

## E.B.2.3 (PDDL: Water Buckets, modelling)

### 1.1 Modellazione

–  $\mathcal{P} = \{ \text{Bucket}/1, \text{Capacity}/2, \text{Water}/2, \text{min}/2, +/3 \}$

–  $\mathcal{F} = \{$

$A/0, B/0, C/0$

$0/0, 1/0, 2/0, 3/0, 4/0, 5/0,$

$6/0, 7/0, 8/0, 9/0, 10/0$

$\}$

– Si attribuisce il seguente significato ai diversi simboli di predicato:

–  $\text{Bucket}(b)$ :  $b$  è un secchio

–  $\text{Capacity}(b, c)$ : il secchio  $b$  ha capacità  $c$

–  $\text{Water}(b, l)$ : il secchio  $b$  contiene  $l$  litri d'acqua

– **Stato iniziale:**

– Invariante tipi

$\text{Bucket}(A) \wedge \text{Bucket}(B) \wedge \text{Bucket}(C) \wedge$

– Capacità e contenuto secchi

$\text{Capacity}(A, 5) \wedge \text{Capacity}(B, 8) \wedge \text{Capacity}(C, 10) \wedge$

$\text{Water}(A, 4) \wedge \text{Water}(B, 5) \wedge \text{Water}(C, 6) \wedge$

– **Stato finale:**

$\text{Water}(A, 5) \wedge \text{Water}(B, 5) \wedge \text{Water}(C, 5)$

#### 1.1.1 Schemi di azione

**Pour**(

src,

dst,

src\_capacity,

dst\_capacity,

src\_water,

dst\_water,

)

**precondizioni**

$\text{Bucket}(\text{src}) \wedge \text{Bucket}(\text{dst}) \wedge$

$\text{Capacity}(\text{src}, \text{src\_capacity}) \wedge \text{Capacity}(\text{dst}, \text{dst\_capacity}) \wedge$

$\text{Water}(\text{src}, \text{src\_water}) \wedge \text{Water}(\text{dst}, \text{dst\_water})$

**effetto**

$\neg \text{Water}(\text{dst}, \text{dst\_water}) \wedge \neg \text{Water}(\text{src}, \text{src\_water}) \wedge$

$\text{Water}(\text{dst}, \text{min}(\text{dst\_capacity} - \text{dst\_water}, \text{src\_water})) \wedge$

$\text{Water}(\text{src}, \text{src\_water} - \text{min}(\text{dst\_capacity} - \text{dst\_water}, \text{src\_water}))$