

# LazyBots

**MCMaster UNIVERSITY**

Draft Component Design

SE 4GA6 & TRON 4TB6

GROUP 9

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## 1 Revisions

Table 1: VIC Table of Revisions

Date	Revision Number	Authors	Comments
November 24 <sup>th</sup> , 2017	Revision 0	Karim Guirguis David Hemms Marko Laban Curtis Milo Keyur Patel Alexandra Rahman	-

## 2 ClientApp

### 2.1 Purpose

### 2.2 Scope

### 2.3 Module Decomposition

**Activity\_Login**: GUI class for admin to log into client app device. **Activity\_Settings**: GUI class for admin to reset device cart, as well as change the table number of the client device. Secrets include parsing and storing table info coming from the server.

**Activity\_DrinksList**: GUI class for users to go through available drinks and choose their order. Secrets include parsing drink info coming from the server. **Activity\_OrderCart**: GUI class for users to view their current cart, as well as their previous orders. Secrets include parsing and dealing with server's response when order is sent to the server.

**DrinksViewAdapter**: Adapter class for each visible drink in Activity\_DrinksList **DrinkCartListAdapter**: Adapter class for each cart item in Activity\_OrderCart **Drink**: Object class representing a drink item.

**DrinkOrder**: Object class representing a table's order to be sent to the server. **NetworkCalls**: Asynchronous class to perform network calls for the client app. Secrets include how network requests/responses are handled.

### 2.4 Uses Relation

### 2.5 MIS

#### 2.5.1 Drink

Uses : None

#### Public Functions

**Drink(String name,int calories,int image,double price)** Constructor for Drink class. Takes the name, image, and price of the drink, and the amount of calories in a serving.

**setAmount(int amt):void** Sets the number of drinks of this type in the cart.

**getName():String** Returns the name of the drink.

**getCalories():int** Returns the amount of calories for the restaurant's serving size.

**getImage():int** Returns the id number for the image of this drink type.

**getPrice():double** Returns the price of this drink.

**getPriceForAmount():double** Returns the total price of the amount of this drink.

**getAmount():int** Returns the amount of the drink currently in the cart.

#### 2.5.2 DrinkOrder

Uses : None

#### Public Functions

**DrinkOrder(ArrayList<String[]> rawCartData)** Constructor for DrinkOrder class. Takes the raw cart data for the currently selected drinks.

#### 2.5.3 Activity\_DrinksList

Uses

- DrinksViewAdapter (Class)
- NetworkCalls (Class)

**onActivityResult(int requestCode, int responseCode, Intent data):void** Process the results of any activities launched by this activity. **onClickViewCart(View v):void** Listener for the view cart button. Launches Activity\_OrderCart. **processDrinksInfoResponse(int responseCode):void** Processes the response of the drink info retrieval from the server. **onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState):void** Initialize this Activity(app menu) when created.

### 2.5.4 Activity\_Login

#### Uses

- NetworkCalls (Class)

#### Public Functions

**onClickButtonLogin(View v):void** Listener for the login button. Attempts to log in with filled in username and password.

**onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState):void** Initialize this Activity(app menu) when created.

### 2.5.5 Activity\_Settings

#### Uses

- NetworkCalls (Class)

**onClickButtonResetCart(View v):void** Listener for the reset cart button. Resets the cart for the next guests.

**processTableChangeResponse(int responseCode, String token):void** Processes the class specific changes based on the response from the server.

**onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState):void** Initialize this Activity(app menu) when created.

### 2.5.6 Activity\_OrderCart

#### Uses

- DrinkCartListAdapter (Class)
- NetworkCalls (Class)

#### Public Functions

**processSendOrderResponse(int responseCode, int placeInLine):void** Processes the response of attempt to place an order with the server.

**onClickSendOrder(View v):void** Listener for the send order button. Sends the current cart to the server.

**onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState):void** Initialize this Activity(app menu) when created.

### 2.5.7 NetworkCalls

Uses:None

#### Public Functions

**NetworkCalls(String api\_key)** Constructor for NetworkCalls. Takes the api key.

**doInBackground(String[] strings):Object** Executes the HTTP request based on the api key provided.

**onPostExecute(Object result):void** Processes the response after doInBackground is completed.

## 2.5.8 DrinksViewAdapter

Uses

- Drink (Class)

**Public Functions**

**DrinksViewAdapter(Context context, ArrayList<Drink> drinks)** Constructor for DrinksViewAdapter.

Takes the context of this adapter and the list of drink info.

**getCount():int** Returns the amount of items in the list of drinks.

**getAllItems():ArrayList<Drink>** Returns the list of drink info.

**getItem(int position):Object** Returns the item for the position id passed to it.

**getView(int position, View v, ViewGroup parent):View** Returns the view for the position id passed to it. Takes the position id, current View, and ViewGroup.

## 2.5.9 DrinkCartListAdapter

Uses None

**Public Functions**

**DrinkCartListAdapter(Context context, ArrayList<String[]> currentCartInfo)** Constructor for DrinkCartListAdapter. Takes the context of this adapter and the current cart information.

**getCount():int** Returns the amount of items in the cart.

**getItem(int position):Object** Returns the item for the position id passed to it.

**getView(int position, View v, ViewGroup parent):View** Returns the view for the position id passed to it. Takes the position id, current View, and ViewGroup.

## 2.6 MID

### 2.6.1 Drink

Uses : None

**Internal Variables** **name: String** - Name of the drink **calories: int** - Number of calories in a serving of this drink **image: int** - id of the image of this drink **amount: int** - the amount of this drink currently selected by the user

**Functions**

**Drink(String name,int calories,int image,double price)** Constructor for Drink class. Takes the name, image, and price of the drink, and the amount of calories in a serving. Sets the internal variable values.

**public setAmount(int amt):void** Sets the number of drinks of this type in the cart.

**private setName(String name):void** Sets the name of the drink. Takes in the name of the drink.

**private setCalories(int cals):void** Sets the amount of calories for the restaurant's serving size. Takes in amount of calories.

**private setImage(int imgID):void** Sets the id number for the image of this drink type. Takes in an integer image id.

**private setPrice(double price):void** Sets the price of this drink. Takes in the price of the drink.

**public getName():String** Returns the name of the drink.

**public getCalories():int** Returns the amount of calories for the restaurant's serving size.

**public getImage():int** Returns the id number for the image of this drink type.

**public getPrice():double** Returns the price of this drink.

**public getAmount():int** Returns the amount of this drink currently in the cart.

**public getPriceForAmount():double** Returns the total price of the amount of this drink.



### 2.6.2 DrinkOrder

**Uses :** None **Internal Variables order: item[]** - Array of drink items

**Functions**

**public DrinkOrder(ArrayList<String[]> rawCartData)** Constructor for DrinkOrder class. Takes the raw cart data for the currently selected drinks.

### 2.6.3 Activity\_DrinksList

**Uses**

- DrinksViewAdapter (Class)
- NetworkCalls (Class)

**Internal Variables gv: GridView** - The view holding the list of drink items

**Functions**

**public onActivityResult(int requestCode, int responseCode, Intent data):void** Process the results of any activities launched by this activity.

**public onClickViewCart(View v):void** Listener for the view cart button. Launches Activity\_OrderCart.

**public processDrinksInfoResponse(int responseCode):void** Processes the response of the drink info retrieval from the server.

**protected onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState):void** Initialize this Activity(app menu) when created. Retrieve the drink info from the server and initialize each item in the gridview as a DrinksViewAdapter.

**private setUpCurrentCart():ArrayList<Drink>** Retrieves and returns the items stored in gv.

### 2.6.4 Activity\_Login

**Uses**

- NetworkCalls (Class)

**Internal Variables** None

**Functions public processLoginResponse(int responseCode):void** Processes class specific changes based on the log in attempt. If (responseCode == 200) then launch settings page. Else show alert.

**public onClickButtonLogin(View v):void** Listener for the login button. Attempts to log in with filled in username and password. Executes a NetworkCall task with the correct api key passed.

**protected onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState):void** Initialize this Activity(app menu) when created.

### 2.6.5 Activity\_Settings

**Uses**

- NetworkCalls (Class)

**Internal Variables tableNum: int** - The table number associated with this device.

**Functions public onClickButtonResetCart(View v):void** Listener for the reset cart button. Resets the cart for the next guests. Clears all cart information.

**public processTableChangeResponse(int responseCode, String token):void** Processes the class specific changes based on the response from the server. If (responseCode == 200) then store the token and new tableNum. Else show alert and keep tableNum the same.

**onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState):void** Initialize this Activity(app menu) when created.

### 2.6.6 Activity\_OrderCart

#### Uses

- DrinkCartListAdapter (Class)
- NetworkCalls (Class)

**Internal Variables** **currentCart:** **ArrayList<Drink>** - ArrayList of Drink objects representing the current cart selections. **rawCartData:** **ArrayList<String[]>** - ArrayList of String[] representing the current cart. This is data used for the DrinkCartListAdapter. **lv:** **ListView** - The view which contains and displays the cart items.

**Functions** **public processSendOrderResponse(int responseCode, int placeInLine):void** Processes the response of attempt to place an order with the server.

**public onClickSendOrder(View v):void** Listener for the send order button. Sends the current cart to the server.

**protected onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState):void** Initialize this Activity(app menu) when created.

**private setUpRawCartData():void** Uses the information from the currentCart to set up an ArrayList<String[]>. Each item in the ArrayList is a String array consisting of [name, amount, price for amount]

### 2.6.7 NetworkCalls

Uses:None

#### Internal Variables

**api\_key:** **String** - String representing the api being targeted. Used for conditionals.

- "table\_token" - target (HOST)\table?tableId=?
- "placeOrder" - target (HOST)\placeOrder?tableId=?
- "login" - target (HOST)\login

#### Functions

**public NetworkCalls(String api\_key)** Constructor for NetworkCalls. Takes the api key.

**public doInBackground(String[] strings):Object** Executes the HTTP request based on the api key provided.

**public onPostExecute(Object result):void** Processes the response after doInBackground is completed.

### 2.6.8 DrinksViewAdapter

#### Uses

- Drink (Class)

#### Internal Variables

**drinks:** **ArrayList<Drink>** - ArrayList of Drink objects representing the current cart selections.

#### Functions

**public DrinksViewAdapter(Context context, ArrayList<Drink> drinks)** Constructor for DrinksViewAdapter. Takes the context of this adapter and the list of drink info.

**public getCount():int** Returns the amount of items in the list of drinks.

**public getAllItems():ArrayList<Drink>** Returns the list of drink info.

**public getItem(int position):Object** Returns the item for the position id passed to it.

**public getView(int position, View v, ViewGroup parent):View** Returns the view for the position id passed to it. Takes the position id, current View, and ViewGroup.

### 2.6.9 DrinkCartListAdapter

Uses None

**Internal Variables** **currentCart:** `ArrayList<String[]>` - ArrayList of Drink objects representing the current cart selections.

**Functions** **public DrinkCartListAdapter(Context context, ArrayList<String[]> currentCart-Info)** Constructor for DrinkCartListAdapter. Takes the context of this adapter and the current cart information.

**public getCount():int** Returns the amount of items in the cart.

**public getItem(int position):Object** Returns the item for the position id passed to it.

**public getView(int position, View v, ViewGroup parent):View** Returns the view for the position id passed to it. Takes the position id, current View, and ViewGroup.

## 3 Manager System

### 3.1 Purpose

The following will describe the component software design associated with Manager System. This will be carried out within web based tools to allow management to access there information Anywhere

### 3.2 Scope

The scope of this section is associated with any front end user interfaces that the managment staff will use. This includes the MIS/MID and uses relation in regards to the Map Making Page, the Error Viewing page and the Login System.

### 3.3 Module Decomposition

**Manager Login Page:** Given the login credentials, will authenticate administrator of the system with the server. Secrets include how it goes about verifying with the server if the credentials are valid. **Manager Station Map Software Page:** Will allow administrator to create or modify the map of the area where Alfred will deliver drinks. This map will then be sent and stored on the server. The secrets of this module includes how the mapping system will translate user input into the map file **Manager Station Request Software Page:** Will allow administrator to execute commands for Alfred, as well as view incoming error codes from Alfred. Secrets include how the errors are decoded from the server.

### 3.4 Uses Relation

### 3.5 MIS

#### 3.5.1 Login Page

Uses

- MapMaking (WebPage)
- ErrorViewer (WebPage)

**Public Functions**

**gotoErrorsPage(): void** Navigates to the page associated with showing the Managers page for Errors with Alfred.

**gotoMapMakingPage(): void** Navigates to the page associated with showing the Managers page for creating a restaurant Map.

**verifyUser(): void** Determines if the information that the user put into the form on the webpage is correct.

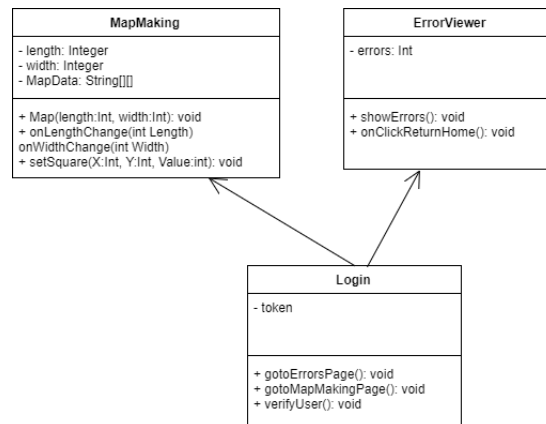


Figure 1: Alfred Uses Relation Diagram

### 3.5.2 MapMaking Page

Uses None

#### Public Functions

**Map(length:Integer, width:Integer): void** Constructor to object for page load

**onLengthChange(int Length)** Sets the length of the map when the user changes it in the form.

**onWidthChange(int Width)** Sets the width of the map when the user changes it in the form.

**setSquare(X:Integer, Y:Integer, value:Integer): void** Sets the value of the square based on its X,Y position when there is an on click event.

### 3.5.3 ErrorViewer Page

Uses None

#### Public Functions

**showErrors(): void** Shows the Errors Associated to Alfred. **onClickReturnHome()** Signals the Robot to return home.

## 3.6 MID

### 3.6.1 Login Page

Uses

- MapMaking (WebPage)
- ErrorViewer (WebPage)

#### Internal Variables

**token: String** - Token for a session with the server.

#### Functions

**public gotoErrorsPage(): void** Navigates to the page associated with showing the Managers page for Errors with Alfred.

**public gotoMapMakingPage(): void** Navigates to the page associated with showing the Managers page for creating a restaurant Map.

**public verifyUser(): void** Determines if the information that the user put into the form on the webpage is correct.

### 3.6.2 MapMaking Page

Uses None

**Internal Variables**

**length: Integer** - Length of the Map

**width: Integer** - Width of the Map

**MapData: String[][]**- Storage of the map values

**Public Functions**

**public Map(length:Int, width:Int): void**

Constructor to object for page load

**public onLengthChange(int Length)**

Sets the length of the map when the user changes it in the form.

**public onWidthChange(int Width)**

Sets the width of the map when the user changes it in the form.

**setSquare(X:Int, Y:Int, value:Int): void**

Sets the value of the square based on its X,Y position when there is an on click event. The Values corresponds to:

- 0: Free to move
- 1: Path is blocked
- 2: Table
- 3: Base

### 3.6.3 ErrorViewer Page

Uses None

**Public Functions**

**showErrors(): void** Shows the Errors Associated to Alfred. where the Errors are in the following format

- LowLiquid: 0x00000001
- LeakingTank: 0x00000010
- LowBattery: 0x00000100
- NoMovement: 0x00001000

**onClickReturnHome()** Signals the Robot to return home.

## 4 Alfred System

### 4.1 Purpose

The following will describe the component software, mechanical and electrical design associated with Alfred's Manager System, Alfred's Drivetrain and Alfred's Image Processing system. These three systems will be ran on the Raspberry Pi.

### 4.2 Scope

The scope of this section is associated with Alfred's Manager System, Alfred's Drivetrain and Alfred's Image Processing system. The software documentation will provide the MIS and MID, uses relations to describe how the system will be designed to perform its function of being able to drive to a specific location. The mechanical and electrical design will focus on the aspects to provide motion and navigation.

### 4.3 Module Decomposition

**Alfred Manager Module:** Endpoint for communication with Alfred. Will manage communication with server, as well as send any errors that Alfred is experiencing. Secrets include Parsing of messages from the server and the pumping system. **Alfred Drive Train Module:** Responsible for driving and managing the motors based on desired route. Will also be sending errors preventing movement to Alfred Manager Module. Secrets include how the robot will preform navigation based on the map, how the robot will control and drive the robot and the inputs from the image processing module. **Image Processing Module:** Will detect any obstacles in the way as well as locate incoming nodes. Will communicate with Alfred Drive Train Module, to determine whether any required action based on results. Secretes include how the image processing will be carried out

### 4.4 Uses Relation

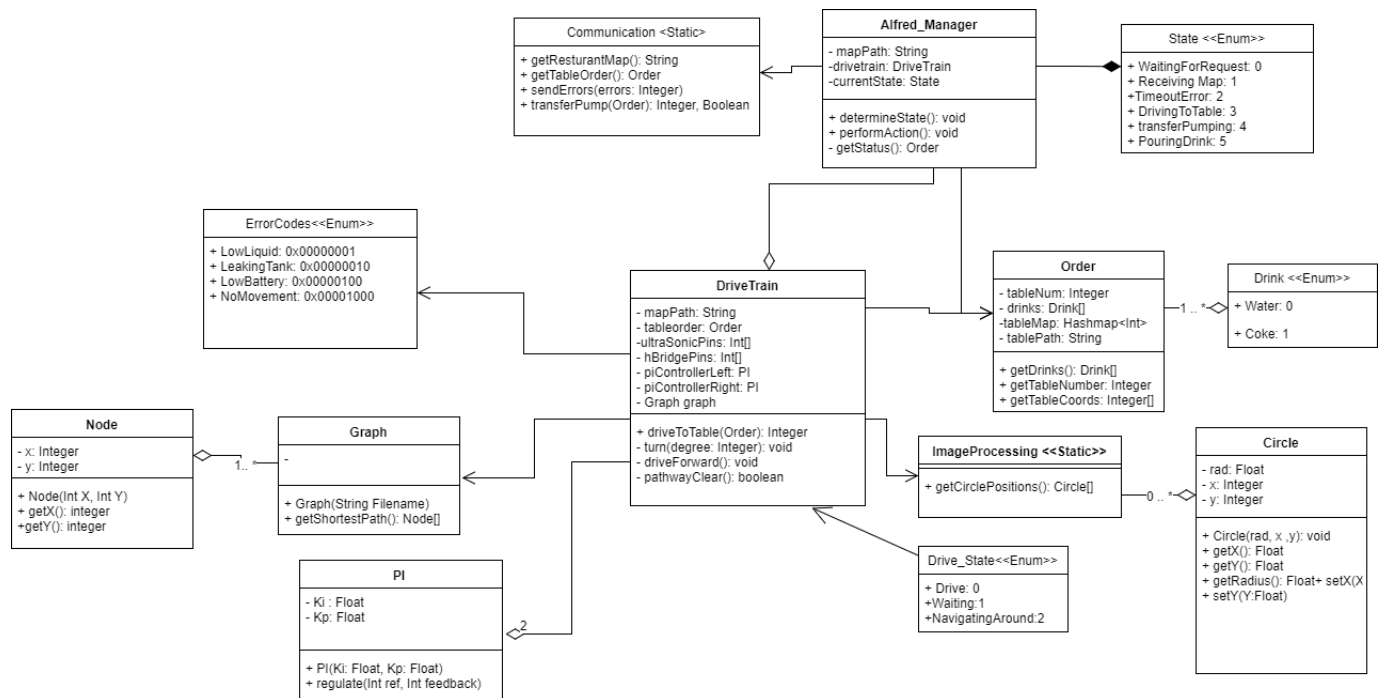


Figure 2: Alfred Uses Relation Diagram

### 4.5 MIS

#### 4.5.1 Alfred Manager Class

##### Uses

- Communication (Static Class)
- State (Enum)
- Drivetrain (Class)
- Order (Class)

##### Public Functions

**determineState(): void**

Determines the overall state of Alfred based on the inputs to Alfred.

**performAction(): void**

Will perform the desired state based on the state of Alfred.

#### 4.5.2 Order Class

Uses

- Drink (Enum)

**Public Functions**

**getDrinks()**

Drink[] - Returns the list of drinks

**getTableNumber**

Integer - Returns the table number reference

**getTableCoords**

Integer[] - Returns the coordinates to the table

#### 4.5.3 Drivetrain Class

Uses

- Order (Class)
- ImageProcessing (Class)
- Drive\_State (Enum)
- ErrorCodes (Enum)
- Circle (Class)
- Graph (Class)
- Node (Class)
- PI (Class)

**Public Functions driveToTable(Order): Integer** This function will perform the driving operation in order to navigate towards the specific table.

#### 4.5.4 Communication Static Class

Uses

None

**Public Functions**

**getRestaurantMap(): String**

Retrieves and stores the map to be used for navigation. Returns the path of the map

**getTableOrder(): Order**

Retrieves and returns the Table's Order.

**sendErrors(errors: Integer)**

Sends an integer with the described set of integers.

**transferPump(Order): Integer**

Performs communication with the pumping system. Sends the Order data and receives the errors from the pumping system and if it complete.

### 4.5.5 Graph Class

#### Uses

- Node (Class)

#### Public Functions

##### **Graph(String Filename)**

Constructor to create a graph object. Builds the graph based on the path to the map

##### **getShortestPath(): Node[]**

Returns a list of nodes that describes the shortest way to get to the destination.

### 4.5.6 Node Class

#### Uses None

#### Public Functions

##### **Node(Int X, Int Y)**

Constructor to the node class, takes in the position of the point along the X Y plane.

##### **getX(): integer**

Returns the x coordinate of the node

##### **getY(): integer**

Returns the y coordinate of the node

### 4.5.7 PI Class

#### Uses None

#### Public Functions

##### **PI(Ki: Float, Kp: Float)**

Constructor for the PI controller object taking in the Ki and Kp terms

##### **regulate(Int ref, Int feedback)**

Based on the reference to control to and the feedback, will determine the value to set the outputs too.

### 4.5.8 Imaging Processing Static Class

#### Uses

- Circle (Class)

#### Public Functions

##### **getCirclePositions(): Circle[]**

Gives a list of circles that were within the view of the camera

### 4.5.9 Circle Class

#### Uses None

#### Public Functions

##### **Circle(radius, x, y)**

Constructor of the circle class, takes in initial radius, x and y values

##### **getX(): Float**

Gives the X position of the circle relative to the image

##### **getY(): Float**

Gives the Y position of the circle relative to the image

##### **getRadius(): Float**

Gives the radius of the circle

##### **setX(X:Float)**

Sets the X position of the circle.



**setY(Y:Float)**

Sets the Y position of the circle.

**setRadius(rad : Float)**

Sets the radius of the circle

**4.6 MID****4.6.1 Alfred Manager Class****Uses**

- Communication (Static Class)
- State (Enum)
- Drivetrain (Class)
- Order (Class)

**Internal Variables****mapPath: String** - The absolute path to the map directory**drivetrain: DriveTrain** - An object encapsulates information in regards to the drivetrain**currentState: State** - Holds the information in regards to which action will be preformed by Alfred**Functions****public determineState(): void**

Determines the overall state of Alfred based on the inputs to Alfred based on the following tabular expression:

Previous State	Conditions	Next State
WaitingForRequest	Order == Null && time < timeout	WaitingForRequest
	Order == Null && timeout <= time	TimeoutError
	Order! = Null	ReceivingMap
ReceivingMap	Order == Null && time < timeout	WaitingForRequest
	Order == Null && timeout <= time	TimeoutError
	Order! = Null	DrivingToTable
TimeoutError	time< try_again	TimeoutError
	try_again <= time	WaitingForRequest
DrivingToTable	Drive_errors == 0	transferPumping
	Drive_errors != 0	WaitingForRequest
transferPumping	Pump_errors ==0 && table_done	WaitingForRequest
	Pump_errors !=0	WaitingForRequest

**public performAction(): void**

Will preform the desired state based on the state of Alfred based on the following table:

State	Action
WaitingForRequest	getTableOrder() sendErrors(errors)
ReceivingMap	getRestaurantMap()
TimeoutError	Sleep()
DrivingToTable	driveToTable(Order)
transferPumping	transferPump(Order)

### 4.6.2 Order Class

#### Uses

- Drink (Enum)

#### Internal Variables

**tableNum: Integer** - the reference to the table

**drinks: Drink[]** - List of drinks for the user's table

**tableMap: Hashmap<Int>** - Map that takes in a table reference number and returns its X,Y Coord

**tablePath: String** - gives the path of the table for the hashmap

#### Functions

**public getDrinks(): Drink[]**

Returns the list of drinks

**public getTableNumber: Integer**

Returns the table number reference

**public getTableCoords: Integer[]**

Returns the coordinates to the table from the Hashmap of table numbers

### 4.6.3 Drivetrain Class

#### Uses

- Order (Class)
- ImageProcessing (Class)
- Drive\_State (Enum)
- ErrorCodes (Enum)
- Circle (Class)
- Graph (Class)
- Node (Class)
- PI (Class)

**Internal Variables mapPath: String** - The absolute path to the map directory

**tableorder: Order** - The order from the next table.

**ultraSonicPins: Int[]** - The pins dedicated for the ultrasonic sensors

**hBridgePins: Int[]** - The pins dedicated for the H-bridge

**graph: Graph** - Object to the graph object to find the shortest path

**piControllerLeft: PI** - Object used for PI control for the left side of the drivetrain

**piControllerRight: PI** - Object used for PI control for the left side of the drivetrain

#### Functions

**public driveToTable(Order): Integer**

This function will preform the driving operation in order to navigate towards the specific table.

**private turn(degree: Integer): void**

This function will turn relative to its current position the amount desired within the argument. The robot will use the references of the circles to help with alignment by knowing that every node is 90 degrees from one another.

**private driveForward(void): void**

This function will control the robot to move forward provided:  $\forall \text{frontultrasonicsensors} : d_{ultrasonic} > d_{min}$ . This motion will use the PI regulators to provide motion at human speed and will continue until a the next circle is within the middle of the camera.

**private pathwayClear (void): boolean**

This function will determine if robot to move forward provided:  $\forall \text{frontultrasonicsensors} : d_{ultrasonic} > d_{min}$ .

#### 4.6.4 Communication Static Class

**Uses** None **Internal Variables**

None

**Functions**

**getRestaurantMap(): String**

Retrieves the map file based off of an FTP protocol and stores the map to be used for navigation. Returns the path of the map.

**getTableOrder(): Order**

Retrieves and returns the Table's Order.

**sendErrors(errors: Integer)**

Sends an integer with the described set of integers.

**transferPump(Order): Integer**

Performs communication with the pumping system using UART communication. The first 32 bits are the error code of the pumping system and the last bit is the status of the pumping system. Sends the Order data and receives the errors from the pumping system.

#### 4.6.5 Graph Class

**Uses**

- Node (Class)

**Internal Variables** None

**Functions**

**Graph(String Filename)**

Constructor to create a graph object. Builds the graph based on the path to the map

**getShortestPath(): Node[]**

Returns a list of nodes that describes the shortest way to get to the destination. The shortest path will be preformed using the map and Dijkstra's algorithm.

#### 4.6.6 Node Class

**Uses** None

**Public Functions**

**Node(Int X, Int Y)**

Constructor to the node class, takes in the position of the point along the X Y plane.

**getX(): integer**

Returns the x coordinate of the node.

**getY(): integer**

Returns the y coordinate of the node.

**Internal Variables**

**x: Integer** - The x coordinate of the node

**y: Integer** - The y coordinate of the node

**Functions**

**public Node(Int X, Int Y)**

Constructor to the node class, takes in the position of the point along the X Y plane.

**public getX(): integer**

Returns the x coordinate of the node

**public getY(): integer**

Returns the y coordinate of the node

#### 4.6.7 PI Class

**Uses** None **Internal Variables** **Ki: Float** - Integral temp for the PI controller **Kp: Float** - The y coordinate of the node.

##### Functions

**public PI(Ki: Float, Kp: Float)**

Constructor for the PI controller object taking in the Ki and Kp terms

**public regulate(Int ref, Int feedback)**

Based on the reference to control to and the feedback, will determine the value to set the outputs too. Determines the output based along the following formula:  $out = Kp * error + Ki * \int_0^t (error) dt$ . Note that the derivative term is not used due to the error associated with derivatives within computing systems.

#### 4.6.8 Imaging Processing Static Class

##### Uses

- Circle (Class)
- Open CV (External Library)

**Internal Variables** None

##### Functions

**Public getCirclePositions(): Circle[]**

Gives a list of circles that were within the view of the camera. Open CV returns a list of objects which can then be checked to see if they are black circles.

#### 4.6.9 Circle Class

**Uses** None **Internal Variables**

**rad: Float** - The radius of the circle

**x: Integer** - The X position of the circle relative to the image

**y: Integer** - The Y position of the circle relative to the image

##### Functions

**Circle(radius, x, y)**

Constructor of the circle class, takes in initial radius, x and y values

**getX(): Float**

Gives the X position of the circle relative to the image

**getY(): Float**

Gives the Y position of the circle relative to the image

**getRadius(): Float**

Gives the radius of the circle

**setX(X:Float)**

Sets the X position of the circle.

**setY(Y:Float)**

Sets the Y position of the circle.

**setRadius(rad : Float)**

Sets the radius of the circle.

#### 4.6.10 Raspberry Pi Pin Information

## 5 Pumping System

### 5.1 Purpose

The following will describe the component software, mechanical and electrical design associated with Alfred's Pumping System, Alfred's Drivetrain and Alfred's Image Processing system. This system will be ran on the

Table 2: Raspberry pi cable system

From	PIN # (physical)	GPIO # (BCM)	To	Comments
Raspberry Pi GND GPIO	6	-	H-Bridge GND	Ground for
Raspberry Pi 5V GPIO	4	-	H-Bridge PWR	5V supply ***can uti
Raspberry Pi GPIO	12	18	H-Bridge DIR 1	Direction of
Raspberry Pi GPIO	16	23	H-Bridge PWM 1	PWM of m
Raspberry Pi GPIO	18	24	H-Bridge DIR 2	Direction of
Raspberry Pi GPIO	22	25	H-Bridge PWM 2	PWM of m
Raspberry Pi GND GPIO	14	-	Ultra sonic sensors GND	Ground for ***can uti
Raspberry Pi 5V GPIO	2	-	Ultra sonic sensors VCC	5V supply ***can uti
Raspberry Pi GPIO	24	8	Ultra sonic sensor #1 TRIG	Send trigger
Raspberry Pi GPIO	26	7	Ultra sonic sensor #1 ECHO	
Raspberry Pi GPIO	3	2	Ultra sonic sensor #2 TRIG	Send trigger
Raspberry Pi GPIO	5	3	Ultra sonic sensor #2 ECHO	
Raspberry Pi GPIO	7	4	Ultra sonic sensor #3 TRIG	Send trigger
Raspberry Pi GPIO	11	17	Ultra sonic sensor #3 ECHO	
Raspberry Pi GND GPIO	20	-	Encoders GND	Shared bet ***can uti pin
Raspberry Pi 3.3V GPIO	1	-	Encoders VCC	Shared bet ***can uti instead of
Raspberry Pi GPIO	13	27	Encoder #1 DT	
Raspberry Pi GPIO	15	22	Encoder #1 CLK	
Raspberry Pi GPIO	19	10	Encoder #2 DT	
Raspberry Pi GPIO	21	9	Encoder #2 CLK	
Raspberry Pi GPIO	8	14	Arduino	Communic
Raspberry Pi GPIO	10	15	Arduino	Communic
36V Positive terminal	-	-	H-Bridge power	Power sup
36V Negative terminal	-	-	H-Bridge ground	Motor gro
Motor 1 positive terminal	-	-	H-Bridge Motor 1 +	Positive co
Motor 1 negative terminal	-	-	H-Bridge Motor 1 -	Negative c
Motor 2 positive terminal	-	-	H-Bridge Motor 2 +	Positive co
Motor 2 negative terminal	-	-	H-Bridge Motor 2 -	Negative c
Pi Camera bus terminals	-	-	Raspberry Pi camera bus terminal input	Communic

Arduino Mega.

## 5.2 Scope

The scope of this section is associated with Alfred's Pumping System. The software documentation will provide the MIS and MID, uses relations to describe how the system will be designed to preform its function of being able to communicate to the raspberry pi and pump drinks. The mechanical and electrical design will focus on the different pumps/sensors that will be associated with the pumping system.

## 5.3 Module Decomposition

**Alfred Pumping Module:** Will control pumping system in regards of when to pour, how long and rate of dispensing. Will communicate to the raspberry pi errors pertaining to the pump or container to Alfred Manager Module. secrets include how the system preforms the dispensing of drinks and determination of errors.

## 5.4 Uses Relation

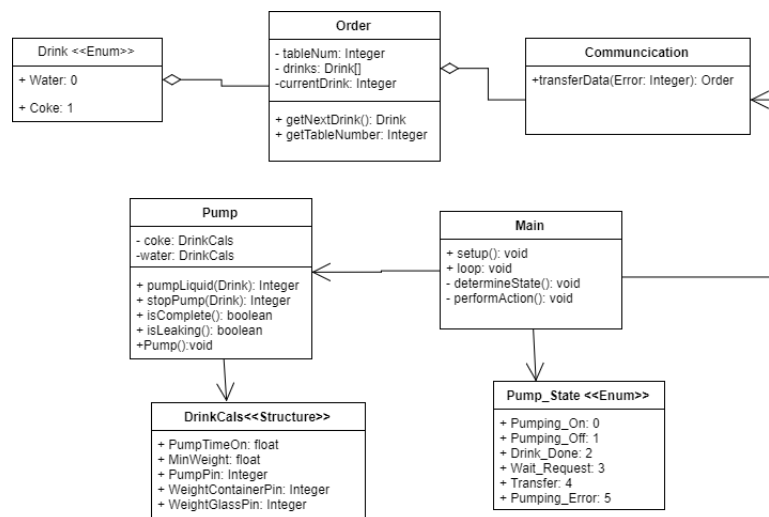


Figure 3: Uses Relation Diagram for the pumping system

## 5.5 MIS

### 5.5.1 Main Class

Uses

- Order (Class)
- Drink (Enum)
- Pump (Class)
- Pump\_State (Enum)
- Communication (Class)

**Internal Variables** None

**Functions**

**public setup(): void**

Setup function for Arduino that initializes the pins that will be used

**public loop(): void**

Main loop that will preform the main logic of the pumping system

**public determineState(): void**

Based on the previous state of the pumping machine will look at factors such as weight of the liquid, need for communication and errors to determine the next state.

**public performAction(): void**

Based on the state of the device it will:

- Pumping\_On: Turn on the voltage for the pump
- Pumping\_Off: Turn off the voltage for the pump
- Wait\_Request: Will Sleep for a specific amount of time before checking again
- Transfer: Preform transferring via UART
- Pumping\_Error: Perform No Action, and ensure all pumping devices are off

### 5.5.2 Class Pump

**Uses**

- DrinkCals

**public Functions**

**Pump():void**

Initializes the values of the pumping module.

**pumpLiquid(Drink): Integer**

Turns on the pump for the specific drink type.

**stopPump(Drink): Integer**

Turns off the pump for the specific drink type.

**isComplete(): Boolean**

Determines if the drink has been completely filled or not based.

**isLeaking(): Boolean**

Determines if the containers are losing fluid when there is no pumping.

**isSafeTempature()**

Determines if the containers are still storing the liquids are at a safe temperature.

### 5.5.3 Communication Class

**Uses**

- DrinkCals

**Internal Values** None

**Functions**

**transferData(Integer): Order**

Communication performed used where Orders are received and errors are transferred with the Manager system.

## 5.6 MID

### 5.6.1 Main Class

#### Uses

- Order (Class)
- Drink (Enum)
- Pump (Class)
- Pump\_State (Enum)
- Communication (Class)

#### Internal Variables

None

#### Functions

##### **public setup(): void**

Setup function for Arduino that initializes the pins that will be used

##### **public loop(): void**

Main loop that will preform the main logic of the pumping system

##### **public determineState(): void**

Based on the previous state of the pumping machine will look at factors such as weight of the liquid, need for communication and errors to determine the next state. Which state is summarized in the following table:

Previous State	Conditions		New State
Pumping_On	Errors ==0	Time<TimeOff	Pumping_On
		Time>=TimeOff	Pumping_Off
	Errors !=0		Pumping_Error
Pumping_Off	Errors ==0	M_cup >= M_Min	Drink_Done
		Time<TimeOn	Pumping_Off
		Time>=TimeOn && M_cup < M_Min	Pumping_On
	Errors !=0		Pumping_Error
Wait_Request	Order==null		Wait_Request
	Order!=null		Pumping_On
Drink_Done	Order.getNextOrder() == null		Wait_Request
	Order.getNextOrder() != null && !CupTaken		Pumping_On
	Order.getNextOrder() != null && CupTaken		Drink_Done
Pumping_Error	Errors !=0		Pumping_Error
	Errors ==0		Wait_Request

##### **public performAction(): void**

Based on the state of the the pumping system, will preform the following actions:

### 5.6.2 Class Pump

#### Uses

- DrinkCals

#### Internal Values

**DrinkCals coke:** Structure holding the calibrations related to Coke products

**DrinkCals water:** Structure holding the calibrations related to Water

#### Functions



Previous State	Action
Pumping_On	V_Pump[tank_gpio] = ON
Pumping_Off	V_Pump[tank_gpio] = OFF
Wait_Request	TransferData()
Drink_Done	
Pumping_Error	isLeaking()    isSafeTemperature()

### public Pump():void

Initializes the values of the pumping module.

### public pumpLiquid(Drink): Integer

Turns on the pump for the specific drink type.

### public stopPump(Drink): Integer

Turns off the pump for the specific drink type.

### public isComplete(): Boolean

Determines if the drink has been completely filled or not based on the following equation:  $Filled := M_{min} < M_{cup}$

### public isLeaking(): Boolean

Determines if the containers are losing fluid when there is no pumping based on the following equation:  $Leaking := [M_{minleak} < (M_{container1} - M_{container_{prev1}}) \wedge Pin7 == 0] \vee [M_{minleak} < (M_{container2} - M_{container_{prev2}}) \wedge Pin8 == 0]$

### public isSafeTemperature()

Determines if the containers are still storing the liquids at a temperature greater then the minimum temperature for the liquids based off of the following equations.  $OverTemperature := (T_{container1} < T_{min}) \vee (T_{container2} < T_{min})$

## 5.6.3 Communication Class

### Uses

- DrinkCals

**Internal Values** None

### Functions

#### transferData(Integer): Order

Communication performed used using UART where Orders are received and errors are transferred. The first 32 bits will be the errors associated with the pumping system and the last bit will be if the robot is done.

## 6 Server

### 6.1 Purpose

The following will describe the component software design associated with the server. This system will be run on an external RHEL server.

## 6.2 Scope

The scope of this section is associated with the REST API server that will be responsible for the communication within the system. The software documentation will provide the MIS and MID, uses relations to describe how the system will be designed to perform its function of being able to route communication between different modules in the system.

## 6.3 Module Decomposition

**Serer Module:** Will have different REST API endpoints available to be able to "perform actions" in different parts of the system, as well as route data.

## 6.4 Uses Relation

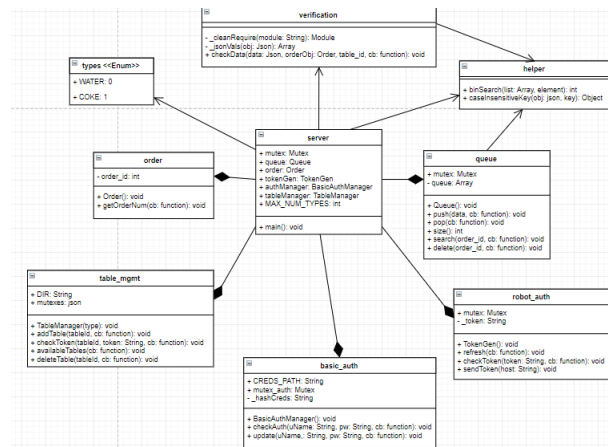


Figure 4: Alfred Uses Relation Diagram

## 6.5 MIS

### 6.5.1 server

Uses

- order (Class)
- types (Enum)
- verification (Class)
- helper (Class)
- queue (Class)
- robot\_auth (Class)
- basic\_auth (Class)
- table\_mgmt (Class)
- http (External Class)
- url (External Class)

- fs (External Class)
- locks (External Class)

**Public Functions main(): void** Running the server, intercepting REST API requests and taking required action.

### 6.5.2 queue

#### Uses

- locks (External Class)
- helper (Class)

**Public Functions Queue(): void** Constructor function that creates a new empty queue.

**push(data, cb): void** Push new order information into the queue and callback function with the place in line.

**pop(cb): void** Pops the first element from the queue.

**size(): int** calls the callback function with the current size of the queue.

**search(order\_id, cb): void** Searches the queue and calls callback function with the place in line for the order specified by the order\_id.

**delete(order\_id, cb): void** Searches the queue for order identified by given order\_id and removes it from the queue.

### 6.5.3 helper

#### Uses None

**Public Functions binSearch(list, element): int** Binary search algorithm to find an element and return its position. If element not found, returns -1.

**caseInsensitiveKey(obj, key): obj[i]** Extracts information from a JSON object for a given key. Comparison between the key and the JSON object's keys are case insensitive.

### 6.5.4 basic\_auth

#### Uses

- fs (External Class)
- locks (External Class)
- util (External Class)
- crypto (External Class)

**Public Functions BasicAuthManager(): void** Constructor function to create the object.

**checkAuth(uName, pw, cb): void** Will check the validity of the username and password given as parameters, and will call the callback function with a boolean of whether username/password combination is valid.

**update(uName, pw, cb): void** Will update the stored username and password combination, with the given ones.

### 6.5.5 robot\_auth

#### Uses

- locks (External Class)
- rand-token (External Class)
- unirest (External Class)

**Public Functions TokenGen(): void** Constructor function to create the object with new token.

**refresh(cb): void** Updates current token.

**checkToken(token, cb): void** Check that the given token in the parameters matches the token stored in the object, and calls the callback function with boolean result.

**sendToken(host): void** Will send current token to the 'host' given in the parameters.

### 6.5.6 verification

#### Uses

- helper (Class)
- types (Enum)

**Public Functions checkData(data, orderObj, table\_id, cb): void** Verify that the order information in the HTTP request has all necessary information and is in the correct format. Information required includes drink types, sizes, and quantities. Then calls callback function with error, if one exists.

### 6.5.7 table\_mgmt

#### Uses

- locks (External Class)
- rand-token (External Class)
- fs (External Class)
- crypto (External Class)

**Public Functions TableManager(): void** Constructor function that reads all currently listed tables from the tables filesystem and creates a mutex for each.

**addTable(tableId, cb): void** Register a new table with the filesystem and generate an authentication token for that table to be used with server communication, then calls the callback function with the token.

**checkToken(tableId, token, cb): void** Verify that an inputted token is correct for the table, and calls callback function with boolean result.

**availableTables(cb): void** Search the filesystem to find all tables currently registered, and call callback function with list of all tables.

**deleteTable(tableId, cb): void** Remove a table from the filesystem.

### 6.5.8 order

#### Uses

- locks (External Class)

**Public Functions Order(): void** Constructor function that creates a new Order object, with order\_id == 0.

**getOrderNum(cb): void** Call the callback function with the next order\_id and increment the counter.

## 6.6 MID

### 6.6.1 server

#### Uses

- order (Class)
- types (Enum)
- verification (Class)
- helper (Class)
- queue (Class)
- robot\_auth (Class)
- basic\_auth (Class)
- table\_mgmt (Class)
- http (External Class)
- url (External Class)
- fs (External Class)
- locks (External Class)

#### Internal Values

- Mutex mutex: Mutex to synchronize requests updating value of 'types.json' in the filesystem.
- Queue queue: A FIFO queue where orders are stored.
- Order order: Object to keep track of order ID's.
- TokenGen tokenGen: A token generator and manager for the robot token for authentication.
- BasicAuthManager authManager: Object responsible for authenticating administrator.
- TableManager tableManager: Object responsible for authenticating each table.
- final int MAX\_NUM\_TYPES: Variable storing maximum number of types of drinks that the robot can hold.

#### Functions main(): void

GET	POST	DELETE
placeinline	placeorder	cancelorder
nextorder	gentoken	drinks
checktoken	updatecreds	tables
drinks	returntobase	
sizes	login	
numoftanks	errors	
	drinks	
	tables	

**Placeinline** Call checkToken for table authentication If passed, search queue for order\_id res.write(placeInLine.toString());  
**Placeorder** Call checkToken for table authentication If passed, parse the body of the request Verify that all data is correct If correct, push order to queue  
**cancelOrder** Call checkToken for robot authentication If passed, delete order from queue for specific order\_id  
**Nextorder** Call checkToken for robot authentication If passed, call queue's pop function res.write(placeInLine.toString());  
**Gentoken** Call token refresh function Send token to robot host  
**Checktoken** Call checkToken for robot authentication res.write(JSON.stringify(resp\_auth));  
**Updatecreds** Call checkAuth for admin authentication If passed, parse body of request Call authManager update function to update new user/password combination  
**Login** Call checkAuth for admin authentication res.writeHead(200, 'Logged in', 'Content-Type': 'text/html'); if credentials were authenticated  
**Returntobase** Call checkAuth for admin authentication Call returnToBase function to have robot return to the kitchen  
**Sizes** Print out list of drinks that are available  
**Numoftanks** Print out maximum number of tanks that the robot can hold  
**Errors** Call checkToken for robot authentication If passed, list all error messages thrown by the robot  
**Drinks (GET)** Print out list of drinks that are available  
**Drinks (POST)** Call checkAuth for admin authentication Check that the total number of drink types is not already at the maximum Parse the body of the request Lock mutex Store new drink type and tank number into drinks object and write them to file Unlock mutex  
**Drinks (DELETE)** Call checkAuth for admin authentication If passed, parse body of the request. Lock the mutex Delete specified drink type from DRINKS object. Write drink type list to file Unlock the mutex  
**Tables (POST)** Call checkAuth for admin authentication If passed, call addTable function res.write(JSON.stringify(token: token, token\_type: 'bearer'));  
**Tables (DELETE)** Call checkAuth for admin authentication If passed, call deleteTable function

### 6.6.2 queue

#### Uses

- locks (External Class)
- helper (Class)

#### Internal Values

- Mutex mutex: Mutex used to lock the resource to prevent from problems arising from asynchronicity.
- Array queue: An array to store elements in queue.

**Functions Queue(): void** This.queue = []

**push(data, cb): void** Lock queue Add data to the queue Unlock queue cb(null, length of queue)

**pop(cb): void** Lock queue element = queue.pop() Unlock queue cb(null, element)

**size(): int** Return queue.length

**search(order\_id, cb): void** index = helper.binSearch(queue, order\_id) if (index >= 0) cb(null, (that.queue.length - index)); else cb('order\_id not in queue');

**delete(order\_id, cb): void** Lock queue index = helper.binSearch(queue, order\_id) Remove element from queue at index if it exists cb()

### 6.6.3 helper

#### Uses None

#### Internal Values None

**Functions binSearch(list, element): int** Binary search algorithm based on element being the order\_id. Return index if found or -1 if not found

**caseInsensitiveKey(obj, key): obj[i]** For k in keys of obj If k.toLowerCase() == key.toLowerCase() Return obj[k] Return null

### 6.6.4 basic\_auth

#### Uses

- fs (External Class)
- locks (External Class)
- util (External Class)
- crypto (External Class)

#### Internal Values

- Mutex mutex\_auth: Mutex to synchronize token from asynchronicity.
- final String CREDENTIALS\_PATH: Path to store hashed credentials in.
- String \_hashCreds: Hashed value of current user credentials.

**Functions BasicAuthManager():** void If CREDENTIALS\_PATH exists \_hashCreds = readFile(CREDENTIALS\_PATH)  
Else \_hashCreds = hash("admin:admin") writeTo(CREDENTIALS\_PATH, \_hashCreds)  
**checkAuth(uName, pw, cb):** void mutex\_auth.lock() passed = \_hashCreds == hash(uName + ":" + pw) mutex\_auth.unlock() cb(null, passed)  
**update(uName, pw, cb):** void mutex\_auth.lock() \_hashedCreds = hash(uName + ":" + pw) writeTo(CREDENTIALS\_PATH, \_hashedCreds) mutex\_auth.unlock() cb()

### 6.6.5 robot\_auth

#### Uses

- locks (External Class)
- rand-token (External Class)
- unirest (External Class)

#### Internal Values

- Mutex mutex: Mutex to synchronize token from asynchronicity.
- String \_token: Value of current token to authenticate robot.

**Functions TokenGen():** void \_token = rand-token.generate(32)  
**refresh(cb):** void mutex.lock() \_token = rand-token.generate(32) mutex.unlock() cb()  
**checkToken(token, cb):** void mutex.lock() passed = token == \_token mutex.unlock() cb(null, passed)  
**sendToken(host):** void data = token\_type: "bearer", access\_token : \_token unirest.post(host, data)

### 6.6.6 verification

#### Uses

- helper (Class)
- types (Enum)

**Internal Values** None

**Functions checkData(data, orderObj, table\_id, cb): void** order = helper.caseInsensitiveKey(data, 'order') If order missing values or in wrong format cb(error)

orders = []

For i of order temp = type = helper.caseInsensitiveKey(i, 'type') size = helper.caseInsensitiveKey(i, 'size') quantity = helper.caseInsensitiveKey(i, 'quantity') If type is valid temp.type = type Else Continue

If size valid temp.size = size Else Temp.size = M If quantity valid temp.quantity = quantity Else temp.quantity = 1

orders.push(temp)

If no orders Return cb('no valid orders')

orderObj.getOrderNum(function(err, order\_id) if (err) return cb(err); //return order information cb(null, table\_id: table\_id, order\_id: order\_id, orders: orders ); );

**\_cleanRequire(module): Module** Delete cached data for module Return require(module)

**\_jsonVals(obj): Array** ret = [] For i of Object.keys(obj) ret.push(obj[i]) Return ret

### 6.6.7 table\_mgmt

**Uses**

- locks (External Class)
- rand-token (External Class)
- fs (External Class)
- crypto (External Class)

**Internal Values**

- final String DIR: Directory to store hashed tokens for tables
- Json mutexes: A mutex for each table, to synchronize tokens from asynchronous calls.

**Functions TableManager(): void** Create DIR filesystem if not already created Read all files from filesystem, create a mutex for each, and load the filename/mutex pairs into a JSON object

**addTable(tableId, cb): void** Create new mutex for new table and add to JSON object Lock mutex for new table Create new file in tables filesystem Generate authentication token for table Write hashed token to corresponding file in tables filesystem Unlock mutex for table cb(null, token)

**checkToken(tableId, token, cb): void** Verify that an inputted token is correct for the table, and calls callback function with boolean result.

**availableTables(cb): void** Read all files from filesystem cb(null, files)

**deleteTable(tableId, cb): void** Lock mutexes JSON object Unlink table's path from filesystem Delete mutexes[tableId] Unlock JSON object cb()

### 6.6.8 order

**Uses**

- locks (External Class)

**Internal Values**

- int order\_id: Current order number.

**Public Functions Order(): void** This.order\_id = 0

**getOrderNum(cb): void** Lock counter Add one to counter Unlock counter cb(null, new order\_id)



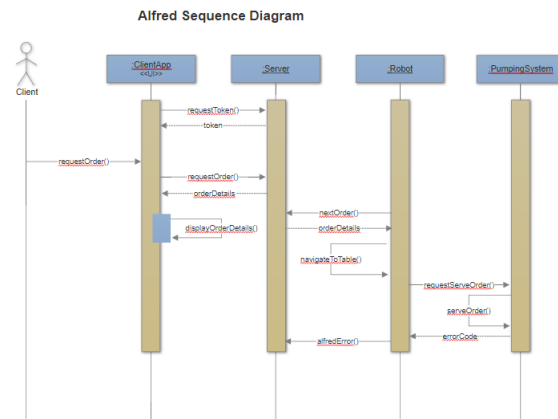


Figure 5: Alfred Sequence Diagram

**7 Scheduling****8 Design Notes****9 Data Dictionary****10 References**