
Time:
Ran all test suites.
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P\01-Activities\13-Ins Pass-Tests>
```

Extra: Test Fail Reading

```
\Develop>npm run test
 wordguess@1.0.0 test
 iest
FAIL test/Letter.test.js
 • Letter class > Characters that aren't digits or letters are instantly visible
   expect(received).toBe(expected) // Object.is equality
   Expected: true
   Received: undefined
         describe("Letter class", () => {
           it("Characters that aren't digits or letters are instantly visible", () => {
     4
   > 5
             expect(new Letter("?").visible).toBe(true);
     6
           });
     7
           it("toString returns for letters", () => {
     at Object.<anonymous> (test/Letter.test.js:5:37)
```

```
const Letter = require("../lib/Letter");
describe("Letter class", () => {
it("Characters that aren't digits or letters are instantly visible", () => {
 expect(new Letter("?").visible).toBe(true);
 });
 it("toString returns for letters", () => {
 expect(new Letter("a").toString()).toBe(" ");
 });
 describe("guess", () \Rightarrow \{
 it("Correct guess returns true", () => {
   expect(new Letter("j").guess("j")).toBe(true);
  });
  it("Incorrect guess returns false", () => {
   expect(new Letter("j").guess("l")).toBe(false);
  });
 });
 describe("getSolution", () => {
 it("returns character", () => {
   expect(new Letter("l").getSolution()).toBe("l");
  });
 });
});
```

```
• Word class > guessedCorrectly > returns true if all letters are correct
   TypeError: word.guessLetter is not a function
              it("returns true if all letters are correct", () => {
     27
                const word = new Word("hi");
   > 28
                word.guessLetter("h");
                word.guessLetter("i");
     30
                expect(word.guessedCorrectly()).toBe(true);
     31
     at Object. <anonymous> (test/Word.test.js:28:12)
 • Word class > guessedCorrectly > returns false if at least one letter is incorrect
   TypeError: word.guessLetter is not a function
              it("returns false if at least one letter is incorrect", () => {
                const word = new Word("hi");
     33
   > 34
                word.guessLetter("h");
     35
                word.guessLetter("a");
     36
                expect(word.guessedCorrectly()).toBe(false);
              });
     at Object.<anonymous> (test/Word.test.js:34:12)
Test Suites: 2 failed, 2 total
            10 failed, 10 total
Tests:
Snapshots: 0 total
Time:
            3.737s
Ran all test suites.
```

const TodoList = require("./todoList"); const todoList = new TodoList(); todoList.addTodo("Get Eggs"); todoList.addTodo("Get Milk"); todoList.addTodo("Get Bread"); console.log("Next todo:", todoList.getNextTodo()); todoList.completeNextTodo(); console.log("Next todo:", todoList.getNextTodo()); todoList.completeNextTodo(); console.log("Next todo:", todoList.getNextTodo()); todoList.completeNextTodo(); const TodoList = require("../todoList"); const Todo = require("../todo"); $describe("TodoList", () => {$ describe("Initialization", () => { // Positive test it("should create an object with a 'todos' property set to an empty array when called with the 'new' keyword", () => { const todoList = new TodoList(); expect(todoList.todos).toEqual([]); }); describe("addTodo", () => { // Positive Tests it("should add a new 'Todo' object to its 'todos' array", () => { // Arrange const todoList = new TodoList(); const todoText = "Mow Lawn":

todoList.addTodo(todoText):

});

expect(todoList.todos.length).toEqual(1);

expect(todoList.todos[0] instanceof Todo).toEqual(true);

expect(todoList.todos[0].text).toEqual(todoText);

Organizing Test

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-OOF\01-Activities\15-Ins_Organizing-Tests>npm run test

> 04-ins_organizing-tests@1.0.0 test
> jest

PASS test/todo.test.js
PASS test/todoList.test.js

Test Suites: 2 passed, 2 total
Tests: 8 passed, 8 total
Snapshots: 0 total
Time: 3.245s
Ran all test suites.
```

```
// Exception test
 it("should throw an error if not provided text", () => {
  const todoList = new TodoList():
  const err = new Error(
    "Expected parameter 'text' to be a non empty string"
  const cb = () => todoList.addTodo():
  expect(cb).toThrowError(err);
describe("getNextTodo", () => {
 // Positive test
 it("should return the 0th todo element in the 'todos' array
          without removing it", () \Rightarrow \{
  // Arrange
  const todoList = new TodoList():
  const text1 = "Exercise";
  const text2 = "Wash Car";
  let nextTodo:
  // Act
  todoList.addTodo(text1):
  todoList.addTodo(text2):
  nextTodo = todoList.getNextTodo();
  // Assert
  expect(nextTodo instanceof Todo).toEqual(true);
  expect(nextTodo.text).toEqual(text1);
  expect(todoList.todos.length).toEqual(2);
```

```
const Todo = require('./todo');
function TodoList() {
 this.todos = [];
TodoList.prototype.addTodo = function (text) {
  this.todos.push(new Todo(text));
TodoList.prototype.getNextTodo = function () {
 return this.todos[0];
TodoList.prototype.completeNextTodo = function () {
 return this.todos.shift();
module.exports = TodoList;
 // Negative test
 it("should return undefined if there are no todos", () \Rightarrow \{
 // Arrange
  const todoList = new TodoList();
  let nextTodo:
  // Act
  nextTodo = todoList.getNextTodo();
  expect(typeof nextTodo).toEqual("undefined");
 });
describe("completeNextTodo", () => {
 it("should return and remove the next todo in the list", () = > \{
 // Arrange
  const todoList = new TodoList();
  const text1 = "Make Dinner";
  const text2 = "Wash Dishes":
 let nextTodo;
 // Act
 todoList.addTodo(text1);
 todoList.addTodo(text2);
 nextTodo = todoList.completeNextTodo();
 // Assert
  expect(nextTodo instanceof Todo).toEqual(true):
  expect(nextTodo.text).toEqual(text1);
  expect(todoList.todos.length).toEqual(1);
  expect(todoList.getNextTodo().text).toEqual(text2);
```

});
});

Mocks - Intro

```
const log = new Logger();
log.red("We can write to the console in different colors!");
log.blue("We just need to provide an additional argument to the console.log method!");
log.magenta("The first argument console.log needs is an 'ANSI Escape Code"');
log.green("You can look these up at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/
ANSI_escape_code#Colors");
log.yellow("But they're just codes that represent different colors");
log.cyan("The second argument console.log should receive is the message to be printed");
```

const Logger = require("./logger"):

```
const Logger = require("../logger");
                                                                   it("should print in yellow", () => {
                                                                    const log = new Logger();
const colors = {
black: "\x1b[30m",
                                                                    const message = "Hello world!":
red: "\x1b[31m",
                                                                    const mock = jest.spyOn(console, "log");
 green: "\x1b[32m",
                                                                    mock.mockImplementation(() => {});
 yellow: "\x1b[33m",
                                                                    log.yellow(message);
 blue: "\x1b[34m",
                                                                    expect(mock).toBeCalledWith(colors.yellow, message);
magenta: "\x1b[35m",
                                                                    mock.mockRestore();
cyan: "\x1b[36m",
white: "\x1b[37m"
                                                                   it("should print in blue", () => {
                                                                    const log = new Logger();
describe("Logger", () => {
                                                                    const message = "Hello world!";
describe("colors", () =>
                                                                    const mock = jest.spyOn(console, "log");
  it("should print in black", () => {
                                                                    mock.mockImplementation(() => {});
                                                                    log.blue(message);
   const log = new Logger();
                                                                    expect(mock).toBeCalledWith(colors.blue, message);
   const message = "Hello world!";
   const mock = jest.spyOn(console, "log");
                                                                    mock.mockRestore();
   mock.mockImplementation(() => {});
   log.black(message);
   expect(mock).toBeCalledWith(colors.black, message);
                                                                   it("should print in magenta", () => {
   mock.mockRestore():
                                                                    const log = new Logger():
                                                                    const message = "Hello world!";
                                                                    const mock = jest.spyOn(console, "log");
  it("should print in red", () \Rightarrow \{
                                                                    mock.mockImplementation(() => {});
   const log = new Logger();
                                                                    log.magenta(message);
   const message = "Hello world!";
                                                                    expect(mock).toBeCalledWith(colors.magenta, message);
   const mock = jest.spyOn(console, "log");
                                                                    mock.mockRestore();
   mock.mockImplementation(() => {});
   log.red(message):
   expect(mock).toBeCalledWith(colors.red, message);
                                                                   it("should print in cyan", () => {
                                                                    const log = new Logger();
   mock.mockRestore();
                                                                    const message = "Hello world!":
                                                                    const mock = jest.spyOn(console, "log");
  it("should print in green", () => {
                                                                    mock.mockImplementation(() => {});
   const log = new Logger();
                                                                    log.cyan(message);
   const message = "Hello world!";
                                                                    expect(mock).toBeCalledWith(colors.cyan, message);
   const mock = jest.spyOn(console, "log");
                                                                    mock.mockRestore();
   mock.mockImplementation(() => {});
   log.green(message);
   expect(mock).toBeCalledWith(colors.green, message);
                                                                   it("should print in white", () => {
   mock.mockRestore():
                                                                    const log = new Logger();
                                                                    const message = "Hello world!":
  });
                                                                    const mock = jest.spyOn(console, "log");
                                                                    mock.mockImplementation(() => {});
                                                                    log.white(message);
                                                                    expect(mock).toBeCalledWith(colors.white, message);
                                                                    mock.mockRestore();
```

});
});

});

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P\01-Activities\17-Ins Introduce-Mocks;
node index.js
We can write to the console in different colors!
We just need to provide an additional argument to the console.log method!
The first argument console.log needs is an 'ANSI Escape Code
You can look these up at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ANSI escape code#Colors
The second argument console.log should receive is the message to be printed
 :\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P\01-Activities\17-Ins Introduce-Mocks>
pm run test
 06-ins introduce-mocks@1.0.0 test
  ASS test/logger.test.js
 Logger
   colors

√ should print in black (4ms)

√ should print in red

     √ should print in green (1ms)
     √ should print in vellow

√ should print in blue

√ should print in magenta (1ms)

√ should print in cyan

√ should print in white (1ms)

Test Suites: 1 passed, 1 total
            8 passed, 8 total
Snapshots: 0 total
Time:
            2.202s
Ran all test suites.
```

```
function Logger() {
 // Here we add methods to the prototype once in a loop rather
          than writing them all out for each color
 if (!this.init) {
  Logger.prototype.init = true;
  const colors = {
   black: "\x1b[30m",
   red: \sqrt{x1b[31m]},
   green: "\x1b[32m",
   yellow: \sqrt{1b[33m]},
   blue: "\x1b[34m",
   magenta: "\x1b[35m",
   cyan: "\x1b[36m",
   white: \sqrt{x1b[37m]}
  for (const key in colors) {
   // Each color method calls console.log with the color as
          the first argument, followed by any additional arguments.
   Logger.prototype[key] = function(...args) {
    console.log(colors[key], ...args);
module.exports = Logger;
```

```
const MovieSearch = require("./movieSearch");
 const movie = new MovieSearch();
 movie.search("Spider-Man")
  .then(res => console.log(res.data));
const axios = require("axios");
const MovieSearch = require("../movieSearch");
jest.mock("axios");
describe("MovieSearch", () => {
 describe("buildUrl", () => {
  it("should return an OMDB movie search URL using a movie name", () => {
   const movie = new MovieSearch();
   const name = "Rocky";
   const url = movie.buildUrl(name);
   expect(url).toEqual('https://www.omdbapi.com/?t=${name}&apikey=trilogy');
  });
 });
 describe("search", () => {
  it("should search the OMDB API for a given movie", () => {
   const movie = new MovieSearch();
   const name = "Rocky";
   axios.get.mockReturnValue(
     new Promise(function(resolve) {
      resolve({ data: {} });
     })
   expect(movie.search(name)).resolves.toEqual({ data: {} });
   expect(axios.get).lastCalledWith(movie.buildUrl(name));
 });
});
```

Mock - Module

```
:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P\01-Activities\19-Ins Module-Mock-Demo>node index.js
      Title: 'Spider-Man'
      Year: '2002'.
     Rated: 'PG-13',
     Released: '03 May 2002',
      Runtime: '121 min',
     Genre: 'Action, Adventure, Sci-Fi',
     Director: 'Sam Raimi',
     Writer: 'Stan Lee (Marvel comic book), Steve Ditko (Marvel comic book), David Koepp (screenplay)',
      Actors: 'Tobey Maguire, Willem Dafoe, Kirsten Dunst, James Franco',
     Plot: 'When bitten by a genetically modified spider, a nerdy, shy, and awkward high school student gains spide like abilities that he eventually must use to fight evil as a superhero after tragedy befalls his family.',
     Language: 'English',
      Awards: 'Nominated for 2 Oscars. Another 16 wins & 61 nominations.',
      Poster: https://m.media-amazon.com/images/M/MV5BZDEyN2NhMjgtMjdhNi00MmNlLWE5YTgtZGE4MzNjMTRlMGEwXkEyXkFqcGdeQ
      NDUyOTg3Njg@._V1_SX300.jpg',
      Ratings: [
       { Source: 'Internet Movie Database', Value: '7.3/10' },
       { Source: 'Rotten Tomatoes', Value: '90%' }, { Source: 'Metacritic', Value: '73/100' }
     Metascore: '73', imdbRating: '7.3',
      imdbVotes: '702,601',
      imdbID: 'tt0145487',
     Type: 'movie',
DVD: '25 Apr 2013',
      BoxOffice: '$407,022,860',
      Production: 'Marvel Films, Laura Ziskin Productions',
      Response: 'True
   const axios = require("axios");
   function MovieSearch() {}
   MovieSearch.prototype.buildUrl = function(movie) {
    return 'https://www.omdbapi.com/?t=${movie}&apikey=trilogy';
   MovieSearch.prototype.search = function(movie) {
    return axios.get(this.buildUrl(movie));
   };
   module.exports = MovieSearch;
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P\01-Activities\
19-Ins_Module-Mock-Demo>npm run test
  08-ins_async-demo@1.0.0 test
  jest
 PASS test/movieSearch.test.js
  MovieSearch
    buildUrl
        √ should return an OMDB movie search URL using a movie name (2ms)
        √ should search the OMDB API for a given movie (1ms)
Test Suites: 1 passed, 1 total
Tests:
                2 passed, 2 total
Snapshots: 0 total
                 2.167s
Ran all test suites.
```

```
class Shape {
   // Just like constructor functions, classes can accept arguments
   constructor(area, perimeter) {
     this.area = area;
     this.perimeter = perimeter;
   }
   printInfo() {
     console.log(`Area: ${this.area}`);
     console.log(`Perimeter: ${this.perimeter}`);
   }
}

const shape = new Shape(25, 25);
shape.printInfo();
```

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P
\01-Activities\21-Ins_Classes>node shape.js
Area: 25
Perimeter: 25
```

Classes

```
class Character {
 constructor(name, strength, hitPoints) {
  this.name = name:
  this.strength = strength;
  this.hitPoints = hitPoints;
 // Method which prints all of the stats for a character
 printStats() {
  console.log('Stats for ${this.name} are as following:');
  console.log('Each attack will do ${this.strength} damage.');
  console.log(`${this.name} has ${this.hitPoints} hit points remaining!`);
  console.log('----');
 // Method which determines whether or not a character's "hitpoints" are less then zero
 // Returns true or false depending upon the outcome
 isAlive() {
  if (this.hitPoints <= 0) {
   console.log(`${this.name} has been defeated!`);
   return false;
  return true;
 // Method which takes in a second object and decreases their "hitPoints"
           by this character's strength
 attack(opponent) {
  console.log(`${this.name} hit ${opponent.name} for ${this.strength}`);
  opponent.hitPoints -= this.strength;
// Creates two unique characters using the "character" constructor
const grace = new Character('Grace', 30, 75);
const dijkstra = new Character('Dijkstra', 20, 105);
// This keeps track of whose turn it is
let graceTurn = true;
grace.printStats();
dijkstra.printStats();
                                                 C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P
const turnInterval = setInterval(() => {
                                                 \01-Activities\22-Stu Classes\Solved>node character.js
 // If either character is not alive, end the game
                                                 Stats for Grace are as following:
 if (!grace.isAlive() || !dijkstra.isAlive()) {
                                                 Each attack will do 30 damage.
  clearInterval(turnInterval);
                                                 Grace has 75 hit points remaining!
  console.log('Game over!');
 } else if (graceTurn) {
                                                 Stats for Dijkstra are as following:
  grace.attack(dijkstra);
                                                 Each attack will do 20 damage.
  dijkstra.printStats();
                                                 Dijkstra has 105 hit points remaining!
 } else {
  dijkstra.attack(grace);
                                                  . . . . . . . . . . . . .
  grace.printStats();
 // Switch turns
 graceTurn = !graceTurn;
}, 2000);
```

```
Dijkstra has -15 hit points remaining!
-----
Dijkstra has been defeated!
Game over!
```

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P\01-Activities\24-Stu_Subclasses\Solved>node car.js
---CAR---
This vehicle has 4 wheels
This vehicle has an id of 15
beep
This car only seats 4 people. You have too many passengers!
```

Sub-Classes

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-OOP\01-Activities\24-Stu_Subclasses\Solved>node boat.js
---BOAT---
This vehicle has 0 wheels
This vehicle has an id of 16
bwom
Blackbeard reporting for duty!
Mary Read reporting for duty!
Henry Morgan reporting for duty!
Madame Cheng reporting for duty!
```

```
class Vehicle {
const Vehicle = require('./vehicle');
                                                        constructor(id, numberOfWheels, sound) {
class Car extends Vehicle {
                                                         this.id = id:
 constructor(id, color, passengers) {
                                                         this.numberOfWheels = numberOfWheels:
  super(id, 4, 'beep');
                                                         this.sound = sound:
  this.color = color;
  this.passengers = passengers;
                                                        printInfo() {
                                                         console.log('This vehicle has ${this.numberOfWheels} wheels');
 useHorn() {
                                                         console.log('This vehicle has an id of ${this.id}');
  console.log(this.sound);
 checkPassengers() {
                                                       module.exports = Vehicle;
  if (this.passengers.length > 4) {
   console.log(
     'This car only seats 4 people. You have too many passengers!'
   );
   console.log('You have room for $\{4 - this.passengers.length\} people.');
const carPassengers = [
 'Aristotle'.
 'Confucius'.
 'Socrates',
 'Lao-Tzu',
 'Plato',
const car = new Car(15, 'blue', carPassengers);
console.log('---CAR---');
car.printInfo();
car.useHorn();
car.checkPassengers();
```

```
const Vehicle = require('./vehicle');
class Boat extends Vehicle {
 constructor(id, type, crew) {
  super(id, 0, 'bwom');
  this.type = type;
  this.crew = crew;
 Use
Horn() {
  console.log(this.sound);
 CrewSoundOff() {
  this.crew.forEach((member) => {
   console.log(`${member} reporting for duty!`);
  });
const boatPassengers = [
 'Blackbeard',
 'Mary Read',
 'Henry Morgan',
 'Madame Cheng',
];
const boat = new Boat(16, 'sailboat', boatPassengers);
console.log('---BOAT---');
boat.printInfo();
boat.useHorn();
boat.crewSoundOff();
```

const Store = require('./store'); const { toys } = require('./toy'); const store = new Store("Big Al's Toy Barn", toys); store.welcome(); store.processProductSale('Action Figure'); store.processProductSale('Action Figure'); store.processProductSale('Rare Toy'); store.processProductSale('Action Figure'); store.processProductSale('Rare Toy'); // <= Should be out of stock store.replenishStock('Rare Toy', 2); // <= Should be restocked store.processProductSale('Rare Toy'); store.printRevenue(); // <= Should be 80.95 class Toy { constructor(name, price, count) { this.name = name; this.price = price; this.count = count: class Store { constructor(name, stock) { this.name = name;this.stock = stock: const toys = \lceil this.revenue = 0: new Toy("Action Figure", 14.99, 5), new Toy("Rare Toy", 17.99, 1) processProductSale(name) { module.exports = { this.stock.forEach(item => Toy, if (item.name === name) { toys if (item.count > 0) { **}**; item.count--; this.revenue += item.price; console.log('Purchased \${item.name} for \${item.price}'); console.log('Sorry, \${item.name} is out of stock!'); }); replenishStock(name, count) { this.stock.forEach(item => if (item.name === name) { item.count += count; console.log('Replenished \${item.name} by \${item.count}'); }); printRevenue() { console.log('The revenue so far is \${this.revenue}'); console.log('Welcome to \${this.name}!'); module.exports = Store;

Multiple Classes

const Store = require("../store");

describe("Store class", () => {

it("decrements count", () \Rightarrow {

it("increases revenue", () => {

expect(store.revenue).toBe(10);

expect(store.stock[0].count).toBe(3);

it("increases count", () => {

}); **})**;

});

});

});

expect(store.stock[0].count).toBe(0);

```
C:\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00P
\01-Activities\26-Stu Multiple-Classes\Solved>node index.js
Welcome to Big Al's Toy Barn!
Purchased Action Figure for 14.99
Purchased Action Figure for 14.99
Purchased Rare Toy for 17.99
Purchased Action Figure for 14.99
Sorry, Rare Toy is out of stock!
Replenished Rare Toy by 2
Purchased Rare Toy for 17.99
The revenue so far is 80.95
```

```
describe("processProductSale method", () => {
  const store = new Store("Big Al's Toy Barn", [
   { name: "Action Figure", price: 5.0, count: 1 }
  store.processProductSale("Action Figure");
  const store = new Store("Big Al's Toy Barn", [
   { name: "Action Figure", price: 5.0, count: 2 }
  store.processProductSale("Action Figure");
  store.processProductSale("Action Figure");
describe("replenishStock method", () => {
  const store = new Store("Big Al's Toy Barn", [
   { name: "Action Figure", price: 5.0, count: 1 }
  store.replenishStock("Action Figure", 2);
```

```
::\Users\const\Documents\UNCC BootCamp\Class\Week 10\10-00F
\01-Activities\26-Stu Multiple-Classes\Solved>npm run test
 solved@1.0.0 test
 jest
 PASS test/store.test.is
 Store class
   processProductSale method

√ decrements count (9ms)

√ increases revenue (6ms)

   replenishStock method

√ increases count (3ms)

 console.log store.js:14
   Purchased Action Figure for 5
 console.log store.js:14
   Purchased Action Figure for 5
 console.log store.js:14
   Purchased Action Figure for 5
 console.log store.js:26
   Replenished Action Figure by 3
Test Suites: 1 passed, 1 total
Tests:
            3 passed, 3 total
Snapshots:
            0 total
Time:
            2.248s
Ran all test suites.
```

Git Stash

You've been using Git for some time now, adding new tools to your Git skills each week. Now you'll learn how to take advantage of the useful 'git stash' feature.

Imagine that you're busy implementing a sign-up component on your team's web application when Your manager asks you to stop what you're doing and add a notification to the homepage. You'll need to checkout to a different feature branch to change tasks, but you don't want to commit your half-completed work on the sign-up page. You also don't want to cause any errors by trying to checkout to a different branch with unsaved changes.

That's where 'git stash' comes in! As the name suggests, this command adds your uncommited changes to a stash that you can access later. This stash is stored locally on your machine and doesn't get pushed up to Github or any other version control system.

Use git stash in a Demo

Important: If you haven't done so already, change your default branch name to `main` with the following command:

git config --global init.defaultBranch main

Create a new repository called 'stashPop' using the following commands:

mkdir stashPop cd stashPop git init

Create and commit a new 'README.md' file with the following commands:

touch README.md git add -A git commit -m "initial commit" Checkout a new branch called 'dev' and create a new file with the following commands:

git checkout -b dev touch newFile.js

Add and commit the new file with the following commands:

git add newFile.js git commit -m "newFile is tracked in dev"

Now that we have a 'newFile.js' file that is being tracked in the 'dev' branch, let's checkout to 'main' and verify the files with the following commands:

git checkout main

No-

tice that we don't have a 'newFile.js' file in 'main', so let's create one with the following command:

touch newFile.js

Let's say that we're not ready to commit this file to `main` yet, but we need to switch to the `dev` branch again. Try to do so with the following command:

git checkout dev

Git will prevent you from switching branches, displaying the following error message:

error: The following untracked working tree files would be overwritten by checkout: newFile.js Please move or remove them before you switch bran ches.

Aborting

This happens because we have a conflicting file ('newFile.js') that would be overwritten by the check out. If we were to commit 'newFile.js', then Git would know to swap them out, but we're not ready to commit yet.

We will use 'git stash' to put away our changes so that we can checkout the 'dev' branch. Run the following commands to discover what happens:

git stash -u ls

The `-u` flag tells Git to include untracked files in our stash. `newFile.js` has now been put away, so we can safely checkout to `dev` with the following command:

git checkout dev

Don't worry, the stash isn't lost. We can use additional commands to bring those changes back. Run the following commands to see this in action:

git checkout main git stash pop

The command 'git stash pop' will pull the latest stash off the stack and reapply its changes. Other useful 'stash' commands include the following:

- * 'git stash drop'—

 Delete the latest stash from the stack.
- * 'git stash apply'—
 Apply your stashed changes,
 but also keep a copy in the stack.
- * `git stash clear`—
 Clear all stashed entries from the stack.