# NoiseMaker

## Lesson 6

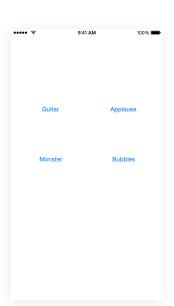


#### Description

Extract the AVAudioPlayer property initialization out of the playback methods and into and initializer.

#### **Learning Outcomes**

- Analyze existing code to determine the frequency of unnecessary object instantiation.
- Practice implementing an initializer.
- Distinguish between constants and variables, and between optional and non-optional types.



## Vocabulary

instantiation	initialization	initializer
init	constant	let
optional	forced unwrapping	

#### **Materials**

- NoiseMaker Lesson 6 Xcode project
- Initialization presentation

## **Opening**

How many times are AVAudioPlayer objects created when we play sounds with our app?

#### Agenda

- Discuss the existing implementation of the NoiseMaker model.
- Discuss how a new AVAudioPlayer object is instantiated every time a "play" method is called.
- Discuss how the AVAudioPlayer instantiations can be reduced, by creating each AVAudioPlayer object once, when a NoiseMaker object is created.
- In the NoiseMaker class, extract the AVAudioPlayer instantiations into a new initializer.

- Present the concept of initialization.
- Discuss how each AVAudioPlayer? property no longer needs to be a variable, nor optional.
- Update the NoiseMaker property declarations, changing var to let and removing the?
   optional symbol.

```
private let guitarPlayer: AVAudioPlayer
...
private let bubblesPlayer: AVAudioPlayer
```

• Update each "play" method such that they only call the play method on each respective AVAudioPlayer property, and remove the! forced unwrapping.

```
func playGuitarSound() {
    guitarPlayer.play()
}

func playApplauseSound() {
    applausePlayer.play()
}

func playMonsterSound() {
    monsterPlayer.play()
}

func playBubblesSound() {
    bubblesPlayer.play()
}
```

- Run the app (\mathbb{R}), and tap the buttons to play each sound.
- Discuss how the controller instantiates the NoiseMaker model once, and how the NoiseMaker model instantiates each of its AVAudioPlayer properties only once.
- Discuss how tapping each button no longer instantiates a new AVAudioPlayer before playing each sound.

#### Closing

Repetitive code is often referred to as a "code smell." What repetitive code do you smell? How do you think we can reduce the repetitive code in our model?

#### **Modifications And Extensions**

- Implement a custom initializer called initWithSoundFileNames: that receives an array of sound file names, and uses the file names in the array to prepare each AVAudioPlayer property. Refactor the existing initializer to use initWithSoundFileNames: as the designated initializer.
- Observe how the app has four buttons, four controller actions, four model methods, and four AVAudioPlayer properties. Investigate how the text property of each button might be used to prepare the AVAudioPlayer properties and to cause the respective AVAudioPlayer object to play the appropriate sound.

#### Resources

Cocoa Core Competencies: Model Object http://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/General/Conceptual/DevPedia-CocoaCore/ModelObject.html

The Swift Programming Language: Initialization https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift\_Programming\_Language/Initialization.html

The Swift Programming Language: Classes and Structures https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift\_Programming\_Language/ClassesAndStructures.html

The Swift Programming Language: Properties https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift\_Programming\_Language/Properties.html