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(	0.34	lem:methyl-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-(((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-(4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-(4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-(4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-(4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl) piperazin-property (2-4-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclo	
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(	0.35	$Methyl\ 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-6-f$	
		1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate ${\bf 144}$	34
(	0.36	4-Chloro- $N$ -(( $trans$ )-2-hydroxycyclohexyl) butanamide ${\bf 145}$	35
(	0.37	4-Azido- $N$ -(( $trans$ )-2-hydroxycyclohexyl) butanamide ${\bf 146}$	36
(	0.38	$1- Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7- (4- (4- (1- (4- (((\textit{trans})-2- hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4- oxobutyl)-1 \\ H-1,2,3- (1- (4- (1- (4- (((\textit{trans})-2- hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4- oxobutyl)-1 \\ H-1,2,3- (1- (4- (((1- (4- ((((\textit{trans})-2- hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4- oxobutyl)-1 \\ H-1,2,3- ((((1- (4- ((((1- (((((1- (((((1- (((((1- ((((((1- (((((1- (((((1- ((((1- ((((1- (((1- ((((1- ((((1- (((1- ((((1- (((1- (((1- (((1- (((1- ((1- (((1- (((1- ((1- ((1- ((1- ((1- (((1- (((1- (1- $	
		triazol-4-yl) butyl) piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylic acid ${\bf 147}$	37
(	0.39	$1- Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7- (4-(4-(4-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)butyl)-1 \\ H-1,2,3-triazol-1-(4-(4-(4-(4-0xo-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)butyl)-1 \\ H-1,2,3-triazol-1-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-$	
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#### 0.1 Cyclohexanol derivatives

1 References

#### 0.1.1 Synthesis of the trans-2-aminocyclohexan-1-ol head group

It was decided to produce the cyclohexanol conjugates racemically, with the option of re-synthesising enantiomerically pure versions via the route shown in ?? if the compounds showed biological activity.

**40** 

Production of the cyclohexanol conjugates began with the synthesis of *trans*-2-aminocyclohexan-1-ol **142** (see Scheme 1), using a procedure reported by Xue et al. <sup>18</sup> Cyclohexene oxide **141** was opened using ammonia in water and methanol. Initially the reaction was carried out at 85 °C in a microwave reactor for 30 min, but a large amount of the disubstituted amine could be seen by LCMS (in a ratio of 4:3 product to impurity by NMR). The reaction was therefore attempted at room temperature, and proceeded overnight in high yield and with minimal side reaction.

Scheme 1: Synthesis of trans-2-aminocyclohexan-1-ol **142**. a) NH<sub>3</sub>, water, MeOH, r.t., 72 h, 86.2 %.

#### 0.1.2 Synthesis of the trans-cyclohexanol- and cyclohexanone-CipMe conjugates

Carboxylic acid 137 was coupled with trans-2-aminocyclohexan-1-ol 142 using standard peptide coupling conditions to give trans-cyclohexanol-CipMe conjugate 143 in 31.7 % yield. Again, losses during purification appear to be the main cause of this poor yield.

A portion of the *trans*-cyclohexanol-CipMe conjugate **143** was then oxidised to the ketone using Dess-Martin periodinane. The product was isolated in good yield, perhaps due to the compound being less polar and hence easier to purify.

Scheme 2: Synthesis of the cyclohexanol-CipMe conjugate  $\bf 143$  and the cyclohexanone-CipMe conjugate  $\bf 144$ . a) EDC, HOBt, DIPEA, DMF, r.t., 16 h, 31.7 %. b) DMP, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, r.t., 6 h, 69.1 %.

#### 0.1.3 Synthesis of the trans-cyclohexanol- and cyclohexanone-Cip triazole conjugates

The triazole conjugates were synthesised using the route described in . Cl-C<sub>4</sub>-trans-cyclohexanol 145 was synthesised in good yield from trans-2-aminocyclohexan-1-ol 142 and 4-chlorobutyryl chloride 138.

 $Cl-C_4$ -trans-cyclohexanol 145 was then converted to  $N_3-C_4$ -trans-cyclohexanol 146 by reaction with sodium azide in excellent yield.

Scheme 3: Synthesis of  $N_3$ - $C_4$ -trans-cyclohexanol **146**. a) TEA,  $CH_2Cl_2$ , 0 °C, 30 min, 76.1 %. b)  $NaN_3$ , acetonitrile, 50 °C, 16 h, 97.5 %.

The trans-cyclohexanol-Cip triazole conjugate 147 was synthesised using standard click conditions (see ??) in 48.9 % yield.

A portion of the *trans*-cyclohexanol-Cip triazole conjugate **147** was then oxidised to the ketone using the same conditions used for the cyclohexanone-CipMe conjugate (see 0.1.2) in very good yield.

Scheme 4: Synthesis of the trans-cyclohexanol-Cip triazole conjugate 147 and the cyclohexanone-Cip triazole conjugate 148. a) CuSO<sub>4</sub>, THPTA, sodium ascorbate, H<sub>2</sub>O, t-BuOH, r.t., 16 h, 48.9 %. b) DMP, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, r.t., 4 h, 78.0 %.

### 0.2 Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(piperazin-1-yl)-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate 92

Ciprofloxacin 28 (10.0 g, 30 mmol, 1 eq.) and p-toluenesulfonic acid (8.60 mg, 44.5 mmol, 1.5 eq.) were refluxed in methanol (500 ml) for 72 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (sat., aq., 100 ml) and water (300 ml) were added. The product was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2×400 ml). The combined organic fractions were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. 92 was obtained as a white amorphous solid (9.16 g, 26.5 mmol, 83.3 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.13 \ (5 \% \text{ MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2947.9 (C-H), 2834.9 (C-H), 1720.9 (ester C=O), 1616.8 (quinolone C=O)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, MeOD) δ / ppm = 8.55 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 7.71 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.41 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 3.83 (s, 3 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_3$ ), 3.62 (tt, J = 7.4, 3.5 Hz, 1 H, NC $\underline{\text{H}}_4$ (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.24 - 3.29 (m, 4 H, HN(CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ )CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ), 3.02 - 3.10 (m, 4 H, HN(C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ )C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ), 1.31 - 1.38 (m, 2 H, NCH(C $\underline{\text{H}}$ H)<sub>2</sub>), 1.12 - 1.20 (m, 2 H, NCH(CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ )<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, MeOD) δ / ppm = 175.2 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 166.8 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 154.9 (d, J = 248.0 Hz, ipso to F), 150.1 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ =CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 146.6 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 139.9 (para to F), 123.3 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, para to piperazine), 113.0 (d, J = 23.4 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 110.1 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 107.1 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, meta to C=O and meta to F), 52.3 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>3</sub>), 51.7 (HN(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 51.6 (HN(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 46.5 (HN( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>) $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 36.4 ( $\underline{\mathbf{N}}$ CH(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 8.7 (NCH( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>)2)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = -124.8 (s, ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 346.1569, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 346.1567

The data are consistent with the literature. 10

#### 0.3 4-Bromo-N-(2-oxotetrahydrothiophen-3-yl)butanamide 94

3-Aminodihydrothiophen-2(3H)-one hydrochloride **93** (15.0 g, 97.6 mmol, 1 eq.) and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (16.4 g, 195 mmol, 2 eq.) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 ml) and water (150 ml). 4-Bromobutyryl chloride **58** (11.3 ml, 107 mmol, 1.1 eq.) was added dropwise over 45 min at 0  $^{\circ}$ C and the mixture was stirred for a further 1 h. The

organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with a second portion of  $\mathrm{CH_2Cl_2}$  (150 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over  $\mathrm{MgSO_4}$  and evaporated under reduced pressure. **94** was obtained as a white, amorphous solid (22.7 g, 85.8 mmol, 87.9 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.19 \ (50 \% \ EtOAc/PE)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3265.9 (amide N-H), 3063.2 (amide N-H), 1694.3 (thiolactone C=O), 1650.5 (amide C=O)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 6.08 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 4.54 (dt, J = 12.9, 6.5 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 3.49 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>Br), 3.37 (ddd, J = 12.2, 11.5, 5.3 Hz, 1 H, SC<u>H</u>H), 3.26 (ddd, J = 11.5, 6.9, 1.3 Hz, 1 H, SCH<u>H</u>), 2.91 (dddd, J = 12.5, 6.7, 5.3, 1.3 Hz, 1 H, SCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>H), 2.45 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H, C(=O)C<u>H</u>H), 2.45 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1 H, C(=O)CH<u>H</u>), 2.20 (quin, J = 6.7 Hz, 1 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 1.96 (dddd, J = 12.7, 12.5, 12.2, 7.0 Hz, 1 H, SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<u>H</u>)

 $^{13}\textbf{C NMR} \ (101 \ \text{MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3) \ \delta \ / \ \text{ppm} = 205.4 \ (\underline{\text{SC}}(=\text{O})), \ 172.1 \ (\text{NH}\underline{\text{C}}(=\text{O})), \ 59.4 \ (\underline{\text{C}}\text{HNH}), \ 34.1 \ (\text{C}(=\text{O})\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2), \ 33.1 \ (\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2\text{Br}), \ 31.8 \ (\text{SCH}_2\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2), \ 28.0 \ (\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{CH}_2\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2), \ 27.5 \ (\underline{\text{SC}}\text{H}_2)$ 

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) The compound does not ionise.

The compound has been synthesised previously 11,12 but characterisation was not published.

works
in
LCMS
see

### 0.4 Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxotetrahydrothiophen-3-yl)amino)butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate 95

Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(piperazin-1-yl)-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate  $\bf 92$  (50 mg, 0.145 mmol, 1 eq.), 4-bromo-N-(2-oxotetrahydrothiophen-3-yl)butanamide  $\bf 94$  (34.5 mg, 0.145 mmol, 1 eq.) and  $\rm K_2CO_3$  (20 mg, 0.145 mmol, 1 eq.) were stirred in acetonitrile (2 ml) at 50 °C under argon. After 24 h a further portion of  $\bf 94$  (34.5 mg, 0.145 mmol, 1 eq.) was added. After another 24 h a further portion was added (69.0 mg, 0.290 mmol, 2 eq.). After another 24 h the temperature was raised so the mixture was at reflux. After a final 24 h the precipitate was filtered off and the filtrate was purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 5-10 % MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) followed by preparative HPLC (5-95 % acetonitrile/water over 20 min).  $\bf 95$  was obtained as a cream-coloured amorphous solid (9.4 mg, 0.018 mmol, 12.2 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.47 (10 \% \text{ MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2944.2 (C-H), 2832.4 (C-H), 1722.4 (ester C=O), 1700.4 (thiolactone C=O), 1669.6 (amide C=O), 1617.3 (quinolone C=O)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, MeOD) δ / ppm = 8.53 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 7.68 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.41 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 4.67 (dd, J = 12.9, 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CHNH), 3.83 (s, 3 H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.61 (tt, J = 6.9, 4.1 Hz, 1 H, NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.39 - 3.49 (m, 1 H, SCHH), 3.26 - 3.33 (m, 5 H, SCHH and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.93 - 3.03 (m, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.79 (br. t, J = 7.2, 7.2 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.59 (dddd, J = 12.4, 6.9, 5.4, 1.4 Hz, 1 H, SCH<sub>2</sub>CHH), 2.39 (t, J = 7.20 Hz, 1 H, C(=O)CHH), 2.38 (t, J = 6.94 Hz, 1 H, C(=O)CHH), 2.18 (qd, J = 12.4, 7.0 Hz, 1 H, SCH<sub>2</sub>CHH), 1.97 (quin, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.32 - 1.37 (m, 2 H, NCH(CHH)<sub>2</sub>), 1.13 - 1.19 (m, 2 H, NCH(CHH)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, MeOD) δ / ppm = 207.0 (S<u>C</u>(=O)), 175.7 (NH<u>C</u>(=O)), 175.1 (<u>C</u>(=O)CC(=O)CCH<sub>3</sub>), 166.6 (<u>C</u>(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 154.7 (d, J = 249.0 Hz, ipso to F), 150.2 (s, <u>C</u>H=CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 145.6 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 139.8 (para to F), 123.5 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, para to piperazine), 113.1 (d, J = 23.6 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 110.0 (<u>C</u>C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 107.4 (meta to C=O and meta to F), 60.2 (<u>C</u>HNH), 58.5 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 53.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>)<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 52.3 (O<u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>), 50.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub><u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 50.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 36.5 (N<u>C</u>H(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 34.5 (C(=O)<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 31.7 (SCH<sub>2</sub><u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 28.1 (S<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 22.9 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 8.7 (NCH(<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = -125.4 (s, ciprofloxacin F)

 ${\bf HRMS}~({\rm ESI^+})~m/z~/~{\rm Da} = 531.2083, \, [{\rm M+H}]^+~{\rm found}, \, [{\rm C}_{26}{\rm H}_{32}{\rm FN}_4{\rm O}_5{\rm S}]^+~{\rm requires}~531.2077$ 

The compound has been synthesised previously. <sup>11,12</sup> Only HRMS characterisation was published, and this agrees with the result above.

#### 0.5 4-Azido-N-(2-oxotetrahydrothiophen-3-yl)butanamide 96

$$S \stackrel{O}{\longrightarrow} H$$
 $N_3$ 
 $N_3$ 

4-Bromo-N-(2-oxotetrahydrothiophen-3-yl)butanamide  $\bf 94$  (6.00 g, 27.0 mmol, 1 eq.) and NaN<sub>3</sub> (3.51 g, 54.1 mmol, 2 eq.) were refluxed in acetonitrile (120 ml) for 1.5 h. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was partitioned between water (150 ml) and  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$  (150 ml). The aqueous layer was extracted twice more with  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$  (2×150 ml) and the combined organic fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure.  $\bf 96$  was obtained as a yellow, sticky solid (4.60 g, 20.1 mmol, 89.3 %).

TLC  $R_f = 0.19 (50 \% \text{ EtOAc/PE})$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3285.6 (N-H), 2963.9 (C-H), 2100.2 (azide), 1697.4 (thiolactone C=O), 1647.4 (amide C=O)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 6.71 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 4.54 (dt, J = 13.0, 7.0 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 3.30 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 3.31 (td, J = 11.7, 5.3 Hz, 1 H, SC<u>H</u>H), 3.19 (ddd, J = 11.3, 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 1 H, SCH<u>H</u>), 2.70 (dddd, J = 12.4, 6.8, 5.3, 1.2 Hz, 1 H, SCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>H), 2.29 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H, C(=O)C<u>H</u>H), 2.28 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1 H, C(=O)CH<u>H</u>), 1.97 (qd, J = 12.4, 7.0 Hz, 1 H, SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<u>H</u>), 1.85 (quin, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 205.4 (S<u>C</u>(=O)), 172.3 (NH<u>C</u>(=O)), 59.4 (<u>C</u>HNH), 50.6 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 32.8 (C(=O)<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 31.8 (SCH<sub>2</sub><u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 27.5 (S<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 24.6 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub><u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 251.0565, [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>4</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>S]<sup>+</sup> requires 251.0573

The compound has not been reported previously.

# 0.6 1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-(1-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxotetrahydrothiophen-3-yl)amino)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1,4-dihydroquinol ine-3-carboxylic acid 97

1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(hex-5-yn-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylic acid **70** (15 mg, 36.7  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) and 4-azido-N-(2-oxotetrahydrothiophen-3-yl)butanamide **96** (12.5 mg, 55.1  $\mu$ mol, 1.5 eq.) were dissolved in 1:9:10 water/t-BuOH/DMSO (3 ml), and the mixture was degassed by bubbling N<sub>2</sub> through it. A solution of CuSO<sub>4</sub> and THPTA (182  $\mu$ l, 18.2  $\mu$ mol, 0.5 eq. 100 mM, aq.) was added, followed by a solution of sodium ascorbate (367  $\mu$ l, 36.7  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq., 100 mM, aq.). The mixture was stirred at r.t. under argon for 4 d. Water (10 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (10 ml) were added, the organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted again with 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (2×10 ml). The combined organic layers were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC (5-95 % acetonitrile/water over 20 min). The combined pure fractions were evaporated under reduced pressure and then partitioned between NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq., sat., 50 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (50 ml). The organic layer was dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **97** was obtained as a white amorphous solid (16.5 mg, 25.9  $\mu$ mol, 70.6 %).

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2918.8 (C-H), 1712.7 (carboxylic acid C=O and thiolactone C=O), 1657.6 (amide C=O), 1626.8 (quinolone C=O), 1616.2 (triazole)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 15.23 (br s, 1 H, C(=O)O<u>H</u>), 8.66 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OH), 8.23 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 7.90 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.84 (s, 1 H, C<u>H</u>=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.56 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 4.59 (ddd, J = 12.7, 8.4, 6.8 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 4.31 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>NCH=C), 3.80 - 3.86 (6.9, 4.0 Hz, 1 H, NC<u>H</u>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.34 - 3.37 (m, 1 H, SC<u>H</u>H), 3.32 (br t, J = 4.1 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.27 (ddd, J = 11.1, 6.9, 1.4 Hz, 1 H, SC<u>H</u>H), 2.64 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H, CH=CC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 2.57 (br t, J = 4.7 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>)C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 2.34 - 2.44 (m, 3 H, SCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>H and CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.12 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1 H, C(=O)C<u>H</u>H), 2.12 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1 H, C(=O)CH<u>H</u>), 2.04 (m, 3 H, SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<u>H</u> and C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.64 (quin, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.51 (quin, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.28 - 1.34 (m, 2 H, NCH(C<u>H</u>H)<sub>2</sub>), 1.15 - 1.20 (m, 2 H, NCH(CH<u>H</u>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (126 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 205.6 (SC(=O)), 176.4 (C(=O)CC(=O)OH), 171.4 (NHC(=O)), 166.0 (C(=O)OH), 153.1 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 146.9 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 146.9 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 146.9 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 150.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 150.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 150.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 146.9 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 150.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 150.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 150.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 150.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 150.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 150.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 150.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 145.3 (d, J = 249.3 Hz, ortho to F), 148.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 146.3 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 14

= 10.1 Hz, *ipso* to piperazine), 139.2 (*para* to F), 121.8 ( $\underline{\text{CH}}$ =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 118.6 (d, J=7.7 Hz, *para* to piperazine), 111.0 (d, J=23.3 Hz, *ortho* to C=O and *ortho* to F), 106.7 ( $\underline{\text{CC}}$ (=O)OH), 106.4 (d, J=2.9 Hz, *meta* to C=O and *meta* to F), 58.2 (SC(=O) $\underline{\text{C}}$ HNH), 57.4 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 52.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N( $\underline{\text{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 49.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 48.6 ( $\underline{\text{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>NCH=C), 35.9 (N $\underline{\text{C}}$ H(CH<sub>2</sub>)), 31.9 (NHC(=O) $\underline{\text{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 30.1 ( $\underline{\text{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 26.9 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{\text{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 26.8 (S $\underline{\text{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 25.9 (NHC(=O) CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 25.8 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 25.0 (CH=C $\underline{\text{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 7.6 (NCH( $\underline{\text{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = -124.9 (s, ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 640.2739, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>39</sub>FN<sub>7</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S]<sup>+</sup> requires 640. 2712

The compound has not been reported previously.

0.7 1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-((((4-(1-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxotetrahydrothiophen -3-yl)amino)butyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)butanoyl)oxy)methoxy)carbonyl)pipe razin-1-yl)-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylic acid 99

1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(((hex-5-ynoyloxy)methoxy)carbonyl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylic acid **98** (203 mg, 0.407 mmol, 1 eq.), 4-azido-N-(2-oxotetrahydrothiophen-3-yl)butanamide **96** (92.8 mg, 0.407 mmol, 1 eq.), CuI (40 mg, 0.190 mmol, 0.5 eq.) and DIPEA (0.356 ml, 0.264 mg, 2.04 mmol, 5 eq.) were stirred in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (18.6 ml) at r.t. under Ar for 3 h. The mixture was fitered and the filtrate was dry-loaded onto SiO<sub>2</sub> and purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 5-10 % MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). **99** was obtained as pale brown/yellow amorphous solid (14.7 mg, 20.2  $\mu$ mol, 5.0 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.40 \ (5 \% \ \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH})$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3054.9 (C-H), 1715.8 (carboxylic acid C=O and ester C=O), 1696.2 (carbamate C=O and thiolactone C=O), 1651.2 (amide C=O), 1629.2 (quinolone C=O)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 205.5 (SC(=O)), 176.4 (C(=O)CC(=O)OH), 171.8 (C(=O)OCH<sub>2</sub>O), 171.3 (NHC(=O)), 165.9 (C(=O)OH), 152.8 (d, J = 249.7 Hz, ipso to F), 152.9 (OC(=O)N), 148.1 (CH=CC(=O)OH), 146.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 144.9 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 139.1 (para to F), 122.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 118.9 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, para to piperazine), 111.0 (d, J = 23.5 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 106.8 (CC(=O)OH, and meta to C=O and meta to F), 80.3 (OCH<sub>2</sub>O), 58.2 (CHNH), 49.1 (C(=O)N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 49.1 (C(=O)N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 48.6 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 43.4 (N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 43.0 (N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.9 (NCH (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 32.7 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)), 31.8 (NHC(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>), 30.1 (SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.8 (SCH<sub>2</sub>), 25.8 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 24.2 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)), 24.0 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)), 7.6 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 728.2502, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>39</sub>FN<sub>7</sub>O<sub>9</sub>S]<sup>+</sup> requires 728.2503

The compound has not been reported previously.

#### 0.8 4-Bromo-*N*-(2-methoxyphenyl)butanamide 101

2-Methoxyaniline **100** (9.12 ml, 10.0 g, 81.2 mmol, 1 eq.) and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (8.19 g, 97.4 mmol, 1.2 eq.) were dissolved in water (100 ml) and  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$  (100 ml). The mixture was cooled to 0 °C and 4-bromobutyryl chloride **58** (9.40 ml, 15.1 g, 81.2 mmol, 1 eq.) was added dropwise over 15 min. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1.5 h, then the aqueous layer was removed. The organic layer was dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 5-25 % EtOAc/P.E.). The combined pure fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **101** was obtained as an initially colourless liquid which slowly turned blue then black if left out on the bench (11.0 g, 40.6 mmol, 50.0 %).

TLC  $R_f = 0.16 (10 \% \text{ EtOAc/P.E.})$ 

 $\begin{aligned} \mathbf{IR} \; \text{(neat)} \; \nu_{max} \; / \; \text{cm}^{-1} &= 3410.2 \; \text{(N-H)}, \; 3313.4 \; \text{(N-H)}, \; 2961.6 \; \text{(C-H)}, \; 2939.5 \; \text{(C-H)}, \; 2902.5 \; \text{(C-H)}, \; 1676.4 \; \text{(amide C=O)} \end{aligned}$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> d<sub>1</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 8.32 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.7 Hz, 1 H, ortho to NH), 7.85 (br s, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 7.02 (td, J = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1 H, para to NH), 6.93 (td, J = 7.7, 1.4 Hz, 1 H, para to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.5 Hz, 1 H, ortho to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.85 (s, 3 H, C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 3.50 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>Br), 2.56 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 2.25 (quin, J = 6.7 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> d<sub>1</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 169.4 (<u>C</u>(=O)), 147.6 (*ipso* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 127.2 (*ipso* to NH), 123.5 (*para* to NH), 120.7 (*para* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 119.6 (*ortho* to NH and *meta* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 109.8 (*ortho* to OCH<sub>3</sub> and *meta* to NH), 55.5 (<u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>), 35.4 (C(=O)<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 33.1 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>Br), 27.9 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub><u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 272.0287, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>15</sub>BrNO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 272.0286

The compound has not been reported previously.

## 0.9 Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-((2-methoxyphenyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate 102

Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(piperazin-1-yl)-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate  $\bf 92$  (500 mg, 1.45 mmol, 1 eq.), 4-bromo-N-(2-methoxyphenyl)butanamide  $\bf 101$  (788 mg, 2.90 mmol, 2 eq.), DIPEA (1.28 ml, 950 mg, 7.35 mmol, 5 eq.), NaI (275 mg, 1.83 mmol, 1.3 eq.) and acetonitrile (10 ml) were stirred in a microwave reactor at 100 °C for 4 h. The mixture was dry-loaded onto  ${\rm SiO_2}$  and purified by column chromatography ( ${\rm SiO_2}$ , 4 % MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). The combined pure fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure.  $\bf 102$  was obtained as a bright pink amorphous solid (79.7 mg, 0.149 mmol, 10.2 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.40 \ (10 \% \text{ MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2947.1 (C-H), 2833.7 (C-H), 1718.9 (ester C=O), 1685.3 (amide C=O), 1617.3 (quinolone C=O)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> d<sub>1</sub>) δ / ppm = 8.48 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 8.36 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1 H, ortho to NH), 7.87 - 7.99 (m, 2 H, ortho to F and NH), 7.19 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 7.01 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H, para to NH), 6.93 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H, para to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.85 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1 H, ortho to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.88 (s, 3 H, C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.85 (s, 3 H, aromatic OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.41 (tt, J = 6.9, 4.0 Hz, 1 H, NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.25 (br t, J = 5.0, 5.0 Hz, 4 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.67 (br t, J = 5.0 Hz, 4 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 2.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.97 (quin, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.25 - 1.33 (m, 2 H, NCH(CHH)<sub>2</sub>), 1.07 - 1.14 (m, 2 H, NCH(CHH)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> d<sub>1</sub>) δ / ppm = 172.9 ( $\underline{C}$ (=O)CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 170.8 (NH $\underline{C}$ (=O)), 166.2 ( $\underline{C}$ (=O)O CH<sub>3</sub>), 153.3 (d, J = 248.0 Hz, ipso to F), 148.2 ( $\underline{C}$ =CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 147.6 (ipso to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 144.4 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 137.9 (para to F), 127.6 (ipso to NH), 123.4 (para to NH), 122.7 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, para to piperazine), 121.0 (para to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 119.7 (ortho to NH and meta to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 113.0 (d, J = 22.5 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 109.8 (ortho to OCH<sub>3</sub> and meta to NH, and  $\underline{C}$ C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 104.7 (meta to C=O and meta to F), 57.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 55.6 (aromatic OCH<sub>3</sub>), 52.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>) $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 51.9 (C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 49.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 49.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.5 ( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 34.5 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 22.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 8.0 (NCH( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 537.2523, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>34</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 537.2513

The compound has not been reported previously.

#### 0.10 4-Azido-N-(2-methoxyphenyl)butanamide 103

4-Bromo-N-(2-methoxyphenyl) butanamide  ${\bf 101}$  (2.05 g, 7.51 mmol, 1 eq.) and NaN<sub>3</sub> (1.17 g, 18.0 mmol, 2.4 eq.) were refluxed in acetonitrile (100 ml) for 2 h. The mixture was cooled and filtered, and the fit rate was dry-loaded onto SiO<sub>2</sub> and purified by column chromatography using a Combiflash (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 8-14 % then hold at 14 % EtOAc/P.E.).  ${\bf 103}$  was obtained as an initially colour less liquid which slowly turned blue then black if left out on the bench (0.469 g, 2.00 mmol, 26.7 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.20 \ (25 \% \ \text{EtOAc/P.E.})$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3419.7 (N-H), 3329.6 (N-H), 2094.8 (azide), 1672.3 (amide C=O)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> d<sub>1</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 8.32 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 1 H, ortho to NH), 7.86 (br s, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 7.00 (td, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1 H, para to NH), 6.90 (td, J = 7.7, 1.1 Hz, 1 H, para to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.83 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1 H, ortho to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.81 (s, 3 H, C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 3.33 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>Br), 2.42 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 1.94 (quin, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> d<sub>1</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 169.5 ( $\underline{C}$ (=O)), 147.6 (*ipso* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 127.1 (*ipso* to NH), 123.4 (*para* to NH), 120.5 (*para* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 119.5 (*ortho* to NH and *meta* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 109.6 (*ortho* to OCH<sub>3</sub> and *meta* to NH), 55.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 50.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 33.9 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>), 24.3 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 257.1010, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>4</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 257.1014

The data are consistent with the literature.  $^{13}$ 

# 0.11 1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-(1-(4-((2-methoxyphenyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carb oxylic acid 104

1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(hex-5-yn-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylic acid **70** (24.1 mg, 58.6  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) and 4-azido-N-(2-methoxyphenyl)butanamide **103** (13.7 mg, 58.5  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) were dissolved in water (3 ml), t-BuOH (9 ml) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (9 ml), and the mixture was degassed by bubbling through N<sub>2</sub>. A solution of CuSO<sub>4</sub> and THPTA (117  $\mu$ l, 5.85  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq., 50 mM, aq.) was added, followed by a solution

of sodium ascorbate (234  $\mu$ l, 11.7  $\mu$ mol, 0.2 eq., 50 mM, aq.). The mixture was stirred at room temperature under argon for 16 h. Water (25 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (25 ml) and MeOH (5 ml) were added and the organic layer was separated off, dry-loaded onto SiO<sub>2</sub> and purified by column chromatography using a Combiflash (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 3-23 % MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). The combined pure fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **104** was obtained as a clear amorphous solid (14.7 mg, 22.8  $\mu$ mol, 39.0 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.28 \ (10 \% \text{ MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2926.5 (C-H), 2846.6 (C-H), 1723.4 (carboxylic acid C=O), 1682.0 (amide C=O), 1625.8 (quinolone C=O), 1612.8 (triazole)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 15.05 (br s, 1 H, C(=O)O<u>H</u>), 8.76 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OH), 8.31 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.7 Hz, 1 H, ortho to NH), 8.00 (d, J = 13.0 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.83 (br s, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 7.37 (s, 1 H, C<u>H</u>=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.35 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 7.04 (td, J = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1 H, para to NH), 6.95 (td, J = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1 H, para to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.88 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1 H, ortho to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.47 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 3.88 (s, 3 H, C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 3.54 (tt, J = 6.9, 4.0 Hz, 1 H, NC<u>H</u>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.35 (br t, J = 4.7 Hz, 4 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.76 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 2.44 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 2.32 (quin, J = 6.7 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.75 (quin, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.61 (quin, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.35 - 1.42 (m, 2 H, NCH(C<u>H</u>H)<sub>2</sub>), 1.17 - 1.22 (m, 2 H, NCH(CH<u>H</u>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = -120.7 (s, ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 646.3132, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>41</sub>FN<sub>7</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 646.3153

The compound has not been reported previously.

#### 0.12 4-Bromo-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)butanamide 106

3-Methoxyaniline **105** (3.04 ml, 3.33 g, 27.1 mmol, 1 eq.) and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (2.73 g, 32.5 mmol, 1.2 eq.) were dissolved in water (30 ml) and  $\mathrm{CH_2Cl_2}$  (30 ml). The mixture was cooled to 0 °C and 4-bromobutyryl chloride **58** (3.13 ml, 5.03 g, 27.1 mmol, 1 eq.) was added dropwise over 5 min. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h, then the aqueous layer was removed. The organic layer was dry-loaded onto  $\mathrm{SiO_2}$  and purified by column chromatography using a Combiflash ( $\mathrm{SiO_2}$ , 0-100 %  $\mathrm{EtOAc/P.E.}$ ). The combined pure fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **106** was obtained as a pale pink amorphous solid (3.66 g, 13.5 mmol, 49.6 %).

TLC  $R_f = 0.18~(25~\%~{\rm EtOAc/P.E.})$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 1670.9 (amide C=O)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> d<sub>1</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 8.45 (s, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 7.27 (t, J = 2.2 Hz, 1 H, ortho to OCH<sub>3</sub> and ortho to NH), 7.14 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1 H, meta to OCH<sub>3</sub> and meta to NH), 7.02 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, para to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.62 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1 H, para to NH), 3.71 (s, 3 H, C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 3.42 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>Br), 2.51 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 2.19 (quin, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> d<sub>1</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 170.3 ( $\underline{C}$ (=O)), 159.9 (*ipso* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 139.0 (*ipso* to NH), 129.5 (*meta* to OCH<sub>3</sub> and *meta* to NH), 112.1 (*para* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 109.9 (*para* to NH), 105.7 (*ortho* to OCH<sub>3</sub> and *ortho* to NH), 55.2 ( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>3</sub>), 35.3 ( $\underline{C}$ (=O) $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 33.2 ( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>Br), 28.0 ( $\underline{C}$ (=O)CH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) The compound does not ionise.

The compound has not been reported previously.

## 0.13 Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-((3-methoxyphenyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl) piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate 107

Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(piperazin-1-yl)-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate  $\bf 92$  (500 mg, 1.45 mmol, 1 eq.), 4-bromo-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)butanamide  $\bf 106$  (788 mg, 2.90 mmol, 2 eq.), DIPEA (1.28 ml, 950 mg, 7.35 mmol, 5 eq.), NaI (275 mg, 1.83 mmol, 1.3 eq.) and acetonitrile (10 ml) were stirred in a microwave reactor at 100 °C for 4 h. The mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure and partitioned between  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$  (50 ml) and water (50 ml). The organic layer was separated off and the aqueous layer was extracted again with  $\rm CH_2Cl_2$  (50 ml). The combined organic layers were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 0-4 % MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). The combined pure fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure.  $\bf 107$  was obtained as an off-white amorphous solid (81.7 mg, 0.152 mmol, 10.5 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.38 \ (10 \% \ \text{MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3270.8 (amide N-H) 2943.8 (C-H), 2817.0 (C-H), 1729.5 (ester C=O), 1682.0 (amide C=O), 1613.5 (quinolone C=O)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 8.56 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 8.06 (d, J = 13.3 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 8.02 (br s, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 7.34 (t, J = 1.7 Hz, 1 H, ortho to OCH<sub>3</sub> and ortho to NH), 7.25 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 7.20 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H, meta to OCH<sub>3</sub> and meta to NH), 6.98 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.7 Hz, 1 H, para to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.65 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1 H, para to NH), 3.93 (s, 3 H, C(=O)OC<u>H<sub>3</sub></u>), 3.80 (s, 3 H, aromatic OC<u>H<sub>3</sub></u>), 3.42 (tt, J = 6.8, 3.7 Hz, 1 H, NC<u>H</u>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.31 (br t, J = 4.3 Hz, 4 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.73 (br t, J = 4.5 Hz, 4 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>)C(<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>), 2.58 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 2.48 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.29 - 1.36 (m, 2 H, NCH(C<u>H</u>H)<sub>2</sub>), 1.11 - 1.17 (m, 2 H, NCH(CH<u>H</u>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 173.1 ( $\underline{C}$ (=O)CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 170.9 (NH $\underline{C}$ (=O)), 166.3 ( $\underline{C}$ (=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 160.1 (*ipso* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 153.3 (d, J = 250.1 Hz, *ipso* to F), 148.4 ( $\underline{C}$ =CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 144.1 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, *ipso* to piperazine), 139.4 (*ipso* to NH), 138.0 (*para* to F), 129.6 (*meta* to NH and *meta* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 123.3 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, *para* to piperazine), 113.4 (d, J = 23.3 Hz, *ortho* to C=O and *ortho* to F), 111.8 (*para* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 110.0 ( $\underline{C}$ C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 109.8 (*para* to NH), 105.5 (*ortho* to OCH<sub>3</sub> and *ortho* to NH), 105.0 (*meta* to C=O and *meta* to F), 57.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 55.3 (aromatic OCH<sub>3</sub>), 52.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 52.1 (C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 49.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.2 ( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 34.6 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 21.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 8.2 (NCH( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = -123.5 (s, ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 537.2500, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>34</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 537.2513

The compound has not been reported previously.

#### 0.14 4-Azido-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)butanamide 108

$$\bigcup_{O} \bigvee_{H} \bigcup_{O} N_3$$

4-Bromo-N-(3-methoxyphenyl) butanamide **106** (2.05 g, 7.51 mmol, 1 eq.) and NaN<sub>3</sub> (1.17 g, 18.0 mmol, 2.4 eq.) were refluxed in acetonitrile (100 ml) for 7 h. The mixture was cooled and filtered, and the fit rate was dry-loaded onto  $\mathrm{SiO}_2$  and purified by column chromatography using a Combiflash ( $\mathrm{SiO}_2$ , 0-100 % EtOAc/P.E.). The combined pure fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **108** was obtained as an straw-coloured liquid (0.294 g, 1.25 mmol, 16.7 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.37 (50 \% \text{ EtOAc/P.E.})$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3298.3 (N-H), 2094.7 (azide), 1661.7 (amide C=O)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = 8.63 (br s, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 7.26 (t, J = 2.3 Hz, 1 H, ortho to OCH<sub>3</sub> and ortho to NH), 7.15 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1 H, meta to OCH<sub>3</sub> and meta to NH), 7.01 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1 H, para to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.63 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.9 Hz, 1 H, para to NH), 3.69 (s, 3 H, C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 3.28 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>),

2.39 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ), 1.91 (quin, J = 7.0 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ )

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = 170.8 (<u>C</u>(=O)), 159.6 (*ipso* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 138.9 (*ipso* to NH), 129.2 (*meta* to OCH<sub>3</sub> and *meta* to NH), 112.3 (*para* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 109.5 (*para* to NH), 106.0 (*ortho* to OCH<sub>3</sub> and *ortho* to NH), 54.8 (<u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>), 50.4 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 33.6 (C(=O)<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 24.4 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub><u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) The compound does not ionise.

The compound has not been reported previously.

# 0.15 1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-(1-(4-((3-methoxyphenyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carb oxylic acid 109

1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(hex-5-yn-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylic acid **70** (24.1 mg, 58.6  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) and 4-azido-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)butanamide **108** (13.7 mg, 58.5  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) were dissolved in water (1 ml), t-BuOH (9 ml) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), and the mixture was degassed by bubbling through N<sub>2</sub>. A solution of CuSO<sub>4</sub> and THPTA (58.5  $\mu$ l, 5.85  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq. 100 mM, aq.) was added, followed by a solution of sodium ascorbate (117  $\mu$ l, 11.7  $\mu$ mol, 0.2 eq., 100 mM, aq.). The mixture was stirred at room temperature under argon for 2 h, then the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The resudue was partitioned between water (15 ml) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (15 ml), and the aqueous layer was extracted a further four times with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (4×15 ml). The combined organic layers were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, dry-loaded onto SiO<sub>2</sub> and purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 0-10 % MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). The combined pure fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **109** was obtained as a clear amorphous solid (1.9 mg, 2.9  $\mu$ mol, 5.0 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.22 \ (10 \% \ \text{MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2922.8 (C-H), 2849.5 (C-H), 1725.8 (carboxylic acid C=O), 1684.7 (amide C=O), 1624.5 (quinolone C=O), 1612.2 (triazole)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 15.23 (br s, 1 H, C(=O)O<u>H</u>), 9.89 (s, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 8.66 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OH), 7.90 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.88 (s, 1 H, C<u>H</u>=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.55 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 7.27 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1 H, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 7.16 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1 H, meta to OCH<sub>3</sub> and meta to NH), 7.08 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H, para to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.59 (ddd, J = 8.1, 2.4, 0.7 Hz, 1 H, para to NH), 4.36 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 3.81 (tt, J = 6.7, 4.0 Hz, 1 H, NC<u>H</u>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.70 (s, 3 H, C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 3.28 - 3.32 (m, 4 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.64 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH=C<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 2.56 (m, J = 4.2, 4.2 Hz, 4 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>)C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 2.38 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 2.10 (quin, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.64 (quin, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.51 (quin, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H,

 $CH = CCH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2N$ ), 1.27 - 1.33 (m, 2 H,  $NCH(C\underline{H}\underline{H})_2$ ), 1.15 - 1.20 (m, 2 H,  $NCH(C\underline{H}\underline{H})_2$ )

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 176.3 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)CC(=O)OH), 170.1 (NH $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)), 165.9 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)OH), 159.4 (*ipso* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 153.0 (d, J = 248.6 Hz, *ipso* to F), 148.0 (CH= $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ CH<sub>2</sub>), 146.9 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ =CC(=O)OH), 145.2 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, *ipso* to piperazine), 140.3 (*para* to F), 139.2 (*ipso* to NH), 129.4 (*meta* to OCH<sub>3</sub> and *meta* to NH), 121.7 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 118.5 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, *para* to piperazine), 111.3 (*para* to OCH<sub>3</sub>), 110.9 (d, J = 22.4 Hz, *ortho* to C=O and *ortho* to F), 108.4 (*para* to NH), 106.7 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ C(=O)OH), 106.3 (*meta* to C=O and *meta* to F), 104.8 (*ortho* to OCH<sub>3</sub> and *ortho* to NH), 57.3 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 54.9 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>3</sub>), 52.4 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 49.5 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 49.4 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 48.7 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 35.8 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 32.9 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 26.8 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 25.7 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 25.5 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 26.9 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 7.6 (NCH( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

 $^{19}\mathbf{F}$  NMR (376.45 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = -121.5 (s, ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 646.3159, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>41</sub>FN<sub>7</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 646.3153

The compound has not been reported previously.

### 0.16 Methyl 7-(4-(4-(tert-butoxy)-4-oxobutyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate 136

Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(piperazin-1-yl)-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate  $\bf 92$  (200 mg, 0.579 mmol, 1 eq.), tert-butyl 4-bromobutanoate  $\bf 135$  (103  $\mu$ l, 130 mg, 0.581 mmol, 1 eq.), NaI (86.9 mg, 0.580 mmol, 1 eq.), TEA (316  $\mu$ l, 229 mg, 2.27 mmol, 4 eq.) and acetonitrile (10 ml) were stirred in a microwave reactor at 100 °C for 8 h. A second portion of tert-butyl 4-bromobutanoate  $\bf 149$  (103  $\mu$ l, 130 mg, 0.581 mmol, 1 eq.) was added, and the mixture was stirred in the microwave reactor at 100 °C for a further 8 h. The mixture was then dry-loaded onto SiO<sub>2</sub> and purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 0-4 % MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>).  $\bf 136$  was obtained as a white amorphous solid (141 mg, 0.289 mmol, 49.9 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.12 \ (4 \% \text{ MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2961.6 (C-H), 2830.5 (C-H), 1732.2 (*t*-Bu ester C=O) 1717.2 (ciprofloxacin ester C=O), 1620.6 (quinolone C=O)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 8.39 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 7.82 (d, J = 13.3 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.17 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 3.83 (s, 3 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_3$ ), 3.40 (tt, J = 7.2, 3.6 Hz, 1 H, NC $\underline{\text{H}}$ (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.22 (t, J = 4.3 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ )CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ), 2.63 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ )C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ), 2.41 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.25 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.78 (quin, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.41 (s, 9 H, C((C $\underline{\text{H}})$ 3)<sub>3</sub>), 1.24 (m, 2 H, NCH(C $\underline{\text{H}}$ H)<sub>2</sub>), 1.09 (m, 2 H, NCH(CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ 1)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 172.7 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 172.6 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)OC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 165.9 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 153.1 (d, J = 249.7 Hz, ipso to F), 148.1 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ =CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 144.3 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 137.7 (para to F), 122.5 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, para to piperazine) 112.6 (d, J = 22.5 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 109.5 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>) 104.7 (meta to C=O and meta to F), 80.0 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 57.4 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 52.7 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>) $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 51.7 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>3</sub>), 49.7 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 34.4 ( $\underline{\mathbf{N}}$ CH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 33.2 (C(=O) $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 28.0 (C( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 22.0 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 7.9 ( $\underline{\mathbf{N}}$ CH( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = -123.5 (s, ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 488.2562, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>35</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 488.2561

The compound has not been reported previously.

### 0.17 4-(4-(1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-3-(methoxycarbonyl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinolin-7-yl)piperazin-1-yl)butanoic acid trifluoroacetate 137

Methyl 7-(4-(4-(tert-butoxy)-4-oxobutyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-car-boxylate **136** (20 mg, 41.0  $\mu$ mol) and TFA (0.2 ml) were stirred in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.8 ml) at r.t. for 16 h then evaporated under reduced pressure. **137** was obtained as a white solid (21.4 mg, 39.2  $\mu$ mol, 95.6 %).

mp  $T / {^{\circ}C} = 225-231 \text{ (CH}_2\text{Cl}_2, \text{ decomposes)}$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 1722.7 (ciprofloxacin ester C=O), 1699.0 (alkyl carboxylic acid C=O), 1673.3 (TFA C=O), 1614.6 (quinolone C=O)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 8.47 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OH), 7.80 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.47 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 3.73 (s, 3 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_3$ ), 3.66 (tt, J = 7.2, 3.7 Hz, 1 H, NC $\underline{\text{H}}$ (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.30 - 3.54 (br s, 8 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ )C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$  and CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ )CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ) 3.13 - 3.22 (m, 2 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.36 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.87 - 1.98 (m, 2 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.22 - 1.30 (m, 2 H, NCH(C $\underline{\text{H}}$ H)<sub>2</sub>), 1.06 - 1.15 (m, 2 H, NCH(CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ )<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 173.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)OH), 171.6 (C(=O)CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 164.9 (C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 158.2 (q, J = 31.5 Hz, CF<sub>3</sub>C(=O)OH), 152.5 (d, J = 247.6 Hz, ipso to F), 148.5 (C=CC(=O)OH), 142.3 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 138.0 (para to F), 122.6 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, para to piperazine), 117.2 (q, J = 299.8 Hz, CF<sub>3</sub>), 111.9 (d, J = 22.4 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 109.1 (C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 106.9 (meta to C=O and meta to F), 55.1 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 51.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 50.8 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 46.7 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 34.9 (NCH (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 30.6 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>), 19.1 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 7.6 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = -73.6 (s, C<u>F</u><sub>3</sub>), -124.6 (s, ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 432.1921, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>27</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 432.1935

The compound has not been reported previously.

### 0.18 (1R,2R)-2-(((S)-1-Phenylethyl)amino)cyclopentan-1-ol 113 and (1S,2S)-2-(((S)-1-phenylethyl)amino)cyclopentan-1-ol 112

(S)-1-Phenylethan-1-amine 111 (7.85 ml, 7.38 g, 60.9 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (50 ml) and stirred rapidly at 0 °C. A solution of AlMe<sub>3</sub> (31 ml, 2.0 M in heptane, 60.9 mmol) was added dropwise and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. A solution of cyclohexene oxide 110 (5.71 ml, 5.50 g, 65.4 mmol, 1.1 eq.) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (50 ml) was then added dropwise, and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for a further 3 h, followed by 48 h at r.t.. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C and NaF (11 g, 262 mmol, 4.3 eq.) was added portionwise, followed by water (7.00 ml, 7.00 g, 389 mmol, 6.4 eq.) and  $CH_2Cl_2$  (50 ml). The suspension was allowed to warm to r.t. and stirred for 1 h, then filtered through Celite and washed with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (500 ml). The filtrate was dried with  $K_2CO_3$ , concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 20:5:1 hexane:EtOAc:TEA). 113 was obtained as a pale yellow oil (4.08 g, 19.9 mmol, 32.6 %). 112 was obtained as pale yellow crystals (4.48 g, 21.8 mmol, 35.8 %).

#### (1R,2R)-2-(((S)-1-Phenylethyl)amino)cyclopentan-1-ol 113

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.25$  (15:5:1 hexane:EtOAc:TEA)

IR (neat) 
$$\nu_{max}$$
 / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3300.0 (br, O-H), 2959.7 (C-H), 2870.1 (C-H)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 7.28 - 7.38 (m, 4 H, ortho and meta to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 7.21 - 7.28 (m, 1 H, para to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.83 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H, CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.78 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 1 H, CHOH), 2.62 (dt, J = 8.2, 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CHNH), 1.97 (quin, J = 6.7 Hz, 1 H, CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 1.90 (quin, J = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.56 - 1.68 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.43 (dq, J = 12.5, 8.0 Hz, 1 H, CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.37 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.25 - 1.36 (m, 1 H, CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 144.75 (*ipso* to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 128.26 (*meta* to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 126.72 (*para* to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 126.30 (*ortho* to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 77.65 (<u>C</u>HOH), 63.38 (<u>C</u>HNH), 56.20 (<u>C</u>HCH<sub>3</sub>), 31.74 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 29.22 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 24.58 (<u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>), 19.57 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 206.1554, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO]<sup>+</sup> requires 206.1545

$$[\alpha]_D^{20} / {}^{\circ}10^{-1} \text{cm}^2 \text{g}^{-1} = -92.8, \text{ lit.} = -76.8 \ (c / \text{g}(100 \text{ ml})^{-1} = 1.19, \text{MeOH})$$

#### (1S,2S)-2-(((S)-1-Phenylethyl)amino)cyclopentan-1-ol 112

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.36$  (15:5:1 hexane:EtOAc:TEA)

**mp**  $T / ^{\circ}C = 66-71.5$  (hexane, EtOAc, TEA)

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3150.0 (br, O-H), 2950.9 (C-H), 2868.2 (C-H)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 7.28 - 7.34 (m, 4 H, ortho and meta to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 7.20 - 7.26 (m, 1 H, para to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.86 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H, CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.85 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H, CHOH), 2.83 (td, J = 7.6, 5.7 Hz, 1 H, CHNH), 1.85 - 1.97 (m, 1 H, CHHCHOH), 1.77 (dtd, J = 12.9, 7.9, 4.9 Hz, 1 H, CHHCHNH), 1.55 - 1.68 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.47 - 1.55 (m, 1 H, CHHCHOH), 1.36 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.12 (dq, J = 12.7, 8.1 Hz, 1 H, CHHCHNH)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 145.61 (*ipso* to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 128.08 (*meta* to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 126.61 (*para* to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 126.33 (*ortho* to CHCH<sub>3</sub>), 77.43 (<u>C</u>HOH), 64.45 (<u>C</u>HNH), 56.62 (<u>C</u>HCH<sub>3</sub>), 32.01 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 30.56 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 23.30 (<u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>), 20.06 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 206.1553, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO]<sup>+</sup> requires 206.1545

$$[\alpha]_D^{20}$$
 / °10<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>2</sup>g<sup>-1</sup> = -23.9, lit. = -22.1 (c / g(100 ml)<sup>-1</sup> = 0.96, MeOH)

The compounds have been synthesised previously,  $^{14,15}$  but NMR data were not published. The enantiomers of both compounds have also been synthesised previously, and the  $^1$ H NMR data for these are consistent with the the above data.  $^{16}$ 

#### $0.19 \quad (1R,2R)$ -2-Aminocyclopentan-1-ol 115

(1R,2R)-2-(((S)-1-Phenylethyl)amino)cyclopentan-1-ol **113** (3.90 g, 19.0 mmol, 1 eq.),  $Pd(OH)_2$  (20 wt. % on C, moistened with 50 wt. % water, 1 g, 0.712 mmol, 0.04 eq.) and MeOH (50 ml) were stirred in a Paar hydrogenator at r.t. and 3 atm for 2 days. The mixture was then filtered through Celite and evaporated under reduced pressure. **115** was obtained as a yellow oil (1.92 g, 19.0 mmol, 100 %).

TLC  $R_f = 0.10 \ (10 \% \ \mathrm{MeOH/CH_2Cl_2})$ 

IR (neat) 
$$\nu_{max}$$
 / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3300.0 (br, O-H), 2958.3 (C-H), 2871.5 (C-H)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = 3.77 (ddd, J = 6.6, 6.2, 5.6, 1 H, C<u>H</u>OH), 3.00 (td, J = 7.3, 5.6 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH<sub>2</sub>), 2.00 (dtd, J = 13.0, 7.7, 5.6 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHNH<sub>2</sub>), 1.97 (ddt, J = 13.0, 8.7, 6.6 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.63 - 1.77 (m, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.53 (ddt, J = 13.0, 9.5, 6.2 Hz, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHOH), 1.37 (ddt, J = 13.0, 8.3, 7.8 Hz, 1 H, CHHCHNH<sub>2</sub>)

 $^{13}\mathbf{C}$  NMR (101 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = 80.7 (<u>C</u>HOH), 60.8 (<u>C</u>HNH<sub>2</sub>), 33.2 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 32.1 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHNH<sub>2</sub>), 21.2 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 102.0917, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>12</sub>NO]<sup>+</sup> requires 102.0913

$$[\pmb{\alpha}]_D^{20} \ / \ ^{\circ}10^{-1} {\rm cm}^2 {\rm g}^{-1} = -30.9, \, {\rm lit.} = -32.9 \ (c \ / \ {\rm g}(100 \ {\rm ml})^{-1} = 1.5 \ , \, {\rm EtOH})$$

The data are consistent with the literature. 15,17

#### $0.20 \quad (1S,2S)$ -2-Aminocyclopentan-1-ol 114

(1S,2S)-2-(((S)-1-Phenylethyl)amino)cyclopentan-1-ol **112** (3.00 g, 14.6 mmol, 1 eq.),  $Pd(OH)_2$  (20 wt. % on C, moistened with 50 wt. % water, 0.5 g, 0.356 mmol, 0.025 eq.) and MeOH (50 ml) were stirred in a Paar hydrogenator at r.t. and 2.5 atm for 2 days. The mixture was then filtered through Celite and evaporated under reduced pressure. **114** was obtained as a yellow oil (1.48 g, 14.6 mmol, 100 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.10 \ (10 \% \ \text{MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat) 
$$\nu_{max}$$
 / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3300.0 (O-H), 2969.2 (C-H), 2872.7 (C-H)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, MeOD) δ / ppm = 3.77 (ddd, J = 6.6, 6.2, 5.6, 1 H, C<u>H</u>OH), 3.00 (td, J = 7.4, 5.6 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH<sub>2</sub>), 2.00 (dtd, J = 13.0, 7.7, 5.6 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHNH<sub>2</sub>), 1.97 (ddt, J = 13.0, 8.7, 6.4 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.64 - 1.77 (m, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.53 (ddt, J = 13.0, 9.5, 6.2 Hz, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHOH), 1.37 (ddt, J = 12.8, 8.5, 7.7 Hz, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHNH<sub>2</sub>)

 $^{13}\mathbf{C}$  NMR (101 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = 80.6 (<u>C</u>HOH), 60.7 (<u>C</u>HNH<sub>2</sub>), 33.2 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 32.2 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHNH<sub>2</sub>), 21.2 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 102.0915, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>12</sub>NO]<sup>+</sup> requires 102.0913

$$[\alpha]_D^{20} / {}^{\circ}10^{-1} \text{cm}^2 \text{g}^{-1} = 33.4, \text{ lit.} = 29.7 (c / \text{g}(100 \text{ ml})^{-1} = 0.5, \text{ EtOH})$$

The data are consistent with the literature. 15,17

#### 0.21 (1S,2S)-2-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopentan-1-amine 125

(1S,2S)-2-Aminocyclopentan-1-ol **114** (0.480 g, 4.75 mmol) was stirred in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  (20 ml) under  $N_2$  at 0 °C. TEA (3.14 ml, 2.28 g, 22.5 mmol, 5 eq.) was added dropwise, followed by TBDMSOTf (3 ml, 3.45 g, 13.1 mmol, 3 eq.) dropwise. The reaction was allowed to reach r.t. and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with  $NH_4Cl$ , diluted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (20 ml) and washed with water (20 ml). The organic phase was dried with  $Na_2SO_4$ , concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 4 % MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). **125** was obtained as a yellow oil (1.00 g, 4.64 mmol, 97.7 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.23 \ (10 \% \text{ MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2953.6 (C-H), 2931.1 (C-H), 2888.4 (C-H), 2858.8 (C-H), 1625.2 (N-H bend)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 4.13 (q, J = 5.8 Hz, 1 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ OSi), 3.31 (td, J = 7.1, 5.2 Hz, 1 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ NH<sub>2</sub>), 2.09 - 2.19 (m, 1 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ HCHNH<sub>2</sub>), 1.97 (ddq, J = 8.8, 7.0, 6.0 Hz, 1 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ HCHOSi), 1.74 - 1.86 (m, 2 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ 2CH<sub>2</sub>CHOSi), 1.64 - 1.74 (m, 1 H, CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ CHOSi), 1.58 (ddt, J = 13.2, 9.1, 6.0 Hz, 1 H, CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ CHNH<sub>2</sub>), 0.88 (s, 9 H, C(C $\underline{\text{H}}$ 3)<sub>3</sub>), 0.09 (s, 3 H, SiC $\underline{\text{H}}$ 3), 0.07 (s, 3 H, SiC $\underline{\text{H}}$ 3)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 76.3 (<u>C</u>HOSi), 59.7 (<u>C</u>HNH), 32.2 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHOSi), 26.8 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHNH<sub>2</sub>), 25.6 (<u>C</u>(<u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 19.7 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOSi), 17.7 (<u>C</u>(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), -4.8 (Si<u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>), -5.2 (Si<u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>)

 ${\bf HRMS}~({\rm ESI^+})~m/z$  / Da = 216.1785, [M+H]^+ found, [C\_{11}H\_{26}NOSi]^+ requires 216.1784

The compound has not been reported previously.

#### 0.22 4-Chloro-N-((1R,2R)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl) butanamide 140

(1R,2R)-2-Aminocyclopentan-1-ol **115** (500 mg, 4.94 mmol, 1 eq.), TEA (827  $\mu$ l, 600 mg, 5.93 mmol, 1.2 eq.) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 ml) were stirred at 0 °C and 4-chlorobutyryl chloride **138** (608  $\mu$ l, 766 mg, 5.43 mmol, 1.1 eq.) was added dropwise over 5 min. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min, then water (50 ml) was added. The organic layer was separated off, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (7×50 ml). The combined organic layers were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, Et<sub>2</sub>O). The combined pure fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **140** was obtained as a white amorphous solid (651 mg, 3.16 mmol, 64.1 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.35$  (EtOAc)

 $\mathbf{IR} \text{ (neat) } \nu_{max} \text{ / cm}^{-1} = 3277.6 \text{ (N-H and O-H), } 2962.2 \text{ (C-H), } 2876.0 \text{ (C-H), } 1636.3 \text{ (amide C=O)}$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 6.12 (br s, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 4.42 (br s, 1 H, O<u>H</u>), 3.94 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>OH), 3.82 (tt, J = 8.4, 5.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 3.60 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u>2Cl), 2.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u>2C=O), 2.05 - 2.16 (m, 3 H, C<u>H</u>HCHNH and C<u>H</u>2CH<sub>2</sub>Cl), 1.96 - 2.04 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.74 - 1.85 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.58 - 1.73 (m, 2 H, CH<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH and CH<u>H</u>CHOH), 1.43 (dq, J = 12.7, 8.3 Hz, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHNH)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 173.8 (<u>C</u>=O), 79.4 (<u>C</u>HOH), 60.6 (<u>C</u>HNH), 44.4 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>Cl), 32.8 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>C=O), 32.4 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 30.1 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 28.0 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl), 21.1 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 228.0787, [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClNNaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 228.0762

$$[\boldsymbol{\alpha}]_D^{20} / {}^{\circ}10^{-1} \mathrm{cm}^2 \mathrm{g}^{-1} = -13.0 \ (c / \mathrm{g}(100 \ \mathrm{ml})^{-1} = 0.5, \mathrm{MeOH})$$

The compound has not been reported previously.

#### 0.23 4-Chloro-N-((1S,2S)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)butanamide 139

(1S,2S)-2-Aminocyclopentan-1-ol **114** (72.3 mg, 716  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.), TEA (500  $\mu$ l, 363 mg, 3.58 mmol, 5 eq.) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 ml) were stirred at 0 °C, and 4-chlorobutyryl chloride **138** (179  $\mu$ l, 226 mg, 1.60 mmol, 1.1 eq.) was added dropwise over 5 min. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min, then water (10 ml) was added. The organic layer was separated off, and the aqueous layer was extracted with 10 % *i*-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (2×10 ml). The combined organic layers were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, Et<sub>2</sub>O). The combined pure fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **139** was obtained as a white amorphous solid (35.6 mg, 173  $\mu$ mol, 24.2 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.35$  (EtOAc)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 6.05 (br s, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 4.55 (br s, 1 H, O<u>H</u>), 3.95 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>OH), 3.82 (tt, J = 8.4, 5.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 3.60 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u>2Cl), 2.38 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u>2C=O), 2.05 - 2.17 (m, 3 H, C<u>H</u>HCHNH and C<u>H</u>2CH<sub>2</sub>Cl), 1.94 - 2.05 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.74 - 1.86 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.58 - 1.74 (m, 2 H, CH<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH and CH<u>H</u>CHOH), 1.42 (dq, J = 12.5, 8.4 Hz, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHNH)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 173.8 (<u>C</u>=O), 79.4 (<u>C</u>HOH), 60.6 (<u>C</u>HNH), 44.4 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>Cl), 32.8 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>C=O), 32.4 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 30.2 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 28.0 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl), 21.2 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 206.0939, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>17</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 206.0948

$$[\boldsymbol{\alpha}]_D^{20} / {}^{\circ}10^{-1} \text{cm}^2 \text{g}^{-1} = 10.0 \ (c / \text{g}(100 \text{ ml})^{-1} = 0.05, \text{MeOH})$$

The compound has not been reported previously.

### 0.24 4-Azido-N-((1S,2S)-2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopentyl)butanamide 129

(1S,2S)-2-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopentan-1-amine **125** (50 mg, 0.232 mmol, 1 eq.) and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (22.0 mg, 0.262 mmol, 1.1 eq.) were added to CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 ml) and water (3 ml) at 0 °C, and 4-bromobutyryl chloride (25.3 ml, 40.5 mg, 0.219 mmol, 0.95 eq.) was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred for 3 h at 0 °C. The aqueous layer was removed and NaN<sub>3</sub> (100 mg, 1.54 mmol, 6.6 eq.) and DMF (3 ml) were added. The mixture was then stirred at 40 °C for 6 h. The solvents were then evaporated using a N<sub>2</sub> stream and the residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 0.5 % MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). The combined pure fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **129** was obtained as a clear liquid (71 mg, 0.217 mmol, 99.2 %).

TLC  $R_f = 0.84 (1 \% \text{ MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3287.9 (N-H), 2953.4 (C-H), 2933.2 (C-H), 2882.7 (C-H), 2857.1 (C-H), 2094.9 (azide), 1639.4 (amide C=O)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 5.35 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 3.97 - 4.01 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>OSi), 3.93 - 3.98 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 3.35 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 2.24 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C=O), 2.09 - 2.19 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHNH), 1.89 - 1.97 (quin, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 1.74 - 1.84 (m, 2 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOSi and C<u>H</u>HCH<sub>2</sub>CHOSi), 1.60 - 1.70 (m, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOSi), 1.51 - 1.61 (m, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHOSi), 1.31 - 1.39 (m, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHNH), 0.87 (s, 9 H, C(C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 0.08 (s, 3 H, SiC<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 0.06 (s, 3 H, SiC<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>)

 $^{13}\textbf{C NMR} \ (101 \ \text{MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3) \ \delta \ / \ \text{ppm} = 171.17 \ (\underline{\text{C}} = \text{O}), \ 77.80 \ (\underline{\text{C}} \text{HOSi}), \ 58.36 \ (\underline{\text{C}} \text{HNH}), \ 50.77 \ (\underline{\text{C}} \text{H}_2 \text{N}_3), \ 33.29 \ (\underline{\text{C}} \text{H}_2 \text{C} = \text{O}), \ 32.57 \ (\underline{\text{C}} \text{H}_2 \text{CHOSi}), \ 29.36 \ (\underline{\text{C}} \text{H}_2 \text{CHNH}), \ 25.72 \ (\underline{\text{C}} \ (\underline{\text{C}} \text{H}_3)_3), \ 24.77 \ (\underline{\text{C}} \text{H}_2 \text{CH}_2 \text{N}_3), \ 20.40 \ (\underline{\text{C}} \text{H}_2 \text{CH}_2 \text{CHOSi}), \ 17.95 \ (\underline{\text{C}} \ (\text{CH}_3)_3), \ -4.75 \ (\text{Si} \ \underline{\text{C}} \text{H}_3)$ 

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 327.2221, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>31</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si]<sup>+</sup> requires 327.2216

$$[\boldsymbol{\alpha}]_D^{20} / {}^{\circ}10^{-1} \text{cm}^2 \text{g}^{-1} = 12.4 \ (c / \text{g}(100 \text{ ml})^{-1} = 0.5, \text{MeOH})$$

The compound has not been reported previously.

#### 0.25 4-Azido-N-((1R,2R)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)butanamide 119

4-Chloro-N-((1R,2R)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)butanamide **140** (200 mg, 0.972 mmol, 1 eq.) and NaN<sub>3</sub> (126 mg, 1.94 mmol, 2 eq.) were stirred in acetonitrile (4 ml) at 50 °C for 16 h. The solvent was then evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was partitioned between water (20 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (20 ml). The aqueous layer was extracted again with 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (3×20 ml) and the combined organic fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **119** was obtained as white needles (181 mg, 0.852 mmol, 87.6 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.35$  (EtOAc)

**mp**  $T / {}^{\circ}\text{C} = 56.0\text{-}59.5 \ (i\text{-PrOH, CHCl}_3)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3279.9 (N-H and O-H), 2965.6 (C-H), 2875.4 (C-H), 2094.6 (azide), 1636.8 (amide C=O)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 6.72 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 4.82 (br. s., 1 H, O<u>H</u>), 3.88 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>OH), 3.75 (tdd, J = 8.4, 6.6, 4.4 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 3.28 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 2.23 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C=O), 2.04 (dtd, J = 13.0, 8.0, 4.9 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHNH), 1.92 (dtd, J = 13.0, 7.6, 5.8 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.84 (quin, J = 7.0 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 1.59 - 1.77 (m, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.54 (ddt, J = 12.7, 9.0, 6.7 Hz, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHOH), 1.39 (dq, J = 12.9, 8.4 Hz, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHNH)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 173.8 (<u>C</u>=O), 78.8 (<u>C</u>HOH), 59.9 (<u>C</u>HNH), 50.5 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 32.5 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>C=O), 32.0 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 29.5 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 24.6 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 20.7 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 235.1174, [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>4</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 235.1171

$$[\boldsymbol{\alpha}]_D^{20} / {}^{\circ}10^{-1} \text{cm}^2 \text{g}^{-1} = -10.2 \ (c / \text{g}(100 \text{ ml})^{-1} = 0.5, \text{MeOH})$$

The compound has not been reported previously.

#### 0.26 4-Azido-N-((1S,2S)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)butanamide 118

4-Chloro-N-((1S,2S)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)butanamide **139** (35.0 mg, 0.170 mmol, 1 eq.) and NaN $_3$  (22.1 mg, 0.340 mmol, 2 eq.) were stirred in acetonitrile (2 ml) at 50 °C for 24 h. The reaction mixture was then partitioned between water (20 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl $_3$  (5 ml). The aqueous layer was extracted again with 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl $_3$  (2×5 ml) and the combined organic fractions were dried with MgSO $_4$  and evaporated under reduced pressure. **118** was obtained as white needles (16.2 mg, 0.0764 mmol, 45.0 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.35$  (EtOAc)

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3286.7 (N-H and O-H), 2957.6 (C-H), 2930.6 (C-H), 2860.7 (C-H), 2094.7 (azide), 1642.2 (amide C=O)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 5.82 (br s, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 4.45 (br. s., 1 H, O<u>H</u>), 3.96 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>OH), 3.83 (tdd, J = 8.5, 6.0, 4.6 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 3.37 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 2.31 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C=O), 2.09 - 2.19 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHNH), 1.99 - 2.06 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.90 - 1.97 (m, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 1.60 - 1.85 (m, 3 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<u>H</u>CHOH), 1.42 (dq, J = 12.8, 8.3 Hz, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHNH)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 173.8 (<u>C</u>=O), 79.7 (<u>C</u>HOH), 61.0 (<u>C</u>HNH), 50.7 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 32.8 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>C=O), 32.6 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 30.5 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 24.7 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 21.3 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 235.1178, [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>4</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 235.1171

$$[\boldsymbol{\alpha}]_D^{20} / {}^{\circ}10^{-1} \mathrm{cm}^2 \mathrm{g}^{-1} = 10.0 \ (c / \mathrm{g}(100 \ \mathrm{ml})^{-1} = 0.01, \mathrm{MeOH})$$

The compound has not been reported previously.

## 0.27 Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-(((1R,2R)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)amin o)-4-oxobutyl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate 121

4-(4-(1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-3-(methoxycarbonyl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinolin-7-yl)piperazin-1-yl)butanoic acid trifluoroacetate **137** (200 mg, 0.367 mmol, 1 eq.), (1R,2R)-2-aminocyclopentan-1-ol **115** (80 mg, 0.791 mmol, 2.1 eq.), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (112 mg, 0.584 mmol, 1.6 eq.), 1-hydroxyben zotriazole (96 mg, 0.710 mmol, 1.9 eq.) and DIPEA (192  $\mu$ l, 142 mg, 1.10 mmol, 3 eq.) were dissolved in DMF (5 ml) and stirred at r.t. for 16 h. The solvent was removed using a stream of N<sub>2</sub> and the residue was purified by preparative HPLC (5-60 % acetonitrile/water over 12 min). The combined pure fractions were evaporated under reduced pressure and then partitioned between NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq., sat., 10 ml) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml). The organic layer was removed and the aqueous layer was extracted twice more with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2×10 ml). The combined organic fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **121** was obtained as a white amorphous solid (73.0 mg, 0.142 mmol, 38.7 %).

TLC  $R_f = 0.43 (30 \% \text{ MeOH/EtOAc})$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2972.9 (C-H), 2901.5 (C-H), 1728.4 (ester C=O), 1656.3 (amide C=O), 1612.9 (quinolone C=O)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 8.44 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OC<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 7.75 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.70 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CHN<u>H</u>), 7.43 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 4.74 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1 H, CHO<u>H</u>), 3.78 - 3.82 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>OH), 3.74 - 3.78 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 3.74 (s, 3 H, C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 3.65 (tt, J = 7.2, 3.9 Hz, 1 H, NC<u>H</u>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.25 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 2.57 (br s, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>)C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 2.34 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.11 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.92 (dddd, J = 13.0, 8.7, 7.3, 6.0 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHNH), 1.78 (dddd, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 (quin, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH)

= 7.3 Hz, 2 H,  $C\underline{H}_2CH_2N(CH_2)CH_2$ ), 1.54 - 1.65 (m, 2 H,  $C\underline{H}_2CH_2CHOH$ ), 1.42 (ddt, J=13.1, 8.2, 5.3 Hz, 1 H,  $CH\underline{H}CHOH$ ), 1.32 (dddd, J=13.4, 8.5, 6.8, 5.8 Hz, 1 H,  $CH\underline{H}CHNH$ ), 1.21 - 1.29 (m, 2 H,  $NCH(C\underline{H}H)_2$ ), 1.07 - 1.13 (m, 2 H,  $NCH(CH\underline{H})_2$ )

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 171.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH), 171.6 (C(=O)CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 165.0 (C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 152.6 (d, J = 246.5 Hz, ipso to F), 148.3 (C=CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 143.9 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 138.1 (para to F), 121.8 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, para to piperazine), 111.5 (d, J = 22.4 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 109.0 (CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 106.2 (meta to C=O and meta to F), 76.3 (CHOH), 57.6 (CHNH), 57.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 52.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 51.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 49.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 34.8 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 33.3 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 29.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 22.5 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 20.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 7.6 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = -124.3 (ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 515.2661, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>36</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 515.2670

$$[\boldsymbol{\alpha}]_D^{20}$$
 / °10<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>2</sup>g<sup>-1</sup> = -6.0 (c / g(100 ml)<sup>-1</sup> = 0.05, MeOH)

The compound has not been reported previously.

### 0.28 Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-(((1S,2S)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate 120

4-(4-(1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-3-(methoxycarbonyl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinolin-7-yl)piperazin-1-yl)butanoic acid trifluoroacetate 137 (52.1 mg, 95.5  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.), (1S,2S)-2-aminocyclopentan-1-ol 114 (19.5 mg, 193  $\mu$ mol, 2 eq.), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (29.7 mg, 155  $\mu$ mol, 1.6 eq.), 1-hydroxyben zotriazole (25.8 mg, 191  $\mu$ mol, 2 eq.) and DIPEA (33.3  $\mu$ l, 24.7 mg, 191  $\mu$ mol, 2 eq.) were dissolved in DMF (2 ml) and stirred at r.t. for 16 h. The solvent was removed using a stream of N<sub>2</sub> and the residue was purified by preparative HPLC (5-50 % acetonitrile/water over 15 min). The combined pure fractions were evaporated under reduced pressure and then partitioned between NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq., sat., 5 ml) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 ml). The organic layer was removed and the aqueous layer was extracted twice more with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2×5 ml). The combined organic fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. 120 was obtained as a white amorphous solid (26.9 mg, 52.3  $\mu$ mol, 54.7 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.38 \ (30 \% \text{ MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2937.7 (C-H), 1721.4 (ester C=O), 1620.5 (amide C=O and quinolone C=O)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 8.44 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OC<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 7.75 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1 H, ortho

to F), 7.69 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CHN $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 7.43 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 4.73 (br s, 1 H, CHO $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 3.77 - 3.81 (m, 1 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ OH), 3.74 - 3.77 (m, 1 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ NH), 3.73 (s, 3 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_3$ ), 3.65 (tt, J = 6.9, 4.0 Hz, 1 H, NC $\underline{\text{H}}$ (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.24 (br. t, J = 4.2 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ )CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ), 2.55 (br t, J = 5.0 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ )C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ), 2.32 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.10 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.92 (dddd, J = 13.0, 8.7, 7.3, 6.0 Hz, 1 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ HCHNH), 1.77 (ddt, J = 12.6, 8.9, 6.3 Hz, 1 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ HCHOH), 1.68 (quin, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.53 - 1.64 (m, 2 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.42 (ddt, J = 12.9, 8.4, 5.2 Hz, 1 H, CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ CHOH), 1.31 (ddt, J = 13.0, 8.6, 6.4 Hz, 1 H, CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ CHNH), 1.22 - 1.28 (m, 2 H, NCH(C $\underline{\text{H}}$ H)<sub>2</sub>), 1.06 - 1.12 (m, 2 H, NCH(CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ )<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 171.9 (NHC(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>), 171.5 (C(=O)CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 165.0 (C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 152.6 (d, J = 247.4 Hz, ipso to F), 148.2 (C=CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 143.9 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 138.1 (para to F), 121.7 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, para to piperazine), 111.5 (d, J = 23.0 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 109.0 (CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 106.2 (meta to C=O and meta to F), 76.2 (CHOH), 57.6 (CHNH), 57.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 52.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 51.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 49.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 49.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 34.7 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 33.2 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 29.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH NH), 22.5 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 20.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 7.5 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = -125.5

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 515.2667, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>36</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 515.2670

$$[\alpha]_D^{20}$$
 / °10<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>2</sup>g<sup>-1</sup> = 8.0 (c / g(100 ml)<sup>-1</sup> = 0.05, MeOH)

The compound has not been reported previously.

### 0.29 Methyl (S)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxocyclopentyl)amin o)butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate 122

Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-(((1S,2S)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate **120** (20.0 mg, 38.9  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) and Dess-Martin periodinane (32.8 mg, 77.4  $\mu$ mol, 2 eq.) were stirred in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 ml) for 6 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by preparative HPLC (5-50 % acetonitrile/water over 10 min). The combined pure fractions were evaporated under reduced pressure, then NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq., sat., 30 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (30 ml) were added. The organic layer was removed and dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, then evaporated under reduced pressure. **122** was obtained as a white amorphous solid (11.3 mg, 22.0  $\mu$ mol, 56.7 %).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 8.46 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OC<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 7.78 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.45 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 4.02 (dt, J = 11.1, 8.2 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 3.73 (s, 3 H, C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>), 3.65 (tt, J = 6.9, 3.9 Hz, 1 H, NC<u>H</u>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.40 (s, 10 H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>)C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 2.05 - 2.29 (m, 5)

remove unless very active as not fully characterised H, NHC(=O)C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ , C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ C(=O)CHNH and C $\underline{\text{H}}$ HCHNH), 1.89 - 1.96 (m, 1 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ HCH $_2$ CHNH), 1.69 - 1.80 (m, 3 H, CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ CH $_2$ CHNH, CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ CHNH and NHC(=O)CH $_2$ C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ), 1.24 - 1.29 (m, 2 H, NCH(C $\underline{\text{H}}$ H) $_2$ ), 1.07 - 1.12 (m, 2 H, NCH(CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ ) $_2$ )

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 215.2 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)CHNH), 171.7 (NH $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)CH<sub>2</sub>), 171.7 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)CC (=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 165.1 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 152.6 (d, J = 246.6 Hz, ipso to F), 148.4 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ =CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 138.1 (para to F), 109.1 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 56.3 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ HNH), 51.4 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>3</sub>), 35.6 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>C(=O)CHNH), 34.8 (N $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 28.8 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 18.1 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 7.6 (NCH( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

 $^{19}\mathbf{F}$  NMR (376.45 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = -124.3

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 513.2495, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found,  $[C_{27}H_{34}FN_4O_5]^+$  requires 513.2513

$$[\boldsymbol{\alpha}]_D^{20} / {}^{\circ}10^{-1} \text{cm}^2 \text{g}^{-1} = 6.7 (c / \text{g}(100 \text{ ml})^{-1} = 0.075, \text{MeOH})$$

The compound has not been reported previously.

0.30 7-(4-(4-(((1S,2S)-2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopentyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylic acid 133

1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(hex-5-yn-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylic acid **70** (42.9 mg, 104  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) and 4-azido-N-((1S,2S)-2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopentyl)butanamide **129** (33.9 mg, 104  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) were dissolved in 10 % water/t-BuOH (3 ml), and the mixture was degassed by bubbling N<sub>2</sub> through it. A solution of CuSO<sub>4</sub> and THPTA (104  $\mu$ l, 10.4  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq. 100 mM, aq.) was added, followed by a solution of sodium ascorbate (208  $\mu$ l, 20.8  $\mu$ mol, 0.2 eq., 100 mM, aq.). The mixture was stirred at room temperature under argon for 16 h, then solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The resudue was partitioned between water (10 ml) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), the organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted again with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml). The combined organic layers were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **133** was obtained as a clear amorphous solid (67.1 mg, 90.9  $\mu$ mol, 87.4 %).

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2951.3 (C-H), 2929.2 (C-H), 2855.5 (C-H), 1741.0 (carboxylic acid C=O), 1640.3 (amide C=O), 1626.6 (quinolone C=O), 1612.3 (triazole)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 8.67 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OH), 7.87 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.34 (s, 1 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.33 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 5.92 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H, CHNH), 4.35 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>NCH=C), 3.96 - 4.02 (m, 1 H, CHOSi), 3.90 - 3.96 (m, 1 H, CHNH), 3.55 (tt, J = 6.7, 4.0 Hz, 1 H, NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.34 (br t, J = 5.0 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.71 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.66 (br s, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.46 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.03 - 2.22

(m, 5 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ HCHNH, C(=O)C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$  and C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ), 1.65 - 1.83 (m, 4 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ HCHOSi, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ HCH<sub>2</sub>CHOSi and NCH=CCH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ), 1.47 - 1.65 (m, 4 H, CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ CHOSi, CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ CH<sub>2</sub>CHOSi and NCH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{\text{H}}_2$ ), 1.33 - 1.41 (m, 3 H, CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ CHNH and NCH(C $\underline{\text{H}}$ H)<sub>2</sub>), 1.14 - 1.20 (m, 2 H, NCH(CH $\underline{\text{H}}$ )<sub>2</sub>), 0.82 (s, 9 H, C(C $\underline{\text{H}}_3$ )<sub>3</sub>), 0.03 (s, 3 H, SiC $\underline{\text{H}}_3$ ), 0.01 (s, 3 H, SiC $\underline{\text{H}}_3$ )

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ / ppm = 176.9 ( $\underline{C}$ (=O)CC(=O)OH), 170.9 (CH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{C}$ (=O)NH), 166.9 ( $\underline{C}$ (=O)OH), 153.5 (d, J = 251.4 Hz, ipso to F), 147.9 (CH= $\underline{C}$ CH<sub>2</sub>), 147.2 ( $\underline{C}$ =CC(=O)OH), 145.8 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 139.0 (para to F), 120.9 (N $\underline{C}$ H=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 119.4 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, para to piperazine), 112.0 (d, J = 23.4 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 107.7 ( $\underline{C}$ C(=O)OH), 104.7 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, meta to C=O and meta to F), 77.7 ( $\underline{C}$ HOSi), 58.2 ( $\underline{C}$ HNH), 57.9 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 52.6 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 49.5 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>) CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>D, 48.9 (d, J = 3.5 Hz,  $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>NCH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 35.3 (N $\underline{C}$ H(CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.6 (C(=O) $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 32.6 ( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>CHOSi), 29.3 ( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 27.2 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 26.0 - 26.3 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub> and CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 25.6 (C( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 25.4 (CH=C $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 20.4 ( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOSi), 17.8 ( $\underline{C}$ (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 8.1 (NCH( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), -4.8 (Si $\underline{C}$ H<sub>3</sub>)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 738.4164, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>57</sub>FN<sub>7</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Si]<sup>+</sup> requires 738.4169

$$[\boldsymbol{\alpha}]_D^{20} / {}^{\circ}10^{-1} \text{cm}^2 \text{g}^{-1} = 4.5 \ (c / \text{g}(100 \text{ ml})^{-1} = 0.2, \text{MeOH})$$

The compound has not been reported previously.

0.31 1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-(1-(4-(((1R,2R)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquin oline-3-carboxylic acid 124

1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(hex-5-yn-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylic acid **70** (42.9 mg, 104  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) and 4-azido-N-((1R,2R)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)butanamide **119** (22.0 mg, 104  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) were dissolved in 10 % water/t-BuOH (3 ml), and the mixture was degassed by bubbling N<sub>2</sub> through it. A solution of CuSO<sub>4</sub> and THPTA (104  $\mu$ l, 10.4  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq. 100 mM, aq.) was added, followed by a solution of sodium ascorbate (208  $\mu$ l, 20.8  $\mu$ mol, 0.2 eq., 100 mM, aq.). The mixture was stirred at room temperature under argon for 16 h. Water (30 ml) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (30 ml) were added, the organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted again with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (4×30 ml). The combined organic layers were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC (5-95 % acetonitrile/water over 20 min). The combined pure fractions were evaporated under reduced pressure and then partitioned between NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq., sat., 10 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (10 ml). The organic layer was dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **124** was obtained as a white amorphous solid (17.6 mg, 28.2  $\mu$ mol, 27.1 %).

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2967.0 (C-H), 2902.2 (C-H), 1721.4 (carboxylic acid C=O), 1646.7 (amide C=O),

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (700 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 8.64 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OH), 7.87 (d, J = 13.3 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.84 (s, 1 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.75 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1 H, CHNH), 7.54 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 4.73 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1 H, CHOH), 4.29 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>NCH=C), 3.78 - 3.83 (m, 1 H, NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.75 - 3.78 (m, 1 H, CHOH), 3.71 - 3.75 (m, 1 H, CHNH), 3.31 (br t, J = 4.3 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.63 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.56 (br t, J = 4.2 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.37 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.03 - 2.06 (m, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.97 - 2.02 (m, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.89 (dddd, J = 13.1, 8.9, 7.4, 5.7 Hz, 1 H, CHHCHNH), 1.75 (ddt, J = 13.0, 8.9, 6.4, 6.4 Hz, 1 H, CHHCHOH), 1.61 - 1.66 (m, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.57 - 1.61 (m, 1 H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.54 - 1.57 (m, 1 H, CHHCHOH), 1.49 - 1.53 (m, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.40 (ddt, J = 13.0, 8.4, 5.3, 5.3 Hz, 1 H, CHHCHOH), 1.29 - 1.32 (m, 2 H, NCH(CHH)<sub>2</sub>), 1.25 - 1.29 (m, 1 H, CHHCHNH), 1.13 - 1.20 (m, 2 H, NCH(CHH)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (175 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 176.3 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OH}$ ), 170.9 (NH $\underline{\mathbf{C}}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CH}_2$ ), 166.1 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OH}$ ), 153.0 (d, J=251.4 Hz, ipso to F), 147.9 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}=\mathrm{CC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OH}$ ), 146.9 (CH= $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{CH}_2$ ), 145.2 (d, J=8.7 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 139.2 (para to F), 121.7 (N $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{CCH}_2$ ), 118.7 (d, J=5.8 Hz, para to piperazine), 111.0 (d, J=23.3 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 106.3 (meta to C=O and meta to F and  $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OH}$ ), 76.2 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{HOH}$ ), 57.4 (CH= $\mathrm{CCH}_2\mathrm{CH}_2\mathrm{CH}_2\mathrm{CH}_2\mathrm{N}$ ), 52.5 (CH= $\mathrm{CCH}_2\mathrm{CH}_2\mathrm{CH}_2\mathrm{N}(\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2)$ , 49.5 (d, J=4.4 Hz, CH= $\mathrm{CCH}_2\mathrm{CH}_2\mathrm{CH}_2\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{CH}_2\underline{\mathrm{C}}\mathrm{H}_2)$ ), 48.8 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{N}\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CCH}_2$ ), 35.8 (N $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{CH}_2)_2$ ), 32.2 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{CHOH}$ ), 32.0 (C(=O) $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ ), 29.5 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{CH}\mathrm{NH}$ ), 26.9 (CH= $\mathrm{CCH}_2\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ ), 26.0 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ ), 25.8 (CH= $\mathrm{CCH}_2\mathrm{CH}_2\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ ), 25.0 (CH= $\mathrm{CC}\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{C}\mathrm{H}_2$ ), 20.5 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{C}\mathrm{H}\mathrm{O}\mathrm{H}$ ), 7.6 (NCH( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ )<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = -122.1 (s, ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) 
$$m/z$$
 / Da = 624.3314, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>43</sub>FN<sub>7</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 624.3310

$$[\boldsymbol{\alpha}]_D^{20} / {}^{\circ}10^{-1} \mathrm{cm}^2 \mathrm{g}^{-1} = -3.6 \ (c / \mathrm{g}(100 \ \mathrm{ml})^{-1} = 0.0833, \mathrm{MeOH})$$

The compound has not been reported previously.

0.32 1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-(1-(4-(((1S,2S)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquin oline-3-carboxylic acid 123

1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(hex-5-yn-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylic acid  $\bf 70$  (82.0 mg, 199  $\mu$ mol, 4 eq.) and 4-azido-N-((1S,2S)-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)butanamide  $\bf 118$  (11.0 mg, 51.8  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) were dissolved in 10 % water/t-BuOH (3 ml), and the mixture was degassed by bubbling N<sub>2</sub> through it. A solution of CuSO<sub>4</sub> and THPTA (156  $\mu$ l, 15.6  $\mu$ mol, 0.3 eq. 100 mM, aq.) was added, followed by a solution of sodium ascorbate (312  $\mu$ l, 31.2  $\mu$ mol, 0.6 eq., 100 mM, aq.). The mixture was stirred at room temperature under

argon for 3 d. Water (10 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (10 ml) were added, then the organic layer was separated and dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC (5-95 % acetonitrile/water over 20 min). The combined pure fractions were evaporated under reduced pressure and then partitioned between NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq., sat., 10 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (10 ml). The organic layer was dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **123** was obtained as a white amorphous solid (7.2 mg, 11.5  $\mu$ mol, 22.2 %).

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2954.9 (C-H), 2917.9 (C-H), 2850.2 (C-H), 1722.1 (carboxylic acid C=O), 1647.3 (amide C=O), 1626.7 (quinolone C=O) 1611.9 (triazole)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 15.22 (br s, 1 H, C(=O)O<u>H</u>), 8.67 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OH), 7.91 (d, J = 13.3 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.84 (s, 1 H, C<u>H</u>=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.74 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1 H, CHN<u>H</u>), 7.56 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 4.71 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1 H, CHO<u>H</u>), 4.29 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u>2NCH=C), 3.82 (tt, J = 6.5, 4.3 Hz, 1 H, NC<u>H</u>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.69 - 3.79 (m, 2 H, C<u>H</u>OH and C<u>H</u>NH), 3.30 - 3.34 (m, 6 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<u>H</u>2C<u>H</u>2)C<u>H</u>2C<u>H</u>2), 2.64 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH=CC<u>H</u>2), 1.95 - 2.08 (m, 4 H, C(=O)C<u>H</u>2C<u>H</u>2), 1.89 (dddd, J = 12.8, 8.9, 7.4, 5.8 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHNH), 1.75 (ddt, J = 12.7, 9.0, 6.2 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.48 - 1.68 (m, 6 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>2C<u>H</u>2 and C<u>H</u>2CH2CHOH), 1.40 (ddt, J = 13.0, 8.3, 5.3 Hz, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHOH), 1.28 - 1.35 (m, 2 H, NCH(C<u>H</u>H)<sub>2</sub>), 1.24 - 1.31 (m, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHNH), 1.15 - 1.21 (m, 2 H, NCH(CH<u>H</u>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 176.4 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OH}$ ), 170.9 (NH $\underline{\mathbf{C}}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CH}_2$ ), 166.0 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OH}$ ), 153.0 (d, J=249.6 Hz, ipso to F), 148.1 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}=\mathrm{CC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OH}$ ), 146.7 (CH= $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{CH}_2$ ), 145.2 (d, J=8.3 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 139.2 (para to F), 121.8 (N $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{CCH}_2$ ), 118.7 (para to piperazine), 111.0 (d, J=23.2 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 106.7 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OH}$ ), 106.5 (meta to C=O and meta to F), 76.2 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{HOH}$ ), 57.5 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{HNH}$ ), 57.4 (br s, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 52.3 (br s, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ ) $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ ), 49.3 (br s, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 48.8 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{NCH}=\mathrm{CCH}_2$ ), 35.9 (N $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{CH}_2)_2$ ), 32.2 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{CHOH}$ ), 32.0 (C(=O) $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ ), 29.4 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{CH}\mathrm{NH}$ ), 26.7 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ ), 26.0 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ ), 25.5 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 24.9 (CH=C $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ ), 20.5 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{CHOH}$ ), 7.6 (NCH( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\mathrm{H}_2$ )<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = -121.5

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 624.3298, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>43</sub>FN<sub>7</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 624.3310

$$[\alpha]_D^{20} / {}^{\circ}10^{-1} \text{cm}^2 \text{g}^{-1} = -25.0 \ (c / \text{g}(100 \text{ ml})^{-1} = 0.08, \text{MeOH})$$

The compound has not been reported previously.

#### $0.33 \quad (trans)$ -2-Aminocyclohexan-1-ol 142

Cyclohexene oxide 141 (10 ml, 9.70 g, 98.8 mmol, 1 eq.), NH $_3$  (90 ml, 35 % w/w aq., 27.7 g, 791 mmol, 8 eq.) and MeOH (100 ml) were stirred at r.t. for 72 h. The solvent was removed by blowing a stream of N $_2$  over it, followed by evaporation under high vacuum.142 was obtained as a white amorphous solid (9.90 g, 85.2 mmol,

86.2 %)

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.04 (30 \% \text{ MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3350.4 (N-H), 3306.2 (br, O-H), 2926.9 (C-H), 2852.6 (C-H)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 3.01 (td, J = 9.4, 4.8 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>OH), 2.80 - 2.92 (m, 2 H, O<u>H</u> and N<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 2.35 (ddd, J = 11.1, 9.1, 4.1 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH<sub>2</sub>), 1.77 - 1.84 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.69 - 1.76 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHNH<sub>2</sub>), 1.56 - 1.66 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.45 - 1.56 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCH<sub>2</sub>CHNH<sub>2</sub>), 1.07 - 1.19 (m, 3 H, CH<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH, CH<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH<sub>2</sub> and CH<u>H</u>CHOH), 0.94 - 1.05 (m, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHNH<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = 75.4 (<u>C</u>HOH), 56.6 (<u>C</u>HN<sub>2</sub>), 33.8 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHOH and <u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHN<sub>2</sub>), 24.7 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH<sub>2</sub>), 24.6 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 116.1070, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>14</sub>NO]<sup>+</sup> requires 116.1070

The data are consistent with the literature. 18

## 0.34 Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-(((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate 143

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
F & O & O \\
\hline
N & N & N \\
\hline
N & N & N
\end{array}$$
(±)

4-(4-(1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-3-(methoxycarbonyl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinolin-7-yl)piperazin-1-yl)butanoic acid trifluoroacetate 137 (200 mg, 0.367 mmol, 1 eq.), (trans)-2-aminocyclohexan-1-ol 142 (91.1 mg, 0.791 mmol, 2.1 eq.), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (112 mg, 0.584 mmol, 1.6 eq.), 1-hydroxyben zotriazole (96 mg, 0.710 mmol, 1.9 eq.) and DIPEA (192  $\mu$ l, 142 mg, 1.10 mmol, 3 eq.) were dissolved in DMF (5 ml) and stirred at r.t. for 16 h. The solvent was removed using a stream of N<sub>2</sub> and the residue was purified by preparative HPLC (5-50 % acetonitrile/water over 10 min). The combined pure fractions were evaporated under reduced pressure and then partitioned between NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq., sat., 10 ml) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml). The organic layer was dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. 143 was obtained as a white amorphous solid (61.2 mg, 0.116 mmol, 31.7 %).

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3302.5 (N-H), 2929.8 (C-H), 2850.6 (C-H), 2832.9 (C-H), 1698.1 (ester C=O), 1646.4 (amide C=O), 1613.8 (quinolone C=O)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ / ppm = 8.60 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OC $\underline{H}_3$ ), 7.79 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.46 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 3.84 (s, 3 H, C $\underline{H}_3$ ), 3.62 - 3.68 (m, 1 H, NC $\underline{H}$ (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.58 (td, J = 10.3, 4.2 Hz, 1 H, C $\underline{H}$ NH), 3.38 (br s, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{H}_2$ )CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{H}_2$ ), 3.32 - 3.36 (m, 1 H, C $\underline{H}$ OH), 2.83 (br s, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(C $\underline{H}_2$ )C $\underline{H}_2$ ), 2.60 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{H}_2$ N), 2.32 (td, J = 7.1, 3.1 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)C $\underline{H}_2$ ), 1.96 - 2.04 (m, 1 H, C $\underline{H}$ HCHOH), 1.87 - 1.96 (m, 3 H, C $\underline{H}$ HCHNH and C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{H}_2$ ),

1.72 - 1.77 (m, 1 H, CHHCH2CHOH), 1.66 - 1.72 (m, 1 H, CHHCH2CHNH), 1.25 - 1.39 (m, 5 H, CHHCHOH, CHHCH2CHOH, CHHCH2CHNH and NCH(CHH)2), 1.15 - 1.25 (m, 3 H, CHHCHOH and NCH(CHH)2)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, MeOD) δ / ppm = 175.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH), 175.3 (C(=O)CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 166.8 (C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 154.9 (d, J = 248.8 Hz, ipso to F), 150.2 (C=CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 146.1 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 139.9 (para to F), 123.5 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, para to piperazine), 113.2 (d, J = 23.2 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 110.2 (CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 107.2 (meta to C=O and meta to F), 74.1 (CHOH), 58.9 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 56.4 (CHNH), 54.0 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 52.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 50.5 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 36.4 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 35.1 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 25.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 25.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 23.5 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 8.7 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = -124.7 (ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 529.2827, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>38</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 529.2826

The compound has not been reported previously.

### 0.35 Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)-butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate 144

Methyl 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-(((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1, 4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate **143** (5.2 mg, 9.84  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) and Dess-Martin periodinane (16.4 mg, 38.7  $\mu$ mol, 4 eq.) were stirred in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 ml) at r.t. for 6 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by preparative HPLC (5-95 % acetonitrile/water over 20 min). The combined pure fractions were evaporated under reduced pressure to a volume of 20 ml, then NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq., sat., 30 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (30 ml) were added. The organic layer was dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **144** was obtained as a white amorphous solid (3.6 mg, 6.8  $\mu$ mol, 69.1 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.74 \ (30 \% \ \text{MeOH/CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2921.2 (C-H), 2851.6 (C-H), 1721.4 (ketone C=O), 1698.0 (ester C=O), 1639.3 (amide C=O), 1620.0 (quinolone C=O)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 8.45 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OC $\underline{H}_3$ ), 7.87 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1 H, N $\underline{H}$ ), 7.76 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.44 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 4.42 (dddd, J = 13.0, 7.6, 6.0, 1.0 Hz, 1 H, C $\underline{H}$ NH), 3.73 (s, 3 H, C $\underline{H}_3$ ), 3.65 (tt, J = 7.1, 3.9 Hz, 1 H, NC $\underline{H}$ (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.25 (br s, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{H}_2$ )CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.58 (br s, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>N(C $\underline{H}_2$ )C $\underline{H}_2$ ), 2.45 - 2.53 (m, 1 H, C $\underline{H}$ HC(=O)CHNH), 2.36 (br s, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C $\underline{H}_2$ N), 2.26 (dtt, J = 13.4, 2.6, 1.6 Hz, 1 H, CH $\underline{H}$ C(=O)CHNH), 2.16 - 2.22 (m, 2 H, C(=O)C $\underline{H}_2$ CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 2.12 (ddq, J = 12.7, 6.0, 2.8 Hz, 1 H, C $\underline{H}$ HCHNH), 2.00 (ddquin, J = 13.2,

6.0, 2.9 Hz, 1 H,  $\underline{\text{CH}}_{\text{H}}\text{CH}_{2}\text{C}(=\text{O})$ ), 1.65 - 1.83 (m, 4 H,  $\underline{\text{CH}}_{2}\text{CH}_{2}\text{CH}_{N}$ H), 1.41 - 1.56 (m, 2 H,  $\underline{\text{CH}}_{\underline{\text{H}}}\text{CH}_{N}$ H and  $\underline{\text{CH}}_{\underline{\text{H}}}\text{CH}_{2}\text{C}(=\text{O})$ ), 1.20 - 1.30 (m, 2 H,  $\underline{\text{NCH}}(\underline{\text{CH}}_{\underline{\text{H}}})_{2}$ ), 1.05 - 1.13 (m, 2 H,  $\underline{\text{NCH}}(\underline{\text{CH}}_{\underline{\text{H}}})_{2}$ )

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 207.5 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)CHNH), 171.7 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 171.6 (CH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)NH), 165.0 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 152.6 (d, J = 247.6 Hz, ipso to F), 148.3 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ =CC(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 143.9 (br s, ipso to piperazine), 138.1 (para to F), 121.8 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, para to piperazine), 111.5 (d, J = 22.4 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 109.0 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ C(=O)OCH<sub>3</sub>), 106.3 (meta to C=O and meta to F), 57.0 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ HNH and C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 52.3 (br s, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 51.3 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>3</sub>), 49.5 (br s, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 33.9 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 32.9 (C(=O) $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 27.2 (C $\underline{\mathbf{H}}$ 2CH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)CHNH), 23.8 (C $\underline{\mathbf{H}}$ 2CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 22.4 (br s, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 7.6 (NCH( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = -124.3 (ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 527.2654, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>36</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 527.2670

The compound has not been reported previously.

#### 0.36 4-Chloro-N-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)butanamide 145

(trans)-2-Aminocyclohexan-1-ol **142** (1.04 g, 9.03 mmol, 1 eq.), TEA (1.65 ml, 1.20 g, 11.8 mmol, 1.3 eq.) and  $\mathrm{CH_2Cl_2}$  (50 ml) were stirred at 0 °C. 4-Chlorobutyryl chloride **138** (1.22 ml, 1.54 g, 10.9 mmol, 1.2 eq.) was added dropwise over 5 min. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min, then water (50 ml) was added. The organic layer was separated off, and the aqueous layer was extracted with 10 % *i*-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (2×50 ml). The combined organic layers were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 0-100 % EtOAc/Et<sub>2</sub>O). The combined organic fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **145** was obtained as white needles (1.51 g, 6.87 mmol, 76.1 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.19 \; (\text{Et}_2\text{O})$ 

**mp**  $T / {}^{\circ}\text{C} = 72.5 - 75.7 \ (i\text{-PrOH, CHCl}_3)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3289.9 (N-H), 3250.0 (O-H), 2927.6 (C-H), 2857.1 (C-H), 1629.2 (amide C=O)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, MeOD) δ / ppm = 3.60 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>Cl), 3.51 - 3.60 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 3.28 - 3.39 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>OH), 2.37 (td, J = 7.4, 2.3 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 2.06 (quin, J = 7.0 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 1.97 - 2.01 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.85 - 1.93 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHNH), 1.70 - 1.77 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.64 - 1.70 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCH<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 1.24 - 1.35 (m, 3 H, CH<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH, CH<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH and CH<u>H</u>CHOH), 1.13 - 1.25 (m, 1 H, CH<u>H</u>CHNH<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  / ppm = 175.0 (<u>C</u>(=O)), 74.1 (<u>C</u>HOH), 56.3 (<u>C</u>HNH), 45.3 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>Cl), 35.6 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 34.5 (C(=O)<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 32.7 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 30.1 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub><u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 25.8 (<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 25.5

 $(\underline{C}H_2CH_2CHOH)$ 

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 242.0925, [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>18</sub>ClNNaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 242.0924

The compound has not been reported previously.

#### 0.37 4-Azido-N-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)butanamide 146

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & O \\
 & N \\
 & H
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & N_3 & (\pm)
\end{array}$$

4-Chloro-N-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)butanamide **145** (345 mg, 1.57 mmol, 1 eq.) and NaN<sub>3</sub> (180 mg, 2.77 mmol, 1.75 eq.) were stirred in DMF (12 ml) at 50 °C for 16 h. Water (50 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (50 ml) were added, and the organic layer was removed. The aqueous layer was extracted again with 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (50 ml) and the combined organic fractions were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and then by using a N<sub>2</sub> stream. **146** was obtained as large white prisms (347 mg, 1.53 mmol, 97.5 %).

**TLC**  $R_f = 0.23$  (EtOAc)

**mp**  $T / {}^{\circ}\text{C} = 74.5\text{-}75.7 \ (i\text{-PrOH, CHCl}_3)$ 

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3299.0 (N-H), 3207.8 (O-H), 2944.3 (C-H), 2927.9 (C-H), 2859.2 (C-H), 2089.2 (azide), 1624.0 (amide C=O)

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, MeOD) δ / ppm = 7.87 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1 H, N<u>H</u>), 5.27 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 1 H, O<u>H</u>), 3.56 (td, J = 10.5, 4.4 Hz, 1 H, C<u>H</u>NH), 3.28 - 3.41 (m, 3 H, C<u>H</u>OH and C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 2.30 (td, J = 7.4, 2.7 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 1.95 - 2.03 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCHOH), 1.87 (m, 3 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub> and C<u>H</u>HCHNH), 1.70 - 1.76 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 1.63 - 1.70 (m, 1 H, C<u>H</u>HCH<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 1.25 - 1.38 (m, 3 H, CH<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>CHNH and CHHCHOH), 1.14 - 1.24 (m, 1 H, CHHCHNH<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, MeOD) δ / ppm = 175.1 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)), 74.0 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ HOH), 56.3 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ HNH), 52.0 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>), 35.5 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 34.3 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O) $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 32.7 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 26.3 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ (=O)CH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>), 25.8 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 25.5 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 249.1331, [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>4</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 249.1327

The compound has not been reported previously.

0.38 1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(4-(1-(4-(((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)amino)-4-oxobutyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquino-line-3-carboxylic acid 147

1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-7-(4-(hex-5-yn-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylic acid **70** (40 mg, 97.2  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) and 4-azido-N-((trans)-2-hydroxycyclohexyl)butanamide **146** (22.0 mg, 97.2  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) were dissolved in 10 % water/t-BuOH (3 ml), and the mixture was degassed by bubbling N<sub>2</sub> through it. A solution of CuSO<sub>4</sub> and THPTA (97.2  $\mu$ l, 9.72  $\mu$ mol, 0.1 eq. 100 mM, aq.) was added, followed by a solution of sodium ascorbate (194  $\mu$ l, 19.4  $\mu$ mol, 0.2 eq., 100 mM, aq.). The mixture was stirred at r.t. under argon for 16 h. Water (50 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (50 ml) were added, then the organic layer was separated, dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC (5-70 % acetonitrile/water over 15 min). The combined pure fractions were evaporated under reduced pressure and then partitioned between NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq., sat., 50 ml) and 10 % i-PrOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> (50 ml). The organic layer was dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. **147** was obtained as a white amorphous solid (30.3 mg, 47.5  $\mu$ mol, 48.9 %).

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3345.4 (N-H), 2927.6 (C-H), 2859.6 (C-H), 2814.7 (C-H), 1727.0 (carboxylic acid C=O), 1641.7 (amide C=O), 1625.8 (quinolone C=O), 1619.0 (triazole)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 8.64 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OH), 7.86 (d, J = 13.9 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.84 (s, 1 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.64 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1 H, NH), 7.54 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 4.54 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 1 H, OH), 4.30 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 3.77 - 3.86 (m, 1 H, NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.33 - 3.40 (m, 1 H, CHNH), 3.31 (br t, J = 4.8 Hz, 4 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.14 - 3.24 (m, 1 H, CHOH), 2.63 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.56 (br t, J = 4.6 Hz, 4 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.96 - 2.04 (m, 2 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.78 - 1.87 (m, 1 H, CHHCHOH), 1.69 - 1.78 (m, 1 H, CHHCHNH), 1.63 (quin, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.54 - 1.60 (m, 2 H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>OH), 1.51 (quin, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.28 - 1.35 (m, 2 H, NCH(CHH)<sub>2</sub>), 1.11 - 1.22 (m, 5 H, NCH(CHH)<sub>2</sub>, CHHCHOH, CHHCHOH), 1.04 - 1.13 (m, 1 H, CHHCHNH)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 176.4 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}(=O)CC(=O)OH$ ), 170.9 ( $\underline{\mathbf{CH}}_2\underline{\mathbf{C}}(=O)NH$ ), 166.0 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}(=O)OH$ ), 153.1 (d, J=252.1 Hz, ipso to F), 148.0 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}=CC(=O)OH$ ), 146.9 ( $\underline{\mathbf{CH}}=\underline{\mathbf{C}}CH_2$ ), 145.3 (d, J=10.0 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 139.2 (para to F), 121.8 ( $\underline{\mathbf{N}}\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}=CCH_2$ ), 118.5 (d, J=8.3 Hz, para to piperazine), 110.9 (d, J=23.2 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 106.7 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}C(=O)OH$ ), 106.3 (d, J=3.3 Hz, meta to C=O and meta to F), 71.4 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}OH$ ), 57.4 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}=CCH_2CH_2CH_2D$ ), 54.2 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}NH$ ), 52.4 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}=CCH_2CH_2CH_2N(\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}_2)\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}_2$ ), 49.5 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}=CCH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2N(\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}_2)\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}_2$ ), 49.5 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}=CCH_2CH_2CH_2N(\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}_2)\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}_2$ ), 48.8 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}(\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}})\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}_2\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}_2$ ), 35.9 ( $\underline{\mathbf{N}}\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}(\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}_2)$ ), 34.1 ( $\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}_2\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{C}}\underline{\mathbf{H}}_2\underline{\mathbf{$ 

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376.45 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = -121.4 (ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 638.3480, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>45</sub>FN<sub>7</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 638.3466

The compound has not been reported previously.

# 0.39 1-Cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-(4-(4-(1-(4-oxo-4-((2-oxocyclohexyl)amino)bu tyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)butyl)piperazin-1-yl)-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carbo xylic acid 148

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & &$$

IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  / cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2941.2 (C-H), 2859.8 (C-H), 1719.8 (carboxylic acid C=O and ketone C=O), 1656.8 (amide C=O), 1625.6 (quinolone C=O), 1613.5 (triazole)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 8.65 (s, 1 H, ortho to C(=O)OH), 7.94 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H, N $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 7.88 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1 H, ortho to F), 7.85 (s, 1 H, C $\underline{\text{H}}$ =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.55 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1 H, meta to F), 4.40 (dddd, J = 12.8, 7.6, 6.1, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 4.31 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>HN), 4.31 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.31 (br. s, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.64 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.56 (br t, J = 5.0, 5.0 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.45 - 2.52 (m, 1 H, CHHC(=O)), 2.38 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 2.25 (dtt, J = 13.4, 2.6, 1.6 Hz, 1 H, CHHC(=O)), 2.07 - 2.17 (m, 3 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N and CHHCHNH), 1.96 - 2.05 (m, 3 H, C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N and CHHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.64 (quin, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.65 (m, 5 H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>C(=O), CHHCHNH and CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 1.27 - 1.34 (m, 2 H, NCH(CHH)<sub>2</sub>), 1.13 - 1.20 (m, 2 H, NCH(CHH)<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ / ppm = 207.4 ( $\underline{C}(=O)$ CHNH), 176.3 ( $\underline{C}(=O)$ CC(=O)OH), 170.8 (CH<sub>2</sub> $\underline{C}$ (=O)NH), 166.0 ( $\underline{C}(=O)$ OH), 153.0 (d, J = 246.4 Hz, ipso to F), 147.9 ( $\underline{C}=CC(=O)$ OH), 146.8 (CH= $\underline{C}$ CH<sub>2</sub>), 145.1 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, ipso to piperazine), 139.1 (para to F), 121.7 (NCH=CCH<sub>2</sub>), 118.7 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, para to piperazine), 110.9 (d, J = 23.0 Hz, ortho to C=O and ortho to F), 106.3 ( $\underline{C}$ C(=O)OH, and meta to C=O and meta to F), 57.3 (CH=CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 57.0 (CHNH), 52.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>), 49.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 49.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 48.7 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NCH=C), 40.5 ( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>C(=O)), 35.8 (NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 33.7 ( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>CHNH), 31.8 (C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NCH=C), 27.1 ( $\underline{C}$ H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)),

 $26.9 \ (CH=CCH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}N), \ 26.0 \ (C(=O)CH_{2}\underline{C}H_{2}CH_{2}NCH=C), \ 25.7 \ (CH=CCH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}N), \ 24.9 \ (CH=C\underline{C}H_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}N), \ 23.8 \ (\underline{C}H_{2}CH_{2}CHNH), \ 7.6 \ (NCH(\underline{C}H_{2})_{2})$ 

 $^{19}\mathbf{F}$  NMR (376 MHz, DMSO d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  / ppm = -121.7 (s, ciprofloxacin F)

**HRMS** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) m/z / Da = 636.3303, [M+H]<sup>+</sup> found, [C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>43</sub>FN<sub>7</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> requires 636.3310

The compound has not been reported previously.

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#### Todo list

works in LCMS see Lois283	6
remove unless very active as not fully characterised	28