

Advanced topics in Deep Reinforcement Learning Week 9 slides Evo-MAML: Meta-Learning with Evolving Gradient 2023

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Evo-MAML: Meta-Learning with Evolving Gradient 2023

- Challenges of Classical MAML (Model-Agnostic Meta-Learning)
 - Expensive due to second-order derivative calculations
 - High memory and computational costs, limiting practicality
- Evo-MAML (Evolving MAML)
 - Improved computational efficiency and generalization in meta-learning
 - Incorporates evolving gradients within the inner loop to address the central challenges.

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\theta_{\sigma}^{i} = w_1 \theta_1^{i} + w_2 \theta_2^{i} + \dots + w_P \theta_P^{i} \qquad (8)
```

$$g_{evo} := \nabla f_i(\theta_{\sigma}^i, Q_{\mathcal{T}_i}) \tag{9}$$

Fig.1: Formulas, as used in Fig.2.

```
Algorithm 1: Evolving Model-Agnostic Meta-Learning (Evo-MAML)

Input: Distribution over tasks \mathcal{T}, noise \sigma, temperature \tau, number of perturbation models P, inner step size \alpha, outer step size \beta_k

1 Randomly initialize \theta

2 while not done do

3 | Sample batch of tasks \mathcal{T}_i \sim \mathcal{T}

4 | for all \mathcal{T}_i do

5 | Sample B datapoints (x^{(i)}, y^{(i)}) from \mathcal{T}_i

6 | Update \theta^i_{k+1} = \theta_k - \alpha \nabla f_i(\theta_k)

7 | Sample P noise factors \epsilon_p \sim \sigma \text{sign}(\mathcal{N}(0, I)) and create \theta^i_p = \theta^i_{k+1} + \epsilon_p

8 | Evolutionary update using Equation (8)

9 | Compute the meta-gradient g_{evo} with Equation (9)

10 | end

11 | \theta_{k+1} = \theta_k - \beta_k \frac{1}{B} \sum_{i \in \mathcal{B}_k} g_{evo}

12 end
```

Fig.2: Pseudocode of Evo-MAML demonstrating the integration of evolutionary updates and the use of first-order gradients to efficiently estimate the meta-gradient.



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Comparison

- The meta-learning curves corresponding to different first-order approximation methods combined with MAML
- Consistently outperforms other methods
- Evo-MAML exhibits higher generality and competitive performance

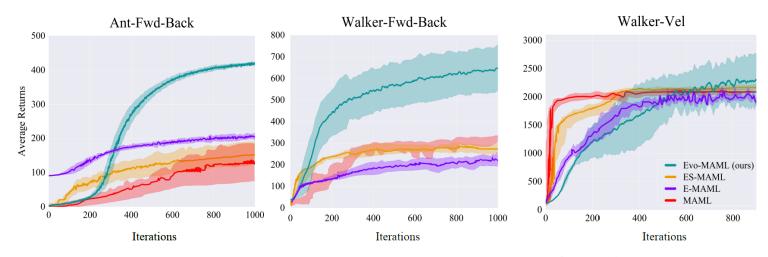


Fig.3: Performance comparison in some reference tasks between MAML, E-MAML and ES-MAML (evolutionary methods to circumvent second order gradients) and Evo-MAML (the in the paper proposed algorithm)