FingerPainter

Lesson 3

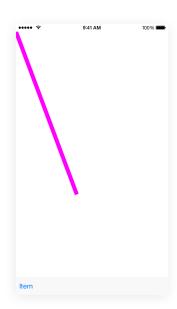


Description

Capture point coordinates within the touch event handlers, and inspect the x and y components of the touch coordinates using custom breakpoints.

Learning Outcomes

- Recognize how touch events can send multiple UITouch objects to event handlers.
- Discover how to obtain point coordinates from UITouch objects.
- Observe the use of the Swift forced type cast operator.
- Practice creating custom breakpoint actions to print console messages.



Vocabulary

event	set (data structure)	Set <nsobject></nsobject>
UITouch	CGPoint	type cast operator
breakpoint		

Materials

• FingerPainter Lesson 3 Xcode project

Opening

How can we use the touch events to obtain coordinates for drawing?

Agenda

- Explain that, because iOS can respond to multiple touches (with multiple fingers), a Set of UITouch objects is passed to touchesBegan:withEvent: and touchesMoved:withEvent:.
- Update the implementation of touchesBegan:withEvent:.

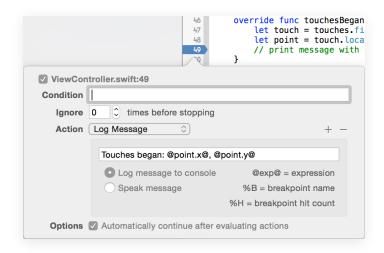
```
override func touchesBegan(touches: Set<NSObject>,
   withEvent event: UIEvent) {
   let touch = touches.first as! UITouch
   let point = touch.locationInView(view)
   // print message with breakpoint here
}
```

- Using the Xcode Documentation and API Reference (♠ %0) explore the UITouch class reference, drawing attention to the locationInView: method.
- Explain that touchesBegan:withEvent: is passed a Set of objects, touches, and how we call first upon touches to retrieve the first object in the Set.
- Explain that, because the touches set has a placeholder type of NSObject, the code uses the Swift forced type cast as! operator to convert the first object in the touches set to a UITouch object.
- Discuss how all ViewController objects have an inherited view property, and how the touchesBegan:withEvent: method obtains a CGPoint, representing a coordinate within the view, from the UITouch object.
- Using the Xcode Documentation and API Reference (♠ ₩0), explore the CGPoint structure.
- Update the implementation of touchesMoved:withEvent:.

```
override func touchesMoved(touches: Set<NSObject>,
   withEvent event: UIEvent) {
   let touch = touches.first as! UITouch
   let point = touch.locationInView(view)
   // print message with breakpoint here
}
```

• Discuss how touchesMoved:withEvent: will be called multiple times while the finger drags across the screen, and how the CGPoint obtained from the touch events can be used to draw a line from point to point as the finger moves.

 Add custom breakpoints to the bodies of both the touchesBegan:withEvent: and touchesMoved:withEvent: methods that use a Log Message action to print the x and y components of the CGPoint, and automatically continue.



• Run the app (策R), click the screen to simulate a touch, and observe the coordinates printed on the console (公策c). Click and drag on the screen to simulate a finger moving across the screen, and observe the coordinates printed on the console(公策c) by touchesMoved:withEvent:.

Closing

Since we are only simulating a single touch, the touches set only contains one UITouch object. What do you think happens to the set when we touch the screen with multiple fingers?

Modifications And Extensions

- Investigate the UIEvent class reference, and add the time of the touches to the breakpoint log messages.
- Investigate how to detect multiple touches (multiple fingers) on the screen, and print the locations of each touch on the console.

Resources

Event Handling Guide for iOS http://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/ EventHandling/Conceptual/EventHandlingiPhoneOS/Introduction/Introduction.html Setting Breakpoint Actions and Options http://developer.apple.com/library/ios/recipes/xcode_help-breakpoint_navigator/articles/setting_breakpoint_actions_and_options.html

UIResponder Class Reference https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/UIKit/Reference/UIResponder Class/index.html

The Swift Programming Language: Collection Types https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/CollectionTypes.html

UITouch Class Reference https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/UIKit/Reference/UITouch Class/index.html

CGGeometry Reference https://developer.apple.com/library/prerelease/ios/documentation/ GraphicsImaging/Reference/CGGeometry/index.html