

E.A.5.7 (Cards 2)

1.1 Modellazione

1.1.1 Variabili e domini

Dati i parametri $(\{C_1, \dots, C_n\}, N, M, D)$, siano (X, D, C) t.c.

- $X = \{X_i \mid i = 1, \dots, n\} \cup \{P_1, V, P_2\}$, dove
 - X_i è la carta C_{X_i} scelta per la posizione i
 - P_1 è la posizione del primo picco
 - V è la posizione della valle
 - P_2 è la posizione del secondo picco
- $D = \{D_l \mid D_l = \{1, \dots, n\} \wedge l = \{X_1, \dots, X_n, P_1, V, P_2\}\}$

1.1.2 Vincoli

- $C = \text{alldifferent}(X_1, \dots, X_n) \cup C_{\text{stationary}} \cup C_{\text{ord}}$ t.c.
 - $C_{\text{stationary}} = \{\langle \{P_1, V, P_2\}, R \rangle \mid R = \{(p_1, v, p_2) \mid p_1 < v < p_2\}\}$
 - $C_{\text{ord}} = \{\langle \{P_1, V, P_2, X_i, X_{i+1}\}, R \rangle \mid$

$$R = \{(p_1, v, p_2, x_i, x_{i+1}) \mid$$

$$(1 \leq i < p_1 - 1 \vee v \leq i < p_2 - 1) \implies C_{x_i} < C_{x_{i+1}} \wedge$$

$$(p_1 \leq i < v - 1 \vee p_2 \leq i < n - 1) \implies C_{x_i} > C_{x_{i+1}}$$

$$\}$$

$$\}$$

1.2 Istanziamento

1.2.1 Variabili e domini

Siano $(\text{Cards}, N, M, D) = (\{1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4\}, 7, 4, 4)$ i parametri, si hanno (X, D, C) t.c.

- $X = \{X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, X_6, X_7, P_1, V, P_2\}$
- $D = \{D_l \mid D_l = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\} \wedge l = \{X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, X_6, X_7, P_1, V, P_2\}\}$

1.2.2 Vincoli

- $C = \text{alldifferent}(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, X_6, X_7) \cup C_{\text{stationary}} \cup C_{\text{ord}}$ t.c.

$$\begin{aligned}
C_{\text{stationary}} = \{ & \{P_1, V, P_2\}, \{ \\
& (1, 2, 3), (1, 2, 4), (1, 2, 5), (1, 2, 6), (1, 2, 7), \\
& (1, 3, 4), (1, 3, 5), (1, 3, 6), (1, 3, 7), (1, 4, 5), \\
& (1, 4, 6), (1, 4, 7), (1, 5, 6), (1, 5, 7), (1, 6, 7), \\
& (2, 3, 4), (2, 3, 5), (2, 3, 6), (2, 3, 7), (2, 4, 5), \\
& (2, 4, 6), (2, 4, 7), (2, 5, 6), (2, 5, 7), (2, 6, 7), \\
& (3, 4, 5), (3, 4, 6), (3, 4, 7), (3, 5, 6), (3, 5, 7), \\
& (3, 6, 7), (4, 5, 6), (4, 5, 7), (4, 6, 7), (5, 6, 7) \\
& \} \}
\end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

$$C_{\text{ord}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{circa 30000 valori... non vale la pena metterli tutti} \\ \text{perché il vincolo guarda tutti i valori per tutte le triple} \\ \text{(p1, v, p2), non solo quelle vincolate} \end{array} \right\} \text{3) }$$

1.3 Codifica in MiniZinc

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include "globals.mzn";

any: cards_values = [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4];
int: n = 7;
int: m = 4;
int: d = 4;

array[1..n] of var 1..n: card_at_position;
var 1..n - 2: peak_1_pos;
var 1..n - 1: valley_pos;
var 1..n: peak_2_pos;

constraint (peak_1_pos < valley_pos /\ valley_pos <
peak_2_pos);

constraint alldifferent(card_at_position);

constraint forall(i in 1..peak_1_pos - 1)
(cards_values[card_at_position[i]] <
cards_values[card_at_position[i + 1]]);
constraint forall(i in peak_1_pos..valley_pos - 1)
(cards_values[card_at_position[i]] >
cards_values[card_at_position[i + 1]]);
constraint forall(i in valley_pos..peak_2_pos - 1)
(cards_values[card_at_position[i]] <
cards_values[card_at_position[i + 1]]);
constraint forall(i in peak_2_pos..n - 1)
(cards_values[card_at_position[i]] >
cards_values[card_at_position[i + 1]]);

constraint (peak_2_pos - peak_1_pos = d);

output ["peak 1 - " ++ show(peak_1_pos) ++ "\nvalley - " ++
show(valley_pos) ++ "\npeak 2 - " ++ show(peak_2_pos) ++
"\n"];
output [show(cards_values[card_at_position[i]]) ++ " " | i in
1..n];
```