

## CERTIFICATE SPIKE ISOTOPIC REFERENCE MATERIAL IRMM-621

97.35 (15) · 10<sup>-6</sup> mol (<sup>111</sup>Cd) · kg<sup>-1</sup> (solution)

The Spike Isotopic Reference Material is supplied with an isotope amount content of <sup>111</sup>Cd certified as above.

The amount of other cadmium isotopes present are related to the <sup>111</sup>Cd content through the following certified amount ratios:

 $n(^{106}\text{Cd})/n(^{111}\text{Cd})$ : < 0.000 05  $n(^{108}\text{Cd})/n(^{111}\text{Cd})$ : < 0.000 05  $n(^{110}\text{Cd})/n(^{111}\text{Cd})$ : 0.004 44 (42)  $n(^{112}\text{Cd})/n(^{111}\text{Cd})$ : 0.021 74 (10)  $n(^{113}\text{Cd})/n(^{111}\text{Cd})$ : 0.005 818 (56)  $n(^{114}\text{Cd})/n(^{111}\text{Cd})$ : 0.010 875 (88)  $n(^{116}\text{Cd})/n(^{111}\text{Cd})$ : 0.001 629 (44)

This corresponds to an isotopic composition with the following abundances:

amount fraction (-100)		mass fraction (·100)	
$n(^{106}\text{Cd})/n(\text{Cd})$	< 0.005	$m(^{106}Cd)/m(Cd)$	< 0.005
$n(^{108}\text{Cd})/n(\text{Cd})$	< 0.005	$m(^{108}Cd)/m(Cd)$	< 0.005
$n(^{110}\text{Cd})/n(\text{Cd})$	0.425 (40)	$m(^{110}Cd)/m(Cd)$	0.421 (40)
$n(^{111}Cd)/n(Cd)$	95.740 (42)	$m(^{111}Cd)/m(Cd)$	95.682 (42)
$n(^{112}Cd)/n(Cd)$	2.080 9 (94)	$m(^{112}Cd)/m(Cd)$	2.098 4 (94)
$n(^{113}Cd)/n(Cd)$	0.557 0 (54)	$m(^{113}Cd)/m(Cd)$	0.566 7 (54)
$n(^{114}Cd)/n(Cd)$	1.041 1 (84)	$m(^{114}Cd)/m(Cd)$	1.068 6 (86)
$n(^{116}Cd)/n(Cd)$	0.156 0 (42)	$m(^{116}Cd)/m(Cd)$	0.162 9 (44)

The molar mass of the cadmium in this sample is 110.97087 (80) g⋅mol<sup>1</sup>

From the certified values, the following amount content and mass fractions are derived:

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101.68 (15) \cdot 10<sup>-6</sup> mol (Cd) \cdot kg<sup>-1</sup> (solution)
10.797 (17) \cdot 10<sup>-6</sup> kg (<sup>111</sup>Cd) \cdot kg<sup>-1</sup> (solution)
11.284 (17) \cdot 10<sup>-6</sup> kg (Cd) \cdot kg<sup>-1</sup> (solution)
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## NOTES

- 1. All uncertainties indicated are expanded uncertainties  $U = k \cdot u_c$  where  $u_c$  is the combined standard uncertainty estimated following the ISO/BIPM Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement. They are given in parentheses and include a coverage factor k = 2. They apply to the last two digits of the value. The values certified are traceable to the SI.
- 2. The Spike Isotopic Reference Material IRMM-621 comes in a flame-sealed glass ampoule containing about 0.4 μmol cadmium in 4 mL of a chemically stable nitric acid solution. The molality is about ~1 m HNO<sub>3</sub> (i.e. ~1 mol HNO<sub>3</sub> per kg of solvent); the molarity is about ~1M HNO<sub>3</sub> (i.e. ~1 mol HNO<sub>3</sub> per Liter of solution).
- 3. The molar masses, used in the calculations, are 1

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106Cd : 105.906 458 (12) g·mol<sup>1</sup>
108Cd : 107.904 183 (12) g·mol<sup>1</sup>
110Cd : 109.903 006 (6) g·mol<sup>1</sup>
111Cd : 110.904 182 (6) g·mol<sup>1</sup>
112Cd : 111.902 757 7 (60) g·mol<sup>1</sup>
113Cd : 112.904 401 4 (60) g·mol<sup>1</sup>
114Cd : 113,903 358 6 (60) g·mol<sup>1</sup>
116Cd : 115.904 756 (6) g·mol<sup>1</sup>
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- 4. The Avogadro constant used is in the calculations is 6.022 136 (12) 10<sup>23</sup> mol<sup>1</sup>.
- 5. Full details of the certification procedure can be found in IRMM internal Report GE/R/SIM/37/1997.
- 6. Using this Spike Isotopic Reference Material, the cadmium content in an unknown sample can be determined by Isotope Dilution, through a measurement of the isotope amount ratio  $R(B) = n(^{112}\text{Cd})/n(^{111}\text{Cd})$  in a blend. It should be computed with the aid of the following equation which enables an easy quantification of the uncertainty sources in the procedure:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> G. Audi and A.H. Wapstra, The 1993 atomic mass evaluation, Nucl Phys A565 (1993) 1-65.

$$c(Cd, X) = \frac{R(Y) - R(B)}{R(B) - R(X)} \cdot \frac{\sum R_i(X)}{\sum R_i(Y)} \cdot \frac{m(Y)}{m(X)} \cdot c(Cd, Y)$$

where:

R(X) = amount ratio  $n(^{112}Cd)/n(^{111}Cd)$  in the unknown sample material X

R(Y) = amount ratio  $n(^{112}Cd)/n(^{111}Cd)$  in the spike material Y

 $\sum R_i(X)$  = sum of all amount ratios in the unknown sample material X

 $\sum R_i(Y)$  = sum of all amount ratios in the spike material Y

m(X) = mass of the unknown sample used in the measurement

m(Y) = mass of the sample of spike solution used in the measurement

c(Cd, X) = amount content of Cd · kg<sup>-1</sup> sample material

c(Cd,Y) = amount content of Cd · kg<sup>-1</sup> spike solution.

Chemical preparation of the samples and the isotopic measurements were carried out by A Götz by means of Thermal Ionisation Mass Spectrometry. Supervision of the thermal ionisation mass spectrometry was done by A Lamberty.

Metrological weighings required in the preparation and certification were performed by F Hendrickx. The ampoulation of this Spike Isotopic Reference Material was accomplished by G Van Baelen, P Taylor and I Papadakis.

The overall co-ordination leading to the establishment, certification and issuance of this Spike Isotopic Reference Material was performed by A Verbruggen.

B-2440 GEEL September 1997 Prof Dr P De Bièvre

Head

**EC-IRMM Stable Isotope Measurements**