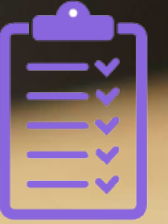


# ITIL 4 management practices

Key management practices part 2

# Syllabus



- 6. Know the purpose and key terms of 15 ITIL practices
  - 6.1 Recall the purpose of the following ITIL practices:
    - i. Continual improvement
  
- 7. Understand 7 ITIL practices
  - 7.1 Explain the following ITIL practices in detail, excluding how they fit within the service value chain:
    - a) Continual improvement



# Continual improvement



What is the purpose of continual improvement?



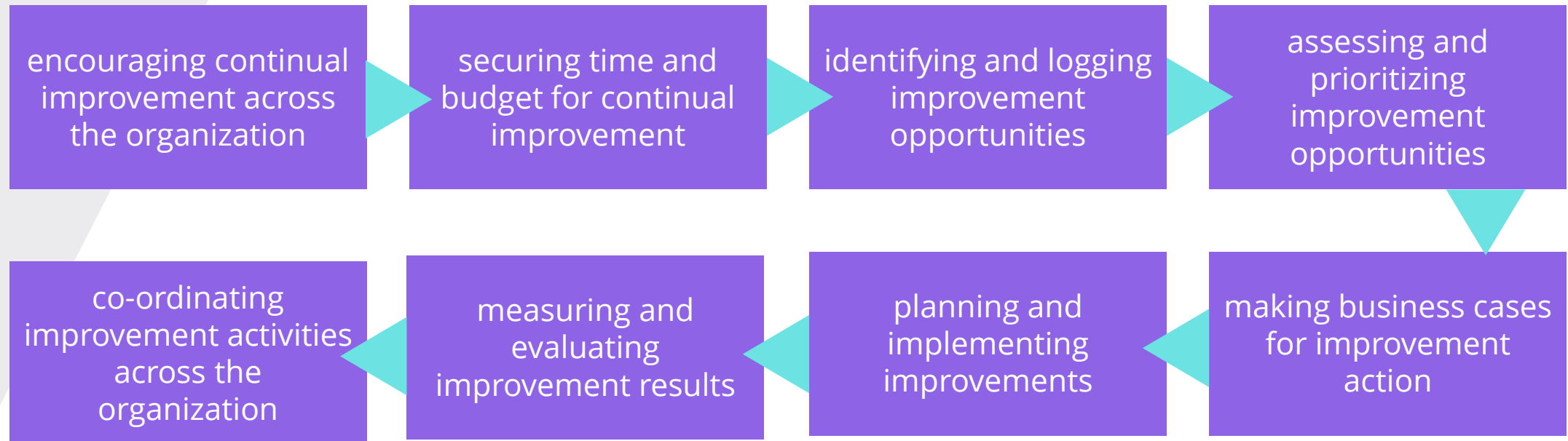
The purpose of the **continual improvement** practice is to **align** the organization's practices and services with **changing business needs** through the **ongoing improvement** of products, services, and practices, or any element involved in the management of products and services.



# Continual improvement



Key activities that are part of continual improvement practices include:



# Applying continual improvement



# Continual improvement model (1/2)

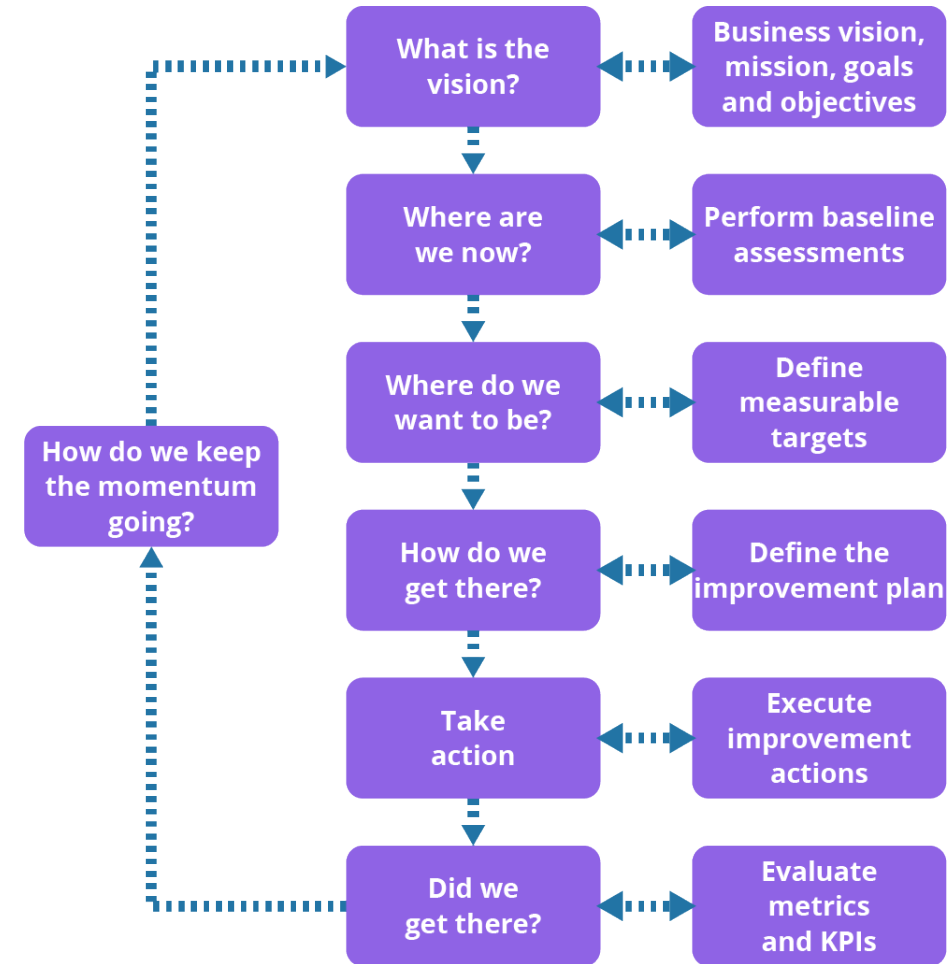


Figure 4.3 The continual improvement model

# Continual improvement model (2/2)

- **Applies** to the organization's SVS and all **products**, services, components and **relationships**.
- Use as a **high-level** guide for **improvement** initiatives.
- **Steps** vary in scope/details by subject and **improvement** type.
- Steps need not be **linear**; **re-evaluate**/return as needed.

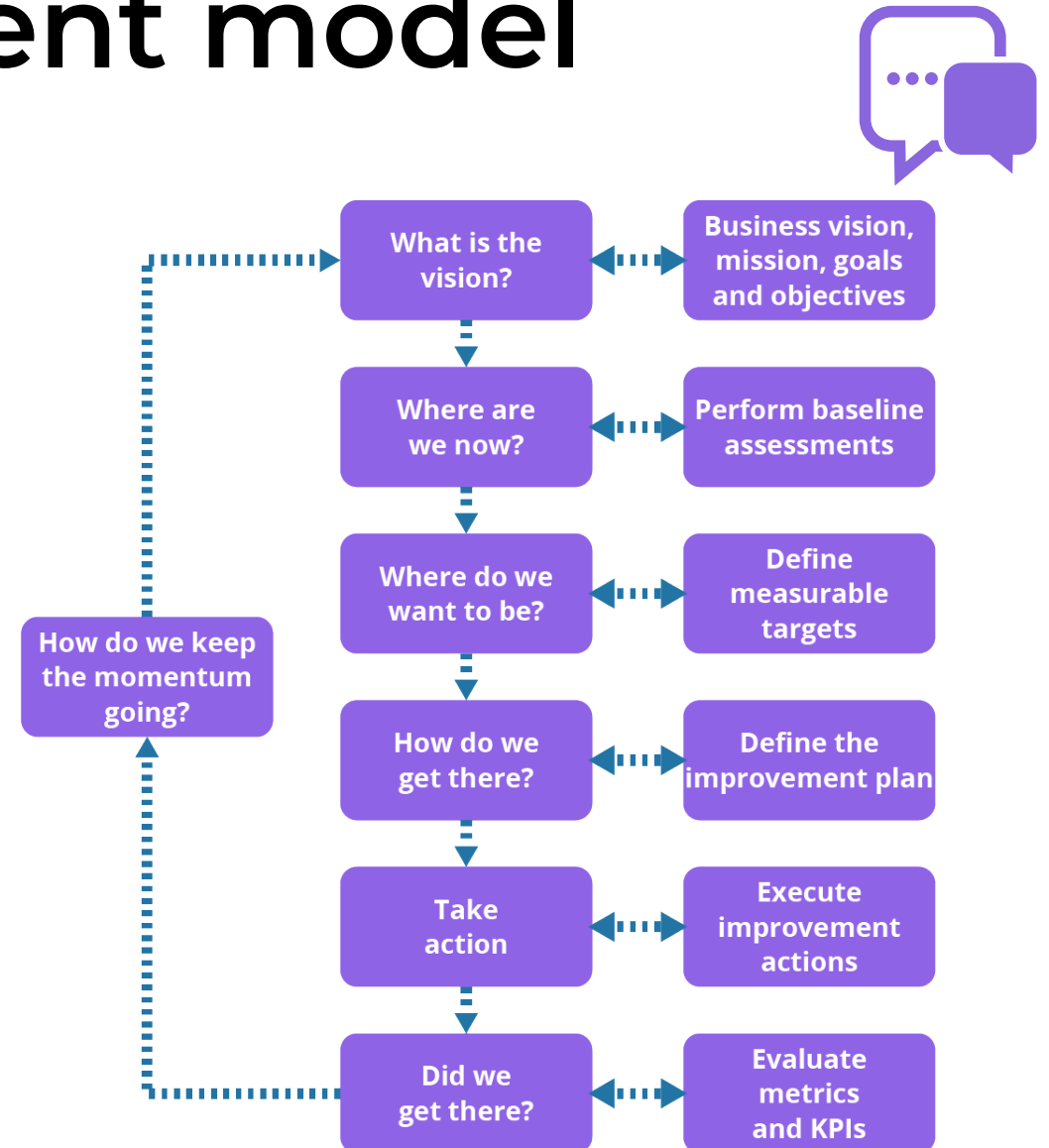


Figure 4.3 The continual improvement model

# What is the vision?

This **step focuses** on:

- **Translating** the organization's vision and **objectives** for the **business** unit, department, **team** or **individual**, so the context, **objectives** and boundaries of an improvement initiative are **understood**.
- **Creating** a high-level vision for the planned **improvement**.

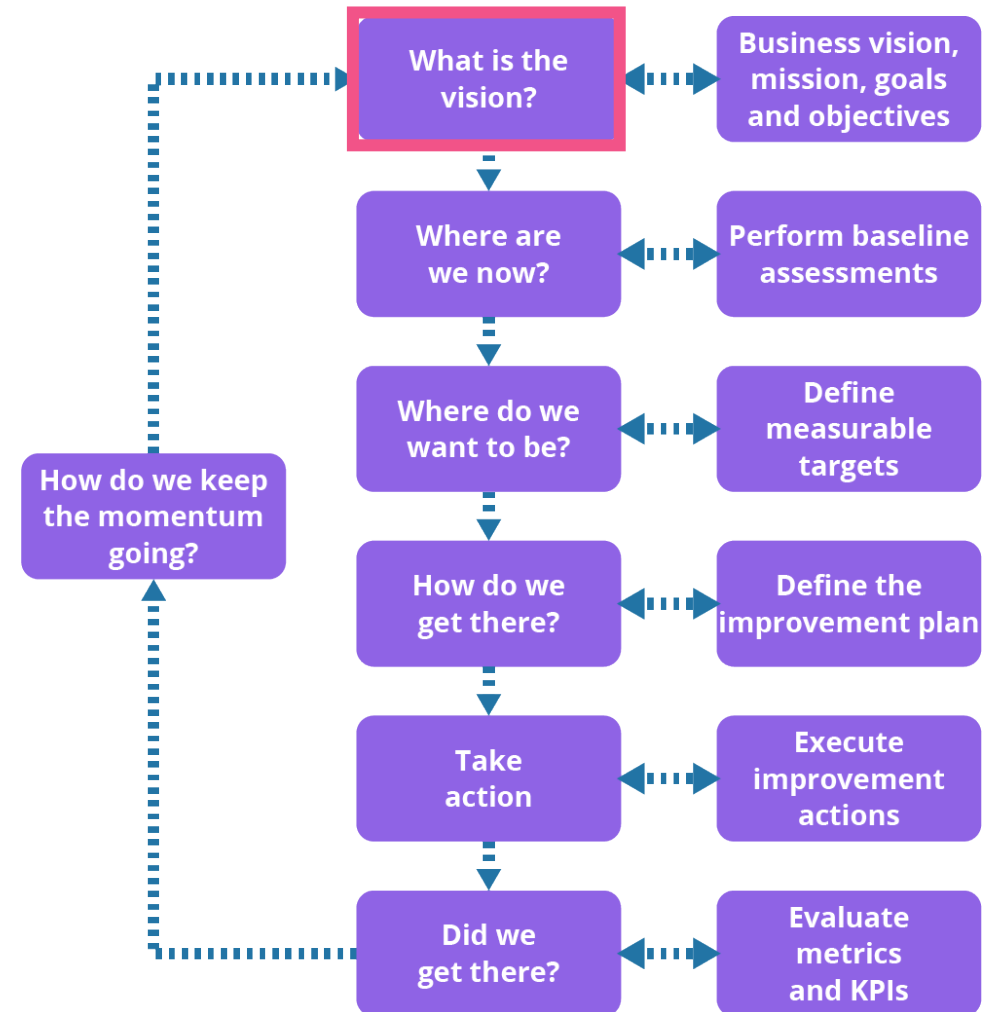


Figure 4.3 The continual improvement model



# Where are we now?

A current state **assessment** of:

- **users'** perception of value received
- people's **competencies** and skills
- **processes** and **procedures**
- technical **solution** capabilities
- **organizational** culture, indicating the level of **organizational change** management **needed**.

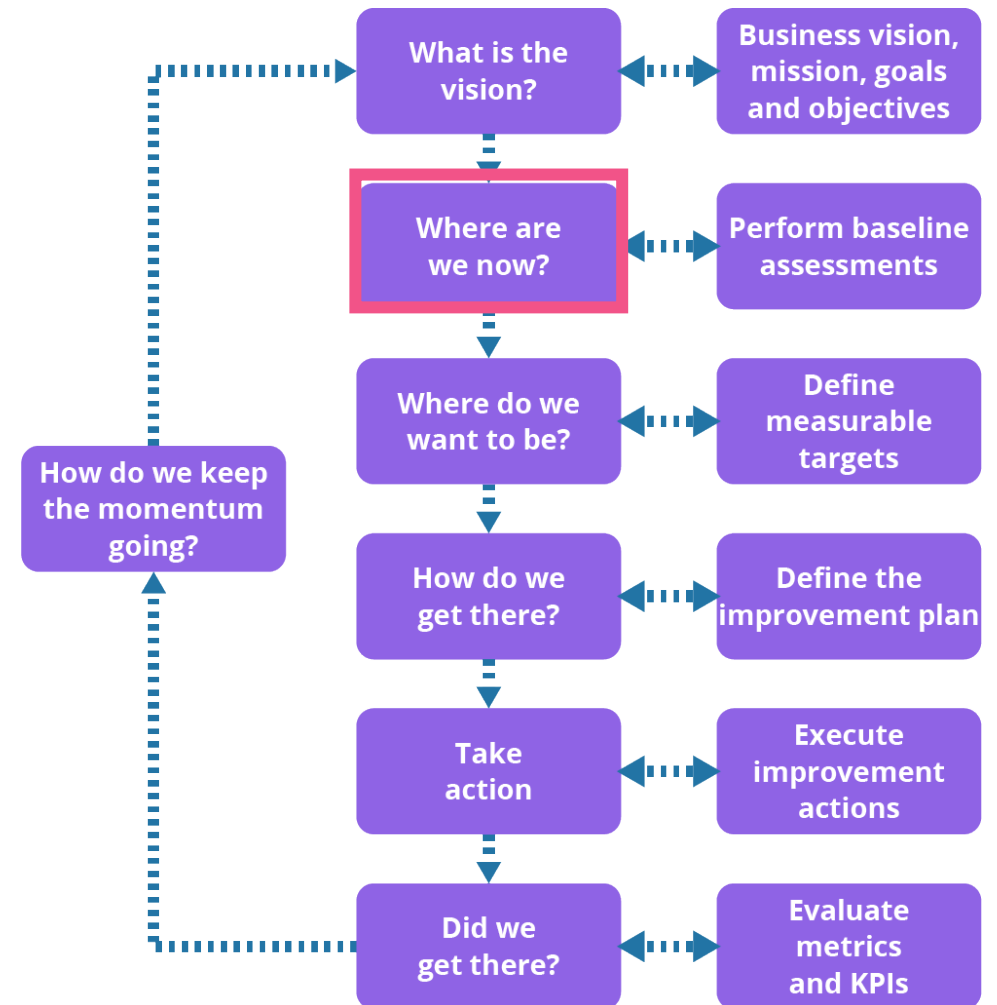


Figure 4.3 The continual improvement model

# Where do we want to be?

- Includes a **gap** analysis of the **scope** and nature of the **distance** to be **traveled** from current to desired future state.
- Includes** setting **improvement** objectives, along with critical **success** factors (**CSFs**) and key performance **indicators** (KPIs).

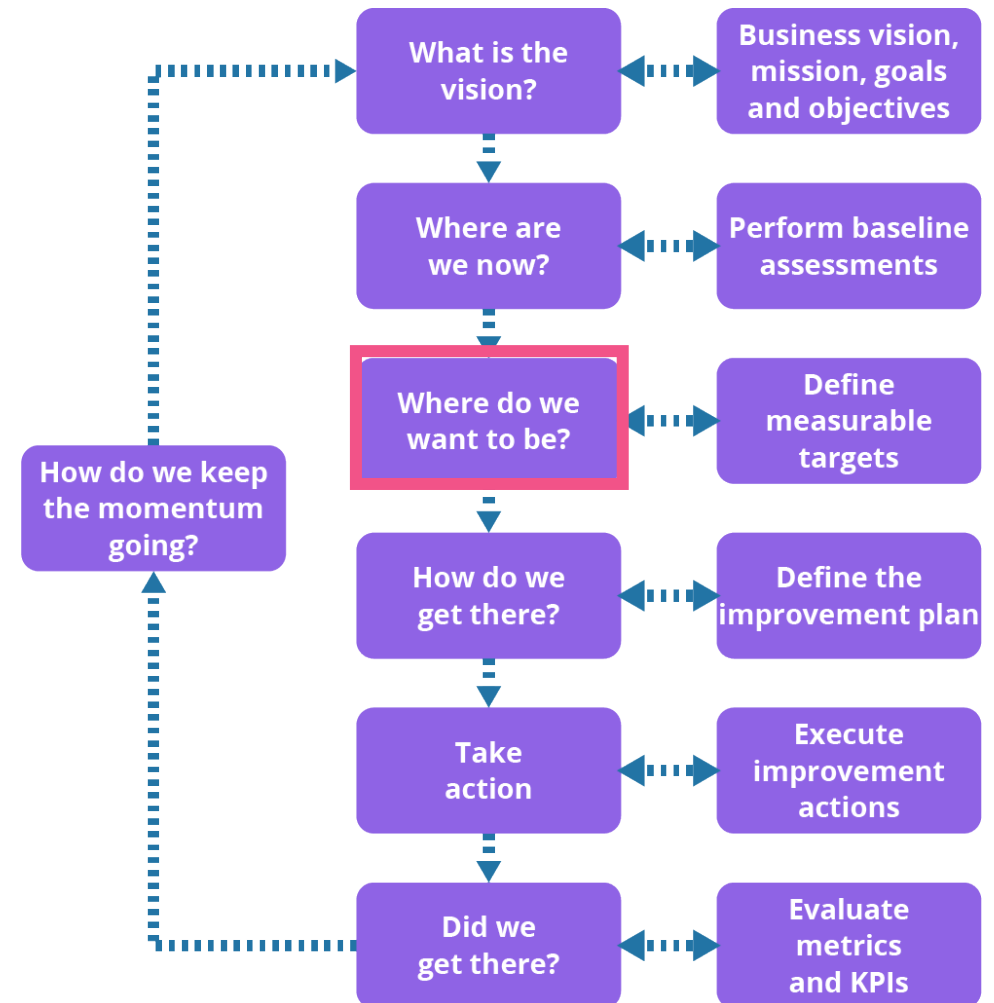


Figure 4.3 The continual improvement model

# CSFs and KPIs

## Critical success factor (CSF)

- A necessary precondition for the **achievement of intended** results



## Key performance indicator (KPI)

- An important metric used to evaluate the **success in meeting** an objective



# How do we get there?

- This **step** is about combining the understanding of the **vision** of the **improvement** and the current and target **states** with **subject matter expertise**, to **create** a plan for addressing the initiative's **challenges**.

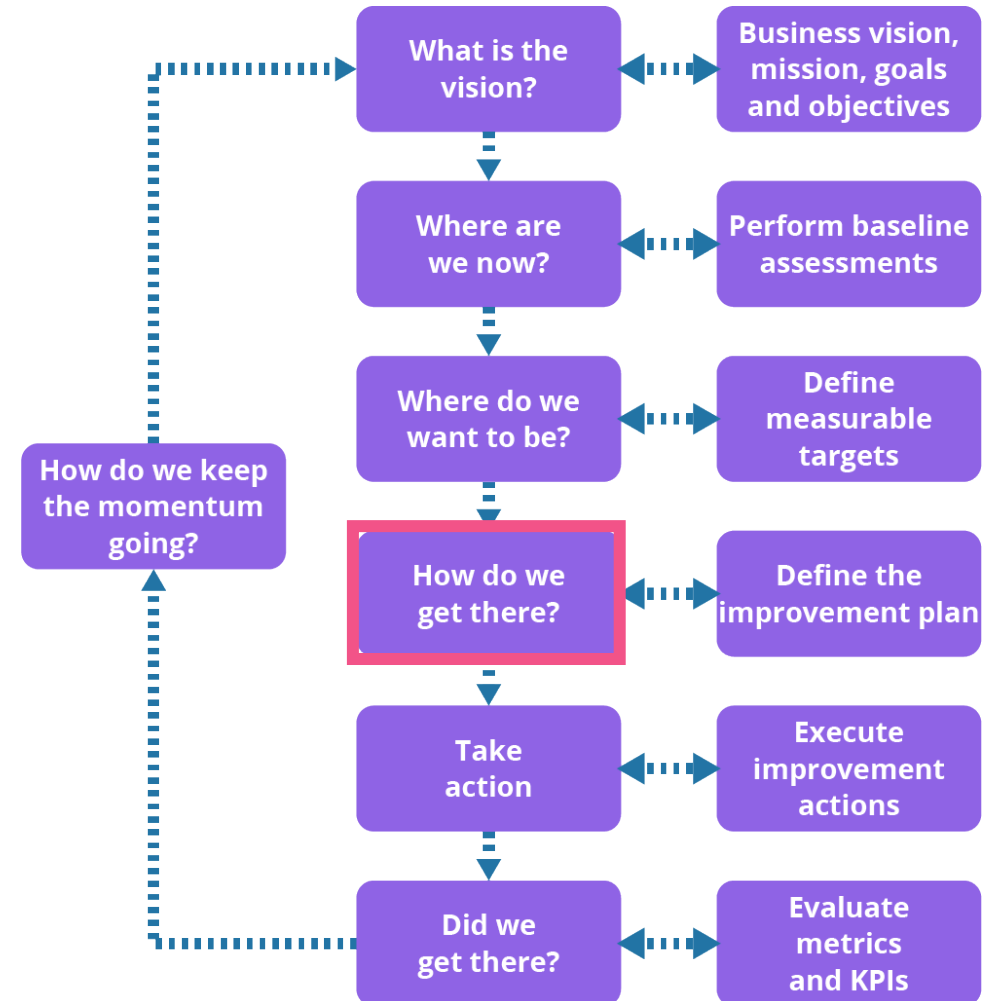


Figure 4.3 The continual improvement model

# Take action

- In **Step 5** the plan for the improvement is **acted** upon.
- This could involve a **traditional waterfall-style** approach or it may be more **appropriate** to follow an **Agile** approach by **experimenting**, **iterating**, **changing** directions, or **even** going back to **previous** steps.

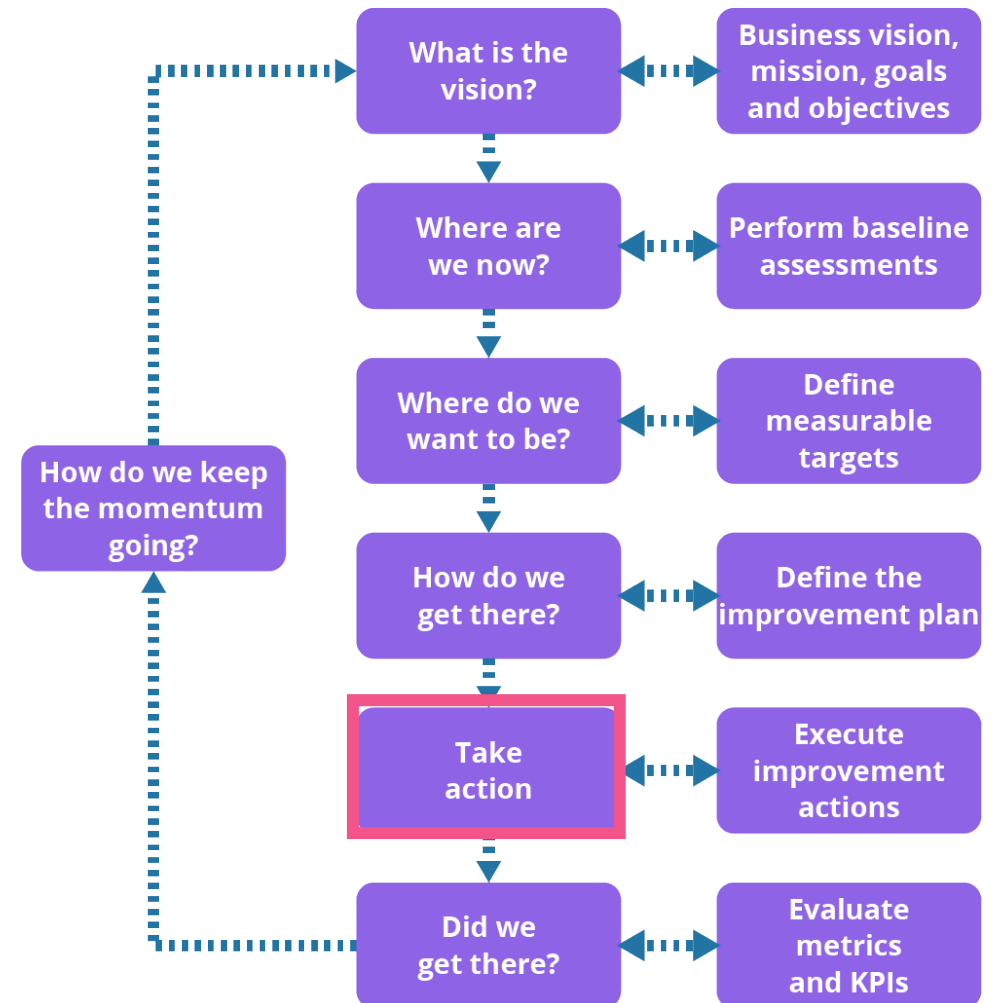


Figure 4.3 The continual improvement model



# Did we get there?

- Check the journey's **destination** to **be sure** you **have reached** the **desired point**.
- Conduct **checks against stated objectives, CSFs and KPIs**.

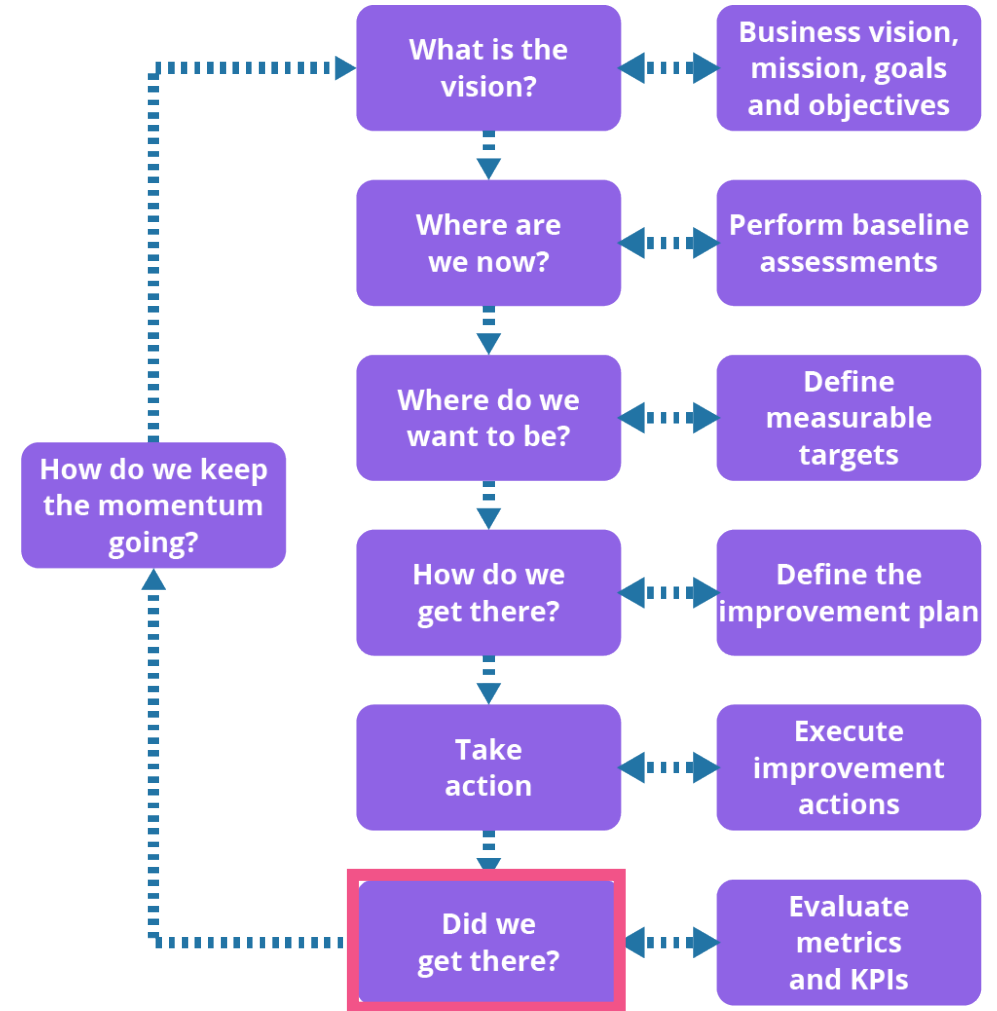


Figure 4.3 The continual improvement model

# How do we keep the momentum going?

In this step:

- **Market** and **celebrate** successes.
- **Reinforce** new methods.
- Embed changes in the **organization**.

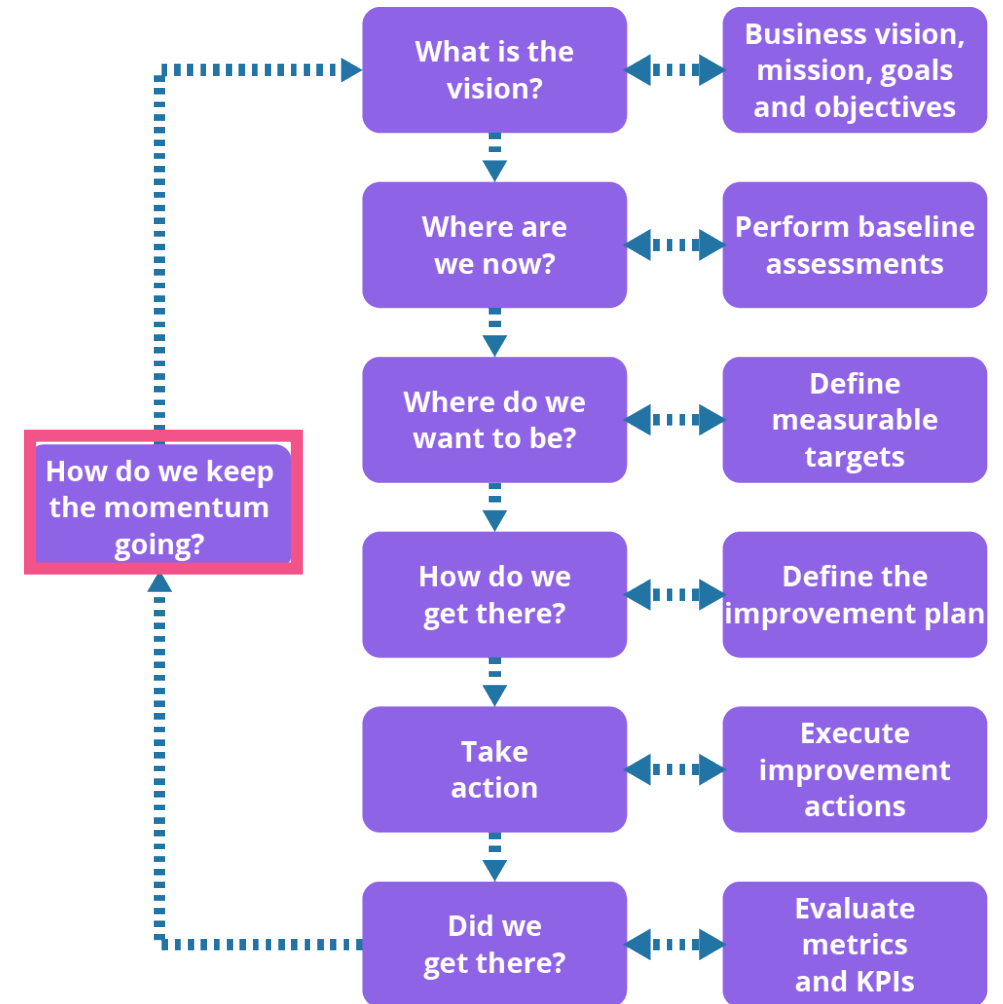
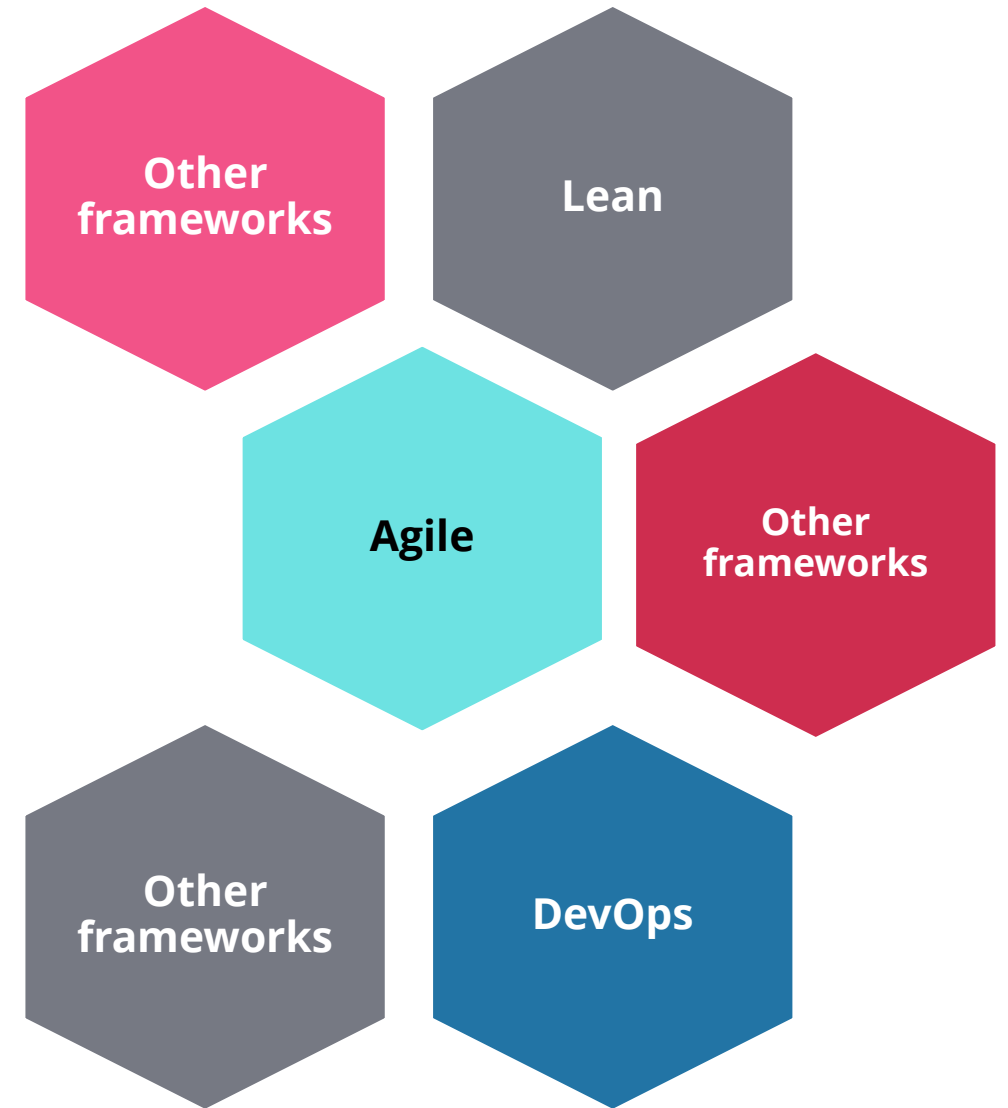
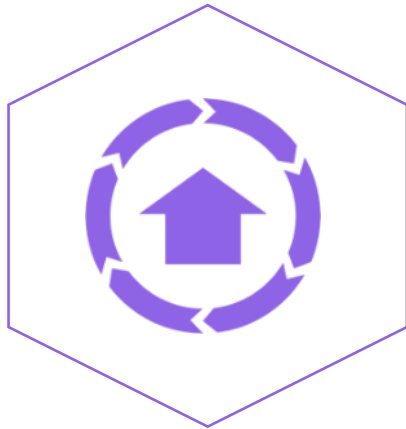


Figure 4.3 The continual improvement model

# Methods to continually improve

## Continual Improvement



# Tracking

How do organizations track continual improvement ideas and projects?



- Use a database or structured document called a Continual Improvement Register (CIR).
- Multiple CIRs can be maintained at different organizational levels or a master CIR used.
- Ideas are also captured during project execution or software development activities.

# Continual Improvement responsibility



Who is responsible for continual improvement in organizations?

- highest levels of the organization
  - leaders
  - suppliers
  - everyone.



# Continual improvement contribution to the SVC

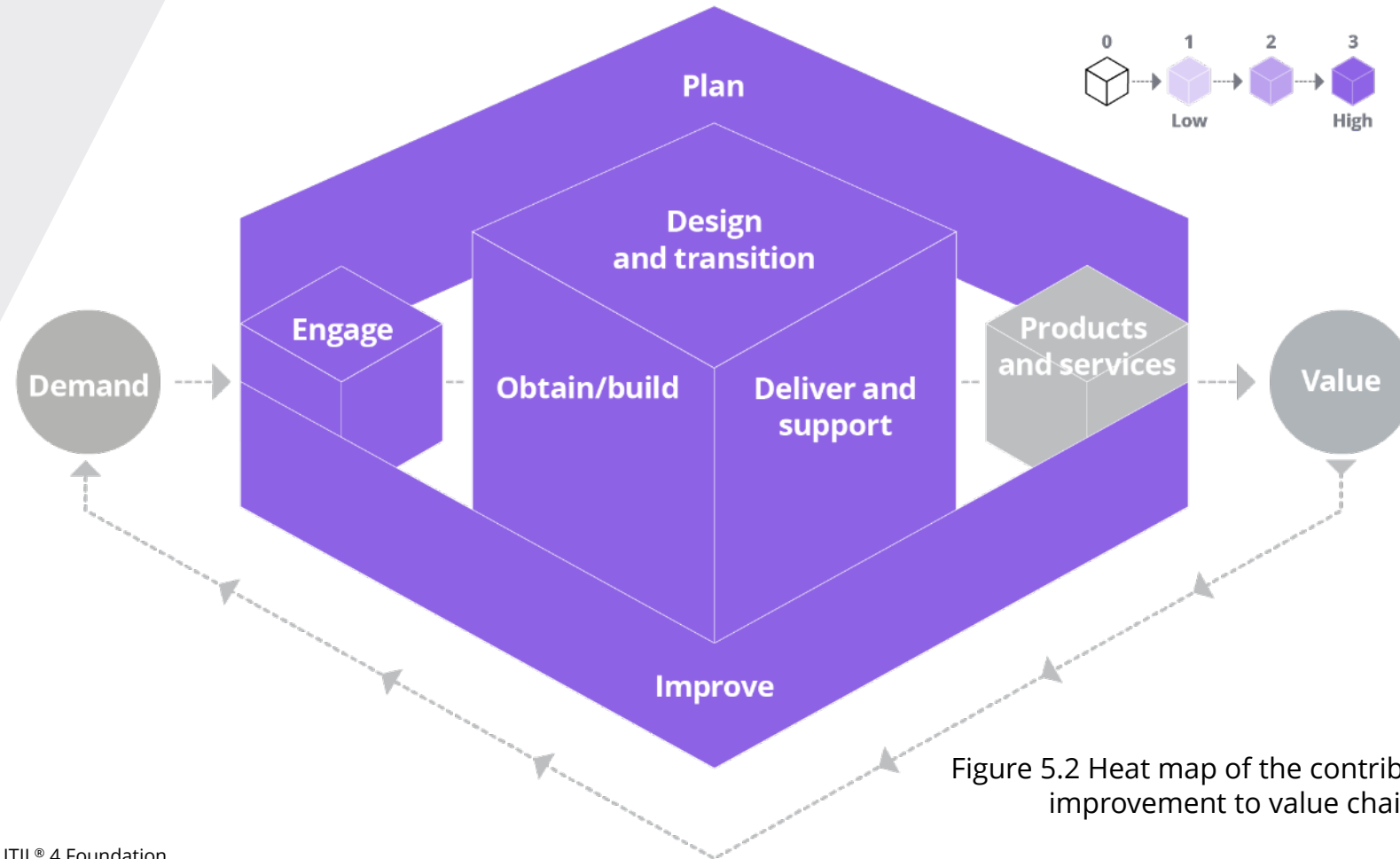


Figure 5.2 Heat map of the contribution of continual improvement to value chain activities

# Recap: Key learning points



- The **purpose** of the **continual improvement practice** is to **align** the organization's **practices and services** with **changing business needs** **through** the **ongoing improvement** of products, services and practices, or any element involved in the management of products and services.

