

SpaceAdventure

Lesson 13

Description

Implement the ability to travel to a random planet.

Welcome to the Solar System.

There are 8 planets to explore.

What is your name?

Jane

Nice to meet you, Jane. My name is Eliza, I'm an old friend of Siri.

Let's go on an adventure!

Shall I randomly choose a planet for you to visit? (Y or N)

Y

Traveling to Neptune...

Arrived at Neptune. A very cold planet, furthest from the sun.

Learning Outcomes

- Relate program design, runtime safety, and user experience to software quality.
- Discover and apply the Swift `Array isEmpty` property.
- Distinguish a computed property from a stored property, and discover the computed property syntax.
- Recognize how Swift optionals can represent the presence or absence of a value.
- Discover and apply the optional binding syntax with `if let`.
- Practice writing `if` statements to control program flow.

Vocabulary

runtime error	encapsulation	array index
computed property	<code>if</code> statement	optional
<code>nil</code>	optional binding	<code>if let</code>

Materials

- SpaceAdventure Lesson 13 Xcode project

Opening

How can we make our code more robust against runtime errors?

Agenda

- Run the program (⌘R), enter a name, choose Y, witness the program crash, and observe the "Array index out of range" runtime error displayed in the console (⇧⌘C). Stop the program with a keyboard shortcut (⌘.) or the stop button in the Xcode Toolbar.
- Discuss three possible improvements to the program: improving encapsulation, by making the `PlanetarySystem` class responsible for providing a random planet; improving runtime safety, by preventing the use of an invalid array index; and improving user experience, by only prompting the user to travel to a planet when there is at least one `Planet` object in the `planets` array.
- Using the Xcode Documentation and API Reference (⇧⌘0), investigate the Swift `Array isEmpty` property.
- Add a `randomPlanet` computed property to the `PlanetarySystem` class.

```
class PlanetarySystem {  
    ...  
    var randomPlanet: Planet? {  
        if planets.isEmpty {  
            return nil  
        } else {  
            let index = Int(arc4random_uniform(UInt32(planets.count)))  
            return planets[index]  
        }  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

- Explain the computed property syntax, and how the property returns an optional type whose value, when unwrapped, will either be a `Planet` object or `nil`.
- Explain the concept of Swift optionals.
- In the SpaceAdventure `determineDestination` method, replace the existing naive implementation in the first branch of the `if` statement with an implementation that uses optional binding.

```
...
if decision == "Y" {
    if let planet = planetarySystem.randomPlanet {
        visit(planet.name)
    } else {
        println("Sorry, but there are no planets in this system.")
    }
} else if decision == "N" {
    ...
}
```

- Explain the mechanics of optional binding with `if let`.
- Run the program (⌘R), enter a name, choose Y, and observe the console (⇧⌘C) output stating that "there are no planets in this system."
- Discuss how the user experience of the program can be improved by only prompting for a planet to visit when the `planets` array is not empty.
- Update the implementation of `start`, to check for a non-empty `planets` array before prompting for the adventure and calling `determineDestination`.

```
func start() {
    displayIntroduction()
    greetAdventurer()
    if (!planetarySystem.planets.isEmpty) {
        println("Let's go on an adventure!")
        determineDestination()
    }
}
```

- Run the program (⌘R), enter a name, and observe the console (⇧⌘C) to see that the user is not prompted for a destination.
- In the `SpaceAdventure` initializer, restore the addition of each `Planet` object to the `planets` array by uncommenting (⌘/) the relevant lines of code.

```
init() {
    ...
    planetarySystem.planets.append(mercury)
    ...
    planetarySystem.planets.append(neptune)
}
```

- Run the program (⌘R) multiple times, visit a random planet again, and observe the different planets visited.

Closing

Our codebase has grown, and the `SpaceAdventure` initializer has a bit of a "code smell." Although it works ok, can you think of a ways we can improve the initializer?

Modifications And Extensions

- Within the `randomPlanet` property definition, combine the determination of the `index` and the subscripting of the `planets` array into one long statement. Make a decision about the readability of each approach, and determine which approach you feel is better.
- Replace the `randomPlanet` computed property with a method definition that returns an optional. Determine which implementation you feel is better, and explain why.
- Replace the `if let` conditional binding with a forced unwrapping of the `randomPlanet` property. Try running the program with both an empty and non-empty array of planets. Explain why you see an error in one case, and the difference between forced unwrapping and conditional binding.

Resources

The Swift Programming Language: About Swift https://developer.apple.com/library/prerelease/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/

The Swift Programming Language: A Swift Tour https://developer.apple.com/library/prerelease/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/GuidedTour.html

The Swift Programming Language: The Basics https://developer.apple.com/library/prerelease/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/TheBasics.html

Swift Standard Library Reference: Array <https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/General/Reference/SwiftStandardLibraryReference/Array.html>

The Swift Programming Language: Computed Properties https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/Properties.html#//apple_ref/doc/uid/TP40014097-CH14-ID259

The Swift Programming Language: Conditional Statements https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/ControlFlow.html#//apple_ref/doc/uid/TP40014097-CH9-ID127

The Swift Programming Language: Subscripts https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/Subscripts.html

The Swift Programming Language: Optionals https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/TheBasics.html#//apple_ref/doc/uid/TP40014097-CH5-ID330

BSD Library Functions Manual: ARC4RANDOM(3) https://developer.apple.com/library/mac/documentation/Darwin/Reference/ManPages/man3/arc4random_uniform.3.html

The Swift Programming Language: Integers https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/TheBasics.html#//apple_ref/doc/uid/TP40014097-CH5-ID317

The Swift Programming Language: Collection Types https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/CollectionTypes.html