Assignment 1

The Old Republic

2023-06-21

```
library(Pareto)
set.seed(100)
Data = data.frame(x.n = rnorm(50000), x.p = rPareto(50000, t=1, alpha=2))
summary(Data)
##
        x.n
                          x.p
## Min.
         :-4.087893 Min. : 1.000
## 1st Qu.:-0.671144
                     1st Qu.: 1.154
## Median :-0.005919
                      Median : 1.412
## Mean :-0.000208
                      Mean : 1.994
## 3rd Qu.: 0.672466
                      3rd Qu.: 1.992
## Max. : 4.363243
                      Max. :159.275
```

Question 1

1. Histogram and Box Plot of the Variable x.n

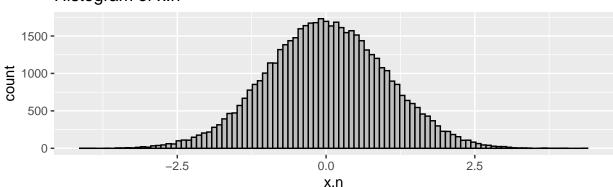
```
library(ggplot2)
library(grid)
library(gridExtra)

x.n.hist = ggplot(data=Data, aes(x=x.n)) +
    geom_histogram(bins=100, fill="grey", color="black") +
    ggtitle("Histogram of x.n")

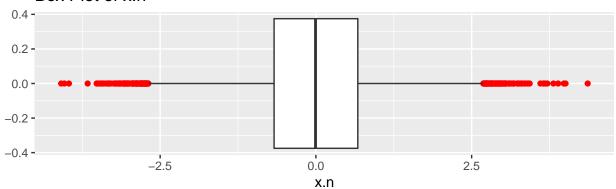
x.n.box = ggplot(data=Data, mapping=aes(x=x.n)) +
    geom_boxplot(outlier.color="red") +
    ggtitle("Box Plot of x.n")

grid.arrange(x.n.hist,x.n.box)
```

Histogram of x.n



Box Plot of x.n



- 2. The sample mean, and standard deviation of x.n are $-2.0849558 \times 10^{-4}$ and 0.9989658 respectively rounded to 3 decimal places. It is evident that these parameters are very close to the parameters of a variable Z following a standard normal distribution, namely $Z \sim N(0,1)$. This result is not surprising since the observations were taken from a normal distribution with $\mu = 0$ and $\sigma^2 = 1$.
- 3. Judging by the shape of the distribution of the observations of x.n and the values for the mean and standard deviation of these observations, we may conclude that $x.n \sim N(0,1)$ approximately. This means that it is highly likely that the new observations from the variable x.n will have values close to 0 (μ) . More specifically, we know that approximately 68% of the observations will be between -1 and 1 $(\mu \pm \sigma)$, 95% of the observations will be between -2 and 2 $(\mu \pm 2\sigma)$ and 99.7% of the observations will be between -3 and 3 $(\mu \pm 3\sigma)$.
- 4. Mean and standard deviation of the variable x.p

```
x.p.mean = mean(Data$x.p)
x.p.sd = sd(Data$x.p)
x.p.IQR = quantile(Data$x.p, 0.75)-quantile(Data$x.p, 0.25)
```

Histogram and Box Plot of the variable x.p

```
x.p.hist = ggplot(data=Data, mapping=aes(x=x.p)) +
   geom_histogram(bins=50, fill="grey", color="black",) +
   ggtitle("x.p Histogram") +
   geom_vline(aes(xintercept=x.p.mean), color="blue", linetype="dashed") +
   geom_vline(aes(xintercept= (quantile(x.p, 0.75) + 1.5*x.p.IQR)), color="red", linetype="dashed")+
   geom_vline(aes(xintercept= (quantile(x.p, 0.25) - 1.5*x.p.IQR)), color="red", linetype="dashed")

x.p.box = ggplot(data=Data, mapping=aes(x=x.p)) +
   geom_boxplot() +
```

