## **ORDER AND CASHIER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

Members:

Herda, Crystal Joy Provido, Ogille Dane Zurita, Jesse Labina, Jenifer

## 1. Objectives

The primary objectives of the proposed system are focused on automating customer service processes and improving transaction efficiency. The key objectives include:

Develop a system that allows users to select multiple products in a single order.

Ensure seamless database integration for order management.

Provide an intuitive and efficient user interface.

Store order details securely in the database.

### 2. System Design

#### Features Implemented

Order Management: Allows users to select products and place orders.

Cashiering Module: Processes payments and generates receipts.

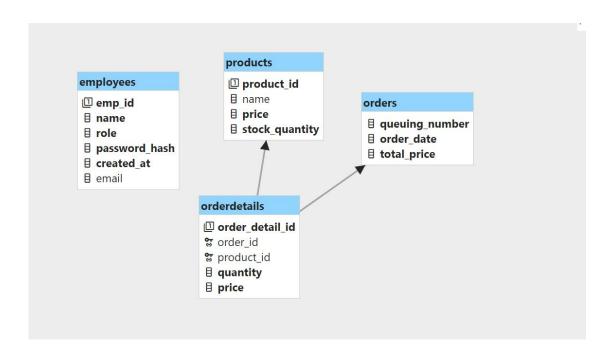
Database Integration: Stores transaction details securely.

**User Authentication**: Ensures access control for employees.

Role-Based Access: Differentiates access for cashiers and administrators.

**Sales Reporting**: Provides reports on sales transactions and revenue.

## 3. Database Schema Diagram



## 4. Code Snippets

## **Authentication System**

```
public boolean login(String name, String password, String role) {
   String query = "SELECT * FROM employees WHERE name = ? AND password_hash
   try (Connection conn = EmployeeDB.getConnection();
        PreparedStatement stmt = conn.prepareStatement(query)) {
        stmt.setString(1, name);
        stmt.setString(2, hashPassword(password));
        stmt.setString(3, role);
        ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery();
        return rs.next();
   } catch (SQLException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
        return false;
   }
}
```

# **Session Management**

```
public class SessionManager {
      private static String loggedInUser = null;
      private static String role = null;
      public static void setUser(String username, String userRole) {
         loggedInUser = username;
          role = userRole;
      public static boolean isLoggedIn() {
      return loggedInUser != null;
      public static String getUser() {
         return loggedInUser;
    public static String getRole() {
        return role;
    public static void logout() {
        loggedInUser = null;
        role = null;
        System.out.println("Logged out successfully!");
}
```

## 5. Challenges Encountered & Solutions

Challenges	Solutions Applied
Secure Password Storage	Used SHA-256 hashing for password
Session Mangement	Implemented session tracking using a database table
Role-Based Access Control	Validated user roles before granting access
Efficient Query Execution	Optimized SQL queries for better performance

### 5. Conclusion

The system successfully implements authentication and session management, ensuring secure login and role-based access. Future enhancements may include session expiration handling and multi-factor authentication for added security.

### 6. Screenshots

in Gillia

Enter Name: Crystal Enter Password: 1123 Enter Role: admin Welcome Admin!

\_\_\_\_\_

#### ADMIN DASHBOARD

\_\_\_\_\_

- 1. View Employees Record
- 2. Add new employee
- 3. Remove employee
- 4. Update employee details
- 5. Log out

\_\_\_\_\_

Enter choice: 5

Logged out successfully!

Enter Name: Ogille

Enter Password: 0312 Enter Role: cashier

Welcome Cashier!

·----

### CASHIER DASHBOARD

\_\_\_\_\_\_

- 1. Process a sale
- 2. View sales history
- 3. Log out

\_\_\_\_\_

Enter choice: 3

Logged out successfully!