

Aflevering 1 NGK

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Gruppe nr. 18

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Indhold

Øvelse 3	3
Øvelse 4	15
Øvelse 5	28
Øvelse 6	30
Øvelse 7	32



Formålet med øvelsen er at anvende Wireshark til analyse af netværksfunktionalitet og at undersøge DNS-protokollens funktionalitet.

DNS

1. Undersøg vha. Wireshark hvilke DNS-telegrammer der initielt genereres når en hjemmeside (www.au.dk) tilgås fra en webbrowser (fokuser på A telegrammerne). Forklar hvad der sker?

Først foretages en DNS-forespørgsel (Query) til en DNS-server. Da vi kun fokuserer på A telegrammerne betyder det at vi beder om en IPv4-adresse. DNS-serveren returnerer et svar som indeholder IPv4-addressen, der svarer til www.au.dk (som vi bruger i denne øvelse). IP-addressen bruges til at sende en http-forespørgsel til serveren, hvor selve hjemmesiden hentes.



1.1 Hvilken information indeholder "Queries" feltet i DNS query telegrammet (dokumenter med Wireshark)?

Vi åbner "Queries" feltet i DNS telegrammet for A www.au.dk:

```
Protocol Length Info
                                      Source
                                                                          Destination
            4 1.657254662
                                      2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:... 2a13:2547:303::10
                                                                                                                                100 Standard query 0x33ff HTTPS www.au.dk OPT
                                                                                                              DNS
                                                                                                                                100 Standard query 0xc44a AAAA www.au.dk OPT
           6 1.658421590
                                      2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:... 2a13:2547:303::10
                                                                                                              DNS
                                                                                                                               157 Standard query response 0x33ff HTTPS www.au.dk
           7 1.675960577
                                    2a13:2547:303::10
                                                                          2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:... DNS
Frame 5: 100 bytes on wire (800 bits), 100 bytes captured (800 bits) on interface eth1, id 0

Ethernet II, Src: VMware_fc:28:b0 (00:0c:29:fc:28:b0), Dst: ARRISGroup_c6:0a:d7 (70:df:f7:c6:0a:d7)

Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: 2a13:2540:1e3:6b00::466a, Dst: 2a13:2547:303::10

User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 38062, Dst Port: 53

Domain Name System (query)

Transaction ID: 0x3f3b

Flags: 0x0100 Standard query

Ouestions: 1
        Questions: 1
        Answer RRs: 0
Authority RRs: 0
         Additional RRs: 1
        Queries
             www.au.dk: type A, class IN
                  Name: www.au.dk
[Name Length: 9]
[Label Count: 3]
    Type: A (1) (Host Address)
Class: IN (0x0001)
Additional records
        [Response In: 9]
```

Figur 1 DNS query telegrammet i wireshark

Queries for www.au.dk indeholder

- Domænets navn: www.au.dk

- Hvor mange symboler der er i navnet: 9 (inklusiv punktum)

- Antal dele i navnet: 3 (www, au, dk)

- Typen: A (IPv4)

Klasse: IN = internet



1.2 Hvilken Destination Port har telegrammet (dokumenter med Wireshark)?

Destination Port'en findes under User Datagram Protocol:

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
	4 1.657254662	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	2a13:2547:303::10	DNS	100 Standard query 0x33ff HTTPS www.au.dk OPT
	5 1.657771451	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	2a13:2547:303::10	DNS	100 Standard query 0x3f3b A www.au.dk OPT
	6 1.658421590	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	2a13:2547:303::10	DNS	100 Standard query 0xc44a AAAA www.au.dk OPT
1	7 1.675960577	2a13:2547:303::10	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	DNS	157 Standard query response 0x33ff HTTPS www.au.dk
4					
>	Ethernet II, Src: VI Internet Protocol Ve	Mware_fc:28:b0 (06:0c ersion 6, Src: 2a13:2: col, Src Port: 38062, 52 : 53 [unverified] : Unverified]	:29:fc:28:b0), Dst: AF 540:1e3:6b00::466a, Ds	RRISGróu	on interface eth1, id 0 up_c6:0a:d7 (70:df:f7:c6:0a:d7) 3:2547:303::10
+	UDP payload (38 b Domain Name System (

Figur 2 Destination port for <u>www.au.dk</u> i wireshark

Telegrammet har destination port 53.



DNS Query Response:

1.3 Hvilken information indeholder "Answers" feltet i DNS query response telegrammet, og hvad betyder det (dokumenter med Wireshark)?

Vi vælger respons telegrammet:

```
Time
4 1.657254662
                                            Source
2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:
                                                                                   Destination
2a13:2547:303::10
                                                                                                                                              ngth info

100 Standard query 0x33ff HTTPS www.au.dk 0PT

100 Standard query 0x3f3b A www.au.dk 0PT

100 Standard query 0xc44a AAAA www.au.dk 0PT

157 Standard query response 0x33ff HTTPS www.au.dk SOA infobloxgm3.au.dk 0PT

157 Standard query response 0x348h A AAAA www.au.dk SOA infobloxgm3.au.dk 0PT
                                                                                                                            DNS
                                           2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:...
2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:...
2a13:2547:303::10
2a13:2547:303::10
             5 1 657771451
                                                                                   2a13:2547:303::10
                                                                                                                           DNS
              6 1.658421590
7 1.675960577
8 1.677379828
                                                                                   2a13:2547:303::10
2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:
2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:
                                                                                                                           DNS
DNS
DNS
                                                                                                                                                105 Standard query 0x490c A e5.o.lencr.org OPT
                                           2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:... 2a13:2547:303::10
Additional RRs: 1
Queries
Answers
- Mww.au.dk: type A, class IN, addr 185.45.20.48
Name: www.au.dk
Type: A (1) (Host Address)
Class: IN (0x0001)
Time to live: 120 (2 minutes)
Data length: 4
Address: 185.45.20.48
      Additional records
          [Request In: 5]
[Time: 0.029573704 seconds]
```

Figur 3 - DNS respons telegram

Answers indeholder

- Navn på domænet: www.au.dk

- Typen: A (IPv4)

Klasse: IN = Internet

- Den tidsinterval informationen lagres på siden før den glemmes/opdateres.

Data længde: 4

- IP-adressen for www.au.dk, som er 185.45.20.48



1.4 Hvilken Source Port har telegrammet (dokumenter med Wireshark)?

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info					
	4 1.657254662	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	2a13:2547:303::10	DNS				HTTPS www.au.dk 0	PT		
*	5 1.657771451	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	2a13:2547:303::10	DNS				A www.au.dk OPT			
	6 1.658421590	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:		DNS				AAAA www.au.dk OP			
1	7 1.675960577	2a13:2547:303::10	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	DNS	157	Standard quer	y respons	se 0x33ff HTTPS ww	w.au.dk		
4											
→ F	rame 5: 100 bytes o	on wire (800 bits), 1	00 bytes captured (800	bits)	on inte	erface eth1, i	d 0				
			:29:fc:28:b0), Dst: AF					')			
→ I	nternet Protocol Ve	ersion 6, Src: 2a13:2	540:1e3:6b00::466a, Ds	st: 2a13	:2547:3	303::10					
→ U	ser Datagram Protoc	col, Src Port: 38062,	Dst Port: 53								
	Source Port: 3806	62									
	Destination Port:	: 53									
	Length: 46										
	Checksum: 0x554d										
	[Checksum Status:										
	[Stream index: 1]										
+	[Timestamps]										
	UDP payload (38 b										
▶ D	omain Name System ((query)									

Figur 4 Source Port for <u>www.au.dk</u> DNS telegram

Telegrammet har source port 56161.

1.5 Generes der yderligere DNS-opslag fra selve hjemmesiden efter det initielle DNS-opslag (indsæt oversigt over DNS-telegrammer – max et screen dump fra Wireshark)?

Vi filtrerer, så vi kun ser DNS telegrammer:

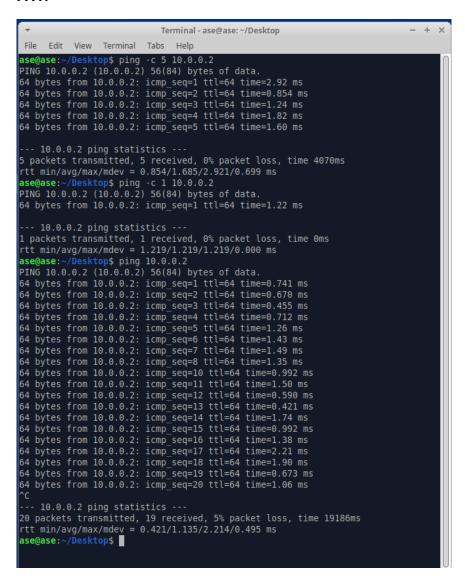
Figur 5 - Samtlige DNS telegrammer

Ja, au.dk fremgår på adskillige linjer efterfølgende.



Delay

2. Mål den tid der går fra en ping kommando startes i H1 til ping-respons fra H2 modtages i H1.



Figur 6 - Terminal med ping kommando

5 ping:	1 ping:	19 ping:
Min = 0,854 ms	Min = 1,219 ms	Min = 0,421 ms
Avg = 1,685 ms	Avg = 1,219 ms	Avg = 1,135 ms
Max = 2,921 ms	Max = 1,219 ms	Max = 2,214 ms
Mdev = 0,699 ms	Mdev = 0,000 ms	Mdev = 0,495 ms



3. Mål minimum-/maksimum-/gennemsnits-forsinkelsestider og standardafvigelsen for 10 på hinanden følgende ping-kommandoer, udført som i punkt 2.

```
ase@ase:~/Desktop$ ping -c 10 10.0.0.2

PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=1.43 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=2.38 ms

(64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.749 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=2.34 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=1.38 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=1.38 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=1.88 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=1.73 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=10 ttl=64 time=1.73 ms

--- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---

10 packets transmitted, 9 received, 10% packet loss, time 9040ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.732/1.499/2.377/0.600 ms
```

Figur 7 - 10 ping vist I terminalen

Min = 0,732 ms

Avg = 1,499 ms

 $Max = 2,377 \, ms$

Mdev = 0,600 ms

I de følgende punkter skal der måles den tidsforsinkelse der opstår, når den virtuelle maskine via eth0 kommunikerer med en server, som er placeret et sted på internettet.

4. Mål den tid der går fra kommandoen ping –c 1 www.google.dk startes i H1 til pingrespons fra web-serveren www.google.dk modtages i H1.

```
ase@ase:~/Desktop$ ping -c 1 www.google.dk
PING www.google.dk (142.251.39.99) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=1 ttl=128 time=20.5 ms
--- www.google.dk ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 20.549/20.549/20.549/0.000 ms
ase@ase:~/Desktop$
```

Figur 8 - enkelt ping på <u>www.google.dk</u> i terminalen

 $Min = 20,549 \, ms$

Avg = 20,549 ms

 $Max = 20,549 \, ms$

Mdev = 0,000 ms



5. Mål minimum-/maksimum-/gennemsnits-forsinkelsestider og standardafvigelsen for 10 på hinanden følgende ping-kommandoer, der tester www.google.dk

```
ase@ase:~/Desktop$ ping -c 10 www.google.dk

PING www.google.dk (142.251.39.99) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=1 ttl=128 time=21.4 ms

64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 time=20.8 ms

64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=3 ttl=128 time=21.3 ms

64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=4 ttl=128 time=22.6 ms

64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=5 ttl=128 time=21.9 ms

64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=6 ttl=128 time=23.3 ms

64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=7 ttl=128 time=22.2 ms

64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=8 ttl=128 time=23.1 ms

64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=9 ttl=128 time=23.3 ms

64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=9 ttl=128 time=23.3 ms

64 bytes from ams15s48-in-f3.le100.net (142.251.39.99): icmp_seq=10 ttl=128 time=20.9 ms

--- www.google.dk ping statistics ---

10 packets transmitted, 10 received, 0% packet loss, time 9017ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 20.845/22.077/23.331/0.913 ms

ase@ase:~/Desktop$

■
```

Figur 9 - 10 ping på www.google.dk

 $Min = 20,845 \, ms$

Avg = 22,077 ms

 $Max = 23,331 \, ms$

 $Mdev = 0,913 \, ms$



6. Anvend Wireshark til måling af tidsforsinkelsen til www.au.dk (Bemærk: www.au.dk understøtter ping respons, men måling af responstiden SKAL foregå med Wireshark i dette punkt ved at analysere SYN / SYN-ACK). Anvend din Web Browser i H1 som klient.

Vi beregner RTT ved at se på tidsforsinkelsen mellem hvornår en SYN-pakke bliver sendt fra klienten og serveren svarer med en SYN-ACK-pakke:

~				*eth0						
<u>F</u> ile	<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>View G</u> o <u>Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony <u>W</u>ireless <u>T</u>ools <u>H</u>elp</u>									
			→ → →							
Image: Control of the	tcp									
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol Length Info						
г	11 0.053973776	192.168.125.128	185.45.20.48	TCP 74 60788 - 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=32120 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=401773281 TSecr=0 WS=128						
	12 0.054222361	192.168.125.128	185.45.20.48	TCP 74 60802 - 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=32120 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=401773282 TSecr=0 WS=128						
	13 0.080810247	185.45.20.48	192.168.125.128	TCP 60 443 - 60788 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460						
	14 0.080858650	192.168.125.128	185.45.20.48	TCP 54 60788 - 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=32120 Len=0						
	15 0.082190428	192.168.125.128	185.45.20.48	TLSv1.3 1948 Client Hello (SNÏ=www.au.dk)						
	16 0.082728553	185.45.20.48	192.168.125.128	TCP 60 443 → 60788 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1461 Win=64240 Len=0						
	17 0.082728831	185.45.20.48	192.168.125.128	TCP 60 443 - 60788 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1895 Win=64240 Len=0						
1	18 0.083981030	185.45.20.48	192.168.125.128	TCP 60 443 - 60802 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460						
	19 0.084006158	192.168.125.128	185.45.20.48	TCP 54 60802 - 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=32120 Len=0						
	20 0.084590321	192.168.125.128	185.45.20.48	TLSv1.3 1948 Client Hello (SNÏ=www.au.dk)						
	21 0.085001236	185.45.20.48	192.168.125.128	TCP 60 443 → 60802 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1461 Win=64240 Len=0						
	22 0.085001296	185.45.20.48	192.168.125.128	TCP 60 443 - 60802 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1895 Win=64240 Len=0						
	23 0.142259570	185.45.20.48	192.168.125.128	TLSv1.3 2852 Server Hello, Change Cipher Spec, Application Data						
	24 0.142260153	185.45.20.48	192.168.125.128	TLSv1.3 1712 Application Data, Application Data, Application Data, Application Data						
	25 0.142343931	192.168.125.128	185.45.20.48	TCP 54 60788 - 443 [ACK] Seq=1895 Ack=2799 Win=30660 Len=0						
	26 0.142422433	192.168.125.128	185.45.20.48	TCP 54 60788 - 443 [ACK] Seq=1895 Ack=4457 Win=30660 Len=0						
	29 0.210744845	185.45.20.48	192.168.125.128	TLSv1.3 4510 Server Hello, Change Cipher Spec, Application Data, Application Data, Application Data, Application Data,						
	30 0.210797057	192.168.125.128	185.45.20.48	TCP 54 60802 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1895 Ack=4457 Win=30660 Len=0						

Figur 10 - TCP pakker i wireshark med fokus på SYN / SYN-ACK

Tiden for den første SYN-pakke: 0,053973776 sekunder

Tiden for SYN-ACK pakken: 0,080810247 sekunder

Vi beregner RTT:

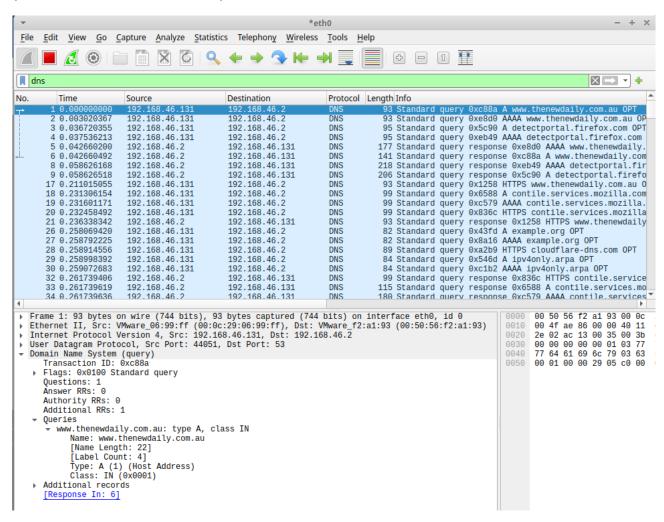
0,080810247 - 0,053973776 = 0,02683647 sekunder



7. Udvælg en australsk web-server og undersøg vha. Wireshark DNS-opslag for denne server. Dokumenter med Wireshark.

Vi har valgt www.thenewdaily.com.au

7.1 Hvilken information indeholder "Queries" feltet i DNS query telegrammet (dokumenter med Wireshark)?



Figur 11 - DNS pakker for australsk hjemmeside

- Hjemmesidens navn: www.thenewdaily.com.au
- Hvor mange symboler der er i navnet: 22 (inklusiv punktum)
- Antal dele i navnet: 4 (www, thenewdaily, com, au)
- Typen: A (IPv4)
- Klasse: IN = internet



7.2 Hvilken information indeholder "Answers" feltet i DNS query response telegrammet, og hvad betyder det (dokumenter med Wireshark)?

```
→ Answers

→ www.thenewdaily.com.au: type A, class IN, addr 104.26.6.91

→ www.thenewdaily.com.au: type A, class IN, addr 104.26.7.91

→ www.thenewdaily.com.au: type A, class IN, addr 172.67.69.42

→ Additional records
```

Figur 12 - Answer felt i DNS query response telegrammet

Answers indeholder samtlige IP-adresser for domænet.

7.3 Hvilken ip-adresse har den australske server (dokumenter med Wireshark)?

IP-adresserne fremgår i forrige screenshot.

IP-adresserne er:

104.26.6.91

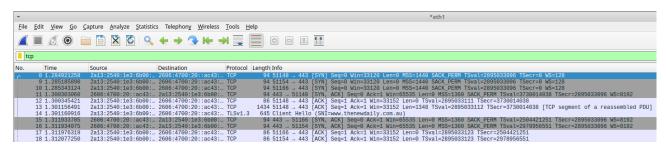
104.26.7.91

172.67.69.42



8. Anvend Wireshark til måling af responstiden til den australske server fra pkt. 7. Anvend din Web Browser i H1 som klient. Måling af responstiden SKAL foregå med Wireshark i dette punkt ved at analysere SYN / SYN-ACK.

Vi skal igen beregne RTT ved at se på tidsforsinkelsen mellem hvornår en SYN-pakke bliver sendt fra klienten og serveren svarer med en SYN-ACK-pakke:



Figur 13 - TCP pakker for den australske hjemmeside

Tiden for den første SYN-pakke: 1,284921258 sekunder

Tiden for SYN-ACK pakken: 1,300303060 sekunder

Vi beregner RTT:

$$1,300303060 - 1,284921258 = 0,0153818$$
 sekunder

9. Analyser målingerne i punkt 6 og punkt 8.

Man ville forvente at der er en større tidsforsinkelse til den australske hjemmeside, men umiddelbart er det ikke det man ser.

9.1 Beregn forskellen mellem responstiderne for de 2 servere?

$$0,02683647 - 0,0153818 = 0,01145467$$
 sekunder

9.2 Hvad kan årsagen til denne forskel være?

Selvom man ville forvente at responstiden er længere for en australsk server, kunne forespørgslen måske blive håndteret af en server i Europa eller hurtige udbydere, som ikke påvirker distancen.



HTTP Client/Server

Formålet med øvelsen er at anvende Wireshark til analyse af netværksfunktionalitet og at undersøge http-protokollens funktionalitet.

4.1 Undersøg vha. Wireshark hvad der sker, når denne webside hentes vha. en webbrowser:

http://iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk

DNS-opslag og DNS-respons:

Hvilken relevant information indeholder DNS opslaget?

lo. Time	_						
	Source	Destination		Length Info			
13 2.411085277	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.53	DNS	93 Standard query 0x0fd8 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT			
14 2.411089041	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.53	DNS	93 Standard query 0xd4d9 AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT_			
15 2.411313083	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:		DNS	113 Standard query 0xe3dc HTTPS iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT			
- 16 2.412099993	192.168.125.128	192.168.125.2	DNS	93 Standard query 0x6da0 HTTPS iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT			
17 2.412339740	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:		DNS	113 Standard query 0xa02e A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT			
18 2.413040173	192.168.125.128	192.168.125.2	DNS	93 Standard query 0xf949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT			
19 2.413253861	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:		DNS	113 Standard query 0x7c25 AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT			
20 2.413390151	192.168.125.128	192.168.125.2	DNS	93 Standard query 0x8164 AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT			
21 2.416731596	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.53	DNS	93 Standard query 0xb017 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT			
22 2.416743026	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.53	DNS	93 Standard query 0x3315 AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT			
23 2.426065053	2a13:2547:303::10		DNS	170 Standard query response 0xe3dc No such name HTTPS iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk SOA infobloxgm3.au.dk OPT			
24 2.434200251	2a13:2547:303::10	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:		170 Standard query response 0x7c25 No such name AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk SOA infobloxgm3.au.dk OPT			
25 2.434200458	2a13:2547:303::10	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:		170 Standard query response 0xa02e No such name A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk SOA infobloxgm3.au.dk OPT			
28 2.442730221	192.168.125.2	192.168.125.128	DNS	109 Standard query response 0xf949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk A 10.83.21.250 OPT			
26 2.442739989 102.168.125.2 192.168.125.128 DNS 145 Standard query response 0x8164 AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT 27 2.442739189 192.168.125.2 192.168.125.128 DNS 145 Standard query response 0x6da0 HTTPS iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT 28 2.442739221 192.168.125.2 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x6da0 HTTPS iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk A 16.83.21.250 OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.2 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk A 16.83.21.250 OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk A 16.83.21.250 OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk A 16.83.21.250 OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk A 16.83.21.250 OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk A 16.83.21.250 OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk A 16.83.21.250 OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk A 16.83.21.250 OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT 128 2.442739221 192.168.125.128 DNS 109 Standard query response 0x7949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT							

Figur 14 - DNS opslag ved indlæsning af http://iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk

DNS opslaget indeholder:

- Transaction ID: 0x6da0
- Flags: 0x0100 Standard Query Det er en standard forespørgsel
- Questions: 1 Der er en enkelt DNS forespørgsel i pakken
- Queries Navn på domænet, type etc.



Hvilken relevant information indeholder DNS responset?

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
	13 2.411085277		127.0.0.53	DNS	93 Standard query 0x0fd8 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT
	14 2.411089041	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.53	DNS	93 Standard query 0xd4d9 AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT
	15 2.411313083	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	2a13:2547:303::10	DNS	113 Standard query 0xe3dc HTTPS iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT
T*	16 2.412099993	192.168.125.128	192.168.125.2	DNS	93 Standard query 0x6da0 HTTPS iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT
1	17 2.412339740	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	2a13:2547:303::10	DNS	113 Standard query 0xa02e A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT
	18 2.413040173	192.168.125.128	192.168.125.2	DNS	93 Standard query 0xf949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT
	19 2.413253861	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:		DNS	113 Standard query 0x7c25 AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT
			192.168.125.2	DNS	93 Standard query 0x8164 AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT
		127.0.0.1	127.0.0.53	DNS	93 Standard query 0xb017 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT
			127.0.0.53	DNS	93 Standard query 0x3315 AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk OPT
	23 2.426065053	2a13:2547:303::10	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	DNS	170 Standard query response 0xe3dc No such name HTTPS iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk SOA infobloxgm3.au.dk OPT
		2a13:2547:303::10	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	DNS	170 Standard query response 0x7c25 No such name AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk SOA infobloxgm3.au.dk OPT
		2a13:2547:303::10	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	DNS	170 Standard query response 0xa02e No such name A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk SOA infobloxgm3.au.dk OPT
			192.168.125.128	DNS	145 Standard query response 0x8164 AAAA iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk SOA dc21.uni.au.dk OPT
.		192.168.125.2	192.168.125.128	DNS	145 Standard query response 0x6da0 HTTPS iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk SOA dc21.uni.au.dk OPT
	28 2.442730221	192.168.125.2	192.168.125.128	DNS	109 Standard query response 0xf949 A iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk A 10.83.21.250 OPT
US V DO	war Datagram Proto main Name System Transaction ID: 6 Flags: 0x8180 Ste Questions: 1 Answer RRs: 0 Authority RRs: 1 Additional RRs: 1 Queries iha-i4prj2.uni Name: iha-i [Name Lengt [Label Coun	ix6da9 indard query response, .au.dk: type HTTPS, c 4prj2.uni.au.dk h: 20] (65) (HTTPS Specific 0x0001) 0eservers Is	No error	.125.128	

Figur 15 - DNS respons ved indlæsning af http://iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk

DNS-responset indeholder:

- Transaction ID: 0x6da0 skal matche med opslaget
- Flags: 0x8180 Standard query response, no error
- Questions: 1 Der bliver svaret på en enkelt forespørgsel i pakken
- Queries Navn på domænet, type etc.



Tidsforsinkelse til web siden:

Mål Round Trip Time (RTT) til server ved at måle på SYN / SYN-ACK telegrammerne?

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
	37 2.44476021	2 192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP	76 54164 - 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=32120 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=2611794165 TSecr=0 WS=128
	43 2.47812054	1 10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP	62 80 → 54164 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460
	45 2.47815607	3 192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP	56 54164 - 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=32120 Len=0
	47 2.47885558	7 192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	HTTP	404 GET / HTTP/1.1
	48 2.47910889	9 10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP	62 80 - 54164 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=0
+		4 10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP	12206 80 → 54164 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=12150 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	50 2.51070300	3 192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP	56 54164 - 80 [ACK] Seq=349 Ack=12151 Win=30660 Len=0
+	51 2.51197636	4 10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP	1406 80 → 54164 [PSH, ACK] Seq=12151 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=1350 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	52 2.51199206	8 192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP	56 54164 - 80 [ACK] Seq=349 Ack=13501 Win=30660 Len=0
	53 2.54279444	6 10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP	25706 80 54164 PPSH. ACK1 Seq=13501 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=25650 TTCP segment of a reassembled PDUI

Figur 16 - SYN / SYN-ACK telegrammer til udregning af RTT

Tiden for den første SYN-pakke: 2,444760212 sekunder

Tiden for SYN-ACK pakken: 2,478120541 sekunder

Vi beregner RTT:

2,478120541 - 2,444760212 = 0,03336033 sekunder

http request header:

Vis indhold af http request header telegram der sendes til server.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info	
г	38 2.532495834	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP		N] Seq=0 Win=32120 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=2609459883 TSecr=0 WS=128
	43 2.556777037	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP		N, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460
	44 2.556814307	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP		[K] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=32120 Len=0
+		192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	HTTP	490 GET / HTTP/1.	
	46 2.557220224	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP		CK] Seq=1 Ack=435 Win=64240 Len=0
-	47 2.585342229 48 2.585374383	10.83.21.250 192.168.125.128	192.168.125.128 10.83.21.250	HTTP TCP	199 HTTP/1.1 304	
_						K] Seq=435 Ack=144 Win=31977 Len=0
), 490 bytes captured	(3920 bit	s) on interface any,	id 0
	nux cooked captur					
			168.125.128, Dst: 10.8			
			t: 41712, Dst Port: 80	, Seq: 1,	Ack: 1, Len: 434	
	pertext Transfer					
Þ	GET / HTTP/1.1\r					
	Host: iha-i4prj2		u; Linux x86 64; rv:13	e O) Cook	/20100101 Firefor/12	6 0 5 5
			+xml,application/xml;q			0.001 (11
		en-US, en; q=0.5\r\n		-0.5, / ,	1-0.011 111	
		gzip, deflate\r\n				
	Connection: keep					
		-Requests: 1\r\n				
		e: Thu, 06 Feb 2025	10:19:21 GMT\r\n			
		349159968078db1:0"\r				
	Priority: u=0, i	\r\n				
	\r\n					
		I: http://iha-i4prj2	2.uni.au.dk/]			
	[HTTP request 1/					
	[Response in fra	mo: 471				

Figur 17 - Indhold af http request header

Indhold af request header:

- GET / http/1.1
- Host: iha-i4prj2.uni.au.dk Værtsnavnet på serveren
- User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linux x86_64; rv:136.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/136.0 - Fortæller at vi har at gøre med en Firefox brower på Ubuntu i Linux
- Accept: text/html, application/xhtml+xml, application/xml;q=0.9, * /*;q=0.8 Fortæller at klienten accepterer HTML-sider, XHTML og XML som foretrukne formater



- Accept-Language: en-US, en;q=0.5 Klienten foretrækker engelsk
- Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
- Connection: keep-alive
- Osv.

http respons header:

Vis indhold af http respons header telegram der modtages fra server.

No.	Time	Source	Destination		Length Info
	70 2.603241291	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP	56 54164 - 80 [ACK] Seq=349 Ack=125551 Win=65535 Len=0
+	71 2.616216570	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP	32456 80 - 54164 [PSH, ACK] Seq=125551 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=32400 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	72 2.616263501	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP	56 54164 - 80 [ACK] Seq=349 Ack=157951 Win=65535 Len=0
+	73 2.630574923	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP	62156 80 - 54164 [PSH, ACK] Seq=157951 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=62100 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	74 2.630612840		10.83.21.250	TCP	56 54164 - 80 [ACK] Seq=349 Ack=220051 Win=65535 Len=0
+	75 2.642413681		192.168.125.128	HTTP	5530 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
	76 2.642442624		10.83.21.250	TCP	56 54164 → 80 [ACK] Seq=349 Ack=225525 Win=65535 Len=0
+	77 2.667084474		10.83.21.250	HTTP	427 GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
	78 2.667692932		192.168.125.128	TCP	62 80 - 54164 [ACK] Seq=225525 Ack=720 Win=64240 Len=0
	79 2.701027271		192.168.125.128	HTTP	1439 HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
			s), 5530 bytes captur	ed (44240	bits) on interface any, id 0
	inux cooked capture				
			.21.250, Dst: 192.168		
					0051, Ack: 349, Len: 5474
) [L4 Reassembled TCP	Segments (225524 by	tes): #49(12150), #51	(1350), #5	33(25650), #55(14850), #57(13140), #59(2670), #60(8490), #63(1350), #65(30660), #67(13890), #69(1350), #7
	/pertext Transfer F				
-	HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r				
	Content-Type: tex				
		u, 06 Feb 2025 10:1	9:21 GMT\r\n		
	Accept-Ranges: by				
	ETag: "3491599686				
	Server: Microsoft				
		2025 20:07:26 GMT\	r\n		
•	Content-Length: 2	25296\r\n			
	\r\n				
	[HTTP response 1/				
		st: 0.163558094 sec	onas j		
	[Request in frame				
	[Next request in				
	[Next response in				
		p://iha-i4prj2.uni.	au.dk/j		
	File Data: 225296	i bytes a: text/html (5538 l	·>		

Figur 18 - Indhold af http respons header

Indhold af respons header:

- HTTP/1.1 200 OK Andmodningen var en succes
- Content-Type: text/html
- Accept-Ranges: bytes Serveren understøtter range requests
- ETag: "349159968078db1" Hvis klienten har ETag i sin cache, kan den undlade at downloade filen igen
- Server: Microsoft-IIS/10.0

Hvilken webserver type anvendes, og hvilken version har den?

I forrige spørgsmål kunne vi aflæse i respons headeren at der anvendes Microsoft IIS versions 10.0.



Hvor mange linjer data (text/html) modtages der i http respons?

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	l Length Info
+	73 2.630574923	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP	62156 80 _ 54164 [PSH, ACK] Seq=157951 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=62100 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
		192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP	56 54164 - 80 [ACK] Seq=349 Ack=220051 Win=65535 Len=0
-	75 2.642413681		192.168.125.128	HTTP	5530 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
	76 2.642442624 77 2.667084474	192.168.125.128 192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250 10.83.21.250	TCP HTTP	56 54164 → 80 [ACK] Seq=349 Ack=225525 Win=65535 Len=0 427 GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
			lts), 5530 bytes captur	ed (44240	Hθ bits) on interface any, id θ
	inux cooked captu		0 04 050 D-+- 400 400	405 400	
			3.21.250, Dst: 192.168		8 8 220051, Ack: 349, Len: 5474
					#53(25650), #55(14850), #57(13140), #59(2670), #60(8490), #63(1350), #65(30660), #67(13890), #69(1350),
h	ypertext Transfer	Protocol	lytes). #49(12130), #31	(1330), #	#33(23036), #33(14636), #37(15146), #36(2076), #00(0486), #03(1536), #03(1536), #03(1536),
		ta: text/html (5538	lines)		
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	Title: Hamlet\n				
	\n				
	Author: William	Shakespeare\n			
	\n				
	Release date: J	une 1, 1999 [eBook # Most recently updat			
	\n				
	Language: Engli	sh\n			
	\n				
	\n				

Figur 19 - Line-based text data i respons header

Der modtages 5538 linjer.

Vis indhold af de første linjer (text/html) i http respons telegram der modtages fra server.

De første linjer ses nedenfor:

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Figur 20 - Første linjer i http telegrammet



Hvor lang tid går der fra der er afsendt en http GET fra klienten til der modtages en http 200 OK fra serveren?

GET ses på linje 47 og 200 OK er på linje 75:

No	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info		
Г	37 2.444760212	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seq=0 Win=32120 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=2611794165 TSecr=0 WS=128
			192.168.125.128	TCP			ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460
	45 2.478156073	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=32120 Len=0
+	47 2.478855587	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	HTTP	404 GET / HTTP/1		
	48 2.479108899	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP			Seq=1 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=0
	49 2.510673504	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP			ACK] Seq=1 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=12150 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	50 2.510703003	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seq=349 Ack=12151 Win=30660 Len=0
	51 2.511976304	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP			ACK] Seq=12151 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=1350 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	52 2.511992068	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seq=349 Ack=13501 Win=30660 Len=0
	53 2.542794446		192.168.125.128	TCP			ACK] Seq=13501 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=25650 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
		192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seg=349 Ack=39151 Win=30660 Len=0
	55 2.574930222		192.168.125.128	TCP			ACK] Seq=39151 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=14850 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	57 2.575242136	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP TCP			Seg=349 Ack=54001 Win=30660 Len=0 Seg=54001 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=13140 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	58 2.575253266	10.83.21.250 192.168.125.128	192.168.125.128	TCP			Seq=349 Ack=67141 Win=30660 Len=0
	59 2.575349353	10.83.21.250	10.83.21.250 192.168.125.128	TCP			ACK] Seq=67141 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=2670 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	60 2.575349379	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP			ACK] Seq=69811 ACk=349 Win=64240 Len=8490 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
			10.83.21.250	TCP			Ack = 9811 Win = 3060 Len = 0
			10.83.21.250	TCP			Seq=349 Ack=78301 Win=30660 Len=0
	63 2.577913681		192.168.125.128	TCP			ACK Seq=78301 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=1350 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
		192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seq=349 Ack=79651 Win=30660 Len=0
	65 2.601757128		192.168.125.128	TCP			80 - 54164 [PSH, ACK] Seq=79651 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=30660 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
			10.83.21.250	TCP			Seg=349 Ack=110311 Win=65535 Len=0
	67 2.602046207	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP	13946 80 → 54164 Î	PSH,	ACK Seq=110311 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=13890 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	68 2.602062600	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seg=349 Ack=124201 Win=65535 Len=0
	69 2.603232208	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP	1406 80 → 54164 F	PSH,	ACK Seq=124201 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=1350 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	70 2.603241291	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seq=349 Ack=125551 Win=65535 Len=0
	71 2.616216570	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP	32456 80 - 54164 [PSH,	ACK] Seq=125551 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=32400 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	72 2.616263501	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seq=349 Ack=157951 Win=65535 Len=0
	73 2.630574923	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP			ACK] Seq=157951 Ack=349 Win=64240 Len=62100 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
		192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seq=349 Ack=220051 Win=65535 Len=0
-	75 2.642413681		192.168.125.128	HTTP	5530 HTTP/1.1 200		
	76 2.642442624	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seq=349 Ack=225525 Win=65535 Len=0
+	77 2.667084474	192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	HTTP	427 GET /favicon		
	78 2.667692932	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	TCP			Seq=225525 Ack=720 Win=64240 Len=0
	79 2.701027271	10.83.21.250	192.168.125.128	HTTP			Found (text/html)
		192.168.125.128	10.83.21.250	TCP			Seq=720 Ack=226908 Win=65535 Len=0
	84 9.215499231	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:		TCP			Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=256 Len=0 TSval=4172410413 TSecr=1767639583
	85 9.715813480	2a13:2540:1e3:6b00:	None: 1861: 0:3807::	TCP	88 50602 ± 80 1	ALK I	Sed=1 Ack=1 Win=255 Len=0 TSval=4172410413 TSecr=1589553408

Figur 21 screenshot af wireshark

Tid ved GET: 2,478855587

Tid ved 200 OK: 2,642413681

Tid:

2,642413681 - 2,478855587 = 0,1635581 sekunder



4.2. Test http 1.1 protokollen vha. telnet med fokus på:

- Oprettelse/nedlukning af TCP-connection
- Persistent/non-persistent HTTP-kommunikation vha. HTTP-protokollen (uden/med pipelining).

Dette testes og ses nedenfor i terminalen:

```
Terminal - ase@ase: ~/Desktop
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
ase@ase:~/Desktop$ telnet 10.0.0.1 80
Trying 10.0.0.1...
Connected to 10.0.0.1.
Escape character is '^]'.
GET / HTTP/1.1
host:10.0.0.2
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Tue, 01 Apr 2025 21:24:30 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu)
Last-Modified: Mon, 10 Feb 2025 12:31:52 GMT
ETag: "103-62dc8e49f31fd"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Content-Length: 259
Vary: Accept-Encoding
Content-Type: text/html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Page Title</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>This is a Heading</h1>
This is a paragraph.
<img src="banan1.jpeg" alt="Pink!">
<br>
<img src="banan2.jpg" alt="Blue!">
<img src="banan3.jpg" alt="Gul!">
</body>
</html>Connection closed by foreign host.
ase@ase:~/Desktop$
```

Figur 22 - 1.1 protokol vha. telnet

Bemærkning: 4.3 er lavet forinden denne test...



Hvor lang tid går der inden en TCP-forbindelsen lukkes når HTTP 1.1 anvendes?

Der kan ses i nedenstående figur, at tiden mellem den sidste ACK og FIN er cirka 5.027 sekunde:

10 11.004105050	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	101	00 04300 - 00 [AOK] 004-04 ACK-0003
16 *REF*	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	66 54988 → 80 [ACK] Seq=34 Ack=10927
17 5.027848356	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	TCP	66 80 → 54988 [FIN, ACK] Seq=10927 A
18 5.028151673	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	66 54988 → 80 [FIN, ACK] Seq=34 Ack=

Figur 23 - Tid for TCP forbindelse

Yderligere dokumentation der viser GET-request og 200 OK telegrammerne:

-					
No	. Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
	13 9.761883	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	74 56328 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=32120 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=544382875 TSecr=0 WS=128
	14 9.762442	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	TCP	74 80 → 56328 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=31856 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=623165212 TSecr=544382875 WS=128
	15 9.762475	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	66 56328 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=32128 Len=0 TSval=544382876 TSecr=623165212
	20 22.01491	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	82 56328 - 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=32128 Len=16 TSval=544395128 TSecr=623165212 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	21 22.01553	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	TCP	66 80 → 56328 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=17 Win=31872 Len=0 TSval=623177465 TSecr=544395128
	22 32.70487	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	81 56328 - 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=17 Ack=1 Win=32128 Len=15 TSval=544405818 TSecr=623177465 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	23 32.70530	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	TCP	66 80 → 56328 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=32 Win=31872 Len=0 TSval=623188155 TSecr=544405818
	24 33.11425	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	HTTP	68 GET / HTTP/1.1
	25 33.11461	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	TCP	66 80 → 56328 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=34 Win=31872 Len=0 TSval=623188564 TSecr=544406227
	26 33.11515	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	TCP	2980 → 56328 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=34 Win=31872 Len=2896 TSval=623188564 TSecr=544406227 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	27 33.11519	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	66 56328 - 80 [ACK] Seq=34 Ack=2897 Win=31872 Len=0 TSval=544406228 TSecr=623188564
	28 33.11528	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	TCP	29 80 - 56328 [PSH, ACK] Seq=2897 Ack=34 Win=31872 Len=2896 TSval=623188564 TSecr=544406227 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	29 33.11528	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	TCP	2980 - 56328 [PSH, ACK] Seq=5793 Ack=34 Win=31872 Len=2896 TSval=623188564 TSecr=544406227 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	30 33.11530	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	66 56328 → 80 [ACK] Seq=34 Ack=5793 Win=31872 Len=0 TSval=544406228 TSecr=623188564
	31 33.11536	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	66 56328 - 80 [ACK] Seq=34 Ack=8689 Win=31872 Len=0 TSval=544406229 TSecr=623188564
1	32 33.11542	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	HTTP	23 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
	33 *REF*	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	66 56328 → 80 [ACK] Seq=34 Ack=10927 Win=31872 Len=0 TSval=544406229 TSecr=623188564
	34 5.006249	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	TCP	66 80 - 56328 [FIN, ACK] Seq=10927 Ack=34 Win=31872 Len=0 TSval=623193571 TSecr=544406229

Figur 24 - GET-request og 200 OK telegrammer i samme screenshot

Hvad er fordelen ved at nedlukningen af TCP-forbindelsen udskydes?

I stedet for at lukke med det samme holder den forbindelsen åben indtil alt er hentet, før forbindelsen lukkes.

Er det web-server eller web-client, der starter nedlukning af TCP-forbindelsen?

10 11.007/02020	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	101	00 07000 → 00 [NON] 004-07 NON-0000
16 *REF*	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	66 54988 → 80 [ACK] Seq=34 Ack=10927
17 5.027848356	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	TCP	66 80 → 54988 [FIN, ACK] Seq=10927 A
18 5.028151673	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	TCP	66 54988 → 80 [FIN, ACK] Seg=34 Ack=

Figur 25 - Nedlukning af TCP-forbindelse

Vi kan se ovenfor i Wireshark at nedlukning kommer fra web-serveren, altså 10.0.0.1.



Fremgår version af Apache serveren af http respons, og I givet fald hvor?

Den fremgår som Apache version 2.4.58 under 200 OK telegrammet:

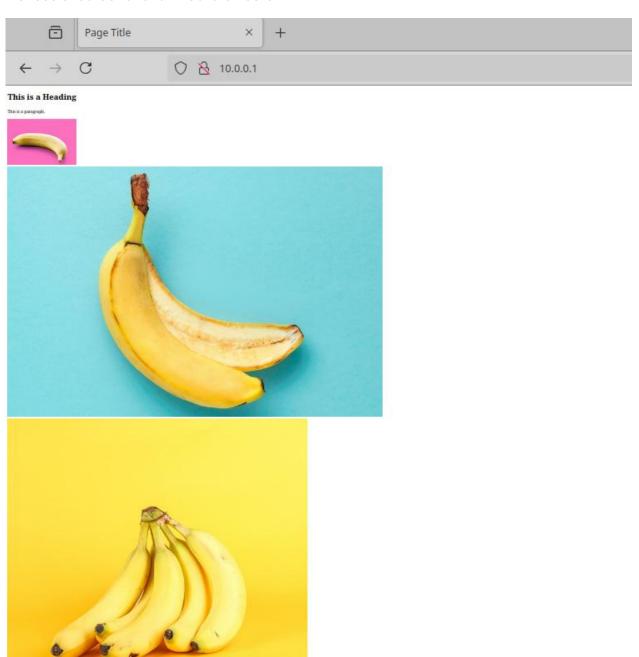
```
962 80 - 54988 [PSH, ACK] Seq=2897 Ack=34 Win=249 Len=2896 TSval=14 66 54988 - 80 [ACK] Seq=34 Ack=5793 Win=249 Len=0 TSval=1019769305 962 80 - 54988 [PSH, ACK] Seq=5793 Ack=34 Win=249 Len=2896 TSval=14 304 HTTP/1.1 200 0K (text/html) 66 54988 - 80 [ACK] Seq=34 Ack=8689 Win=249 Len=0 TSval=1019769306 66 54988 - 80 [ACK] Seq=34 Ack=10927 Win=249 Len=0 TSval=101976930 66 80 - 54988 [FIN, ACK] Seq=10927 Ack=34 Win=249 Len=0 TSval=1434 66 54988 - 80 [FIN, ACK] Seq=10927 Ack=34 Win=249 Len=0 TSval=1019 66 80 - 54988 [ACK] Seq=1928 Ack=35 Win=249 Len=0 TSval=1019 60 Scanner Command: Discover 60 Scanner Command: Discover
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         2962 80 → 54988
66 54988 → 80
2962 80 → 54988
2304 HTTP/1.1 26
              11 11.804286032 10.0.0.1
12 11.804307373 10.0.0.2
13 11.804722226 10.0.0.1
                                                                                                                                                                    10.0.0.2
10.0.0.1
10.0.0.2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        TCP
             15 11.804752326
16 *REF*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       TCP
                                                                                  10.0.0.2
                                                                                                                                                                    10.0.0.1
                                                                                                                                                                   10.0.0.2
10.0.0.1
10.0.0.2
              17 5.027848356
18 5.028151673
                                                                                 10.0.0.1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       TCP
TCP
              19 5.038214545
                                                                                10.0.0.1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       TCP
              20 19.949604793
21 19.949605413
                                                                             10.192.59.209
10.192.59.209
                                                                                                                                                                    255.255.255.255
255.255.255.255
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      BJNP
Frame 14: 2304 bytes on wire (18432 bits), 2304 bytes captured (18432 bits) on interface eth1, id 0 Ethernet II, Src: VMware_fc:28:b0 (00:0c:29:fc:28:b0), Dst: VMware_9d:03:de (00:0c:29:9d:03:de)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.0.1, Dst: 10.0.0.2
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 54988, Seq: 8689, Ack: 34, Len: 2238
[4 Reassembled TCP Segments (10926 bytes): #9(2896), #11(2896), #13(2896), #14(2238)]
| Hypertext Transfer Protocol
| HTPP1.1 200 OK\r\n
Date: Mon, 10 Feb 2025 12:10:18 GMT\r\n
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       0040
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               61
6e
69
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       0050
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              20
4d
36
41
79
6e
3a
21
42
44
73
74
2f
            Server: Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu)\r\n
Last-Modified: Mon, 10 Feb 2025 11:36:07 GMT\r\n
ETag: "29af-62dc81d35392e"\r\n
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      00d0
00e0
00f0
0100
0110
0120
0130
0140
0150
  Accept-Ranges: bytes\r\n
Content-Length: 19671\r\n
Vary: Accept-Encoding\r\n
Content-Type: text/html\r\n
            [HTTP response 1/1]
[Time since request: 0.002954333 seconds]
[Request in frame: 7]
[Request URI: http://10.0.0.2/]
File Data: 10671 bytes
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              68
```

Figur 26 - Apache server version



4.3. Anvend Firefox web-browser som web-client i H2 sammen med apache-server i H1

Her ses et screenshot af web-browseren:



Figur 27 screenshot af web-browser



Analyser vha. Wireshark relevante hændelser på LAN-segmentet. Herunder: dokumenter den anvendte:

1. HTTP-version - Wireshark

```
TCP 66 47988 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=32

HTTP 448 GET / HTTP/1.1

TCP 66 80 → 47988 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=383 Win=

HTTP 580 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
```

Figur 28 http-version

HTTP/1.1

2. Request header - Wireshark /beskriv indhold

```
Hypertext Transfer Protocol

GET / HTTP/1.1v\n
Host: 10.0.0.1\r\n
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linux x86_64; rv:129.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/129.0\r\n
Accept: text/html, application/xhtml+xml, application/xml;q=0.9, image/avif, image/webp, image/png, image/svg+xml, */*;q=0.8\r\n
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5\r\n
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate\r\n
Connection: keep-alive\r\n
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1\r\n
Priority: u=0, i\r\n
\r\n
[Full request URI: http://10.0.0.1/]
[HTTP request 1/4]
[Response in frame: 6]
[Next request in frame: 8]
```

Figur 29 - Request header

Request headeren indeholder:

- HTTP/1.1 bruges som protocol.
- Host'en er 10.0.01.
- Browseren identificeres som Firefox.
- Samtlige "Accept", der beskriver ting som understøttede billedformater og sprog.
- "Connection: keep-alive" fortæller at forbindelsen skal holdes åben for flere forespørgsler og ikke lukke efter én request.
- Signal til serveren om, at klienten foretrækker en HTTPS forbindelse.
- Angivelse af prioritet af forespørgslen.



3. Response header - Wireshark/beskriv indhold

```
Ethernet II, Src: VMware_fc:28:b0 (00:0c:29:fc:28:b0), Dst: VMware_9d:03:de (00:0c:29:9d:03:de)

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.0.1, Dst: 10.0.0.2

Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 47988, Seq: 1, Ack: 383, Len: 514

Hypertext Transfer Protocol

HTTP/1.1 200 0K\r\n

Date: Mon, 10 Feb 2025 12:44:48 GMT\r\n

Server: Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu)\r\n

Last-Modified: Mon, 10 Feb 2025 12:31:52 GMT\r\n

ETag: "103-62dc8e49f31fd-gzip"\r\n

Accept-Ranges: bytes\r\n

Vary: Accept-Encoding\r\n

Content-Encoding\r\n

Content-Length: 177\r\n

Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n

\r\n

[HTTP response 1/4]

[Time since request: 0.002858475 seconds]

[Request in frame: 4]

[Next request in frame: 9]

[Request un frame: 9]
```

Figur 30 screenshot af wireshark

Respons headeren indeholder:

- HTTP/1.1 200 OK indikerer at anmodningen blev behandlet som den skulle og serveren returnerede det ønskede indhold.
- Dato for tidspunkt af serverens respons, i dette tilfælde mandag d. 10 februar 2025.
- Serveren kører på en ubuntu server.
- Tidspunkt for hvornår den sidst returnerede ressource blev ændret, i dette tilfælde er det også mandag d. 10 februar 2025.
- "Accept-Ranges: bytes" fortæller at serveren understøtter delvise downloads.
- "Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100" fortæller at forbindelsen holdes åben i 5 sekunder, og at der kan foretages op til 100 anmodninger, før forbindelsen lukkes.
- "Connection: Keep alive" fortæller at forbindelsen ikke lukkes efter responsen.
- Respons indholdet er en HTML-side.



4. Persistent/non-persistent connection – der indsættes en oversigt fra Wireshark over den samlede kommunikation mellem klient og server. Bemærk at hvis de 3 billeder overføres i en tcp-connection er det en persistent connection. Hvis de 3 billeder hver kræver en connection er det en nonpersistent connection. Hvilken connection der anvendes dokumenteres med Wireshark, ved at observere hvordan billederne overføres.

```
100 0.55640103 30.0.1 10.0.0.2 TCP 200.00 .4794 PSH, ACK) Sep=4037 Ask-500 Min-31872 Lene Toward-1406510199 Time-r-1201831159 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 100 0.55674807 10.0.0.2 10.0.0.1 TCP 66 47994 .80 [ACK] Sep=4037 Ask-500 Min-31872 Lene] Toward-1406510199 Time-r-1201831159 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 110 0.556737772 10.0.0.2 10.0.0.1 TCP 66 47994 .80 [ACK] Sep=500 Ask-44341 Min-31872 Lene] Toward-1406510199 Time-r-1201831159 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 110 0.55673699 10.0.0.1 10.0.0.1 TCP 66 47994 .80 [ACK] Sep=500 Ask-44341 Min-31872 Lene] Toward-1406510199 Time-r-1201831159 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 110 0.55710699 10.0.0.1 10.0.0.2 TCP 200.00 -47994 PSH, ACK] Sep=2500 Ask-4434 Min-31872 Lene] Toward-1406510199 Time-r-1201831159 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 110 0.55710699 10.0.0.1 10.0.0.2 TCP 200.00 -47994 PSH, ACK] Sep=2500 Ask-4434 Min-31872 Lene] Toward-1406510199 Time-r-1201831159 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 110 0.55710699 10.0.0.1 10.0.0.2 TCP 200.00 -47994 [PSH, ACK] Sep=2500 Ask-4434 Min-31872 Lene] Toward-1406510199 Time-r-1201831169 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 110 0.55710699 10.0.0.1 10.0.0.2 TCP 200.00 -47994 [PSH, ACK] Sep=2500 Ask-4503 Min-31872 Lene] Toward-1406510199 Time-r-1201831169 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 110 0.55710699 10.0.0.1 10.0.0.2 TCP 200.00 -47994 [PSH, ACK] Sep=2500 Ask-5506 Min-31872 Lene] Toward-1406510199 Time-r-1201831169 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 110 0.55710699 10.0.0.1 TCP 66 47994 .80 [ACK] Sep=3500 Ask-5506 Min-31872 Lene] Toward-1406510199 Time-r-1201831169 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 110 0.55010750 10.0.0.2 TCP 66 47994 .80 [ACK] Sep=3500 Ask-5506 Min-31872 Lene] Toward-1406510199 Time-r-1201831169 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 120 0.55010750 10.0.0.2 TCP 66 47994 .80 [ACK] Sep=3500 Ask-5506 Min-31872 Lene] Toward-1406510199 [TSP-r-1201831169 [TCP segment of a reassembled PUU] 120 0.55010750 10.0.0.2 TCP 15 15 0.0.0 TCP 15 0.
```

Figur 31 - TCP telegrammer

Vi ser at der er en persistent connection fordi FIN først opstår sidst, efter billederne er hentet.



DNS client

Afprøv kommandoerne host og nslookup på forskellige web-sites. Anvend også options til kommandoerne, så detaljeret information bliver udskrevet (hint til at finde detaljeret information om en kommando: man kommando, for host's vedkommende kan du også prøve at skrive host <enter>)

Her kan der ses hvad der forekommer når kommandoen køres på www.au.dk:

```
Terminal - ase@ase: ~/Desktop

File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

ase@ase: ~/Desktop$ host www.au.dk

www.au.dk has address 10.83.252.23

ase@ase: ~/Desktop$ nslookup www.au.dk

Server: 127.0.0.53

Address: 127.0.0.53#53

Non-authoritative answer:

Name: www.au.dk

Address: 10.83.252.23

ase@ase: ~/Desktop$
```

Figur 32 - kommandoer køres på <u>www.au.dk</u>

```
ase@ase:~/Desktop$ host -a www.au.dk
Trying "www.au.dk"
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 36092
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 0

;; QUESTION SECTION:
;www.au.dk. IN ANY

;; ANSWER SECTION:
www.au.dk. 5 IN A 10.83.252.23
```

Figur 33 - yderligere kommando køres på <u>www.au.dk</u>



Her kan der ses hvad der forekommer når kommandoen køres på www.google.dk:

```
Terminal - ase@ase: ~/Desktop
    Edit View Terminal
                       Tabs Help
File
ase@ase:~/Desktop$ host www.google.dk
www.google.dk has address 142.251.39.99
www.google.dk has IPv6 address 2a00:1450:400e:811::2003
ase@ase:~/Desktop$ nslookup www.google.dk
Server:
                127.0.0.53
Address:
                127.0.0.53#53
Non-authoritative answer:
Name: www.google.dk
Address: 142.251.39.99
Name: www.google.dk
Address: 2a00:1450:400e:811::2003
ase@ase:~/Desktop$
```

Figur 34 - kommandoer køres på www.google.dk

Her kan der ses hvad der forekommer når kommandoen køres på www.facebook.com:

```
ase@ase:~/Desktop$ host www.facebook.com
www.facebook.com is an alias for star-mini.c10r.facebook.com.
star-mini.cl0r.facebook.com has address 31.13.72.36
star-mini.cl0r.facebook.com has IPv6 address 2a03:2880:fl0a:83:face:b00c:0:25de
ase@ase:~/Desktop$ nslookup www.facebook.com
Server:
               127.0.0.53
Address:
               127.0.0.53#53
Non-authoritative answer:
                       canonical name = star-mini.cl0r.facebook.com.
www.facebook.com
Name: star-mini.cl0r.facebook.com
Address: 31.13.72.36
Name: star-mini.c10r.facebook.com
Address: 2a03:2880:f10a:83:face:b00c:0:25de
ase@ase:~/Desktop$
```

Figur 35 - kommandoer køres på www.facebook.dk



Se filer i mappe

Accepttest:

Krav:	Passed
1. Serveren er baseret på "Server" template i "Exercise6-template.zip" filen.	~
2. Klienten er baseret på "Client" template i "Exercise6-template.zip" filen.	~
3. Serveren er på port 9000.	~
Normal scenarie: – Hent billede fra Server	
Server startes fra en terminal (H1) med kommandoen:	~
./file_server	
2. Serveren udskriver status på opstartssekvens	~
3. Serveren udskriver at den venter på "Accept"	~
4. Klienten startes fra en terminal (H2) med kommandoen:	~
./file_client 10.0.0.1 <filnavn> (<filnavn> er navn på billede der skal hentes fra server)</filnavn></filnavn>	
5. Klienten udskriver <filnavn>.</filnavn>	~
6. Serveren udskriver navn på filen modtaget fra klienten.	~
7. Serveren udskriver størrelsen på filen	~
8. Klienten udskriver størrelsen på filen	~
9. Server og klient udskriver størrelse på segmenter der sendes indtil alle segmenter, er overført (max størrelse på segmenter er 1000 bytes)	✓
10. Serveren afslutter og er klar til ny Accept	~



11. Klienten afslutter	✓
12. Den overførte fil <filnavn> verificeres på klienten</filnavn>	✓
Fejl scenarie: <filnavn> findes ikke på server Pre condition: Serveren er startet.</filnavn>	
1. Klienten startes fra en terminal (H2) med kommandoen:	~
./file_client 10.0.0.1 <filnavn> (<filnavn> er navn på fil der ikke findes på server)</filnavn></filnavn>	
2. Klienten udskriver filnavn (navn på billede som skal hentes fra serveren.)	✓
3. Serveren udskriver navnet på filen modtaget fra klienten.	~
4. Serveren udskriver størrelsen (=0) på filen	✓
5. Klienten udskriver en fejlbesked om at filen ikke findes på serveren	✓
6. Serveren afslutter og er klar til ny Accept	✓
7. Klienten afslutter	✓

Tabel 1 - Accepttest af TCP server



Se filer i mappe

Accepttest:

Krav:	Passed
"Normalt scenarie:" - Server	
1. Serveren er på port 9000	Check
2. Server kan startes fra en terminal med kommandoen:	Check
./measurement_server	
3. Serveren udskriver ved kommandoer beskrevet under "Normal scenarie" - klient information om kommandoer modtaget fra klienten	Check
"Normalt scenarie:" - Klient	
1/get_measurement 10.0.0.1 u medfører at klienten udskriver hele indholdet	Check
af filen uptime modtaget fra server.	
2/get_measurement 10.0.0.1 U medfører at klienten udskriver hele indholdet af filen uptime modtaget fra server.	Check



Check
Check

Tabel 2 - Accepttest af UDP server