



Assignment 02

Algorithms for Sequence Analysis

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02.1: Knuth-Morris-Pratt Example (4 Theory)

- $\Sigma := \{A, B, C\},\$
- P := BBABBBAB,
- T := BBABBBACBBBBABBBAB.
- 1 Compute the lps table for P.
- 2 Which DFA state are we in after reading each text character?



02.2 Aho Corasick (4 Theory)

Given the set of patterns $P = \{aho, house, sea, rhesus, emu, user, us, use\}$,

- build the trie,
- compute the lps and extend the trie with the lps links,
- compute the output function.



02.3: Recognizing cyclic permutations (4 Theory)

Given two strings s, t of the same length n, how can you efficiently decide if one is a cyclic permutation of the other? Def.: s is a cyclic permutation of t, if s == t[i:] + t[:i] for some i.

For example, 0123456 and 2345601 are cyclic permutations of each other, but 6543210 is not a cyclic permutation of the other two (it's a reversal). Also, babbababba and ababbababb are cyclic permutations of each other.

Tasks

- 1 Show that "is a cyclic permutation of" is an equivalence relation on strings.
- 2 Give an algorithm that takes two strings as input and outputs True or False. Your algorithm should run in O(n) time.



02.4: Shift-Or Algorithm (4 Programming)

- Implement the Shift-Or algorithm.
 You can adapt the code for the Shift-And algorithm from the slides.
- Make sure it runs correctly by running some tests,
 e.g. the example pattern and text from the lecture.

