### 1 E.A.3.2

Implementazioni in Rust e esercizi

• https://github.com/CuriousCI/artificial-intelligence

#### 1.1 Ricerca in profondità

DFS (depth first search);

**NOTA**: nella DFS viene **ignorato** l'ordine alfabetico per archi di pari merito; per come è stata definita l'interfaccia della frontiera i singoli inserimenti sono indipendenti... il problema si potrebbe aggirare trasformando la **stack** in una **priority-queue**, però non vale la pena sbattere la testa su questi dettagli, il concetto è chiaro.

**NOTA**: lo stesso problema c'è per l'**approfondimento iterativo**, perché non faccio altro che chiamare la versione iterativa della ricerca con la stessa frontiera del DFS.

#		azioni	esplorati	frontiera
0	Ø		{}	(S, p: -, g: 0, h: 20, f: 20, d: 0)
1	S	A, B, D	<b>{S</b> }	(D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
2	D	С	{D, S}	(C, p: D, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
3	С	S, G2	{D, C, S}	(G2, p: C, g: 23, h: 0, f: 23, d: 3) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
4	G2		{D, C, G2, S}	is goal

**Percorso**  $S \to D \to C \to G2$ 

Costo 3 + 2 + 18 = 23

Iterazioni 4

Ottimalità il costo non è ottimale, e generalmente la DFS non garantisce ottimalità

## 1.2 Ricerca in ampiezza

BFS (breadth first search)

#		azioni	esplorati	frontiera
0	Ø		{}	(S, p: -, g: 0, h: 20, f: 20, d: 0)
1	S	A, B, D	<b>{S</b> }	(A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1)
2	А	Е, Н	{A, S}	(B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2)
3	В	C, I, J	{A, B, S}	(D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2) (C, p: B, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2)
4	D	С	{A, B, D, S}	(E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2) (C, p: B, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2)
5	Е	D, H	{A, B, D, E, S}	(H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2) (C, p: B, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2)
6	Н	G1	{A, B, D, E, H, S}	(C, p: B, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (G1, p: H, g: 20, h: 0, f: 20, d: 3)
7	С	S, G2	{A, B, C, D, E, H, S}	(I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (G1, p: H, g: 20, h: 0, f: 20, d: 3) (G2, p: C, g: 23, h: 0, f: 23, d: 3)
8	I	А, Н	{A, B, C, D, E, H, I, S}	(J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (G1, p: H, g: 20, h: 0, f: 20, d: 3) (G2, p: C, g: 23, h: 0, f: 23, d: 3)
9	J	G2	{A, B, C, D, E, H, I, J, S}	(G1, p: H, g: 20, h: 0, f: 20, d: 3) (G2, p: C, g: 23, h: 0, f: 23, d: 3)
10	G1		{A, B, C, D, E, G1, H I, J, S}	is goal

**Percorso**  $S \to A \to H \to G1$ 

Costo 3 + 8 + 9 = 20

Iterazioni 10

**Ottimalità** il costo non è ottimale, generalmente la BFS garantisce ottimalità solo se il costo dei cammini aumenta monoticamente con la profondità

## 1.3 Ricerca a costi uniformi

Min cost search

#		azioni	esplorati	frontiera
0	Ø		{}	(S, p: -, g: 0, h: 20, f: 20, d: 0)
1	S	A, B, D	<b>{S</b> }	(A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1)
2	А	Е, Н	{A, S}	(B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2)
3	В	C, I, J	{A, B, S}	(D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (C, p: B, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2)
4	D	С	{A, B, D, S}	(E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (C, p: B, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2)
5	E	D, H	{A, B, D, E, S}	(C, p: B, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2)
6	С	S, G2	{A, B, C, D, E, S}	(I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2) (G2, p: C, g: 23, h: 0, f: 23, d: 3)
7	I	А, Н	{A, B, C, D, E, I, S}	(J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (H, p: I, g: 10, h: 8, f: 18, d: 3) (G2, p: C, g: 23, h: 0, f: 23, d: 3)
8	J	G2	{A, B, C, D, E, I, J, S}	(H, p: I, g: 10, h: 8, f: 18, d: 3) (G2, p: J, g: 20, h: 0, f: 20, d: 3)
9	Н	G1	{A, B, C, D, E, H, I, J, S}	(G1, p: H, g: 19, h: 0, f: 19, d: 4) (G2, p: J, g: 20, h: 0, f: 20, d: 3)
10	G1		{A, B, C, D, E, G1, H, I, J, S}	is goal

 $\mathbf{Percorso}\ S \to B \to I \to H \to G1$ 

Costo 3 + 3 + 4 + 9 = 19

 ${\bf Iterazioni} \ \ 10$ 

**Ottimalità** il costo è ottimale, e generalmente il min-cost trova il cammino ottimale (si considera sempre il caso di un albero di ricerca finito)

# 1.4 Ricerca ad approfondimento iterativo

Iterative deepening search

#		azioni	esplorati	frontiera
0	Ø		{}	(S, p: -, g: 0, h: 20, f: 20, d: 0)
1	S	A, B, D	<b>{S</b> }	(D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
2	D		{D, S}	(B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
3	В		{B, D, S}	(A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
4	А		{A, B, D, S}	
5	Ø		{}	(S, p: -, g: 0, h: 20, f: 20, d: 0)
6	S	A, B, D	<b>{</b> S <b>}</b>	(D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
7	D	С	{D, S}	(C, p: D, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
7	С		{C, D, S}	(B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
8	В	C, I, J	{B, C, D, S}	(J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
9	J		{B, C, D, J, S}	(I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
10	I		{B, C, D, I, J, S}	(A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
11	А	E, H	{A, B, C, D, J, S}	(H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2)
12	Н		{A, B, C, D, H, J, S}	(E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2)
13	E		{A, B, C, D, E, H, J, S}	
14	Ø		{}	(S, p: -, g: 0, h: 20, f: 20, d: 0)
15	S	A, B, D	<b>{</b> S}	(D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
16	D	С	{D, S}	(C, p: D, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)

#		azioni	esplorati	frontiera
17	С	S, G2		(G2, p: C, g: 23, h: 0, f: 23, d: 3) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1)
18	G2		{C, D, G2, S}	is goal

**Percorso**  $S \to D \to C \to G2$ 

Costo 3 + 2 + 18 = 23

Iterazioni 18

**Ottimalità** il cammino non è ottimale, e generalmente non è detto che la ricerca ad approfondimento iterativo trovi un cammino con costo ottimale

## 1.5 Ricerca best-first greedy

Best-first greedy search

#		azioni	esplorati	frontiera
0	Ø		{}	(S, p: -, g: 0, h: 20, f: 20, d: 0)
1	S	A, B, D	<b>{</b> S}	(A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1)
2	А	Е, Н	{A, S}	(H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1)
3	Н	G1	{A, H, S}	(G1, p: H, g: 20, h: 0, f: 20, d: 3) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1)
4	G1		{A, G1, H, S}	is goal

 $\mathbf{Percorso}\ S \to A \to H \to G1$ 

Costo 3 + 8 + 9 = 20

Iterazioni 4

Ottimalità il cammino non è ottimale, generalmente il best-first non trova l'algoritmo ottimale, a meno che l'euristica non è fedele al costo effettivo dei cammini

1.6 A\*

 $A^*$ 

#		azioni	esplorati	frontiera
0	Ø		{}	(S, p: -, g: 0, h: 20, f: 20, d: 0)
1	S	A, B, D	<b>{S</b> }	(A, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1)
2	А	Е, Н	{A, S}	(B, p: S, g: 3, h: 16, f: 19, d: 1) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1)
3	В	C, I, J	{A, B, S}	(I, p: B, g: 6, h: 12, f: 18, d: 2) (J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (C, p: B, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (H, p: A, g: 11, h: 8, f: 19, d: 2) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1)
4	I	А, Н	{A, B, I, S}	(H, p: I, g: 10, h: 8, f: 18, d: 3) (J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (C, p: B, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1)
5	Н	G1	{A, B, H, I, S}	(J, p: B, g: 8, h: 10, f: 18, d: 2) (C, p: B, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (G1, p: H, g: 19, h: 0, f: 19, d: 4) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1)
5	J	G2	{A, B, H, I, J, S}	(C, p: B, g: 5, h: 14, f: 19, d: 2) (E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (G1, p: H, g: 19, h: 0, f: 19, d: 4) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1) (G2, p: J, g: 20, h: 0, f: 20, d: 3)
6	С	S, G2	{A, B, C, H, I, J, S}	(E, p: A, g: 4, h: 15, f: 19, d: 2) (G1, p: H, g: 19, h: 0, f: 19, d: 4) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1) (G2, p: J, g: 20, h: 0, f: 20, d: 3)
7	E	D, H	{A, B, C, E, H, I, J, S}	(G1, p: H, g: 19, h: 0, f: 19, d: 4) (D, p: S, g: 3, h: 17, f: 20, d: 1) (G2, p: J, g: 20, h: 0, f: 20, d: 3)
8	G1		{A, B, C, E, G1, H, I, J, S}	is goal

 $\mathbf{Percorso}\ S \to B \to I \to H \to G1$ 

Costo 3 + 3 + 8 + 9 = 23

Iterazioni 8

Ottimalità il cammino non è ottimale, generalmente  $A^*$  trova il cammino ottimale solo se l'euristica è consistente

### 1.7 Euristica

Dato che h consistente  $\implies$  A\* trova l'ottimo, e A\* non ha trovato l'ottimo, allora h non è consistente. Non è neanche ammissibile, dato che l'euristica di S è 20, ma il percorso ottimale ha costo 19.