1.-8.  
None

9.  
After the execution of the following statement, the variable sold will reference the numeric literal value as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ data type: sold = 256.752

a. int

b. float

c. str

d. currency

ANS: B.

10.  
After the execution of the following statement, the variable price will reference the value \_\_\_\_\_. price = int(68.549)

a. 68

b. 69

c. 68.55

d. 68.54

ANS: A.

11.  
The output of the following print statement is:

print ‘I\’m ready to begin’

a. Im ready to begin

b. I\’m ready to begin

c. I’m ready to begin

d. ‘I\’m ready to begin’

ANS: C.

12.  
If value1 is 2.0 and value2 is 12, what is the output of the following command?

print(value1 \* value2)

a. 24

b. value1 \* value2

c. 24.0

d. 2.0 \* 12

ANS: C.

13.None

14.  
What is the output of the following print statement?

print(‘The path is D:\\sample\\test.’)

a. ‘The path is D:\\sample\\test.’

b. The path is D:\\sample\\test.

c. The path is D\\sample\\test.

d. The path is D:\sample\test.

ANS: D.

15.  
What symbol is used to mark the beginning and end of a string?

a. Slash

b. Asterisk

c. Quotation

d. Comma

ANS: C.

**TF**

1.  
True/False: Comments in Python begin with the # character.

ANS: True

2.  
True/False: When using the camelCase naming convention, the first word of the variable name is written in lowercase letters and the first character of the second and subsequent words are written in uppercase letters.

ANS: True

3.  
True/False: According to the behavior of integer division, when an integer is divided by an integer, the result will be a float.

ANS: False

4.  
True/False: Python allows programmers to break a statement into multiple lines.

ANS: True

5.  
True/False: Python formats all floating-point numbers to two decimal places when outputting using the print statement.

ANS: False

6.  
None

7.  
True/False: In Python, math expressions are evaluated from left to right, no matter what the operators are.

ANS: False

8. – 9.  
  
10.   
True/False: The \t escape character causes the output to skip over to the next horizontal tab.

ANS: True

**FILL IN THE BLANK**

1.  
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are notes of explanation that document lines or sections of a program.

ANS: Comments

2.  
The % symbol is the remainder operator and it is also known as the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ operator.

ANS: Modulus

3.  
A(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ character is a special character that is preceded with a backslash, appearing inside a string literal.

ANS: Escape

4.  
None

5.  
The result of the expression 12.3 + 6.7 is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

ANS: 19.0

6.  
When applying the .3f formatting specifier to the following number, 76.15854, the result is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

ANS: 76.159

7.  
None

8.  
A(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a name that represents a value stored in the computer’s memory.

ANS: Variable

9.  
Python uses \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to categorize values in memory.

ANS: Data Types

10.   
When the + operator is used with two strings, it performs string \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

ANS: Concatenation

Deliverable(s):  
Submit all assignments in one Word document, and if applicable, code and screenshots