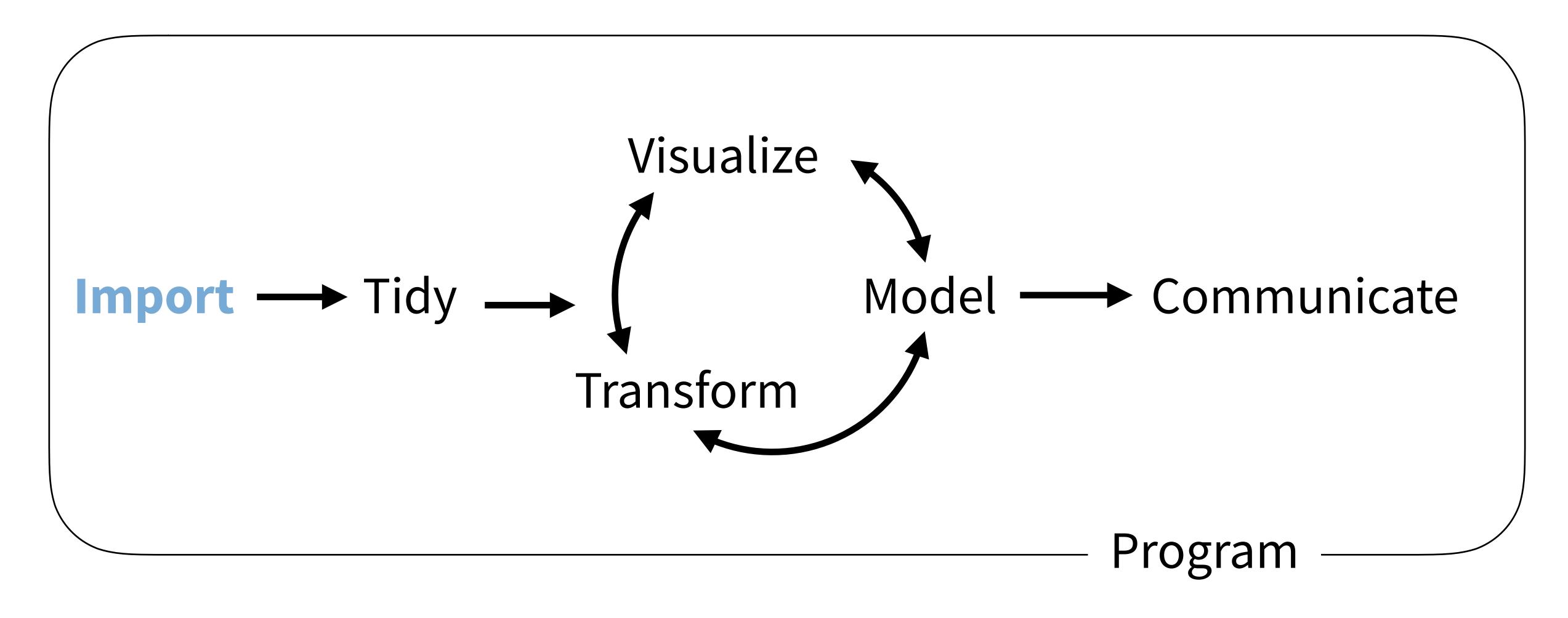
# Import Data with



Open 04-Import-Data.Rmd

# (Applied) Data Science





# Importing Data

## readr



Simple, consistent functions for working with strings.

```
# install.packages("tidyverse")
library(tidyverse)
```



Compared to read.table and its derivatives, readr functions are:

- 1. ~ 10 times faster
- 2. Return tibbles
- 3. Have more intuitive defaults. No row names, no strings as factors.



## readr functions

function	reads
read_csv()	Comma separated values
read_csv2()	Semi-colon separated values
read_delim()	General delimited files
read_fwf()	Fixed width files
read_log()	Apache log files
read_table()	Space separated
read_tsv()	Tab delimited values



## readr functions

function	reads
read_csv()	Comma separated values
read_csv2()	Semi-colon separated values
read_delim()	General delimited files
read_fwf()	Fixed width files
read_log()	Apache log files
read_table()	Space separated
read_tsv()	Tab delimited values



## nimbus.csv

```
date, longitude, latitude, ozone
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-179.375,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-178.125,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-176.875,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-175.625,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-174.375,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-173.125,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-171.875,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-170.625,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-169.375,-87.5.
```



## nimbus.csv

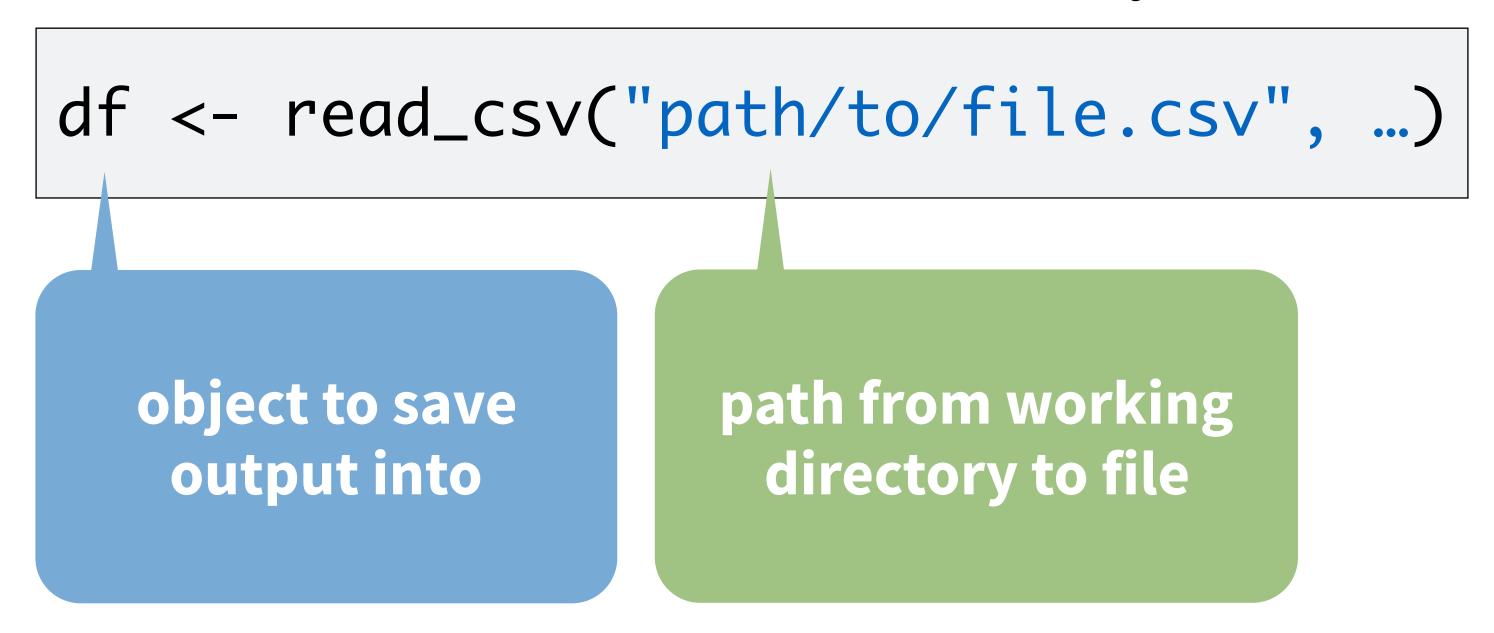
```
date, longitude, latitude, ozone
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-179.375,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-178.125,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-176.875,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-175.625,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-174.375,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-173.125,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-171.875,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z,-170.625,-87.5,.
1985-10-01T00:00:00Z_-169.375_-87.5
```





# read\_csv()

readr functions share a common syntax





### Your Turn 1

Find **nimbus.csv** on your server or computer. Then read it into an object. Then view the results.



### Your Turn 1

Find nimbus.csv on your server or computer. Then read it into an object. Then view the results.

```
nimbus <- read_csv("nimbus.csv")
nimbus</pre>
```

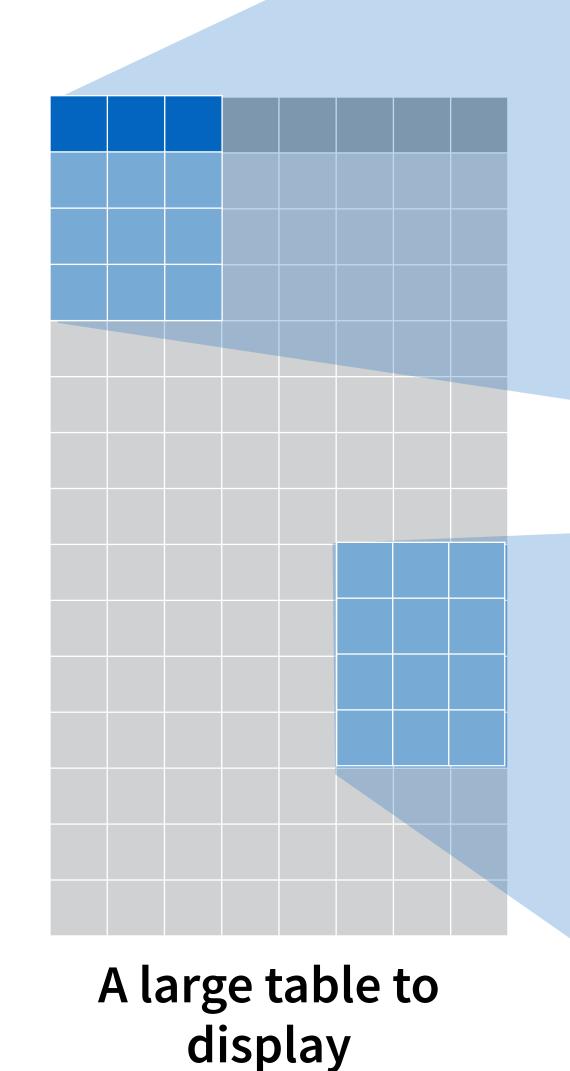
# tibbles

# read.csv() vs. read\_csv()

```
Console ~/Dropbox (RStudio)/RStudio/training/U-Master-the-tidyverse/0-course-developme ...
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -144.375
     1985-10-01 -143.125
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -141.875
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -140.625
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -139.375
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -138.125
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -136.875
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -135.625
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -134.375
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -133.125
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -131.875
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -130.625
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -129.375
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -128.125
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -126.875
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -125.625
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -124.375
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -123.125
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -121.875
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -120.625
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -119.375
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -118.125
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -116.875
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -115.625
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -114.375
                             -86.5
      1985-10-01 -113.125
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -111.875
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -110.625
                             -86.5
     1985-10-01 -109.375
                             -86.5
246
     1985-10-01 -108.125
                             -86.5
247 1985-10-01 -106.875
                             -86.5
248 1985-10-01 -105.625
                             -86.5
249 1985-10-01 -104.375
                             -86.5
250 1985-10-01 -103.125
                             -86.5
[ reached getOption("max.print") -- omitted 24974 rows ]
```

```
Console ~/Dropbox (RStudio)/RStudio/training/U-Master-the-tidyverse/0-course-developme ...
> nimbus
# A tibble: 25,224 x 4
         date longitude latitude ozone
                  <dbl>
                           <dbl> <chr>
 1 1985-10-01 -179.375
                           -87.5
 2 1985-10-01 -178.125
                           -87.5
 3 1985-10-01 -176.875
                           -87.5
                           -87.5
 4 1985-10-01 -175.625
 5 1985-10-01 -174.375
                           -87.5
 6 1985-10-01 -173.125
                           -87.5
 7 1985-10-01 -171.875
                           -87.5
 8 1985-10-01 -170.625
                           -87.5
 9 1985-10-01 -169.375
                           -87.5
10 1985-10-01 -168.125
                           -87.5
# ... with 25,214 more rows
```





```
# A tibble: 234 \times 6
   manufacturer
                     model displ
                     <chr> <dbl>
          <chr>>
                             1.8
           audi
                             1.8
           audi
           audi
                             2.0
                             2.0
           audi
                             2.8
           audi
           audi
                             2.8
           audi
                             3.1
                        a4
           audi a4 quattro
           audi a4 quattro
                            1.8
           audi a4 quattro
                            2.0
  ... with 224 more rows, and 3
    more variables: year <int>,
    cyl <int>, trans <chr>
```

#### tibble display

```
156 1999
              auto(14)
157 1999
              auto(14)
158 2008
              auto(14)
159 2008
              auto(s4)
160 1999
           4 manual(m5)
161 1999
              auto(14)
162 2008
          4 manual(m5)
163 2008
          4 manual(m5)
164 2008
              auto(14)
165 2008
              auto(14)
166 1999 4 auto(14)
 [ reached getOption("max.print") --
omitted 68 rows ]
```

#### data frame display



## tibbles

A type of data frame common throughout tidyverse packages. Tibbles enhance data frames in three ways:

- 1. Subsetting [ always returns a new tibble, [[ and \$ always return a new vector
- 2. No partial matching You must use full column names when subsetting
- **3. Display** When you print a tibble, R provides a concise view of the data that fits on one screen





A package with several helper functions for tibbles:

- as\_tibble() convert a data frame to a tibble
- as.data.frame() convert a tibble to a data frame
- tribble() make a tibble (transversed)

tribble(	
~x, ~y, 1, "a", 2, "b", 3, "c")	

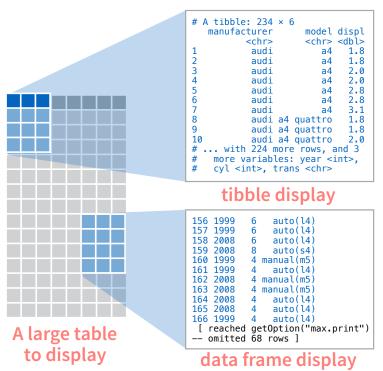
X	y
1	a
2	b
3	C



#### Tibbles - an enhanced data frame

The **tibble** package provides a new S3 class for storing tabular data, the tibble. Tibbles inherit the data frame class, but improve two behaviors:

- **Display** When you print a tibble, R provides a concise view of the data that fits on one screen.
- **Subsetting** [ always returns a new tibble, [[ and \$ always return a vector.
- No partial matching You must use full column names when subsetting



- Control the default appearance with options:
   options(tibble.print\_max = n, tibble.print\_min = m, tibble.width = Inf)
- View entire data set with View(x, title) or glimpse(x, width = NULL, ...)
- Revert to data frame with as.data.frame() (required for some older packages)

#### Construct a tibble in two ways

```
tibble(...)
Construct by columns.
tibble(x = 1:3, y = c("a", "b", "c"))
Both make this tibble

tribble(...)
Construct by rows.
tribble(
\xrightarrow{x}, \xrightarrow{y},
\xrightarrow{1}, "a",
\xrightarrow{2}, "b",
\xrightarrow{3}, "c")

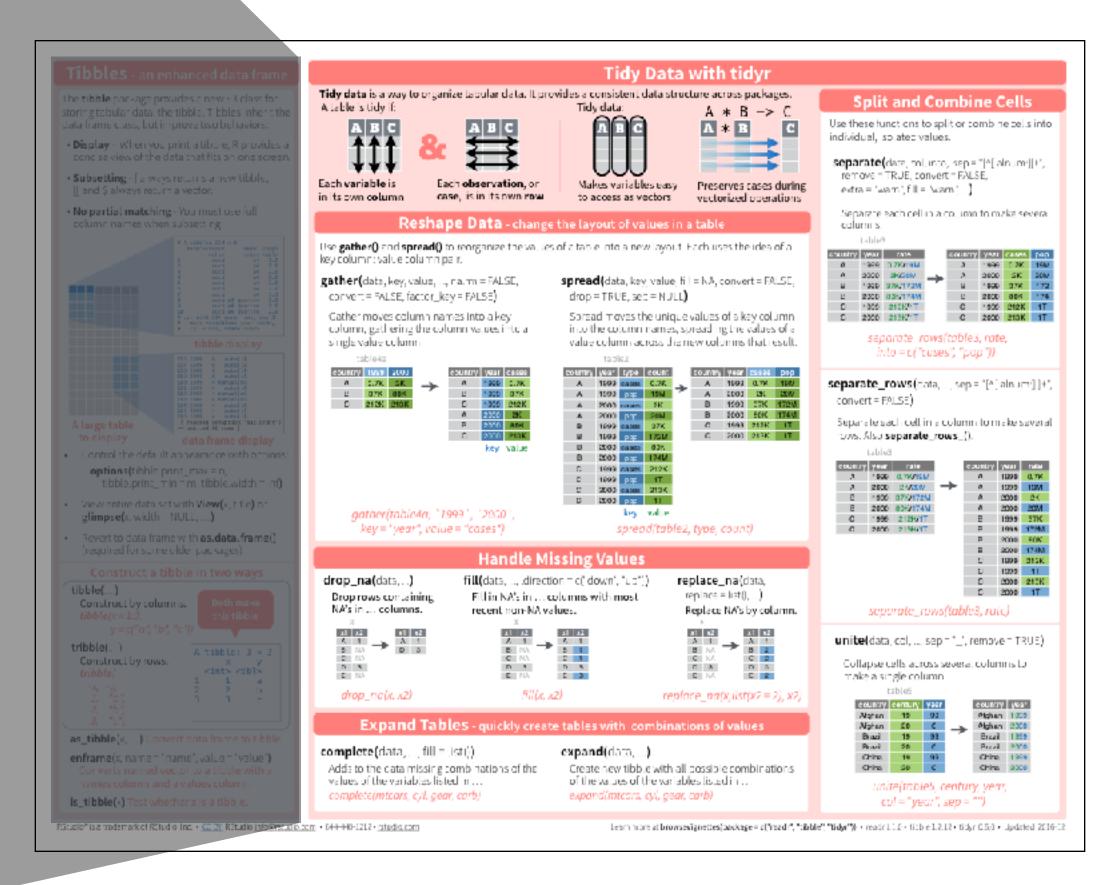
Both make this tibble
\xrightarrow{x}, y
<int> <dbl> <math>\xrightarrow{x}, y
<int> <dbl> <math>\xrightarrow{1}
\xrightarrow{1}
\xrightarrow{2}
\xrightarrow{2}
\xrightarrow{2}
\xrightarrow{3}
\xrightarrow{3}
\xrightarrow{3}
\xrightarrow{3}
\xrightarrow{3}
\xrightarrow{3}
\xrightarrow{3}
```

as\_tibble(x, ...) Convert data frame to tibble.

enframe(x, name = "name", value = "value")
Converts named vector to a tibble with a
names column and a values column.

is\_tibble(x) Test whether x is a tibble.

## tibbles





# Parsing

# =NA

### nimbus

date <s3: posixct=""></s3:>	longitude <dbl></dbl>	latitude <dbl></dbl>	
1985-10-01	-179.375	-87.5	•
1985-10-01	-178.125	-87.5	•
1985-10-01	-176.875	-87.5	
1985-10-01	-175.625	-87.5	•
1985-10-01	-174.375	-87.5	
1985-10-01	-173.125	-87.5	•
1985-10-01	-171.875	-87.5	•
1985-10-01	-170.625	-87.5	•
100F 10 01	160 275	07 F	



# read\_csv()

readr functions share a common syntax

```
object to save
output into
path from working
directory to file
Value(s) to
convert to NA
```



date <s3: posixct=""></s3:>	longitude <dbl></dbl>	latitude <dbl></dbl>	
1985-10-01	-179.375	-87.5	NA
1985-10-01	-178.125	-87.5	NA
1985-10-01	-176.875	-87.5	NA
1985-10-01	-175.625	-87.5	NA
1985-10-01	-174.375	-87.5	NA
1985-10-01	-173.125	-87.5	NA
1985-10-01	-171.875	-87.5	NA
1985-10-01	-170.625	-87.5	NA
1985-10-01	-169.375	-87.5	NA
1985-10-01	-168.125	-87.5	NA

<chr> stands for
character string
(not a number)



## read\_csv()

readr functions share a common syntax



#### type function

#### data type

col_character()	character
-----------------	-----------

col\_date() Date

col\_datetime() POSIXct (date-time)

col\_double() double (numeric)

col\_factor() factor

col\_guess() let readr guess (default)

col\_integer() integer

col\_logical() logical

col\_number() numbers mixed with non-number characters

col\_numeric() double or integer

col\_skip() do not read

col\_time() time



#### type function

#### data type

col\_character() character

col\_date() Date

col\_datetime() POSIXct (date-time)

col\_double() double (numeric)

col\_factor() factor

col\_guess() let readr guess (default)

col\_integer() integer

col\_logical() logical

col\_number() numbers mixed with non-number characters

col\_numeric() double or integer

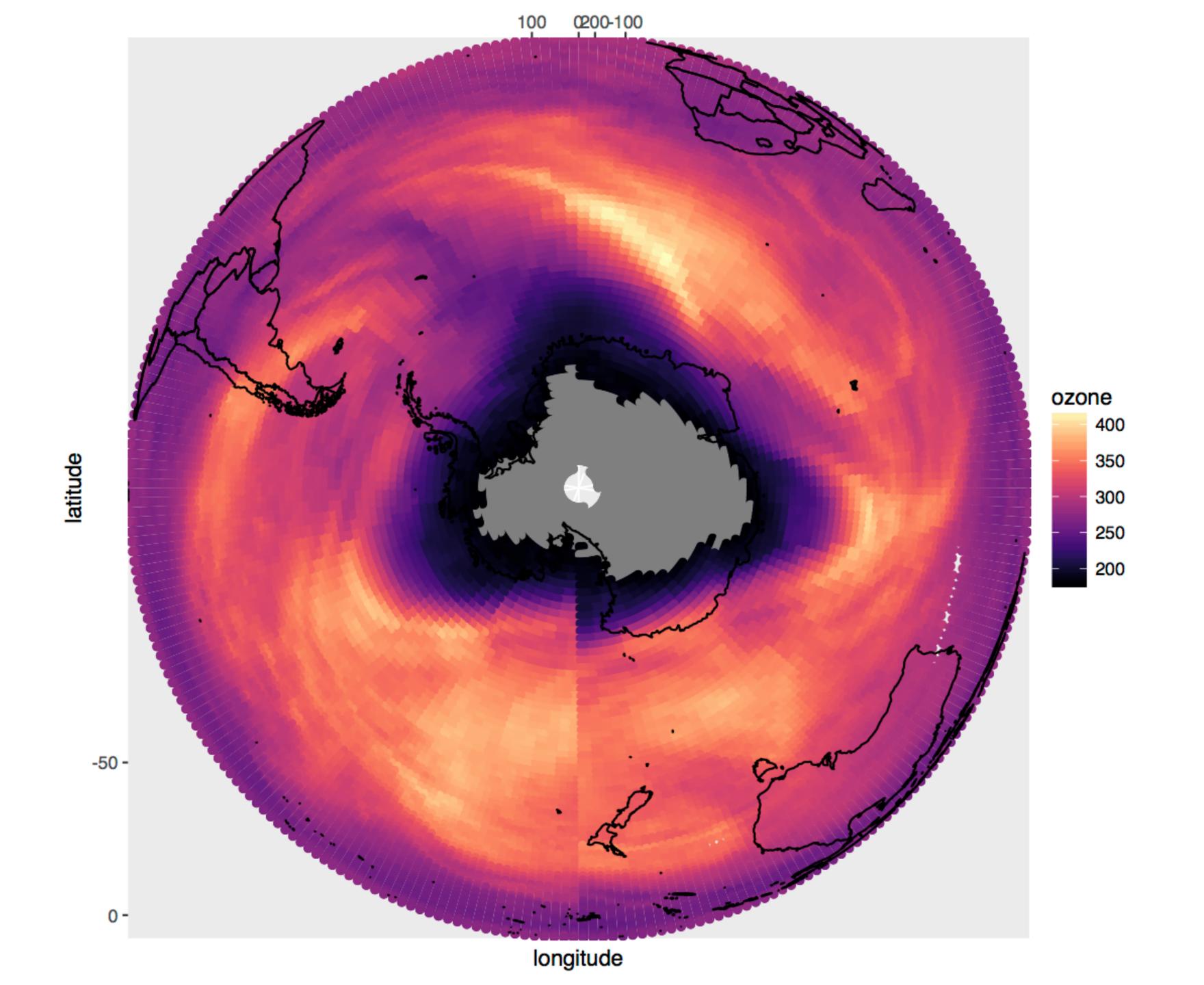
col\_skip() do not read

col\_time() time



```
nimbus <- read_csv("nimbus.csv", na = ".",</pre>
  col_types = list(ozone = col_double()))
library(viridis)
world <- map_data(map = "world")
nimbus %>%
  ggplot() +
    geom_point(aes(longitude, latitude, color = ozone)) +
    geom_path(aes(long, lat, group = group), data = world) +
    coord_map("ortho", orientation=c(-90, 0, 0)) +
    scale_color_viridis(option = "A")
```







# Writing

## readr functions

function	writes
write_csv()	Comma separated values
write_excel_csv()	CSV intended for opening in Excel
write_delim()	General delimited files
write_file()	Single string, written as is
write_lines()	Vector of strings, one element per line
write_tsv()	Tab delimited values



# write\_csv()

Saves data set as a csv on your computer.

```
write_csv(nimbus, file = "nimbus2.csv")

Table to save

file
path to save at
```



# Other types of data

package	accesses
haven	SPSS, Stata, and SAS files
readxl	excel files (.xls, .xlsx)
jsonlite	json
xml2	xml
httr	web API's
rvest	web pages (web scraping)
DBI	databases
sparklyr	data loaded into spark



# Import Data with

