

BitTorrent :- (Probability of common chunks)

$$P(B \text{ has all the client Alice has}) = \frac{C(N-n_a, n_b-n_a)}{C(N, n_b)}$$

$$N=10, n_a=3, n_b=5$$

$n_b \rightarrow$ fixed equal or greater

$$C(7, 2)$$

$$C(10, 5)$$

Type 2 when n value is in range -

alice $\sum_{n=1}^b \sum_{\text{Bob gets list}} f_n \rightarrow$
 - 61% chunks in 1m 1

$$P_{n_b} = \sum_{\substack{n=1 \\ n_b=n_a}}^N \frac{1}{N} \frac{C(N-n_a, n_b-n_a)}{C(N, n_b)}$$

weight / prior probability

$$N=5, n_a=2 \quad n_b=2, 3, 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(2) &= \frac{1}{5} \left[\frac{C(3, 0)}{C(5, 2)} + \frac{C(3, 1)}{C(5, 3)} + \frac{C(3, 2)}{C(5, 4)} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{5} (\text{Ans}) \end{aligned}$$

$P(2) = \text{Ans} \rightarrow$ This is the probability that Bob have all the chunks of Alice -

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$$P_{failure} = \left(\sum_{na=0}^N \frac{1}{N} P(na) \right)^5$$

Failure case arise
has 1 chunk in
which its neighbors are
interseeted

$$P_{success} = 1 - P_{failure}$$

CDN's Content distribution networks :-