

DATASOCIETY

Introduction to Tableau

Part 5





Recap

- Aggregating by formula
 - Sorting
 - Attributes
- Binning continuous data
- Grouping by category
- Cleaning and focusing with filters
 - Match value
 - Top values
 - Ranges



Save your work!

- Beginning in this module, we will be creating more elaborate visualizations.
- We will see a lot of different insights from the data as we learn more in Tableau.
- Make sure to save all your classwork (including Exercises), because we will be
 putting it all together at the end of the unit to create a story.



Warm-up: other data sources

- In a previous module, we explored Kaggle and Data. World, but there are plenty of other public datasets out there available for use and experimentation.
- Have a look at the list at the following address:
 https://github.com/awesomedata/awesome-public-datasets
 - Which datasets might you like to explore?



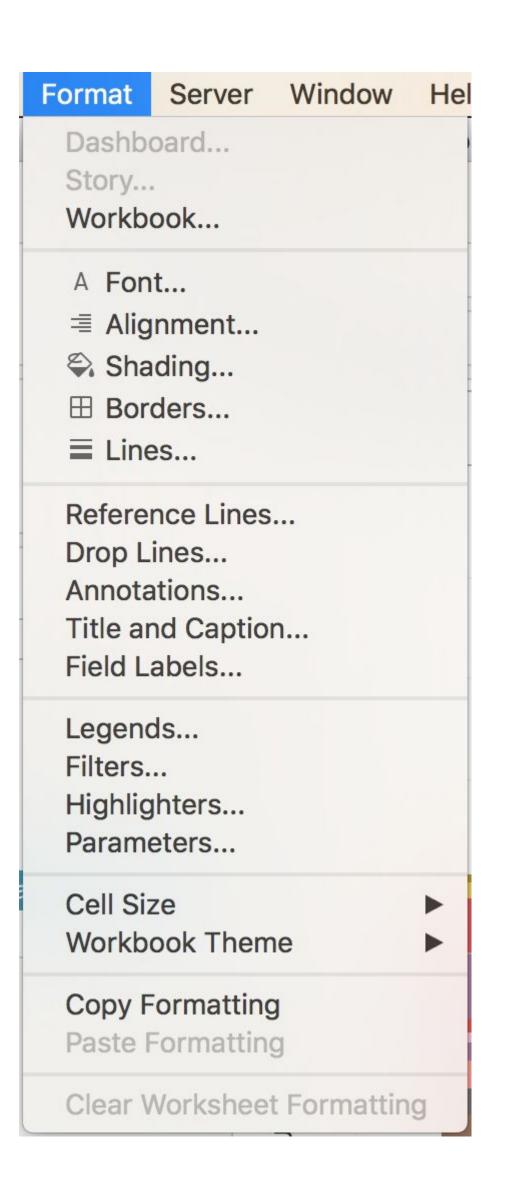
Module completion checklist

Objective	Complete
Discuss formatting options in Tableau	
Explain the concept of functions	
Implement basic functions on the dataset	
Introduction to table calculations	



Formatting your figures

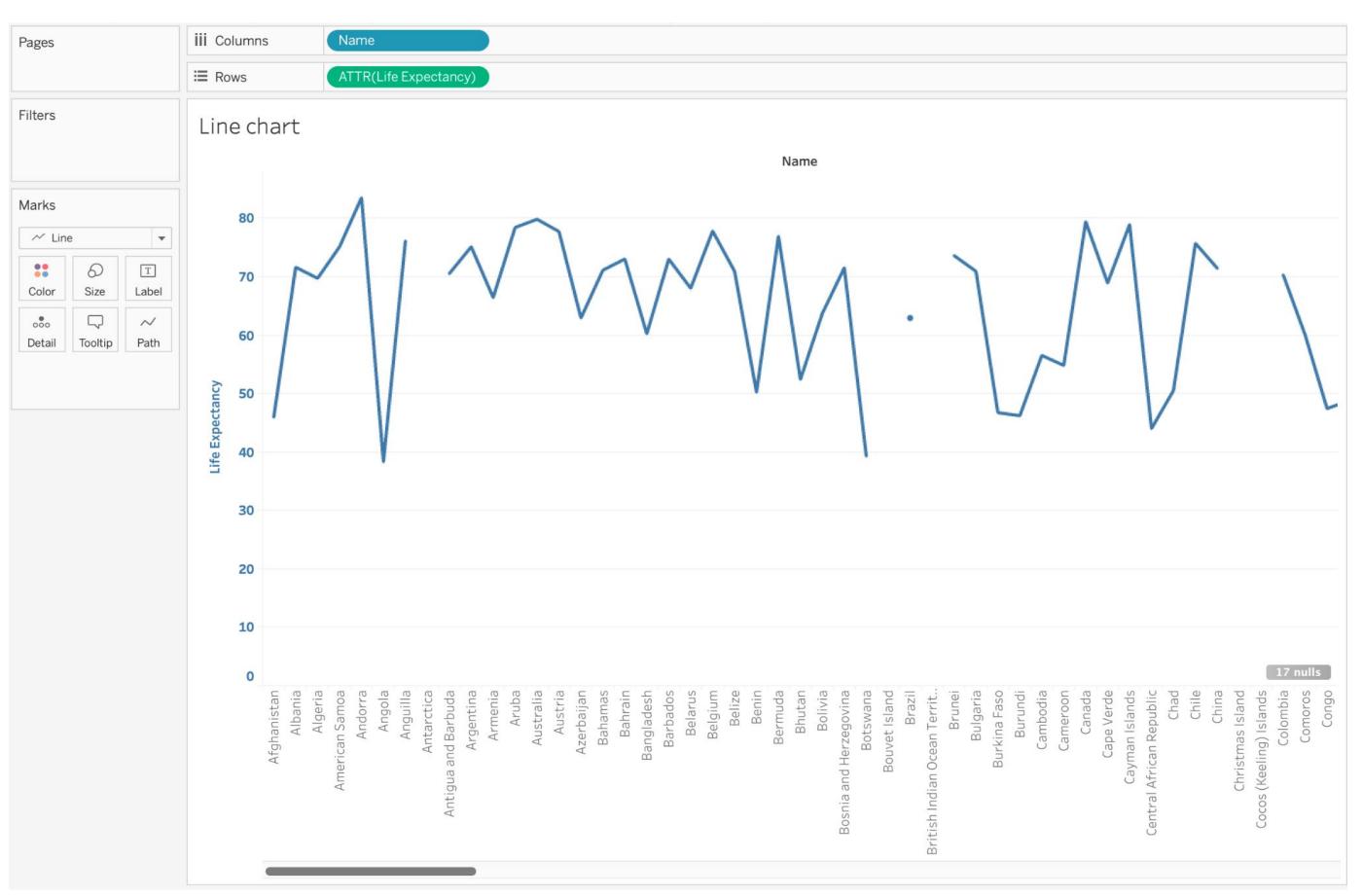
- Open the formatting pane with the "Format" menu.
- The formatting pane is contextual, meaning it changes based on what is highlighted.
- Notice the different elements Tableau will let you format, from font and line type, to annotations, to labels and legends.





Formatting your figures

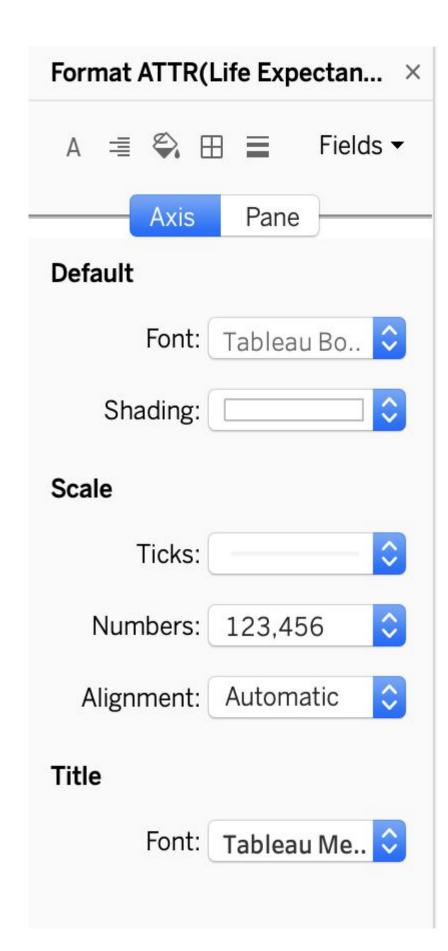
- Let's start with the line chart that we made for showing life expectancy.
- What would you do to improve this?
 - What is being shown here? What aspects are most important?
 - Can you think of any existing variable that would add insight?
 - Now what about font and colors?

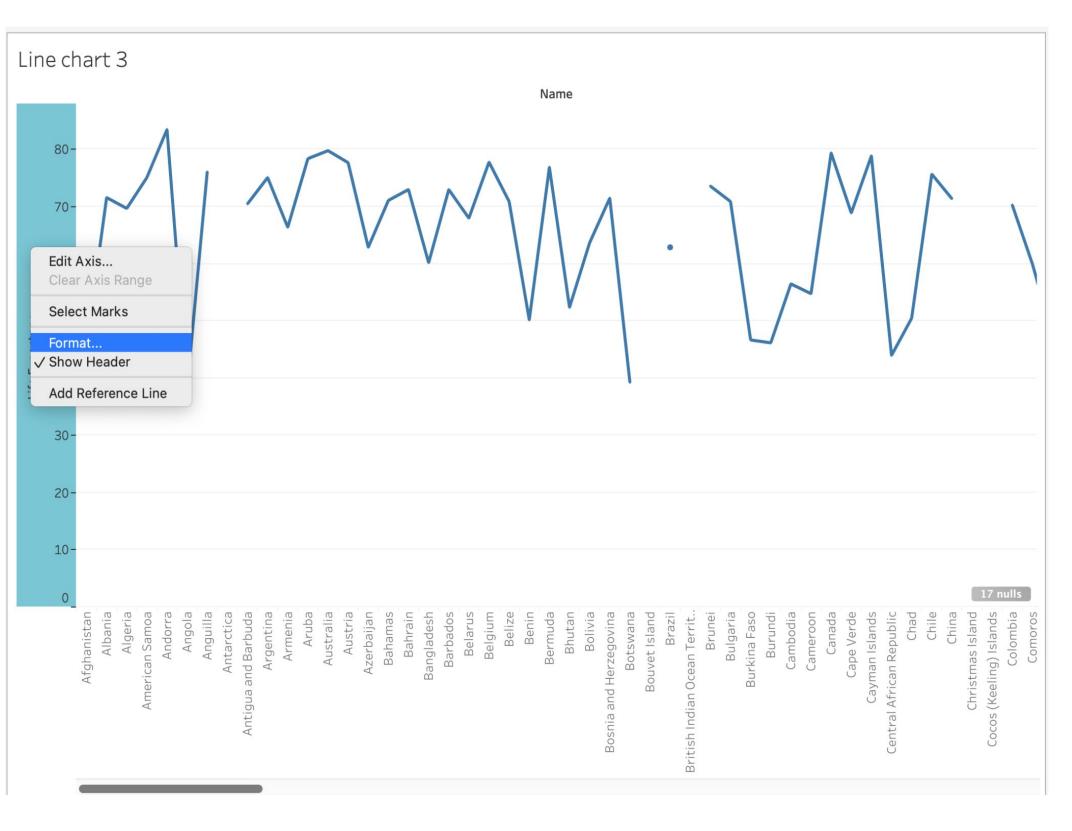




Formatting: right-clicking an element

- In addition to using the Format menu, we can open the formatting pane by right-clicking on any view element.
- Start by selecting the y axis of our "Life expectancy" view.
- Note that the contextual format pane pops up on the left.

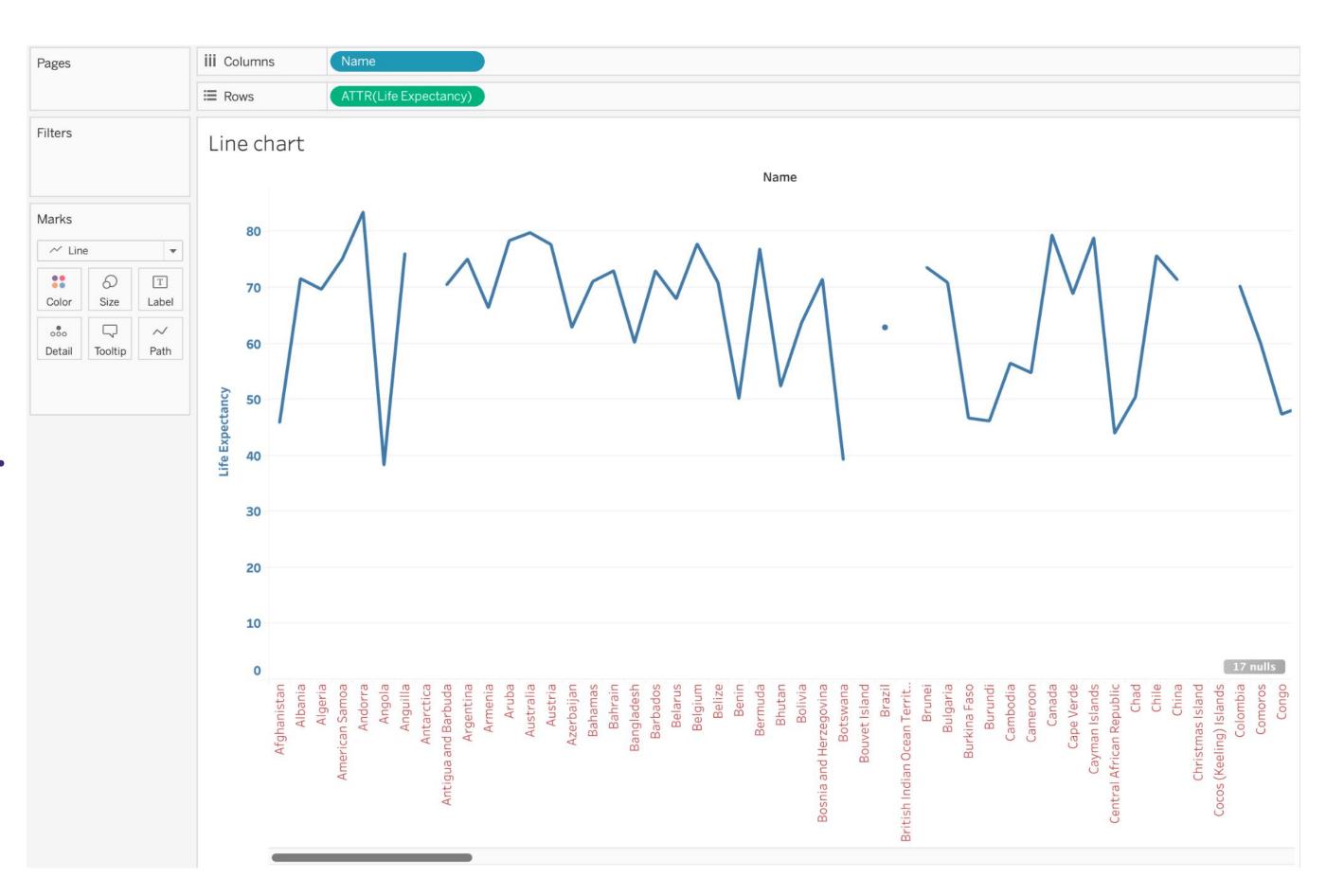






Formatting: customizing an axis

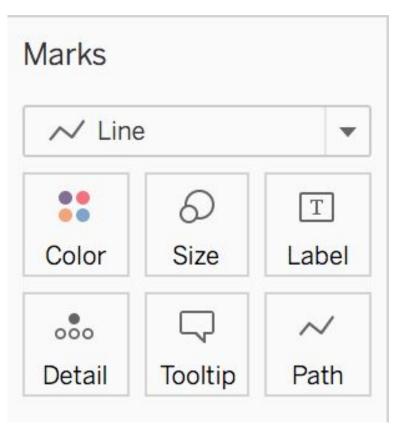
- Let's change the font, size and color of the axis.
- Experiment with these elements in order to:
 - Make the numbers easier to read.
 - Make the year stand out.
- What kinds of changes did you make?

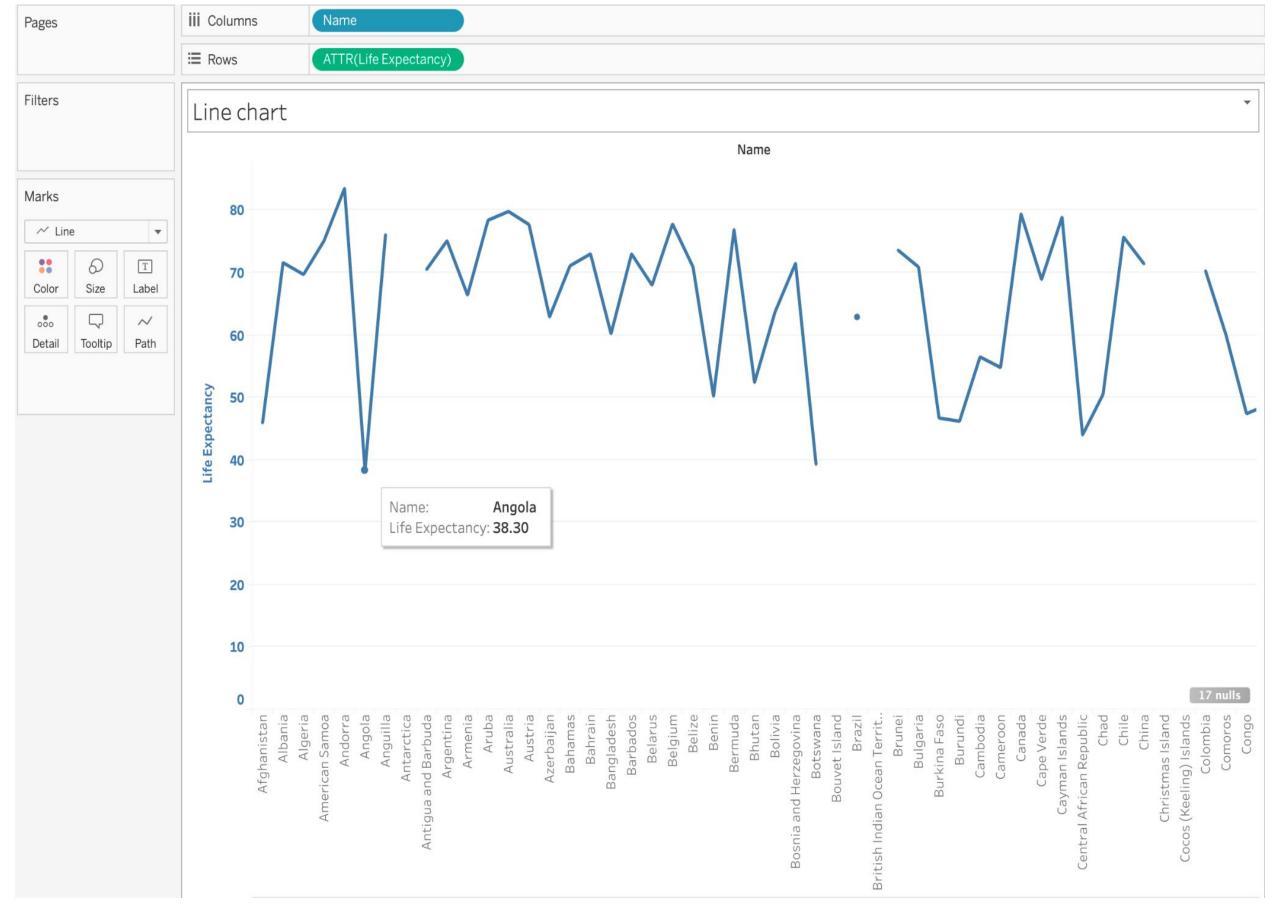




Formatting: the Marks card

- The marks card is a powerful tool that allows you to add "marks."
 - Marks visually highlight certain features of the data.
 - We've started with a very basic version of this figure with no marks.







Formatting: the Marks card, cont'd.

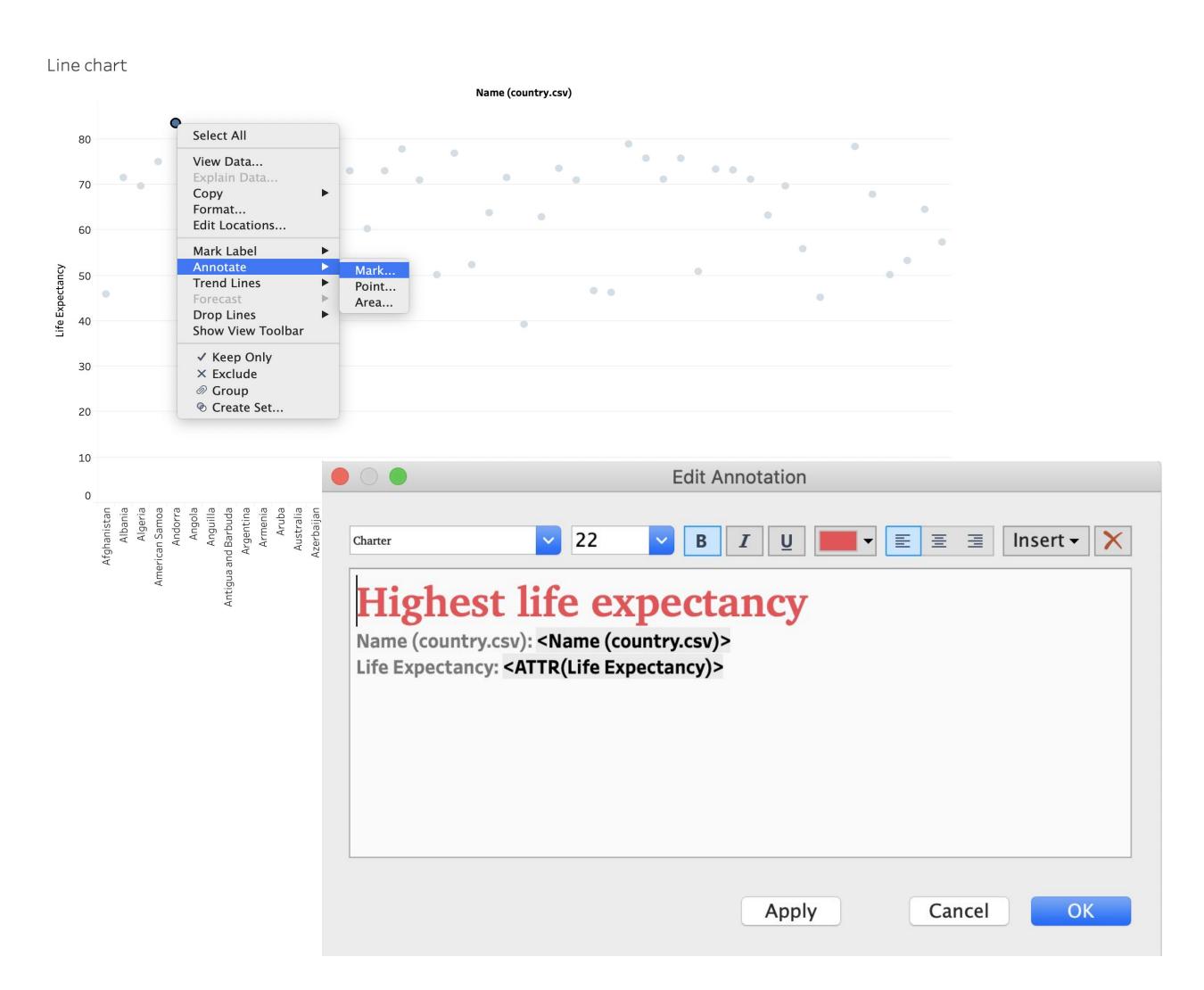
- With 3 changes to the Marks card, we can:
 - Produce a visually interestingcolor
 - Add a count label
 - Convert the line chart into a
 bar chart appropriate for discrete events





Annotating a point

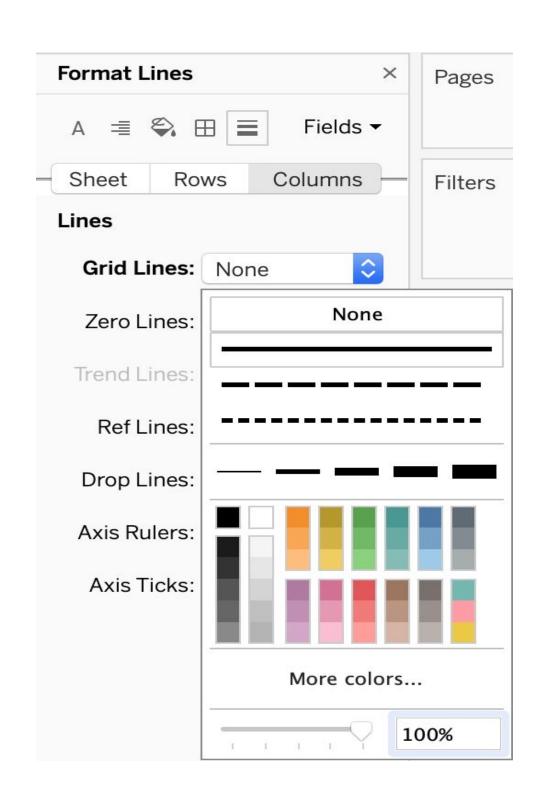
- Let's use the Marks card to convert the bar chart to a **point chart**.
- Then, add an annotation to the country with the **highest life expectancy** by right-clicking on the point with highest life expectancy.
 - Add a call-out by annotating with a mark.
 - Add a custom header.
 - Customize the data that is shown in the annotation.



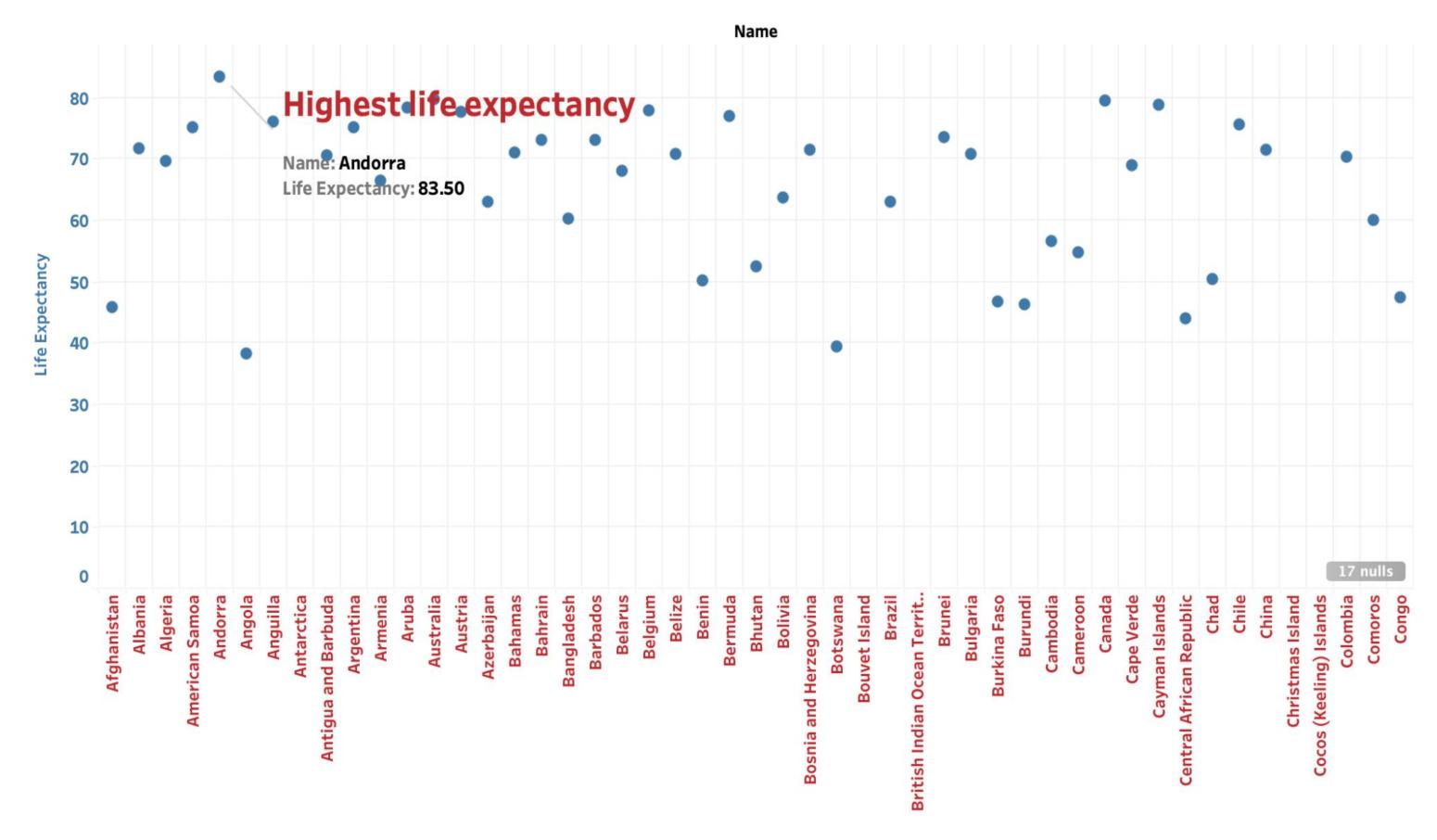


Formatting: annotate Marks

Finally, add some grid lines
 to the figure space.

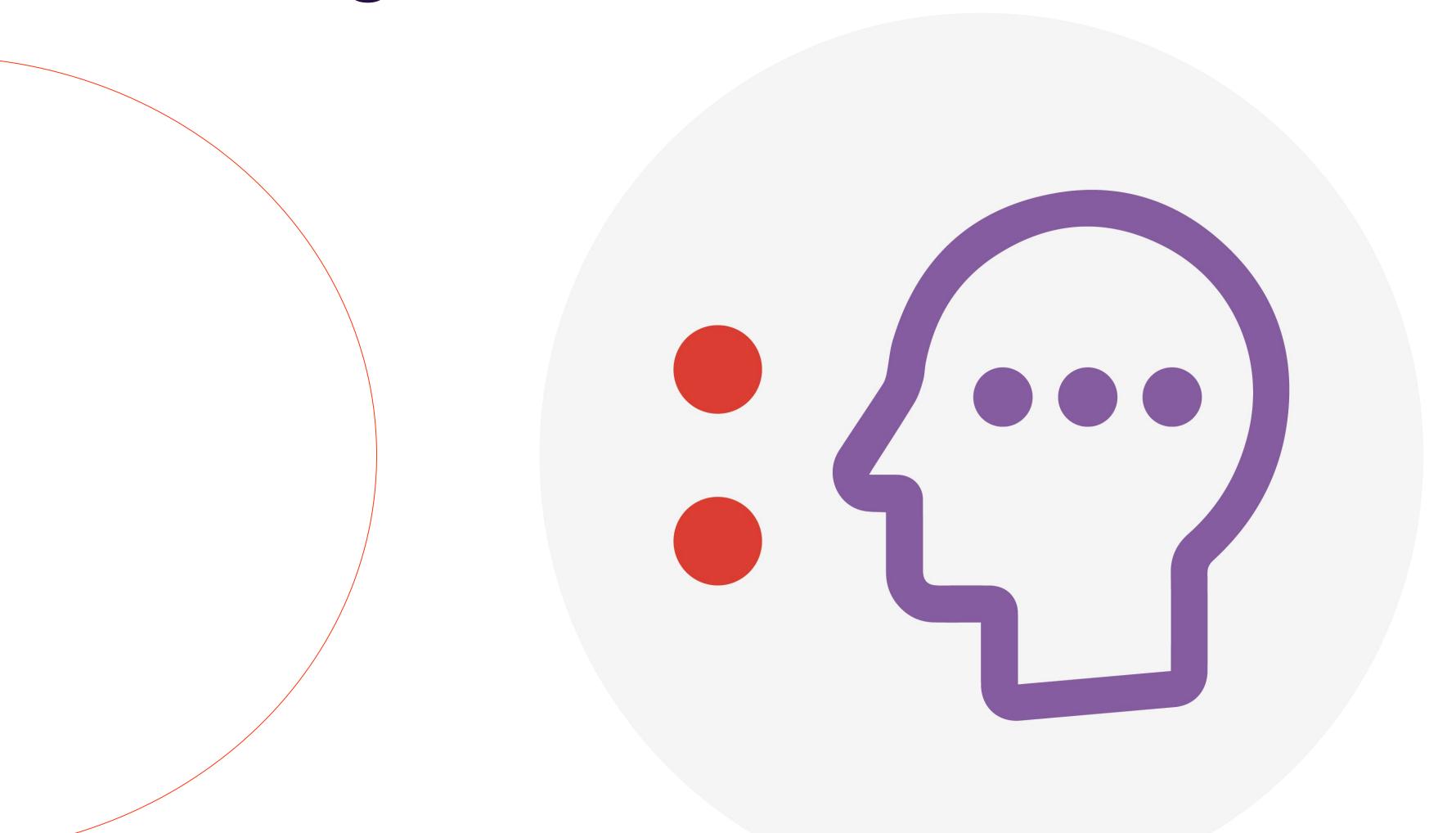


Line chart





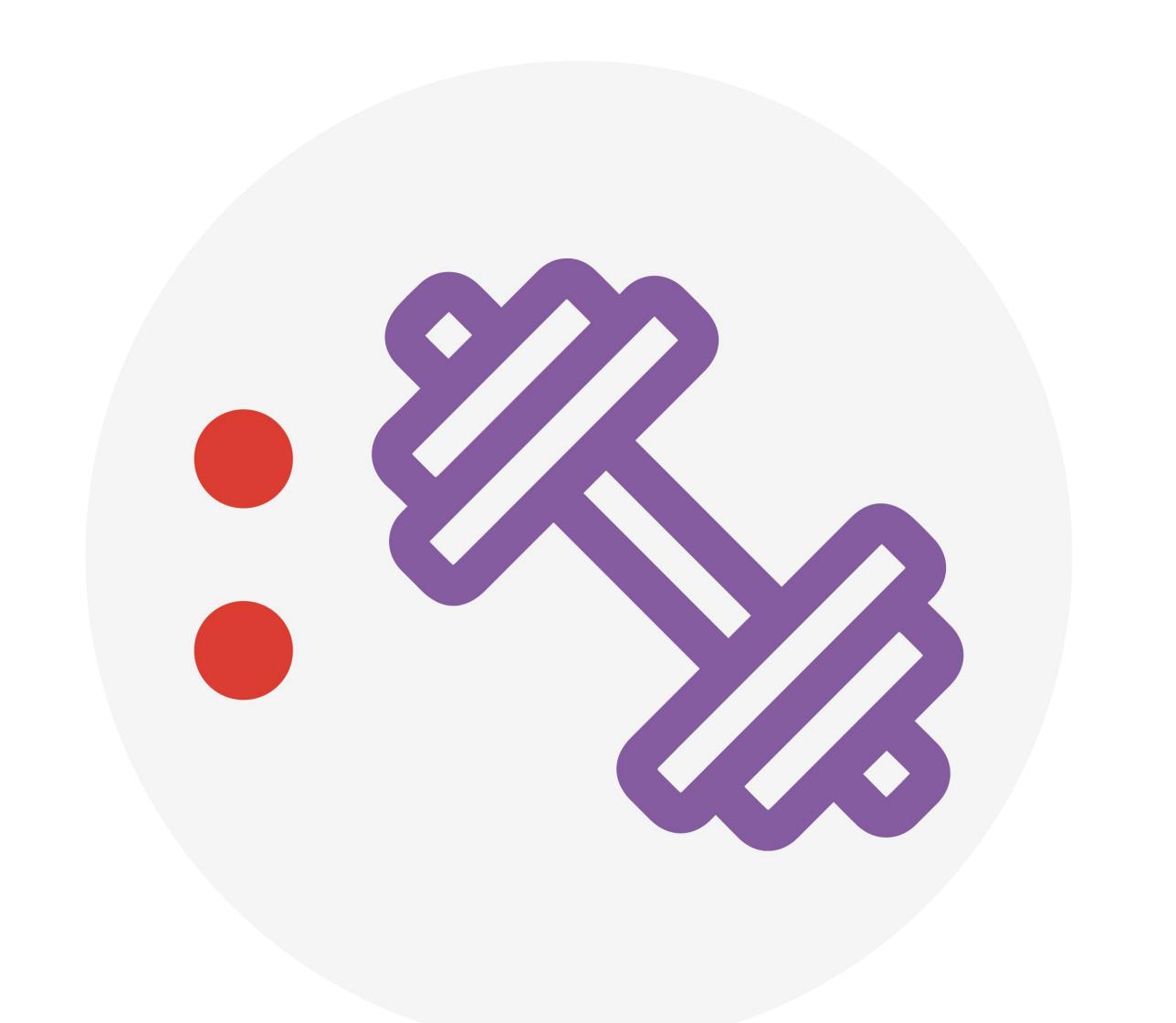
Knowledge check 5







Exercise 5





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End of Part 5

