



JOBSHEET 4

Pseudocode & Flowchart

1. Learning Outcome

After learning this topic, students must be able to:

1. Understand and explain the use of Pseudocode to model algorithms.
2. Understand and explain the use of Flowchart to model algorithms by using graphical symbols.
3. Design algorithm to solve the problem.
4. Implement a program from Pseudocode or Flowchart that has been designed before.

2. Labs Activity

2.1 Experiment 1: Psedocode

Time: 40 minutes

You are given the following pseudocode:

Algorithm: CircleStudentID

```
{input radius and calculate the circumference and area of the  
circle}
```

Declaration:

```
r : int  
circumference, area : double
```

Description:

1. **print** "Input radius!"
2. **read** r
3. circumference = 2*3.14*r
4. area = 3.14 *r*r
5. **print** circumference
6. **print** area



Based on the above pseudocode, the implementation steps are given as follows:

1. Create a new Java file named **CircleStudentID.java**.
2. Create the basic structure of Java program, including class and main () method!
3. Import the Scanner class into your program.
4. Create a variable or instance variable named **input** from Scanner in main () method.

```
Scanner input =new Scanner(System.in);
```

5. Declare variable **r** with **int** data type, and **circumference** and **area** with **double** data type.

```
int r;  
double circumference, area;
```

6. Input **r** from console by calling **nextInt()** method:

```
System.out.println(x:"Input radius: ");  
r = input.nextInt();
```

7. After getting the **r** value, calculate the **circumference** and **area** by using the following formula:

```
area = 3.14*r*r;  
circumference = 2*3.14*r;
```

8. And finally, print the value of **circumference** and **area**.

```
System.out.println("Area: "+area);  
System.out.println("Circumference: "+circumference);
```

9. Compile the program, run and observe the result!

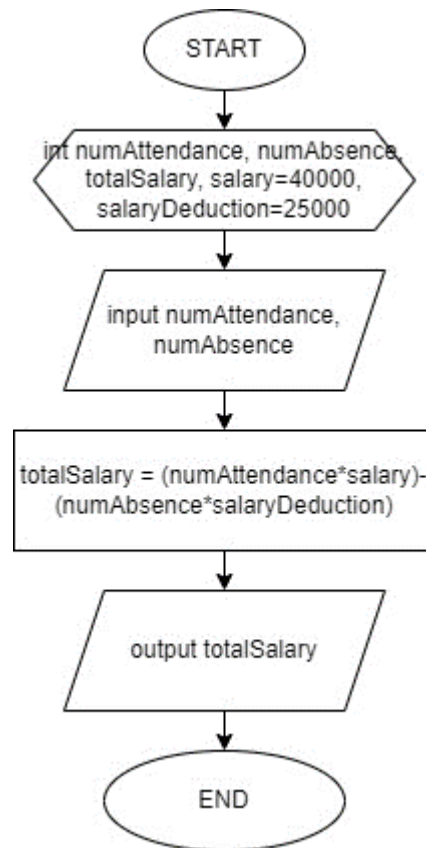
Questions

1. From experiment 1 above, modify the pseudocode by creating a new variable **phi** to store 3.14. And in the **circumference** and **area** calculation, replace 3.14 by using **phi** (use **phi** instead of 3.14 in the calculation).
2. Create the flowchart from the modified pseudocode at question 1!
3. Implements the modified pseudocode/flowchart into a program (source code)!

2.2 Experiment 2: Flowchart

Time: 40 minutes

This experiment is designed based on the flowchart below.



The following steps illustrate how to implement this in a Java program using the above flowchart.

1. Create a new Java file named **SalaryStudentID.java**
2. Create the basic structure for Java programming, including class and main() method.
3. Import class **Scanner** into your program.
4. Declare **input** variable from Scanner class inside main() method

```
Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
```

5. Create variable using **int** data type, named **numAttendance**, **numAbsence**, **totalSalary**, **salary** and **salaryDeduction**.

```
int numAttendance, numAbsence, totalSalary;  
int salary=40000, salaryDeduction=25000;
```

6. Create input statement for **numAttendance** and **numAbsence**.

```
System.out.println(x:"Input attendance number: ");  
numAttendance = input.nextInt();  
System.out.println(x:"Input absence number: ");  
numAbsence = input.nextInt();
```

7. Calculate **totalSalary** by using the following formula:

```
totalSalary=(numAttendance*salary)-(numAbsence*salaryDeduction);
```

8. Output the **totalSalary**

```
System.out.println("Total salary: "+totalSalary);
```

9. Compile the program, run, and observe the result.

Question!

1. Create a pseudocode based on the above flowchart and modify it by getting the **salary** and **salaryDeduction** from the user input!
2. Implement the modified pseudocode in the above question, into a java program!

2.3 Experiment 3: Case Study

Time: 60 minutes

Please look at the case study below!

Bu Ani went shopping at the Office Supplies Store to buy notebooks. The price of a dozen notebooks is Rp. 25,000. Bu Ani bought 3 dozen notebooks because she has 3 children, and each of them was given 1 dozen. At that time, the office supplies store had a promotion where shoppers received a 10% discount. What is the total amount Bu Ani has to pay? (Assuming the price of notebooks per dozen and the number of dozens of notebooks purchased are **input variables**). Please create a pseudocode, a flowchart, and implement the code!

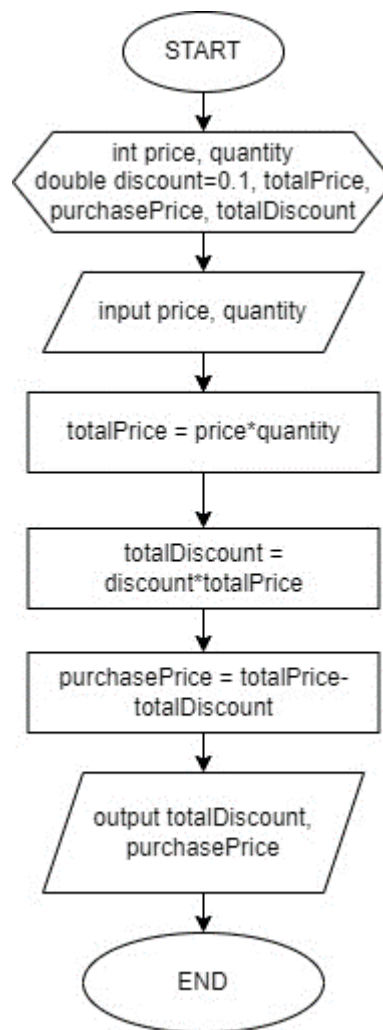
1. Pseudocode

<p>Algorithm: NotebooksPurchasePriceStudentID</p> <p>{input price, quantity and calculate the discount and total price}</p> <p>Declaration:</p> <p>price, quantity: int</p> <p>discount=0.1, totalPrice, purchasePrice, totalDiscount : double</p> <p>Description:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. print "Input price!"2. read price3. print "Input quantity!"4. read quantity5. totalPrice = price * quantity
--



```
6. totalDiscount=totalPrice*discount
7. purchasePrice= totalPrice - totalDiscount
8. print "The total discount is "
9. print totalDiscount
10.print "The Purchase Price is "
11.print purchasePrice
```

From the above pseudocode, the flowchart is as follows:



And if we implement into a program, the steps are as follows:

1. Create a new java file named **PurchasePriceStudentID.java**
2. Create a basic java program including the class and main() method
3. Import the Scanner class into your program.
4. Create **input** object from **Scanner** class inside main() method

```
Scanner input =new Scanner(System.in);
```

5. Create variable **price** and **quantity** by using **int** data type, while **discount**, **totalPrice**, **purchasePrice** and **totalDiscount** from **double** data type.

```
int price, quantity;  
double discount=0.1, totalPrice, purchasePrice, totalDiscount;
```

6. Get the user input for **price** and **quantity** by using the following statements:



```
System.out.println(x:"Input price: ");
price=input.nextInt();
System.out.println(x:"Input quantity: ");
quantity=input.nextInt();
```

7. Then, calculate the **totalPrice**:

```
totalPrice=price*quantity;
```

8. Calculate the **totalDiscount** by using the following formula

```
totalDiscount=totalPrice*discount;
```

9. Do **purchasePrice** calculation by using the following statement.

```
purchasePrice=totalPrice-totalDiscount;
```

10. Output the value of **totalDiscount** and **purchasePrice**

```
System.out.println("Total discount: "+totalDiscount);
System.out.println("Final purchase price: "+purchasePrice);
```

11. Compile, run and observe the result!

Question!

1. Modify the pseudocode and flowchart above by adding user input for **bookBrand** and **pageCount**, then change the **discount** to get the user input as well!
2. Implement the changes in a program!

2. Assignment

Time: 160 minutes

1. Create pseudocode based on your group project. The pseudocode that you create can be identified from the processes (it could be input, output and arithmetic process etc.)!
2. From the answer to question 1, please create the flowchart for each pseudocode that is already created!
3. Implement the pseudocode/flowchart into a program. Please make a note that the program will only include input, output, variable declarations, arithmetic operation (and any other operator). Since we haven't reached condition selection, looping, method, array, then you do not have to use it right now.