

Allegro5 Tutorial



TA: Johnson (孫偉芳)



Online row call (for COVID-19)



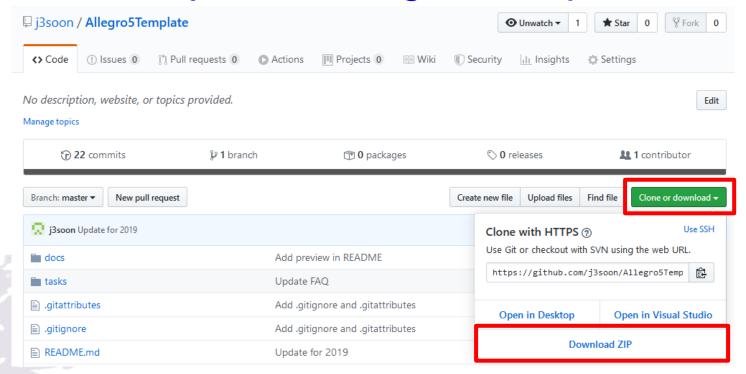
Announcements

- You should finish installing and setting up Allegro5 on your own computer and practice the exercises before Hackathon.
- Hackathon (grading: 2%)
 - -12/19 (Saturday) 09:00-20:00 (Prof. Yang's class)
 - 12/20 (Sunday) 09:00-20:00 (Prof. Hu's class)
- Final Project Demo (grading: 13%)
 - -01/18 (Monday), details will be announced one week before

Announcements

 The project setup guide, frequently asked questions, exercises, etc. are located at:

https://github.com/j3soon/Allegro5Template







Announcements

Pre-configured project files (in the <u>Exercises</u> folder)

Name	Туре
Assets	File folder
CodeBlocks	File folder
DevCpp	File folder
Include	File folder
Libs	File folder
Source	File folder
NS2015	File folder
NS2017	File folder
NS2019	File folder
XCode X	File folder

Visual Studio is recommended

XCode requires installing additional libraries (brew install allegro)



Proficient in recursions, pointers, binary representations, etc.





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Your program has no color... (only black & white)

NDocuments and SettingsNAdministrator>exit /?



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Your program has no color... (only black & white)

Source: https://en.meming.world/images/en/2/2a/Swole_Doge_vs_Cheems.jpg

Source: https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/5/56/Computer_icon.png

Source: https://pixabay.com/illustrations/keyboard-typing-computer-wireless-1409743/

Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Exit_(command)



A new data type - bool

- A kind of data type that can only be true(1) or false(0).
- Implemented in C++, C#, Java (boolean), Python, ...
- Allegro5 has defined its own bool data type.
- No need to include stdbool.h.

```
bool is_SR_handsome = true;
if (is_SR_handsome) {
    // will be executed...
}
```

```
bool is_Anita_pretty = true;
if (!is_Anita_pretty) {
    // will not be executed...
}
```

Outline

- Introduction
- Display & draw image
- Events (display, keyboard, mouse)
- The Event Loop
- Tips on debugging
- Exercises
- References & Tutorials



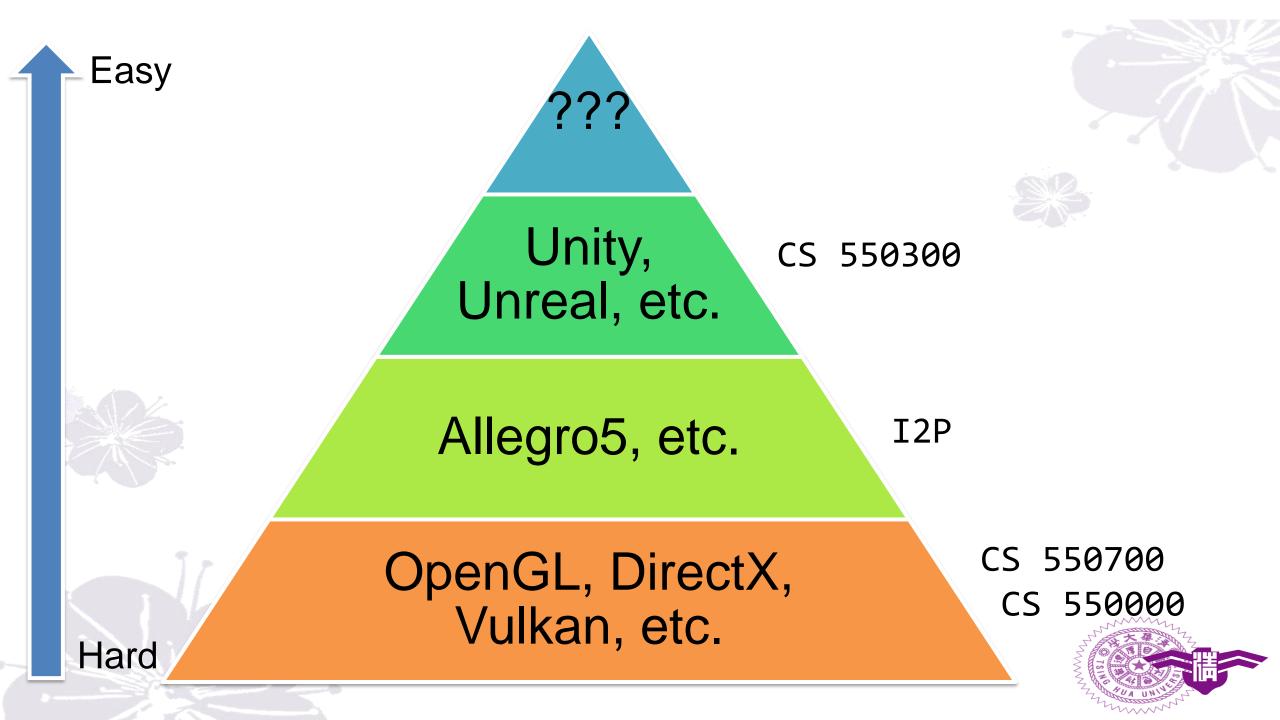


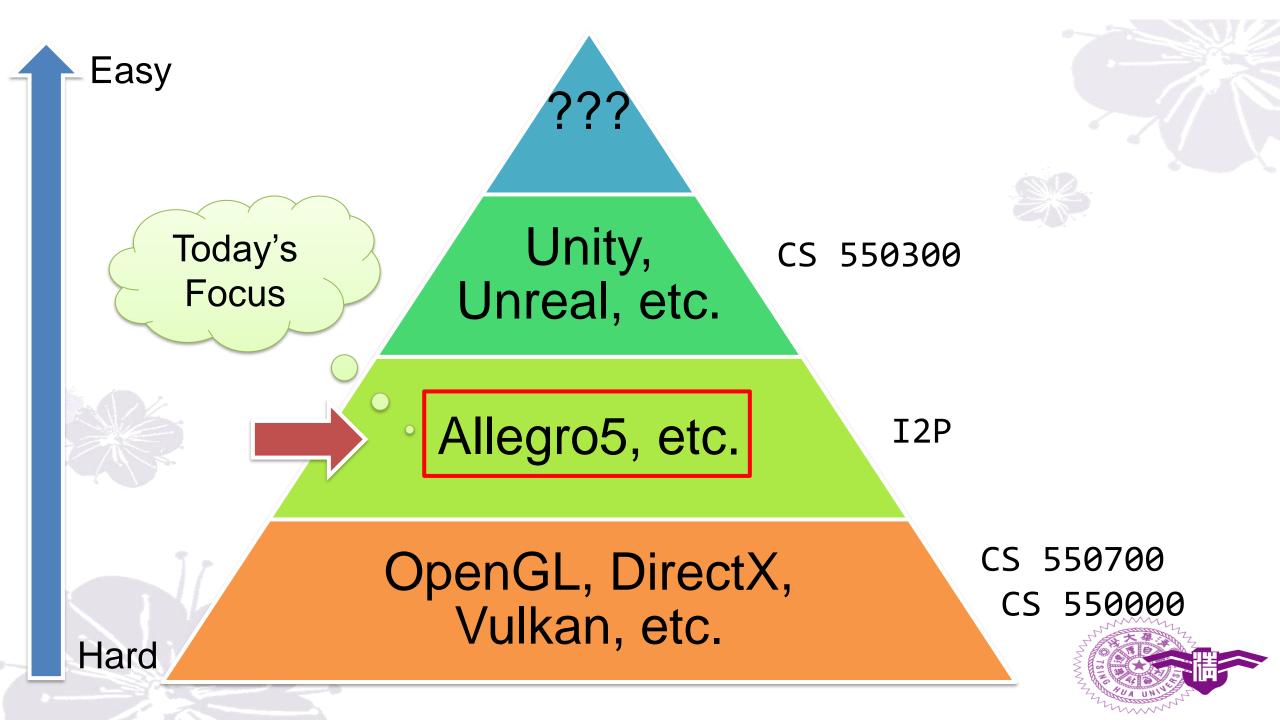
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Allegro

ALLEGRO
 Atari Low-LEvel Game ROutines

- A software library written in C for video game development.
- Initially released in early 1990.



Allegro5

- A cross-platform library mainly aims at video game and multimedia programming.
- Supported on Windows, Linux, Mac OSX, iPhone and Android.
- User-friendly, intuitive C API usable from C++ and many other languages.
- Hardware accelerated bitmap and graphical primitive drawing support. (via OpenGL or Direct3D)



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```
#include <allegro5/allegro.h>
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    al init();
    ALLEGRO DISPLAY* display =
        al_create_display(800, 600);
    al clear to color(
        al_map_rgb(100, 100, 100));
    al_flip_display();
    al rest(5.0);
    al_destroy_display(display);
    return 0;
```

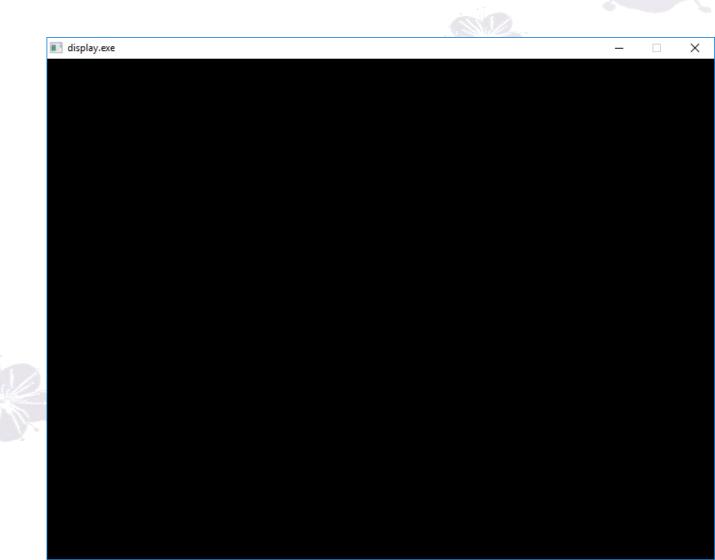




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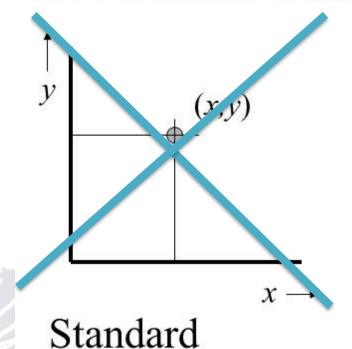
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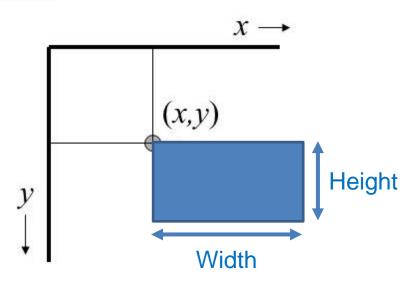


Coordinates on Display

2D computer graphics often have the origin in the top left corner and the y-axis down the screen.

2D Cartesian coordinates:





Screen (output, input)



Source: https://slideplayer.com/slide/6064012/

```
#include <allegro5/allegro.h>
#include <allegro5/allegro_image.h>
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    al init();
    al_init_image_addon();
    ALLEGRO BITMAP* img =
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    al draw bitmap(img, 0, 0, 0);
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img: Buffer: Picture)

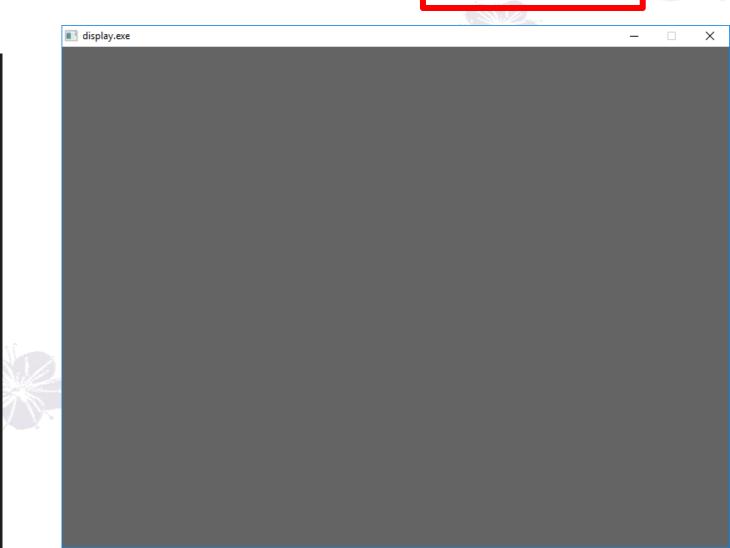
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Image (Bitmap / Picture)

```
Buffer:
```

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```



img:

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Buffer:

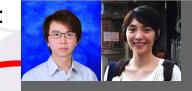


Image (Bitmap / Picture)

```
(0, 0)
(
```

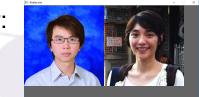
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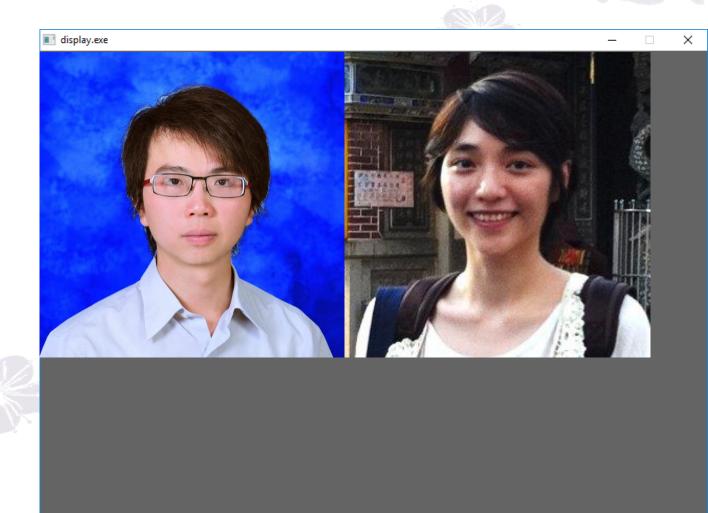
Width of image

img:

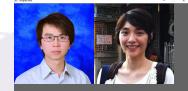




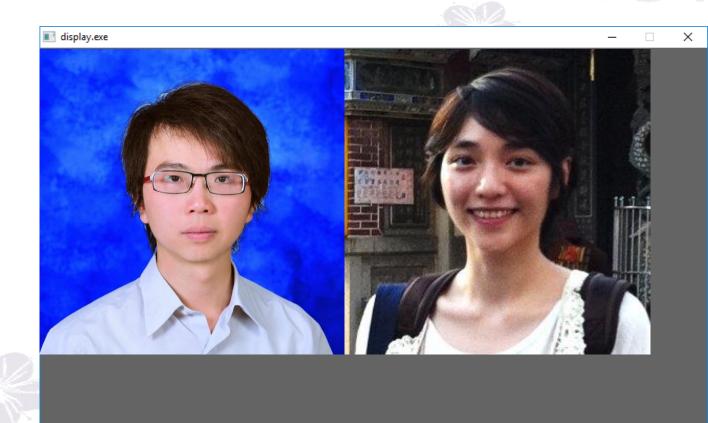
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Countdown / Video Player

```
#include <stdio.h>
#if defined(WIN32) | defined(_WIN32) | |
    defined(__WIN32__) | defined(__NT__)
#include <windows.h>
#else
#include <unistd.h>
#define Sleep(x) usleep((x)*1000)
#endif
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    puts("Count down:");
    for (int i = 3; i >= 0; i--) {
        printf("%d\n", i);
        Sleep(1000);
    return 0;
```

Image ID:

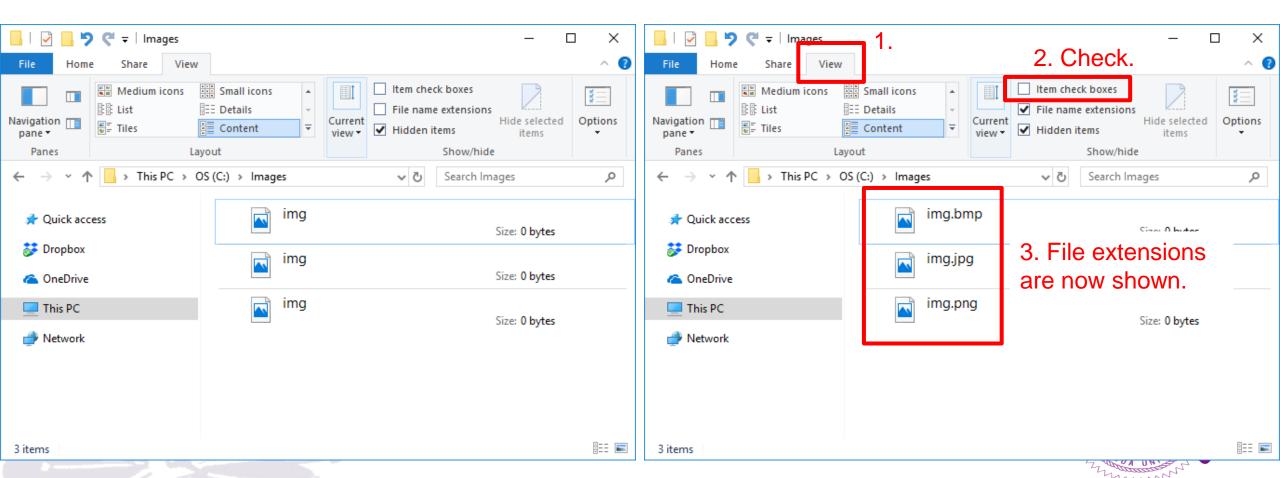
Animations can be played in a similar manner, by swapping:

- printf → al_draw_bitmap
- Sleep(x * 1000) → al_rest(x)

Image File Extensions

Take Windows Explorer as example.





- Font (Text / String)
- Audio (BGM / SFX)
- GIF
- Video











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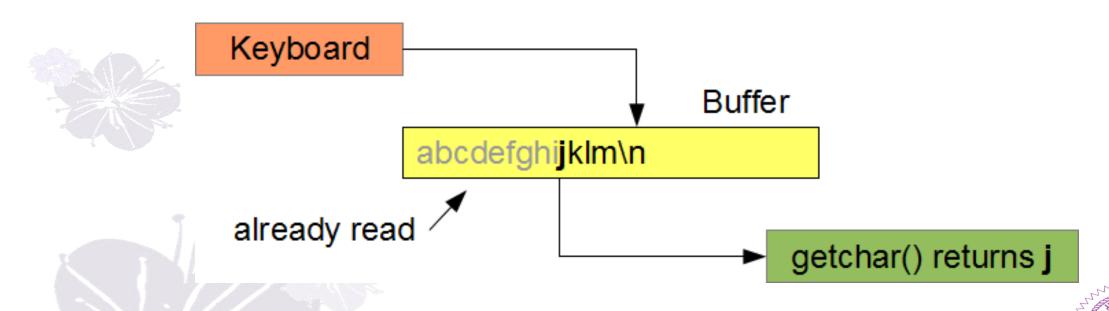
Events / (Input) Signals

- Keyboard (Key down, Key up, ...)
- Mouse (Move, Button down, Button up, ...)
- Joystick
- The close button (Alt + F4) or maybe Escape key
- Timer (Refresh display)
- Callbacks (Audio / Video finished)



Buffer used in stdin

 The buffer used in stdin can store the inputs. When the input is read by scanf, getchar, ..., the characters are removed and returned.



Source: https://scs.senecac.on.ca/~btp100/pages/content/formi_p.html

Event Queue (Buffer for events)

• In an event-driven application, there is a Main Loop that listens for some specific events. When one of those events is detected, a callback is triggered.

- Used in Windows, Linux, MacOS, ...
- Most event-driven programming environments already provide this main loop.



```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    ALLEGRO_EVENT_QUEUE* game_event_queue =
        al create event queue();
    bool done = false;
    ALLEGRO EVENT event;
    al register event source(game event queue,
        al get keyboard event source());
    while (!done) {
        al_wait_for_event(game_event_queue, &event);
        if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY UP) {
            // Key released.
            done = false;
    return 0;
```





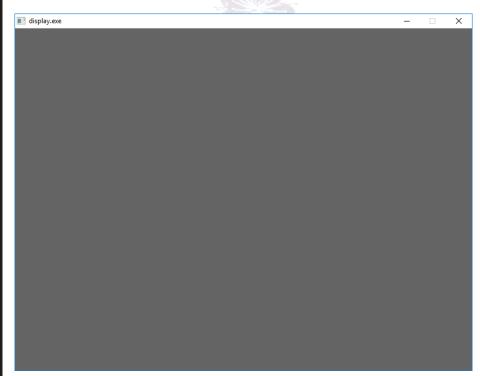
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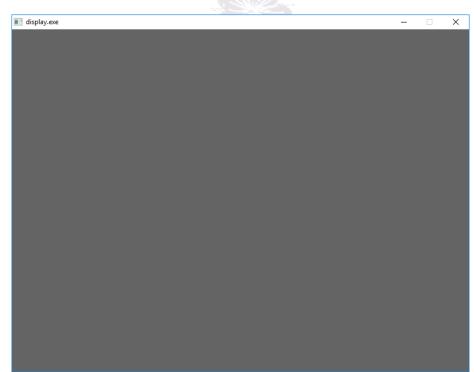


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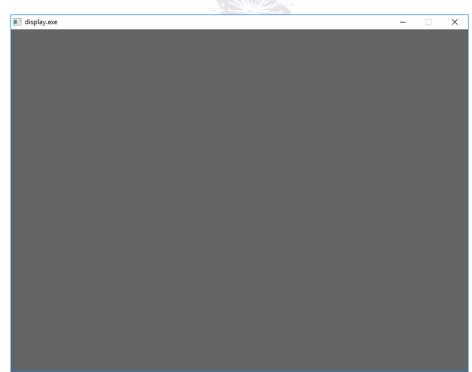


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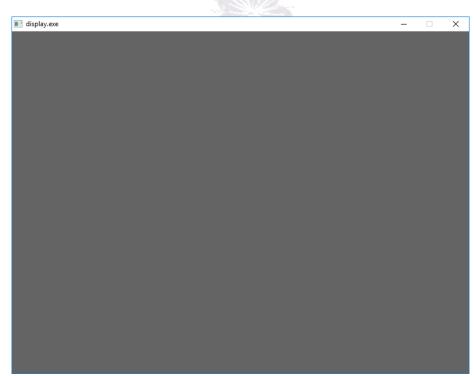
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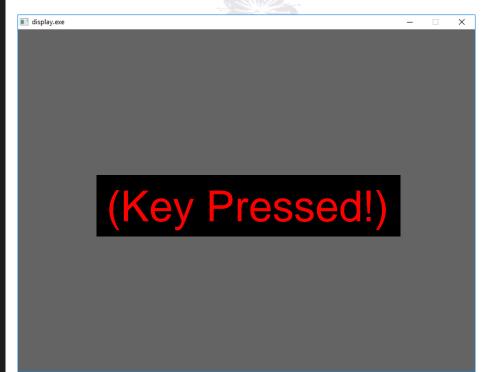


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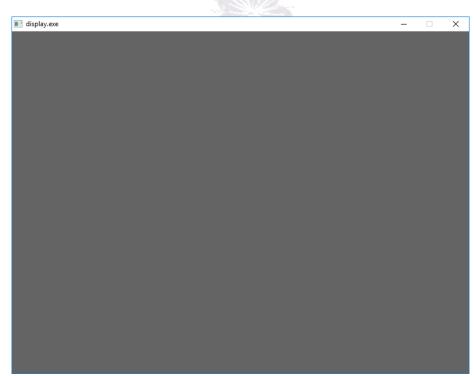


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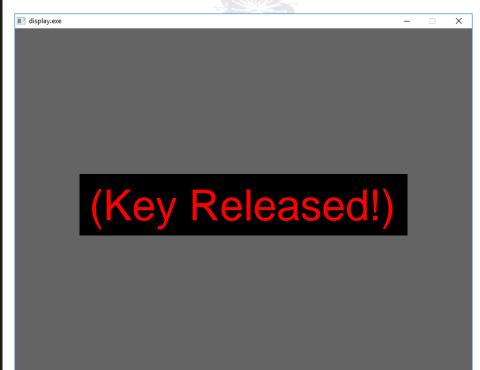


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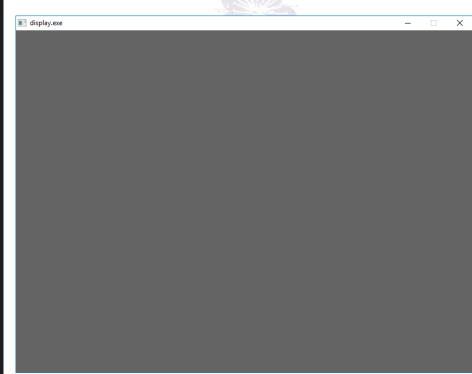


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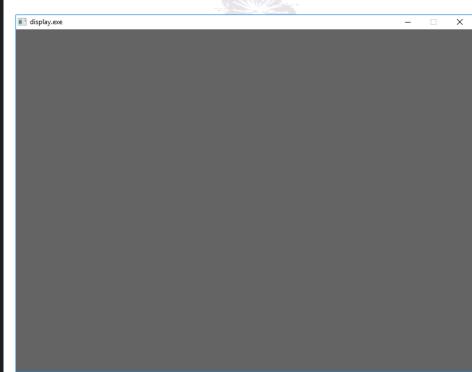


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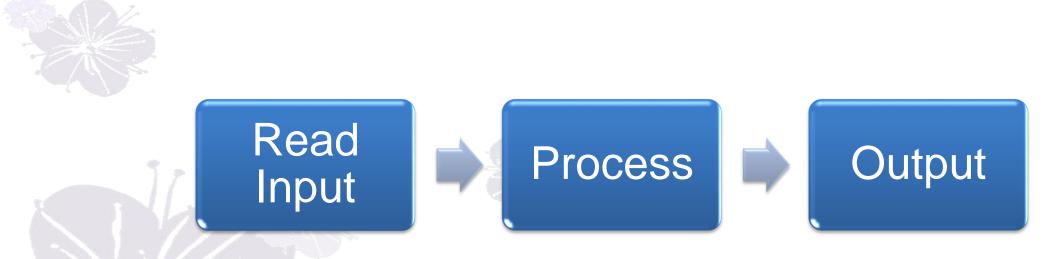
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- References & Tutorials





Program Flow on OJ

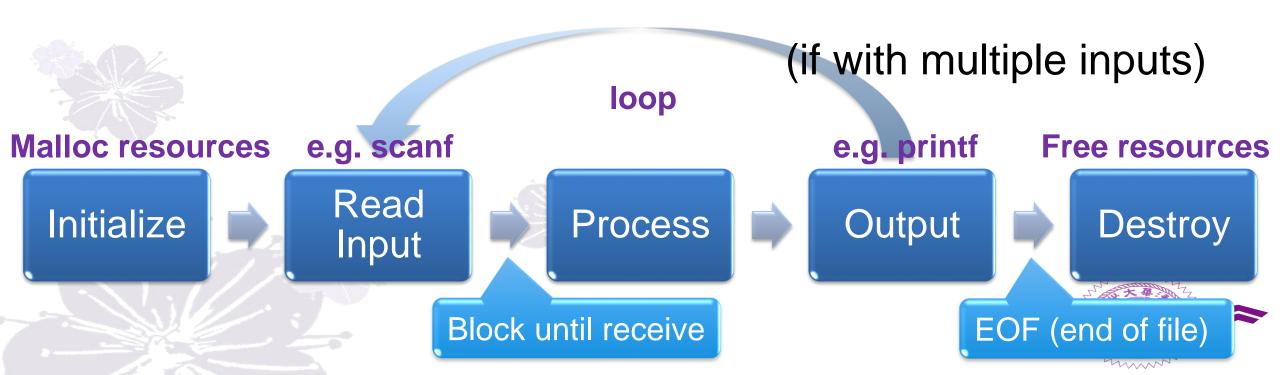
- Your codes are sequential.
 (can only execute code in a specific order)
- Most of your codes on online judges:





Program Flow on OJ

- Your codes are sequential.
 (can only execute code in a specific order)
- Most of your codes on online judges:



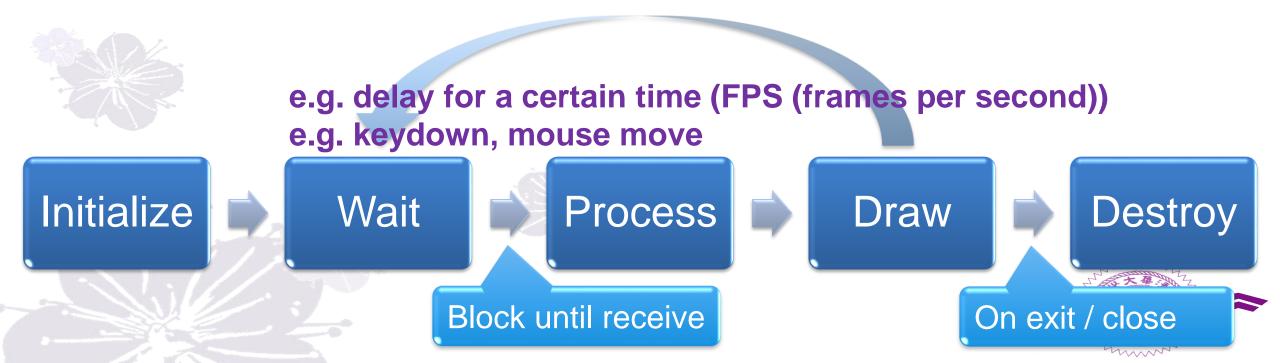
Program Flow on Allegro5

- Your codes are still sequential.
 (can only execute code in a specific order)
- Initialize → ??? → ??? → Draw → Destroy



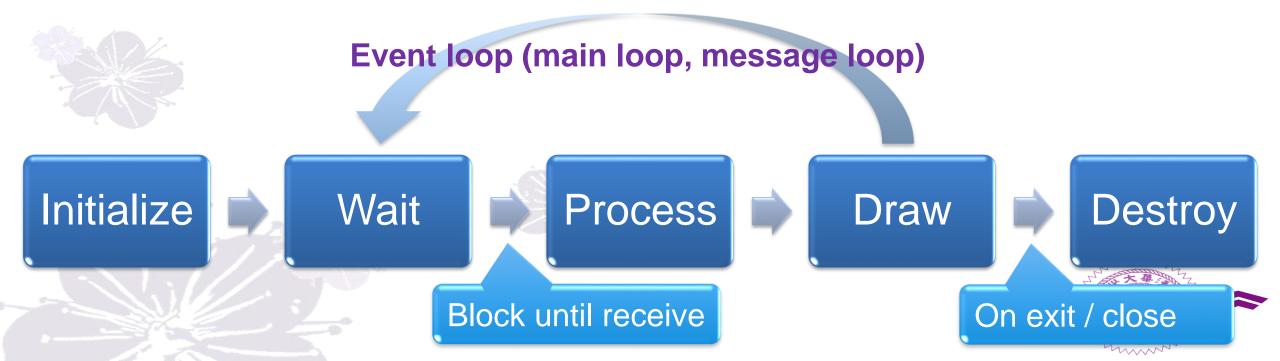
Program Flow on Allegro5

- Your codes are still sequential.
- Initialize → loop (Wait → Process → Draw) → Destroy



Program Flow on Allegro5

- Your codes are still sequential.
- Initialize → loop (Wait → Process → Draw) → Destroy



Special Functions (Recap)

```
    Output
```

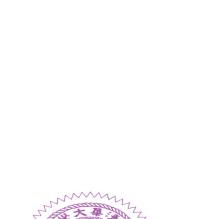
```
- printf(...)
- al_draw_bitmap(...)
```

Delay

```
- Sleep(x * 1000)
- al_rest(x)
```

Input

```
- scanf(...)
- al_wait_for_event(...)
```



Applications: Play Movie



Source: https://www.e-muse.com.tw/property/kimetsu.no Variation / Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Attack_on_Titan

Applications: Play Movie



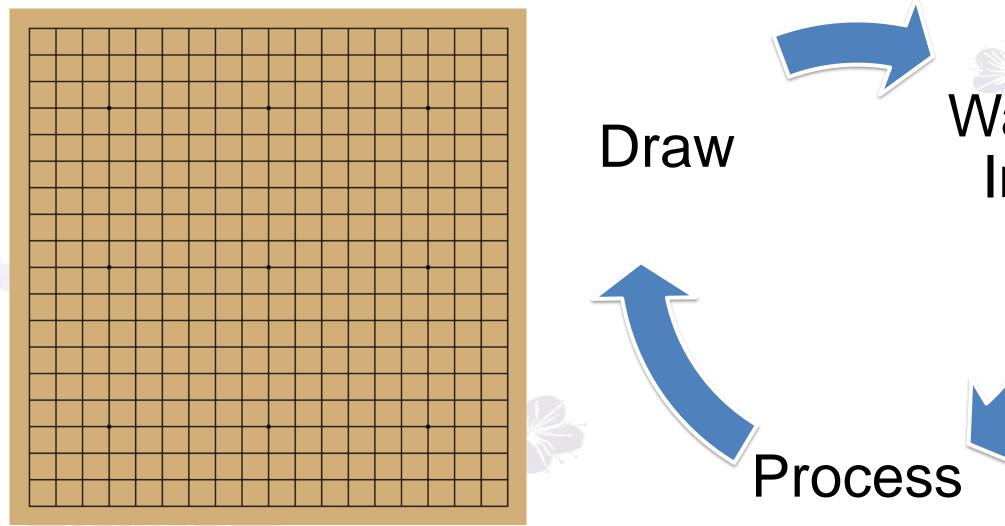


Draw Delay



Source: https://www.e-muse.com.tw/property/kimetsu-no_yaiba/

Applications: Turn-based Game



Wait for Input

Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Go_(game)

Applications: Real-time Game



Source: https://www.mariowiki.com/images/9/9c/NSMBW_World_1-3_Screenshot.png

Applications: Real-time Game

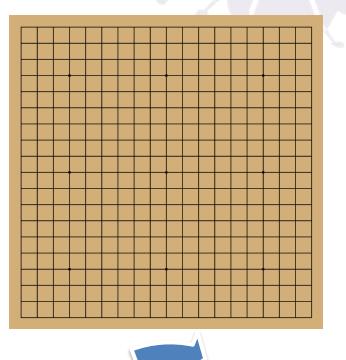


Source: https://www.mariowiki.com/images/9/9c/NSMBW_World_1-3_Screenshot.png

Applications of Special Functions

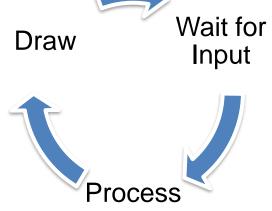








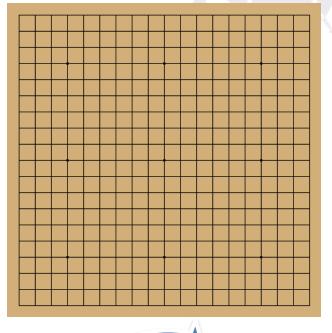


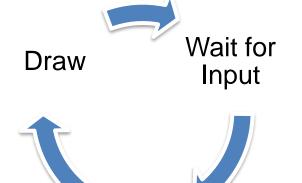


Applications of Special Functions

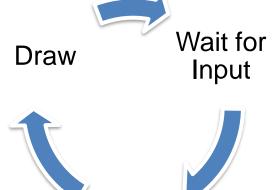








Process



Process

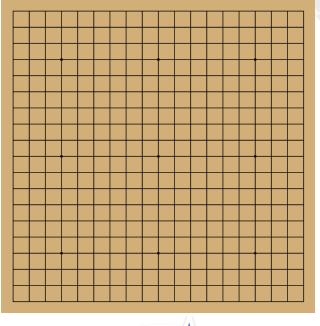




Applications of Special Functions















Draw Delay
Source: https://gfycat.com/pastelpolishedgemsbu

Source: https://www.reddit.com/r/Bongocat/comments/9d3d4o/og_bongo_cat_use_as_template_for_memes_credit/

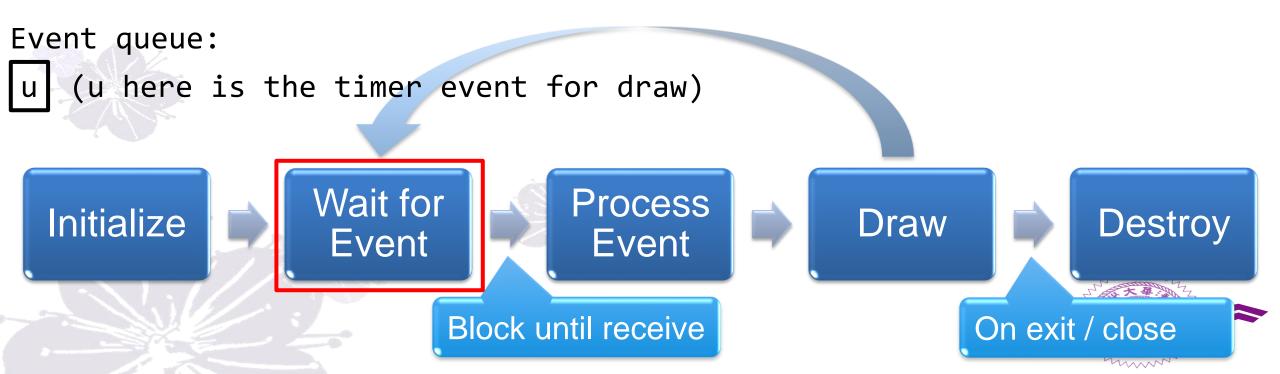
Timers & Event Buffer

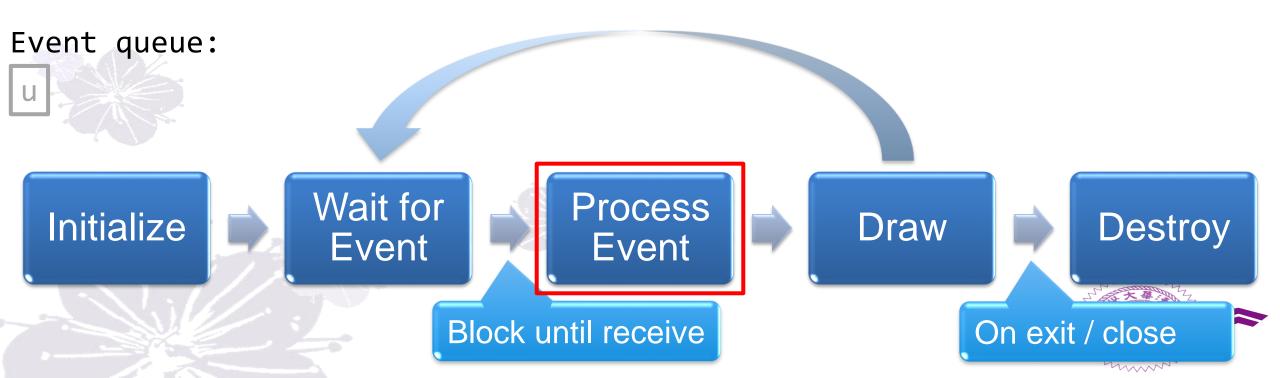
If we have a timer that ticks for every 10ms, and an update display event is send to the queue when the timer ticks.

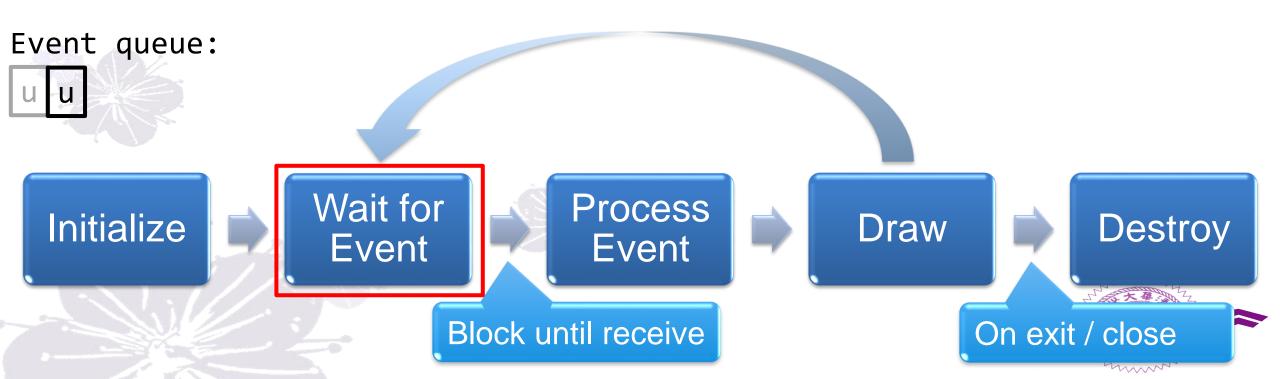
Event queue: Wait for **Process** Initialize Draw Destroy **Event Event** 7 8 × 4 100 7 Block until receive On exit / close

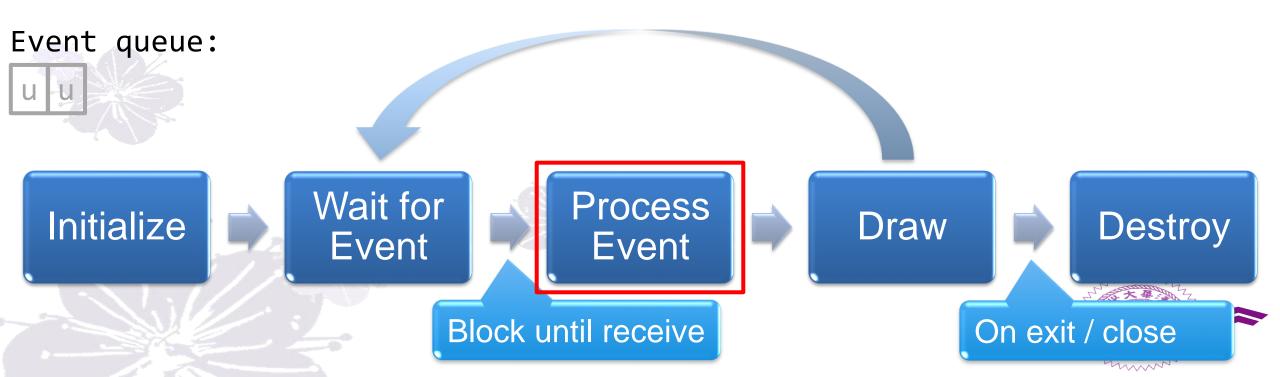
Timers & Event Buffer

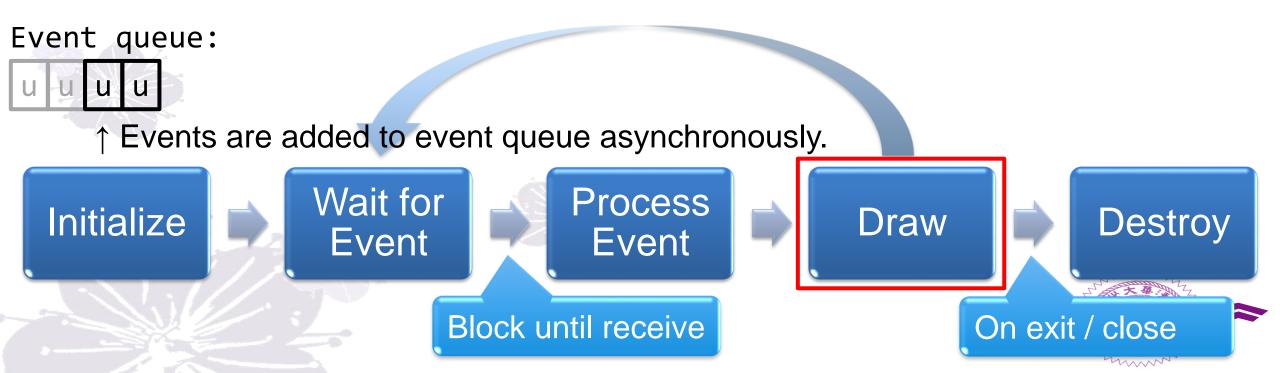
 If we have a timer that ticks for every 10ms, and an update display event is send to the queue when the timer ticks.

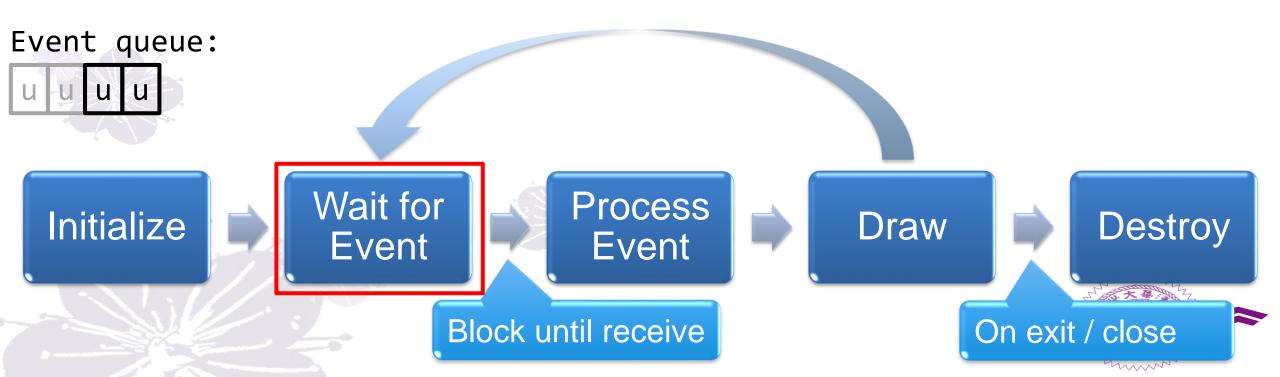


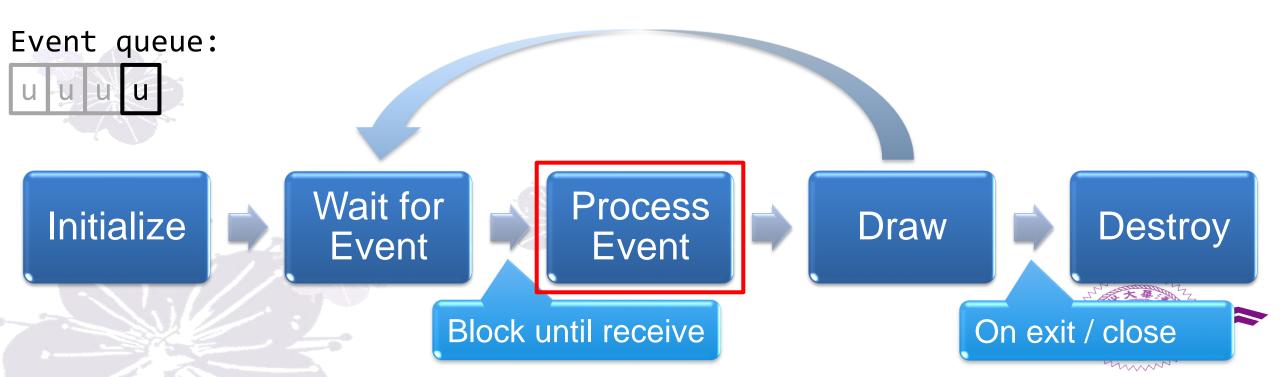


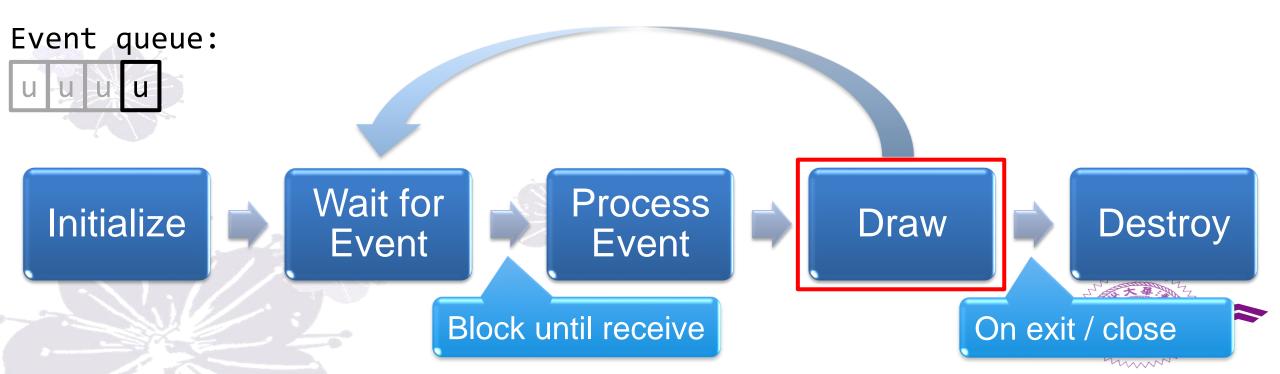


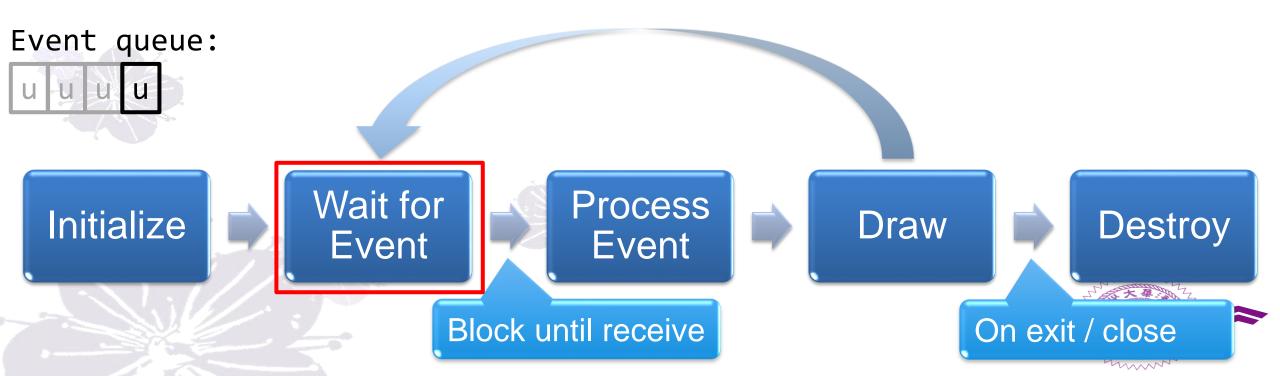


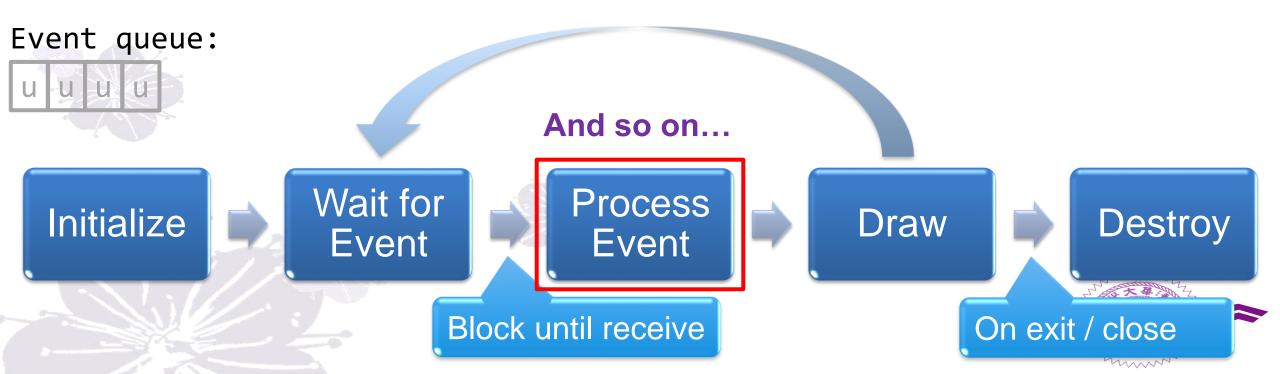






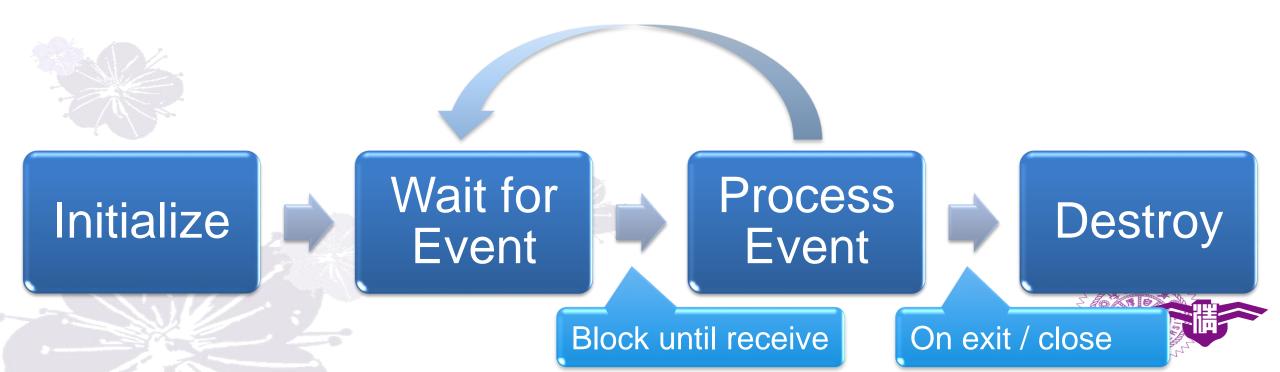




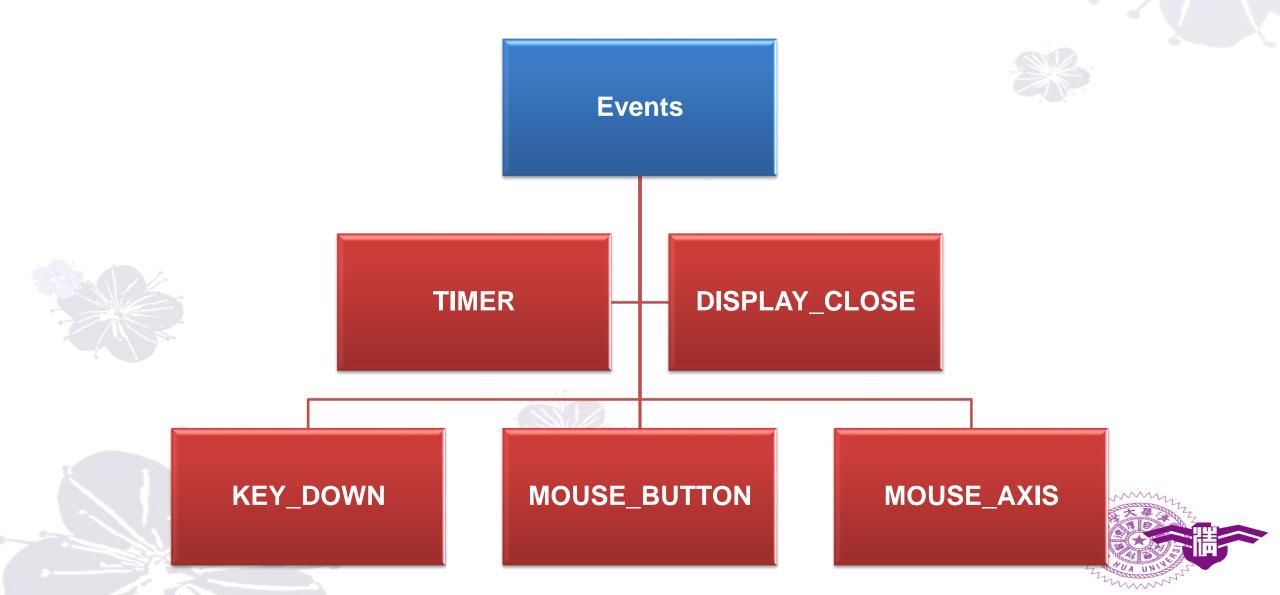


The Generalized Program Flow

Process event including draw, keyboard, mouse, ...



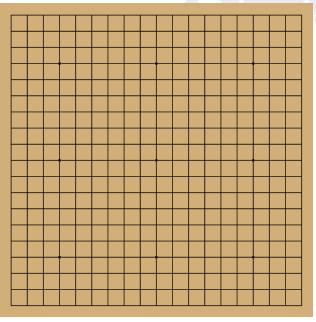
Types of Events

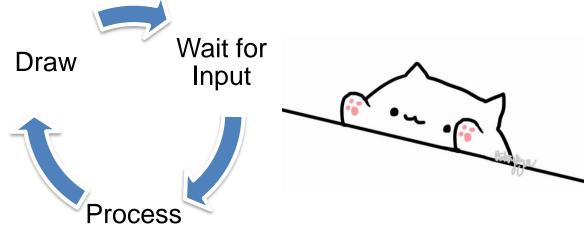


Applications of Special Functions (Recap)











The Generalized Program Flow

Process event including draw, keyboard, mouse, ...

```
Keys pressed: \uparrow \uparrow \downarrow \downarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow B A
Event queue:
                               u \leftarrow u \rightarrow B
                                   Wait for
                                                                  Process
    Initialize
                                                                                                 Destroy
                                                                    Event
                                     Event
                                                                                    On exit / close
                                                    Block until receive
```

```
const int FPS = 30;
ALLEGRO_TIMER* game_update_timer = al_create_timer(1.0f / FPS);
ALLEGRO EVENT QUEUE* game_event_queue = al_create_event_queue();
bool done = false;
ALLEGRO EVENT event;
al_register_event_source(game_event_queue, al_get_timer_event_source(game_update_timer)
al register event source(game event queue, al get keyboard event source());
while (!done) {
    al_wait_for_event(game_event_queue, &event);
    if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_TIMER && event.timer.source == game_update_timer) {
       // Draw to display.
    } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY_DOWN) {
       // Key pressed.
    } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY_UP) {
       // Key released.
    } //...
```

```
const int FPS = 30;
ALLEGRO_TIMER* game_update_timer = al_create_timer(1.0f / FPS);
                                                                  Initialize
ALLEGRO_EVENT_QUEUE* game_event_queue = al_create_event_queue();
                                                                  variables
|bool done = false;
ALLEGRO EVENT event;
al_register_event_source(game_event_queue, al_get_timer_event_source(game_update_timer)
al register event source(game event queue, al get keyboard event source());
while (!done) {
    al_wait_for_event(game_event_queue, &event);
    if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_TIMER && event.timer.source == game_update_timer) {
        // Draw to display.
    } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY_DOWN) {
        // Key pressed.
    } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY_UP) {
        // Key released.
    } //...
```

```
const int FPS = 30;
ALLEGRO_TIMER* game_update_timer = al_create_timer(1.0f / FPS);
ALLEGRO_EVENT_QUEUE* game_event_queue = al_create_event_queue();
bool done = false;
                                                                    Register event sources
ALLEGRO EVENT event;
al_register_event_source(game_event_queue, al_get_timer_event_source(game_update_timer)
al register event source(game event queue, al get keyboard event source());
while (!done) {
    al_wait_for_event(game_event_queue, &event);
    if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_TIMER && event.timer.source == game_update_timer) {
        // Draw to display.
    } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY_DOWN) {
        // Key pressed.
    } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY_UP) {
        // Key released.
    } //...
```

```
const int FPS = 30;
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bool done = false;
ALLEGRO EVENT event;
al_register_event_source(game_event_queue, al_get_timer_event_source(game_update_timer)
al register event source(game event queue, al get keyboard event source());
while (!done) {
                                                                           Main event loop
    al_wait_for_event(game_event_queue, &event);
    if (event.type == ALLEGRO EVENT TIMER && event.timer.source == game update timer) {
        // Draw to display.
    } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO EVENT KEY DOWN) {
       // Key pressed.
    } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY_UP) {
       // Key released.
    } //...
```

```
const int FPS = 30;
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bool done = false;
ALLEGRO EVENT event;
al_register_event_source(game_event_queue, al_get_timer_event_source(game_update_timer)
al register event source(game event queue, al get keyboard event source());
while (!done)
    al_wait_for_event(game_event_queue, &event); Wait for new event
   if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_TIMER && event.timer.source == game_update_timer) {
        // Draw to display.
    } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY_DOWN) {
       // Key pressed.
    } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY_UP) {
       // Key released.
    } //...
```

```
const int FPS = 30;
ALLEGRO_TIMER* game_update_timer = al_create_timer(1.0f / FPS);
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bool done = false;
ALLEGRO EVENT event;
al_register_event_source(game_event_queue, al_get_timer_event_source(game_update_timer)
al_register_event_source(game_event_queue, al_get_keyboard_event_source());
while (!done) {
    al_wait_for_event(game_event_queue, &event);
                                                                           Process Event
   if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_TIMER && event.timer.source == game_update_timer)
       // Draw to display.
   } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY_DOWN) {
       // Key pressed.
    } else if (event.type == ALLEGRO_EVENT_KEY_UP) {
        // Key released.
```

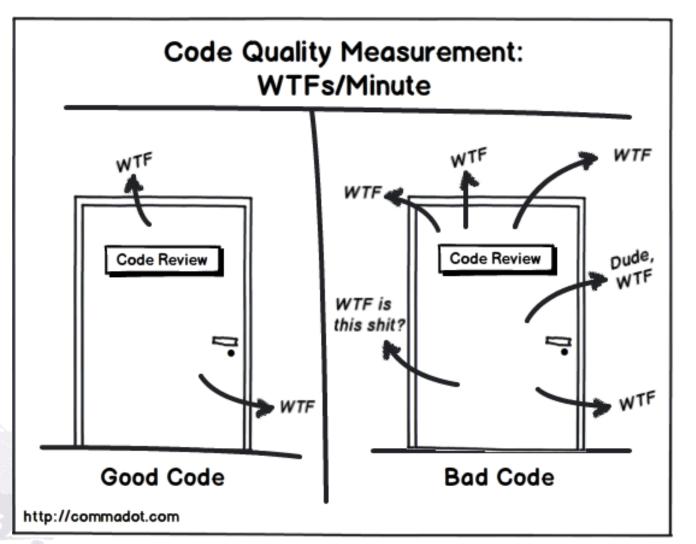
Outline

- Introduction
- Display & draw image
- Events (display, keyboard, mouse)
- The Event Loop
- Tips on debugging
- Exercises
- References & Tutorials





Clean Code = Minimize WTFs/Minute



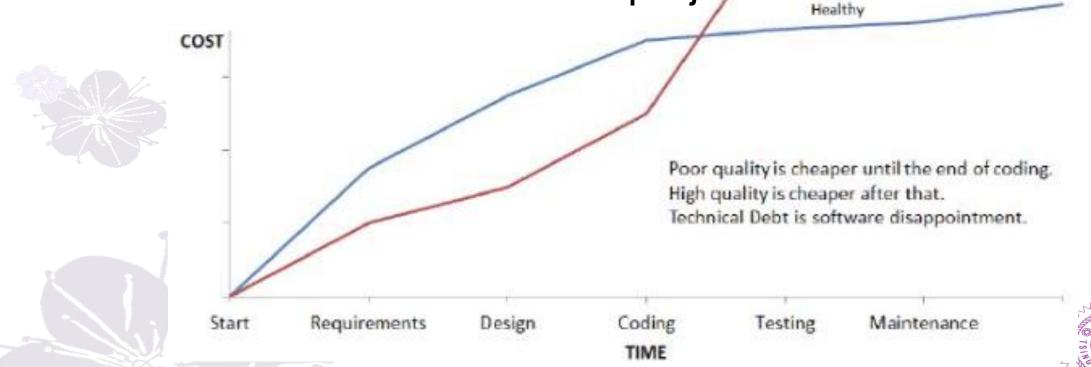


Source: https://commadot.com/wtf-per-minute/

Tips on debugging (Technical Debt)

Using a good coding style may result in slower development at first, but it is much easier to maintain the project.

Technical Debt



Source: http://www.critical-logic.com/services/qa-project-management/

Tips on debugging (Use helper functions to log to files)

- Can be used just like printf. Both functions will automatically add a newline character at the end and save the logs to file for debugging information if the program crashes.
 - game_abort print error message and exit program after 2 secs.
 - game_log print logs.
 - LOG_ENABLED If not defined, game_abort and game_log won't do anything.
 #define LOG_ENABLED

```
void game_abort(const char* format, ...)
void game_log(const char* format, ...)
```

Tips on debugging (Log important events or states)

Use game_log every once a while. (kind of like a checkpoint)

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    allegro5 init();
    game log("Allegro5 initialized");
    game log("Game begin");
   game init();
    game log("Game initialized");
    game draw(); // Draw the first frame.
    game log("Game start event processing loop");
    game process event loop(); // This call blocks until the game is finished.
    game log("Game end");
    game destroy();
    return 0;
```

Tips on debugging (Always check the return value)

- Check return value of functions and log if they failed. e.g.
 - malloc returns NULL if failed.
 - al_init, al_init_image_addon, ... returns false if failed.
 - al_load_bitmap returns NULL if failed.
 - maybe file doesn't exist, image addon is not initialized, ...
- See the API references for all function calls

```
if (!al_init())
   game_abort("failed to initialize allegro");
```

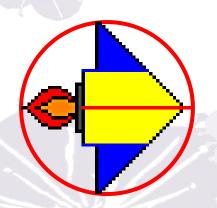


Tips on debugging (Freeing the resources)

- Free resources that will not be used to avoid memory leaks.
 - malloc vs. free
 - al_load_bitmap vs. al_destroy_bitmap
- Free the resources when
 - the resources will never be used again, or
 - the program enters another state and the resource will only be used again after some time.
 - the program ends.
- Not necessary on most cases but highly recommended.
 letting the OS being able to allocate the block of memory to some other processes.

Tips on debugging (Mark areas by primitive shapes)

- For character hitbox or mouse interaction, we will use collision detection frequently. Draw some primitive shapes above the character's image to indicate the region.
- When releasing the game, just comment out the definition of LOG_ENABLED, then the primitives will not be drawn.



```
#define LOG_ENABLED
#ifdef LOG_ENABLED
// Draw primitive shapes to indicate the
// hitbox or collision area of the objects.
#endif
```



Tips on debugging (Declare constant variables)

• If some constant number is kept begin used, declare it as a constant variable for better maintenance.

```
const int FPS = 30;
const int SCREEN_W = 800;
const int SCREEN_H = 600;
const int BULLET_MAX = 100;
```





Tips on debugging (Make duplicate codes into functions)

- e.g., when loading bitmap, there are many duplicated codes.
 - If failed to load bitmap, output failed message and abort.
 - If success, log the success action.

```
// Load bitmap and check if failed.
ALLEGRO_BITMAP* load_bitmap(const char* filename) {
   ALLEGRO_BITMAP* bmp = al_load_bitmap(filename);
   if (bmp == NULL)
      game_abort("failed to load image: %s", filename);
   else
      game_log("loaded image: %s", filename);
   return bmp;
}
```

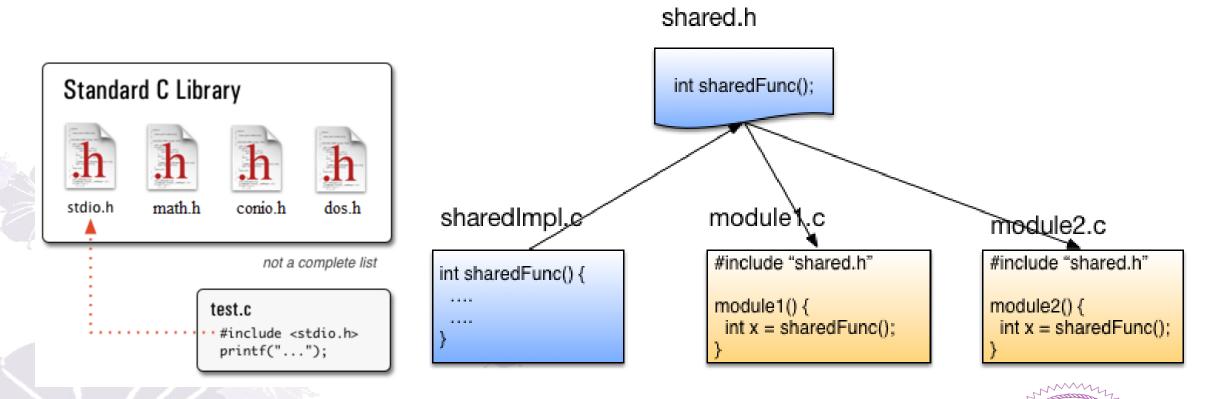
Tips on debugging (Make repeat variable groups into struct)

- e.g., objects (both self & enemy & bullets) will usually have the same variable groups.
 - The x, y coordinates on the display.
 - The velocity vx, vy for updating x, y coordinates.
 - Width and height of the object.
 (AABB box collision)
 - Image for drawing the object.
 - More...

```
typedef struct {
    float x, y;
    float vx, vy;
    float w, h;
    ALLEGRO_BITMAP* img;
} Object;
Object hero, enemy, bullets[BULLET_MAX];
```

Tips on debugging (Store source codes in different files)

Header (*.h), Source code (*.c)



Source: <a href="https://www.quora.com/What-is-a-header-file-and-its-use-in-C-program-Also-tell-me-what-does-function-mean-does

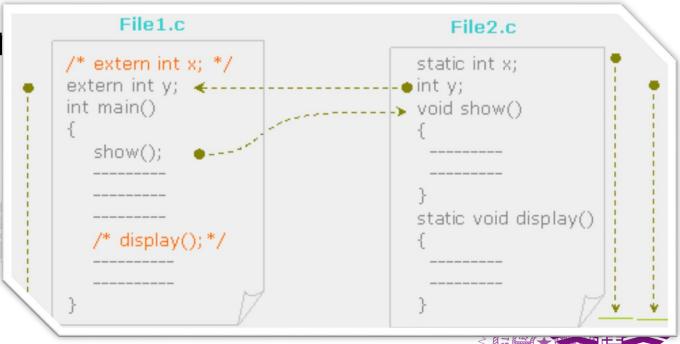
in-c-programming

Source: http://hanxue-it.blogspot.com/2014/04/why-include-cc-implementation-code-in.html

Tips on debugging (Store source codes in different files)

• Extern in (*.h), make variables exposed to other files that includes the (*.h) file.

• Static in (*.c), only visible within the file. Variables of functions with the same name but in different files are considered different.



Tips on debugging (Recap)

- Maintain logs
- Check return values
- Free resources
- Mark areas by primitive shapes
- Constant variables
- Functions
- Structs
- Files





Outline

- Introduction
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Exercises

Practice only

- Exercise 1 Blank window.
- Exercise 2 Draw images and texts.
- Exercise 3 Implement event loop and quit when the close button is clicked.
- Exercise 4 Using keyboard.
- Exercise 5 Using mouse.



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References

- Allegro 5 Wiki

 https://www.allegro.cc/manual/5/

 https://wiki.allegro.cc/index.php?title=Allegro_5_API_Tuto

 rials
- Allegro 5 reference manual https://liballeg.org/a5docs/trunk/
- Allegro5 examples on GitHub https://github.com/liballeg/allegro5/tree/master/examples



Tutorials

- C++ Allegro 5 Made Easy
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IZ2krJ8Ls2A&list=PL6
 B459AAE1642C8B4
- 2D Game Development Course <u>http://fixbyproximity.com/2d-game-development-course/</u>
- Allegro Game Library Tutorial Series
 https://www.gamefromscratch.com/page/Allegro-Tutorial-Series.aspx



Recap

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Questions?

- If you have any question about Allegro5/Final Project
- 1. You can refer to Frequently Asked Questions: https://github.com/j3soon/Allegro5Template
- 2. Ask TAs by commenting at: https://introduction-to-programming.github.io/allegro5/

