50.021 - AI

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Week 3 Coding - Constraint Satisfaction Problems

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Due: 11th June, 11:59pm Submission: via eDimension

1 Coding: Semi-Magic Square

Consider a 3×3 array, each of whose entries can be either 1, 2 or 3. We want to find an assignment to each of the entries so that the entries in each row, in each column and in one of the diagonals are different. Note that this will also ensure that these row, column and diagonals add up to 6 (1+2+3). But, note that the "adding to 6" constraint is not a "binary constraint", that is, it involves more than three variables. However, the constraint that each pair of values in the row, column or diagonal be different is a "binary constraint".

You can find a description of the Semi-Magic Square problem in the figure below.

- · The semi magic square
- · Each variable can have value 1, 2 or 3

V ₁	V ₂	Va	This row must
_ '		J 3	sum to 6
V.	V_5	V_6	This row must
- 4	• 5	• 6	sum to 6
V-	V_8	V_9	∠ This row must
L '	*8	• 9	sum to 6
			5
This column	This column	This column	This diagonal
must sum to 6	must sum to 6	must sum to 6	must sum to 6

Your tasks are as follows:

- 1. Implement a CSP that captures this problem. Use the file semi-magic.py in the code distribution. It also imports csp.py. You should use the variable names in the image above in your CSP formulation.
- 2. Experiment solving this problem with the various solution methods, ranging from pure backtracking and its various enhancements/heuristics such as variable and value orderings, forward checking, etc.
- 3. Look at the number of assignments attempted by each algorithm, that should give you some idea of the effectiveness of the methods on this problem. Elaborate on your findings from these results, i.e., what you understand.