

Language-Agnostic Contracts for .NET

Programming Languages and Methods

Contracts in C#

```
public class ArrayList {
    State

public virtual int Add(|object value)
{
    Contract.Requires(value != null);
    Contract.Ensures(Count == Contract.Old(Count) + 1);
    Contract.Ensures(this[Contract.Result<int>()] == value);
    Contract.Ensures(Contract.Result<int>()] == contract.Old(Count));
    Contract.EnsuresOnThrow<ObjectDisposedException>(this.IsDisposed);
    if (_size == _items.Length) {      EnsureCapacity(_size + 1); }
        _items[_size] = value;
        return _size++;
}

void ObjectInvariant()
{
    Contract.Invariant(_items != null);
    Contract.Invariant(_size >= 0);
    Contract.Invariant(_size <= _items.Length);
}</pre>
```

Contracts in managed C++

```
int Sum(int* vec, int length) {
   Contract::Requires(vec != nullptr);
   Contract::Requires(Contract::WritableBytes(vec) >= length*sizeof(int));

int result = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i <length; i++) {
      result += vec[i];
   }
   return result;
}</pre>
```

Contracts in VB

```
Public Function CallBinarySearch(ByVal where As Integer(), ByVal value As Integer) As Integer

Contract.Requires(where IsNot Nothing)

Dim v As Integer = TechFest.Demo.BinarySearch(where, value)

If (v <> -1) Then

Return where(v)

Else

Return -22

End If
```

Contracts are:

- Pre-conditions
- Post-conditions
 - Refer to method result
 - Refer to pre-state values
- Object invariants

Contracts in F#

```
open Microsoft.Contracts

let inc x =
   Contract.Requires(x > 0);
   x + 1

let bad = inc 0

let good = inc 1
```

Contracts about Unsafe code

Logically part of method signatures

Contracts ...

- make Design Decisions explicit
- verify boundary between safe/unsafe code
- generate better API documentation
- enable better VS intellisense tooltips
- amplify testing via runtime checking
- enable static verification and bug finding