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               Suite B Profile for Transport Layer Security (TLS)

Status of This Memo

   This memo provides information for the Internet community. It does
   not specify an Internet standard of any kind. Distribution of this
   memo is unlimited.

Abstract

   The United States government has published guidelines for "NSA Suite
   B Cryptography", which defines cryptographic algorithm policy for
   national security applications. This document defines a profile of
   Transport Layer Security (TLS) version 1.2 that is fully conformant
   with Suite B. This document also defines a transitional profile for
   use with TLS version 1.0 and TLS version 1.1 which employs Suite B
   algorithms to the greatest extent possible.

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1. Introduction

   The United States government has posted the Fact Sheet on National
   Security Agency (NSA) Suite B Cryptography [NSA], and at the time of
   writing, it states:

      To complement the existing policy for the use of the Advanced
      Encryption Standard (AES) to protect national security systems
      and information as specified in The National Policy on the use of
      the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) to Protect National
      Security Systems and National Security Information (CNSSP-15),
      the National Security Agency (NSA) announced Suite B Cryptography
      at the 2005 RSA Conference. In addition to the AES, Suite B
      includes cryptographic algorithms for hashing, digital
      signatures, and key exchange.

      Suite B only specifies the cryptographic algorithms to be
      used. Many other factors need to be addressed in determining
      whether a particular device implementing a particular set of

cryptographic algorithms should be used to satisfy a particular
requirement.

Among those factors are "requirements for interoperability both
domestically and internationally".

This document does not define any new cipher suites; instead, it
defines two profiles:

o A Suite B compliant profile for use with TLS version 1.2 [RFC5246]
   and the cipher suites defined in [RFC5289]. This profile uses
   only Suite B algorithms.

o A transitional profile for use with TLS version 1.0 [RFC2246] or
   TLS version 1.1 [RFC4346] and the cipher suites defined in
   [RFC4492]. This profile uses the Suite B cryptographic algorithms
   to the greatest extent possible and provides backward
   compatibility. While the transitional profile is not Suite B
   compliant, it provides a transition path towards the Suite B
   compliant profile.

2. Conventions Used in This Document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT",
"SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this
document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

3. Suite B Requirements

The Fact Sheet on Suite B Cryptography requires that key
establishment and authentication algorithms be based on Elliptic
Curve Cryptography, and that the encryption algorithm be AES [AES].
Suite B defines two security levels, of 128 and 192 bits.

In particular, Suite B includes:

   Encryption: Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) [AES] --
                        FIPS 197 (with key sizes of 128 and 256 bits)

   Digital Signature: Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm
                        (ECDSA) [DSS] - FIPS 186-2 (using the
                        curves with 256- and 384-bit prime moduli)

   Key Exchange: Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDH) - NIST
                        Special Publication 800-56A [PWKE] (using the
                        curves with 256- and 384-bit prime moduli)

The 128-bit security level corresponds to an elliptic curve size of
256 bits and AES-128; it also makes use of SHA-256 [SHS]. The 192-
bit security level corresponds to an elliptic curve size of 384 bits
and AES-256; it also makes use of SHA-384 [SHS].

Note: Some people refer to the two security levels based on the AES
key size that is employed instead of the overall security provided by
the combination of Suite B algorithms. At the 128-bit security
level, an AES key size of 128 bits is used, which does not lead to
any confusion. However, at the 192-bit security level, an AES key
size of 256 bits is used, which sometimes leads to an expectation of
more security than is offered by the combination of Suite B
algorithms.

To accommodate backward compatibility, a Suite B compliant client or
server can be configured to accept a cipher suite that is not part of
Suite B. However, whenever a Suite B compliant client and a Suite B
compliant server establish a TLS version 1.2 session, only Suite B
algorithms are employed.

4. Suite B Compliance and Interoperability Requirements

TLS version 1.1 [RFC4346] and earlier do not support Galois Counter
Mode (GCM) cipher suites [RFC5289]. However, TLS version 1.2
[RFC5246] and later do support GCM. For Suite B TLS compliance, GCM
cipher suites are REQUIRED to be used whenever both the client and
the server support the necessary cipher suites. Also, for Suite B
TLS compliance, Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) cipher suites are
employed when GCM cipher suites cannot be employed.

For a client to implement the Suite B compliant profile, it MUST
implement TLS version 1.2 or later, and the following cipher suite
rules apply:

o A Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 or later client MUST offer at
   least two cipher suites for each supported security level. For
   the 128-bit security level,
   TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 and
   TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 MUST be offered in this
   order in the ClientHello message. For the 192-bit security level,
   TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 and
   TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 MUST be offered in this
   order in the ClientHello message. One of these cipher suites MUST
   be the first (most preferred) cipher suite in the ClientHello
   message.

o A Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 or later client that offers
   backward compatibility with TLS version 1.1 or earlier servers MAY
   offer an additional cipher suite for each supported security
   level. If these cipher suites are offered, they MUST appear after
   the ones discussed above. For the 128-bit security level,
   TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA MAY be offered in the
   ClientHello message. For the 192-bit security level,
   TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA MAY be offered in the
   ClientHello message.

o A Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 or later client that offers
   interoperability with non-Suite B compliant servers MAY offer
   additional cipher suites. If any additional cipher suites are
   offered, they MUST appear after the ones discussed above in the
   ClientHello message.

For a client to implement the Suite B transitional profile, it MUST
implement TLS version 1.1 or earlier and the following cipher suite
rules apply:

o A Suite B transitional TLS version 1.1 or earlier client MUST
   offer the cipher suite for the 128-bit security level, the cipher
   suite for the 192-bit security level, or both. For the 128-bit
   security level, TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA MUST be
   offered in the ClientHello message. For the 192-bit security
   level, TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA MUST be offered in the
   ClientHello message. One of these cipher suites MUST be the first
   (most preferred) cipher suite in the ClientHello message.

o A Suite B transitional TLS version 1.1 or earlier client that
   offers interoperability with non-Suite B compliant servers MAY
   offer additional cipher suites. If any additional cipher suites
   are offered, they MUST appear after the ones discussed above in
   the ClientHello message.

A Suite B compliant TLS server MUST be configured to support the 128-
bit security level, the 192-bit security level, or both security
levels. The cipher suite rules for each of these security levels is
described below. If a Suite B compliant TLS server is configured to
support both security levels, then the configuration MUST prefer one
security level over the other. In practice, this means that the
cipher suite rules associated with the cipher suites listed in
Section 4.1 for the preferred security level are processed before the
cipher suite rules for the less preferred security level.

For a server to implement the Suite B conformant profile at the 128-
bit security level, the following cipher suite rules apply:

o A Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 or later server MUST accept
   the TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 cipher suite if it is
   offered.

o If the preceding cipher suite is not offered, then a Suite B
   compliant TLS version 1.2 or later server MUST accept the
   TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 cipher suite if it is
   offered.

o If neither of the preceding two cipher suites is offered, then a
   Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 or later server that offers
   backward compatibility with TLS version 1.1 or earlier clients MAY
   accept the TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA cipher suite if it
   is offered.

o If the server is not offered any of the preceding three cipher
   suites and interoperability with clients that are not compliant or
   interoperable with Suite B is desired, then the server MAY accept
   another offered cipher suite that is considered acceptable by the
   server administrator.

For a server to implement the Suite B transitional profile at the
128-bit security level, the following cipher suite rules apply:

o A Suite B transitional TLS version 1.1 or earlier server MUST
   accept the TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA cipher suite if it
   is offered.

o If the server is not offered the preceding cipher suite and
   interoperability with clients that are not Suite B transitional is
   desired, then the server MAY accept another offered cipher suite
   that is considered acceptable by the server administrator.

For a server to implement the Suite B conformant profile at the 192-
bit security level, the following cipher suite rules apply:

o A Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 or later server MUST accept
   the TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 cipher suite if it is
   offered.

o If the preceding cipher suite is not offered, then a Suite B
   compliant TLS version 1.2 or later server MUST accept the
   TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 cipher suite if it is
   offered.

   o If neither of the preceding two cipher suites is offered, then a
      Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 or later server that offers
      backward compatibility with TLS version 1.1 or earlier clients MAY
      accept the TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA cipher suite if it
      is offered.

   o If the server is not offered any of the preceding three cipher
      suites and interoperability with clients that are not compliant or
      interoperable with Suite B is desired, then the server MAY accept
      another offered cipher suite that is considered acceptable by the
      server administrator.

   For a server to implement the Suite B transitional profile at the
   192-bit security level, the following cipher suite rules apply:

   o A Suite B transitional TLS version 1.1 or earlier server MUST
      accept the TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA cipher suite if it
      is offered.

   o If the server is not offered the preceding cipher suite and
      interoperability with clients that are not Suite B transitional is
      desired, then the server MAY accept another offered cipher suite
      that is considered acceptable by the server administrator.

   Note that these rules explicitly permit the use of CBC cipher suites
   in TLS version 1.2 connections in order to permit operation between
   Suite B compliant and non-Suite B compliant implementations. For
   instance, a Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 client might offer TLS
   version 1.2 with both GCM and CBC cipher suites when communicating
   with a non-Suite B TLS version 1.2 server, which then selected the
   CBC cipher suites. This connection would nevertheless meet the
   requirements of this specification. However, any two Suite B
   compliant implementations will negotiate a GCM cipher suite when
   doing TLS version 1.2.

4.1. Security Levels

   As described in Section 1, Suite B specifies two security levels:
   128-bit and 192-bit. The following table lists the cipher suites for
   each security level. Within each security level, the cipher suites
   are listed in their preferred order for selection by a TLS version
   1.2 implementation.

```
+---------------------------------------+----------------+
| Cipher Suite                          | Security Level |
+---------------------------------------+----------------+
| TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 | 128          |
| TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 | 128          |
| TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA    | 128          |
| TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 | 192          |
| TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 | 192          |
| TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA    | 192          |
+---------------------------------------+----------------+
```

4.2. Acceptable Curves

   RFC 4492 defines a variety of elliptic curves. For cipher suites
   defined in this specification, only secp256r1(23) or secp384r1(24)
   may be used. These are the same curves that appear in FIPS 186-2
   [DSS] as P-256 and P-384, respectively. For cipher suites at the
   128-bit security level, secp256r1 MUST be used. For cipher suites at
   the 192-bit security level, secp384r1 MUST be used. RFC 4492
   requires that the uncompressed(0) form be supported. The
   ansiX962_compressed_prime(1) point formats MAY also be supported.

   Clients desiring to negotiate only a Suite B compliant connection
   MUST generate a "Supported Elliptic Curves Extension" containing only
   the allowed curves. These curves MUST match the cipher suite
   security levels being offered. Clients that are willing to do both
   Suite B compliant and non-Suite B compliant connections MAY omit the
   extension or send the extension but offer other curves as well as the
   appropriate Suite B ones.

   Servers desiring to negotiate a Suite B compliant connection SHOULD
   check for the presence of the extension, but MUST NOT negotiate
   inappropriate curves even if they are offered by the client. This
   allows a client that is willing to do either Suite B compliant or
   non-Suite B compliant modes to interoperate with a server that will
   only do Suite B compliant modes. If the client does not advertise an
   acceptable curve, the server MUST generate a fatal
   "handshake_failure" alert and terminate the connection. Clients MUST
   check the chosen curve to make sure it is acceptable.

4.3. Certificates

   Server and client certificates used to establish a Suite B compliant
   connection MUST be signed with ECDSA. Digital signatures MUST be
   calculated using either the P-256 curve along with the SHA-256 hash
   algorithm or calculated using the P-384 curve along with the SHA-384
   hash algorithm. For certificates used at the 128-bit security level,
   the subject public key MUST use the P-256 curve and be signed with

either the P-384 curve or the P-256 curve. For certificates used at
the 192-bit security level, the subject public key MUST use the P-384
curve and be signed with the P-384 curve.

In TLS version 1.0 and TLS version 1.1, the key exchange algorithm
used in the TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA-collection of cipher suites requires the
server's certificate to be signed with a particular signature scheme.
TLS version 1.2 offers more flexibility. This specification does not
impose any additional restrictions on the server certificate
signature or the signature schemes used elsewhere in the
certification path. (Often such restrictions will be useful, and it
is expected that this will be taken into account in practices of
certification authorities. However, such restrictions are not
strictly required, even if it is beyond the capabilities of a client
to completely validate a given certification path, the client may be
able to validate the server's certificate by relying on a trusted
certification authority whose certificate appears as one of the
intermediate certificates in the certification path.)

Likewise, this specification does not impose restrictions on
signature schemes used in the certification path for the client's
certificate when mutual authentication is employed.

4.4. signature_algorithms Extension

The signature_algorithms extension is defined in Section 7.4.1.4.1 of
TLS version 1.2 [RFC5246]. A Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 or
later client MUST include the signature_algorithms extension. For
the 128-bit security level, SHA-256 with ECDSA MUST be offered in the
signature_algorithms extension. For the 192-bit security level, SHA-
384 with ECDSA MUST be offered in the signature_algorithms extension.
Other offerings MAY be included to indicate the signature algorithms
that are acceptable in cipher suites that are offered for
interoperability with servers that are not compliant with Suite B and
to indicate the signature algorithms that are acceptable for
certification path validation.

4.5. CertificateRequest Message

A Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 or later server MUST include SHA-
256 with ECDSA and/or SHA-384 with ECDSA in the
supported_signature_algorithms field of the CertificateRequest
message. For the 128-bit security level, SHA-256 with ECDSA MUST
appear in the supported_signature_algorithms field. For the 192-bit
security level, SHA-384 with ECDSA MUST appear in the
supported_signature_algorithms field.

4.6. CertificateVerify Message

   A Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 or later client MUST use SHA-256
   with ECDSA or SHA-384 with ECDSA for the signature in the
   CertificateVerify message. For the 128-bit security level, SHA-256
   with ECDSA MUST be used. For the 192-bit security level, SHA-384
   with ECDSA MUST be used.

4.7. ServerKeyExchange Message Signature

   In the TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA-collection of cipher suites, the server sends
   its ephemeral ECDH public key and a specification of the
   corresponding curve in the ServerKeyExchange message. These
   parameters MUST be signed with ECDSA using the private key
   corresponding to the public key in the server's certificate.

   A TLS version 1.1 or earlier server MUST sign the ServerKeyExchange
   message using SHA-1 with ECDSA.

   A Suite B compliant TLS version 1.2 or later server MUST sign the
   ServerKeyExchange message using either SHA-256 with ECDSA or SHA-384
   with ECDSA. For the 128-bit security level, SHA-256 with ECDSA MUST
   be used. For the 192-bit security level, SHA-384 with ECDSA MUST be
   used.

5. Security Considerations

   Most of the security considerations for this document are described
   in "The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.2"
   [RFC5246], "Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC) Cipher Suites for
   Transport Layer Security (TLS)" [RFC4492], "AES Galois Counter Mode
   (GCM) Cipher Suites for TLS" [RFC5288], and "TLS Elliptic Curve
   Cipher Suites with SHA-256/384 and AES Galois Counter Mode (GCM)"
   [RFC5289]. Readers should consult those documents.

   In order to meet the goal of a consistent security level for the
   entire cipher suite, in Suite B mode TLS implementations MUST ONLY
   use the curves defined in Section 4.2. Otherwise, it is possible to
   have a set of symmetric algorithms with much weaker or stronger
   security properties than the asymmetric (ECC) algorithms.

6. Acknowledgements

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   review, comments, and insightful suggestions.

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7. References

7.1. Normative References

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