

# Interpretations

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By the interpretation here we understand a particular way in which agents apply a theory to yield predictions about other agents' outcomes.

**Copenhagen interpretation** We have already shown an example of an application of the Copenhagen interpretation in the analysis we have conducted when describing the paradox in Frauchiger-Renner thought experiment. This result is derived under following assumptions:

1. (Q) Agents use a weaker version of Born rule, applicable only to deterministic outcomes, to formulate their predictions;
2. (S) Agents experience only one outcome;
3. (C) Agents reason from viewpoints of each other;
4. (U) Agents assume unitary evolution in each others labs.

Further discussion on the assumptions can be found in [? ? ].

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