



# Recommender Systems Assignment- Week 1 TYPE OF QUESTION: MCQ/MSQ

Num	ber of questions: 20	Total marks:
<u>QUE</u>	ESTION 1:	
Long	tail phenomena is a typical chara	cteristic of recommender system datasets. The x-axis of
this c	listribution is characterised by	whereas the y-axis represents
a)	Product, Popularity	
b)	Popularity, Product	
c)	Popularity, Customer	
d)	Customer, Popularity	
Corr	ect Answer: b	

## **QUESTION 2:**

*Click-through rate* is often used to measure the business value of a recommender system. This is based on the assumption that

- a) Lower clicks lead to lower levels of user retention, which, in turn, reduces the cost to the company
- b) Lower clicks lead to few but loyal customers, which, in turn, often directly translates into business value
- c) More clicks lead to lower investment in customer relationship management, which, in turn, reduces the cost to the company
- d) More clicks indicate that the recommendations were more relevant for the users

Correct Answer: d

**Explanation:** Refer to Week 1 Lecture 1 Slide 15

Explanation: Refer to Week 1 Lecture 1 Slide 8





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<b>QUESTION</b>	J	٠

Cold start problem arises when there is \_\_\_\_\_\_data to provide recommendations

- a) Lack of
- b) Large volume of
- c) Misleading user
- d) Misleading item

Correct Answer: a

Explanation: Refer to Week 1 Lecture 2 Slide 3

#### **QUESTION 4:**

Which of the following recommender systems exploits the concept of longtail phenomena while recommending items.

- a) Content based
- b) Collaborative filtering based
- c) Context based
- d) **Popularity based**

Correct Answer: d

**Explanation:** Refer to Week 1 Lecture 2 Slide 15

### **QUESTION 5:**

In a user-user collaborative filtering system, the similarity between two users is computed using data.

- a) Use demographics
- b) Item description data
- c) Rating matrix
- d) All of the above

**Correct Answer: c** 

**Explanation:** Refer to Week 1 Lecture 3 Slide 6





### **QUESTION 6:**

The prediction accuracy of Trust-based recommendation systems is likely to improve as it uses both rating matrix and trust matrix to deal with \_\_\_\_\_ problem.

- a) Data sparsity
- b) Data integrity
- c) User rating bias
- d) Item trust bias

Correct Answer: a

Explanation: Refer to Week 1 Lecture 3 Slide 14

#### **QUESTION 7:**

Which of the following could be an example of implicit data in the context of a movie recommender system.

- a) The text review created by the user
- b) Feedback rating by the user after watching a movie.
- c) User rating derived from how much time is spent on a movie page
- d) All of the above

**Correct Answer: c** 

**Explanation:** Refer to Week 1 Lecture 4 Slide 8

#### **QUESTION 8:**

A credit card company uses the *monthly expenditure* of a customer to decide the credit limit. The *monthly expenditure* is in which of the following scales of measurement?

- a) Nominal
- b) Ordinal
- c) Interval
- d) Ratio

**Correct Answer: d** 

**Explanation:** Refer to Week 1 Lecture 4 Slide 11-18





<b>QUESTION</b>	9	:
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The middle line in a box plot	represents	of the data.
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- a) IQR
- b) Mean
- c) Mode
- d) Median.

**Correct Answer: d** 

Explanation: Refer to Week 1 Lecture 5 Slide 10

## **QUESTION 10:**

The diagonal entries in a covariance matrix represent

- a) Mean
- b) Correlation
- c) Covariance
- d) Variances

Correct Answer: d

Explanation: Refer to Week 1 Lecture 5 Slide 16

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