

Intro to Java Week 6 Coding Assignment

URL to GitHub Repository: https://github.com/CueKwabena/Card-game-War

URL to Public Link of your Video: https://youtu.be/sUwc-tRZCEI

Instructions:

- 1. Follow the **Coding Steps** below to complete this assignment.
 - In Eclipse, or an IDE of your choice, write the code that accomplishes the objectives listed below. Ensure that the code compiles and runs as directed.
 - Create a new repository on GitHub for this week's assignment and push your completed code to this dedicated repo.
 - Create a video showcasing your work:
 - In this video: record and present your project verbally while showing the results of the working project.
 - <u>Easy way to Create a video</u>: Start a meeting in Zoom, share your screen, open
 Eclipse with the code and your Console window, start recording & record yourself
 describing and running the program showing the results.
 - Your video should be a maximum of 5 minutes.
 - Upload your video with a public link.
 - <u>Easy way to Create a Public Video Link</u>: Upload your video recording to YouTube with a public link.
- 2. In addition, please include the following in your Coding Assignment Document:
 - The URL for this week's GitHub repository.
 - The URL of the public link of your video.
- 3. Save the Coding Assignment Document as a .pdf and do the following:
 - Push the .pdf to the GitHub repo for this week.
 - Upload the .pdf to the LMS in your Coding Assignment Submission.



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Coding Steps — +	

For the final project you will be creating an automated version of the classic card game WAR.

- 1. Create the following classes:
 - a. Card
 - i. Fields
 - 1. **value** (contains a value from 2-14 representing cards 2-Ace)
 - 2. **name** (e.g. Ace of Diamonds, or Two of Hearts)
 - ii. Methods
 - 1. Getters and Setters
 - 2. **describe** (prints out information about a card)
 - b. Deck
 - i. Fields
 - 1. cards (List of Card)
 - ii. Methods
 - 1. **shuffle** (randomizes the order of the cards)
 - 2. draw (removes and returns the top card of the Cards field)
 - 3. In the constructor, when a new Deck is instantiated, the Cards field should be populated with the standard 52 cards.
 - c. Player
 - i. Fields
 - 1. **hand** (List of Card)
 - **2. score** (set to 0 in the constructor)
 - 3. name
 - ii. Methods
 - describe (prints out information about the player and calls the describe method for each card in the Hand List)
 - 2. **flip** (removes and returns the top card of the Hand)
 - 3. **draw** (takes a Deck as an argument and calls the draw method on the deck, adding the returned Card to the hand field)



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- 4. **incrementScore** (adds 1 to the Player's score field)
- 2. Create a class called App with a main method.
 - a) Instantiate a Deck and two Players, call the shuffle method on the deck.
 - b) Using a traditional for loop, iterate 52 times calling the Draw method on the other player each iteration using the Deck you instantiated.
 - c) Using a traditional for loop, iterate 26 times and call the flip method for each player.
 - d) Compare the value of each card returned by the two player's flip methods. Call the incrementScore method on the player whose card has the higher value.
 - e) After the loop, compare the final score from each player.
 - f) Print the final score of each player and either "Player 1", "Player 2", or "Draw" depending on which score is higher or if they are both the same.
- 3. Tips: Printing out information throughout the game adds value including easier debugging as you progress and a better user experience.
 - a) Using the Card describe() method when each card is flipped illustrates the game play.
 - b) Printing the winner of each turn adds interest.
 - c) Printing the updated score after each turn shows game progression.
 - d) At the end of the game: print the final score of each player and the winner's name or "Draw" if the result is a tie.