LAPORAN PRAKTIKUM 6 ANALISIS ALGORITMA



Disusun oleh:

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PROGRAM STUDI S-1 TEKNIK INFORMATIKA FAKULTAS MATEMATIKA DAN ILMU PENGETAHUAN ALAM UNIVERSITAS PADJADJARAN

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```
1.
/*
Nama : Nurul Ma'arif
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Kelas : B
*/
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int vertArr[20][20];
int count = 1;
void displayMatrix(int v) {
  int i, j;
   for(i = 1; i < v; i++) {
      for(j = 1; j < v; j++) {
         cout << vertArr[i][j] << " ";</pre>
      cout << endl;</pre>
   }
}
void add edge(int u, int v) {
  vertArr[u][v] = 1;
  vertArr[v][u] = 1;
}
main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
   int v = 9;
   add edge(1, 2);
   add_edge(1, 3);
   add edge(2, 4);
   add edge(2, 5);
   add_edge(3, 2);
   add_edge(3, 8);
```

```
add_edge(4, 5);
  add edge (5, 6);
  add edge(7, 3);
  add edge (8, 7);
  displayMatrix(v);
}
■ "C:\Users\asus\Documents\College\Sem 4\prak analgo\AnalgoKu\.
01100000
10111000
11000011
01001000
01010100
00001000
00100001
00100010
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 0.080 s
Press any key to continue.
2.
/*
Nama : Nurul Ma'arif
NPM
      : 140810180040
      : B
Kelas
*/
#include<iostream>
#include<list>
#include<iterator>
using namespace std;
void displayAdjList(list<int> adj list[], int v)
{ for(int i = 1; i<v; i++) { cout << i << "--->";
      list<int> :: iterator it;
      for(it = adj list[i].begin(); it != adj list[i].end(); ++it)
```

{ cout << *it << " ";

```
cout << endl;</pre>
   }
}
void add edge(list<int> adj list[], int u, int v) {
   adj_list[u].push_back(v);
   adj list[v].push back(u);
}
main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
   int v = 9;
   list<int> adj list[v];
   add edge(adj list, 1, 2);
   add edge(adj list, 1, 3);
   add edge(adj list, 2, 3);
   add edge(adj_list, 2, 4);
   add edge(adj list, 2, 5);
   add edge(adj list, 3, 5);
   add edge(adj list, 3, 7);
   add_edge(adj_list, 3, 8);
   add edge(adj list, 4, 5);
   add edge(adj list, 5, 6);
   add edge(adj list, 7, 8);
   displayAdjList(adj list, v);
}
 ■ "C:\Users\asus\Documents\College\Sem 4\prak analgo\AnalgoKu\A
1--->2 3
2--->1 3 4 5
3--->1 2 5 7 8
4--->2 5
5--->2 3 4 6
6--->5
7--->3 8
8--->3 7
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 0.110 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
3.
/*
Nama : Nurul Ma'arif
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Kelas : B
*/
#include<iostream>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
using namespace std;
int cost[10][10],i,j,k,n,qu[10],front,rare,v,visit[10],visited[10];
int main()
    int m;
    //clrscr();
    cout <<"Enter no of vertices:";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    cout <<"Enter no of edges:";</pre>
    cin >> m;
    cout <<"\nEDGES \n";</pre>
    for (k=1; k \le m; k++)
        cin >>i>>j;
        cost[i][j]=1;
    }
    cout <<"Enter initial vertex to traverse</pre>
    from:"; cin >>v;
    cout <<"Visitied vertices:";</pre>
    cout <<v<<" ";
    visited[v]=1;
    k=1;
    while(k<n)
    {
        for(j=1; j<=n; j++)
            if(cost[v][j]!=0 && visited[j]!=1 && visit[j]!=1)
                 visit[j]=1;
                qu[rare++]=j;
             }
```

```
v=qu[front++];
cout<<v <<" ";
k++;
visit[v]=0;
visited[v]=1;
}
getch();
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
"C:\Users\asus\Documents\College\Sem 4\prak analoge
Enter no of vertices:5
Enter no of edges:10

EDGES
1 2
1 3
2 4
2 5
3 2
3 8
4 5
5 6
7 3
8 7
Enter initial vertex to traverse from:1
Visitied vertices:1 2 3 4 5
```

Kompleksitas waktu asimptotik:

```
V: Vertex E: Edges
```

- Menandai setiap vertex yang belum dikunjungi: O(V)
- Menandai vertex awal yang telah dikunjungi dan masukkan ke queue: O(1)
- Keluarkan vertex dari queue lalu cetak: O(V)
- Kunjungi setiap vertex yang belum dikunjungi lalu masukkan ke queue: O(E)

$$T(n) = O(V) + O(1) + O(V) + O(E)$$

$$= O(max(V,1)) + O(V) + O(E)$$

$$= O(V) + O(V) + O(E)$$

$$= O(max(V,V)) + O(E)$$

$$= O(V) + O(E)$$

$$= O(V+E)$$

```
4.
/*
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       : 140810180040
Kelas : B
*/
#include<iostream>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
using namespace std;
int cost[10][10],i,j,k,n,stk[10],top,v,visit[10],visited[10];
int main()
{
    int m;
    //clrscr();
    cout <<"Enter no of vertices:";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    cout <<"Enter no of edges:";</pre>
    cin >> m;
    cout <<"\nEDGES \n";</pre>
    for (k=1; k \le m; k++)
    {
        cin >>i>>j;
        cost[i][j]=1;
    cout <<"Enter initial vertex to traverse</pre>
    from:"; cin >>v;
    cout <<"DFS ORDER OF VISITED VERTICES:";</pre>
    cout << v <<" ";
    visited[v]=1;
    k=1;
    while(k<n)
        for(j=n; j>=1; j--)
            if(cost[v][j]!=0 && visited[j]!=1 && visit[j]!=1)
             {
                 visit[j]=1;
                 stk[top]=j;
                 top++;
```

```
}
         v=stk[--top];
         cout<<v << " ";
         visit[v]=0;
         visited[v]=1;
    getch();
    return 0;
}
 "C:\Users\asus\Documents\College\Sem 4\prak ana
Enter no of vertices:4
Enter no of edges:4
EDGES
4 1
5 8
6 9
Enter initial vertex to traverse from:4
DFS ORDER OF VISITED VERTICES:4 1 4 3
Kompleksitas waktu asimptotik:
V: Vertex E: Edges
       Menandai vertex awal yang telah dikunjungi lalu cetak: O(1)
       Rekursif untuk semua vertex: T(E/1)
       Tandai semua vertex yang belum dikunjungi: O(V)
       Rekursif untuk mencetak DFS: T(V/1)
       T(n) = O(1) + T(E/1) + O(V) + T(V/1)
            = O(1) + O(E) + O(V) + O(V)
            = O(\max(1,E)) + O(V) + O(V)
            = O(E) + O(V) + O(V)
            = O(max(V,V)) + O(E)
```

= O(V) + O(E)

= O(V+E)