

5. Linux common commands and the use of vim editor

1. Some basic common

1) View the version of operating system cat /proc/version

View the version of mainboard cat /proc/cpuinfo

3) View the remaining space of the SD card.

4) View IP address ifconfig

5)Condense: tar –zcvf filename.tar.gz dirname
Decompress: tar –zxvf filename.tar.gz

6) apt(Advanced Package Tool)is used to install software.

sudo apt-get install xxxsudo apt-get updateinstall xxx software.update software.

sudo apt-get upgrade Update the installed

software.

sudo apt-get remove xxx remove xxx software.

Some tutorial for linux commands:

http://www.runoob.com/linux/linux-command-manual.html

2. Introduction and configuration of the vim editor

Linux comes with editors nano and vi. Vim editor is an upgraded version of the vi editor, which has a better experience.

The following steps will teach you how to install and configure vim editor in the Raspberry Pi system

1)You need to input: sudo apt-get update
2)You need to input: sudo apt-get install vim



You will see the following interface:

```
🗬 pi@raspberrypi: ~
                                                                        oot:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin
list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin
irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin
gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbin
nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-timesync:x:100:103:systemd Time Synchronization,,,:/run/systemd:/
bin/false
systemd-network:x:101:104:systemd Network Management,,,:/run/systemd/neti
:/bin/false
"/etc/passwd" 32 lines, 1701 characters
```

3)You need to input: su and input the password for the your root account.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ su
Password:
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi#
```

4)You need to input: sudo tar xvf vimconfig.tar.gz

```
pi@raspberrypi:~ - - X
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi/workdir# ls
vimconfig.tar.gz
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi/workdir# tar xvf vimconfig.tar.gz
```

5)You need to input: cd vimconfig You need to input:./config.sh

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi/workdir# ls
vimconfig vimconfig.tar.gz
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi/workdir# cd vimconfig
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi/workdir/vimconfig# ls
config.sh ctags ReadMe
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi/workdir/vimconfig# ./config.sh
```

You may see the interface shown below.

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi/workdir/vimconfig# ./config.sh
Bakup your vimconfig file...
cp: cannot stat '/root/.vim': No such file or directory
cp: cannot stat '/root/.vimrc': No such file or directory
Config your vim now !
Make tags in /usr/include
/bin/ctags: 1: /bin/ctags: Syntax error: word unexpected (expecting ")")
```

6)You need to input: touch /root/.vim /root/.vimrc



root@raspberrypi:/home/pi/workdir/vimconfig# touch /root/.vim /root/ .vimrc

7)You need to input: apt-get install ctags

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi/workdir/vimconfig# apt-get install ctags
```

After the above steps is completed, the vim editor becomes will become as shown below.

The editor possess 3 modes: Enter mode, Command mode, Low line mode.

Enter mode:In this mode, you can enter characters, and pressing ESC will return to command mode.

Command mode: You can move the cursor, delete characters, and so on. Low line mode: You can save files, exit editor, set editor, find,etc.(low line mode be regarded as in command mode)

1) These instructions are used in Command mode:

```
vi filename/vim filename //Open the filename file
:w //Save file
:q //Exit editor(The file has not been modified)
:q! //Exit editor without save
:wq //Exit editor and save
```

②These instructions are used in Command mode.After these commands are executed, you can enter the Enter mode. (pressing ESC will return to command mode)

```
    a //Add text to the right of the current cursor position
    i //Add text to the left of the current cursor position
    A //Add text at the end of the current line
    I //Add text at the beginning of the current line (the beginning)
```

of a line that is not a null character)



//Create a new line above the current line//Create a new line below the current line

R //Replace (overwrite) the current cursor position and several

texts that follow

③These instructions are used in Command mode:

x //Delete current character

nx //Delete n characters from the cursor

dd //Delete current line

u //Undo the previous step

U //Undo all operations on the current line

4) These instructions are used in Command mode:

yy //Copy the current line to the buffer

yw //Copy the characters from the cursor to the end of the word

y^ //Copy the content from the cursor to the beginning of the

line

y\$ //Copy the content from the cursor to the end of the line p //Paste the contents of the clipboard behind the cursor

P //Paste the contents of the clipboard in front of the cursor

⑤These instructions are used in Command mode:

:set nu //Display the number of line
:set nonu //Undisplay the number of line