



数据库系统课程实验报告

实验名称:	实验八 触发器
实验日期:	2022/5/5
实验地点:	四号楼
提交日期:	2022/5/6

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专业年级:	软工 2020 级
学年学期:	2021-2022 学年第二学期

1.实验目的

- 掌握数据库的特点（字体：华文仿宋，字号：四号，下同）

2.实验内容和步骤

(1) 创建表

```
CREATE TABLE Teacher(  
    ID CHAR(5) PRIMARY KEY,  
    JOB VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,  
    SAL NUMBER(7,2)  
);
```

```
test=# CREATE TABLE Teacher(  
    ID CHAR(5) PRIMARY KEY,  
    JOB VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,  
    SAL NUMBER(7,2)  
);test=# test=# test=# test=#  
NOTICE: CREATE TABLE / PRIMAR  
eacher"  
CREATE TABLE
```

(2) 插入数据

```
INSERT INTO Teacher VALUES  
( '10001', '教授', 3800),  
( '10002', '教授', 4100),  
( '10003', '副教授', 3500),  
( '10004', '助理教授', 3000);
```

```
test=# INSERT INTO Teacher VALUES  
( '10001', '教授 ', 3800),  
( '10002', '教授 ', 4100),  
( '10003', '副教授 ', 3500),  
( '10004', '助理教授 ', 3000);test=# test=# test=# test=#  
INSERT 0 4
```

(3) 添加触发器

①添加函数

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION UPDATE_SAL()  
RETURNS TRIGGER AS $$  
DECLARE  
BEGIN  
    IF(NEW.SAL<4000)AND(NEW.JOB = '教授')
```

```

    THEN NEW.SAL := 4000;
  END IF;
  RETURN NEW;
END
$$ LANGUAGE PLPGSQL;

```

②添加触发器

```

CREATE TRIGGER INSERT_OR_UPDATE_SAL
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON Teacher
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE UPDATE_SAL();

```

```

test=# CREATE TRIGGER INSERT_OR_UPDATE_SAL
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON Teacher
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE UPDATE_SAL();test=# test=# test=#
CREATE TRIGGER

```

(4) 验证触发器是否工作

```

INSERT INTO Teacher VALUES
('10005', '教授', 3999),
('10006', '教授', 4000);

UPDATE Teacher SET SAL=3900 WHERE ID = '10002';

SELECT * FROM Teacher;

```

```

test=# INSERT INTO Teacher VALUES
('10005', '教授', 3999),
('10006', '教授', 4000);test=# test=#
INSERT 0 2
test=# SELECT * FROM Teacher;

```

id	job	sal
10001	教授	3800.00
10002	教授	4100.00
10003	副教授	3500.00
10004	助理教授	3000.00
10005	教授	4000.00
10006	教授	4000.00

```

(6 rows)

```

插入检查，成功将工作改为 4000

```
test=# UPDATE Teacher SET SAL=3900 WHERE ID = '10002';
UPDATE 1
test=# SELECT * FROM Teacher;
   id  |  job   |  sal
-----+-----+-----
10001 | 教授   | 3800.00
10003 | 副教授 | 3500.00
10004 | 助理教授 | 3000.00
10005 | 教授   | 4000.00
10006 | 教授   | 4000.00
10002 | 教授   | 4000.00
(6 rows)
```

修改检查，成功将工资改为 4000

(5) 完成教材内容

①建表

```
test=#
test=# CREATE TABLE SC_U(
    Sno CHAR(9),
    Cno CHAR(4),
    Oldgrade SMALLINT,
    Newgrade SMALLINT,
    FOREIGN KEY(Sno) REFERENCES Student(Sno),
    FOREIGN KEY(Cno) REFERENCES Course(CNO)
);test=# test=# test=# test=# test=# test=# test=#
CREATE TABLE
```

②创建触发器

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION INSERT_SC_U()
RETURNS TRIGGER AS $$
DECLARE
BEGIN
    IF(NEW.Grade >= 1.1*OLD.Grade)
    THEN INSERT INTO SC_U VALUES(OLD.Sno,OLD.Cno,OLD.Grade,NEW.Grade);
    END IF;
    RETURN NEW;
END
$$ LANGUAGE PLPGSQL;
```

```
test=# CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION INSERT_SC_U()
RETURNS TRIGGER AS $$
DECLARE
BEGIN
    IF(NEW.Grade >= 1.1*OLD.Grade)
    THEN INSERT INTO SC_U VALUES(OLD.Sno,OLD.Cno,OLD.Grade,NEW.Grade);
    END IF;
    RETURN NEW;
END
$$ LANGUAGE PLPGSQL;test=# test$# test$# test$# test$# test$# test$# tes
CREATE FUNCTION
```

```
CREATE TRIGGER SC_AFTER_UPDATE
AFTER UPDATE ON SC
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE INSERT_SC_U();

CREATE TRIGGER SC_AFTER_UPDATE
AFTER UPDATE ON SC
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE INSERT_SC_U();test
CREATE TRIGGER
```

③检验

```
UPDATE SC SET Grade=100 WHERE Sno='201215122' AND Cno='2';
UPDATE SC SET Grade=90 WHERE Sno='201215121' AND Cno='2';
SELECT * FROM SC_U;
```

```
test=# UPDATE SC SET Grade=100 WHERE Sno='201215122' AND Cno='2';
UPDATE 1
test=# SELECT * FROM SC_U;
   sno   | cno | oldgrade | newgrade
-----+-----+-----+-----
 201215122 | 2   |      90  |     100
(1 row)
```

```
test=# UPDATE SC SET Grade=90 WHERE Sno='201215121' AND Cno='2';
UPDATE 1
test=# SELECT * FROM SC_U;
   sno   | cno | oldgrade | newgrade
-----+-----+-----+-----
 201215122 | 2   |      90  |     100
(1 row)
```

第一条修改满足了条件，被记录下来，第二条 85->90 不满足 1.1，没被记录下来

(6) 查看触发器

```
SELECT * FROM PG_TRIGGER;
```

```
test=# SELECT * FROM PG_TRIGGER;
 tgrelid |          tgname          | tgfoid | tgtype | tg
 gargs | tgqual | tgowner
-----+-----+-----+-----+---
 16942 | insert_or_update_sal    | 16954 |      23 | 0
x      |      |      10
17040 | RI_ConstraintTrigger_c_17051 | 1644 |      5 | 0
x      |      |      10
17040 | RI_ConstraintTrigger_c_17052 | 1645 |     17 | 0
x      |      |      10
17025 | sc_after_update         | 17053 |     17 | 0
x      |      |      10
(22 rows)
```

(7) 禁用触发器

①数据复原

```
DELETE FROM SC_U WHERE Newgrade=100;
UPDATE SC SET Grade=90 WHERE Sno='201215122' AND Cno='2';
UPDATE SC SET Grade=85 WHERE Sno='201215121' AND Cno='2';

test=# DELETE FROM SC_U WHERE Newgrade=100;
UPDATE SC SET Grade=90 WHERE Sno='201215122' AND Cno='2';
UPDATE SC SET Grade=85 WHERE Sno='201215121' AND Cno='2';DELETE 1
test=# UPDATE 1
```

②修改表

```
ALTER TABLE SC DISABLE TRIGGER SC_AFTER_UPDATE;
```

```
p=> ALTER TABLE SC DISABLE TRIGGER SC_AFTER_UPDATE;
ALTER TABLE
```

重新修改数据，SC_U 中无内容

```
UPDATE SC SET Grade=100 WHERE Sno='201215122' AND Cno='2';
UPDATE SC SET Grade=90 WHERE Sno='201215121' AND Cno='2';
SELECT * FROM SC_U;
```

```
CONTEXT: PL/pgSQL function insert_sc_u() line 4 at 1:
test=# SELECT * FROM SC_U;
 sno | cno | oldgrade | newgrade
-----+-----+-----+-----
(0 rows)
```

(8) 删除触发器

```
DROP TRIGGER INSERT_OR_UPDATE_SAL ON Teacher;
DROP TRIGGER SC_AFTER_UPDATE ON SC;
```

```
test=# DROP TRIGGER SC_AFTER_UPDATE ON SC;
DROP TRIGGER
```

```
test=#
test=# DROP TRIGGER INSERT_OR_UPDATE_SAL ON Teacher;
DROP TRIGGER
```

思考：在对表的数据进行改动的时候，可以提前做出判断，避免错误的
的发生；在改动数据的时候，对该项改动进行记录；

3.实验总结

3.1 完成的工作

建表；

创建函数；

创建触发器；

对触发器进行测试；

3.2 对实验的认识

学会了触发器的使用；

3.3 遇到的困难及解决方法

无