

1. Goal

The goal of this lesson is to give you a quick-start to start using the new validation functionality in the Bean Validation 2 spec.

2. Lesson Notes

The relevant module you need to import when you're starting with this lesson is : [m12-lesson1-start](#)

If you want to skip and see the complete implementation, feel free to jump ahead and import: [m12-lesson1](#)

The [Bean Validation 2.0](#) spec was introduced with [JSR 380](#) and has [Hibernate Validator](#) as its reference implementation.

If you're using Spring Boot in your project, you should already have the necessary dependencies on your classpath. Otherwise, you can simply include the *hibernate-validator* dependency manually.

2.1. Container Elements Validations

We're going to be working in the User entity - let's add a simple field, holding email addresses:

```
@Column
```

```
@ElementCollection
```

```
private Set<String> alternativeEmailAddresses;
```

And now let's use the new style of annotation:

```
private Set<@Email String> alternativeEmailAddresses;
```

Now, we can use PostMan and try to create a new User Resource - with an invalid email address:

// M12-L1 - 1 - Container Elements Validations 1

Naturally, we get back the 400 Bad Request, with a clear and helpful error message:

alternativeEmailAddresses - must be a well-formed email address

Next, if we fix the email address problem and send the request again:

// M12-L1 - 2 - Container Elements Validations 2 request

We get back the *201 Created* - as expected.

2.2. Date Validations

Here are the core new annotations:

- *@PastOrPresent*
- *@FutureOrPresent*
- *@Past*
- *@Future*

Let's start by adding a *dateOfBirth* attribute in our User entity:

@Temporal(value = TemporalType.DATE)

@Column

private Date dateOfBirth;

Naturally, the date of birth cannot be in the future. Let's define the new, simple validation:

@PastOrPresent

When we try to create a user - with an invalid date of birth (in the future):

```
// M12-L1 - 3 - Date Validation 1
```

We simply get a helpful, to-the-point error message:

dateOfBirth - must be a date in the past or in the present

When we fix the problem:

```
// M12-L1 - 4 - Date Validation 2
```

We get back the expected *201 Created*.

2.3. Other Validations

Beyond just the date-specific new functionality, we also get a number of other interesting and useful validation annotations:

- *@NotEmpty*
- *@NotBlank*
- *@Positive*
- *@PositiveOrZero*
- *@Negative*
- *@NegativeOrZero*

Let's start by removing the *dateOfBirth* field we introduced, and replacing it with a simple *age*:

@Column

private Long age;

Now, we can use this simple numerical validation:

@Positive

And, we can easily see this work, by trying to create a user with an invalid (negative) age:

// M12-L1 - 5 - Other Validations 1

We get the *400 Bad Request* back, along with a simple but helpful error message:

age - must be greater than 0

Once we fix the problem and try the operation again:

// M12-L1 - 6 - Other Validations 2

We get back the *201 Created*.

2.4. Optional Validation

Finally, Bean Validation 2.0 supports validation on Java 8 Optional types, including:

- *java.util.Optional*
- *java.util.OptionalInt*
- *java.util.OptionalDouble*
- *java.util.OptionalLong*

We're going to use *java.util.Optional* here.

And, since we don't want to have an *Optional* in our entity, we're going to use a DTO here.

In our UserDTO, we have an age, define as an Optional<Long> - and we're now using the *@Positive* annotation:

```
Optional<@Positive Long> age
```

In the UserController, we have the new *create* operation prepared and ready to go.

And, finally, we can try out the incorrect operation in PostMan:

```
// M12-L1 - 7 - Optional Validation 1
```

And we get the expected, helpful error message:

```
age - must be greater than 0
```

And, with a correct operation:

```
// M12-L1 - 8 - Optional Validation 2
```

We naturally get back the *201 Created*.

3. Resources

- Validating Container Elements with Bean Validation 2.0