# Parallel Computing with Examples (MPI)

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Questions? #RC\_Meetups

Link to survey on this topic: <a href="http://goo.gl/forms/8VidcwOhRT">http://goo.gl/forms/8VidcwOhRT</a>

Slides: <a href="https://github.com/ResearchComputing/Final Tutorials">https://github.com/ResearchComputing/Final Tutorials</a>

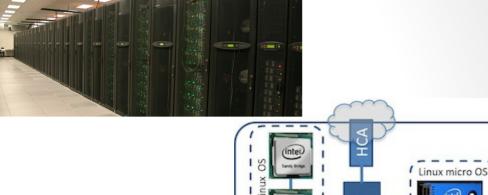
#### Outline

- Distributed memory
- What is MPI?
- How is MPI used?
- Communicating
- Examples

# Programming to Use Parallelism

Parallelism across processors/threadsOpenMP

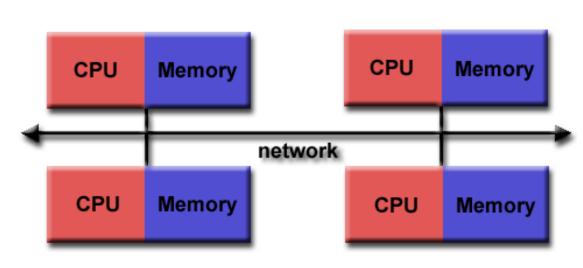
 Parallelism across multiple nodes -MPI





www.scan.co.uk

# Distributed-memory Model



Infiniband

Distributed memory requires a communication network to connect memory

Programmers
explicitly define how
processors access
other processor's
memory

Source: https://computing.llnl.gov/tutorials/parallel\_comp/#ModelsShared

#### MPI

- MPI is a library specification for message passing
- Widely used standard
- Can run on shared, distributed, or hybrid memory models
- Exchange data between processes through communication between tasks – send and receive data
- MPI can get complicated
- Programmers must explicitly implement parallelism using MPI constructs
- Portable

### General MPI Code Structure

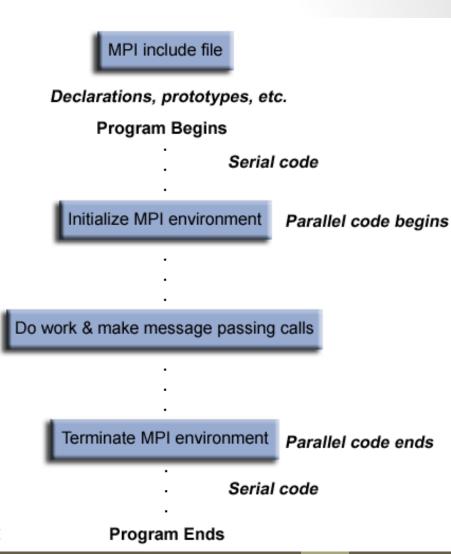
- You must have your header file at the top of any script you develop that uses MPI
- For C:

#include mpi.h

For Fortran:

use mpi

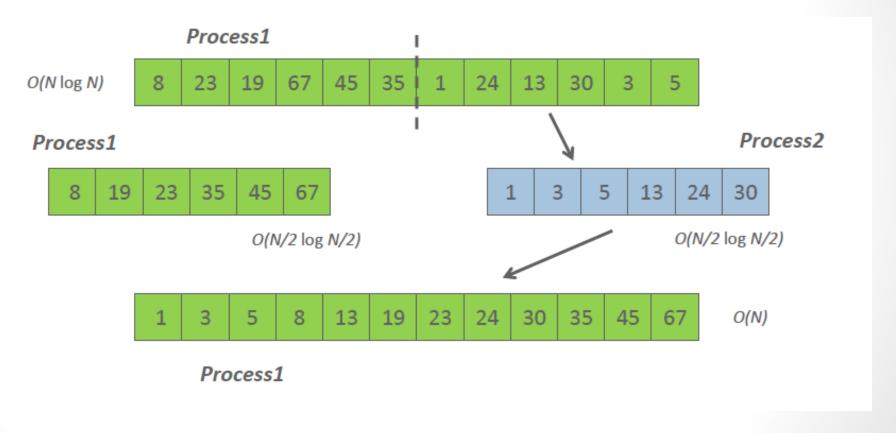
https://computing.llnl.gov/tutorials/mpi/#What



# Message Passing

- A program that runs on a node is called a process
- When a program is run a process is run on each processor in the cluster
- These processes communicate with each other using message passing
- Message passing allows us to copy data from the memory of one process into another
- Message passing systems must at a minimum support system calls for sending and receiving messages

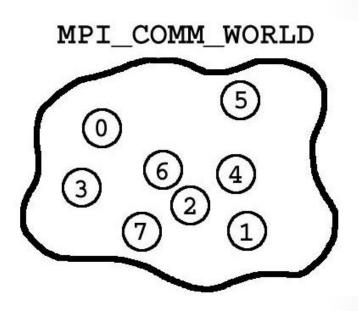
# Example – Sorting Integers



http://htor.inf.ethz.ch/teaching/mpi\_tutorials/ppopp13/2013-02-24-ppopp-mpi-basic.pdf

### **MPI** Communicators

- Communicators used to group collections of processes allowed to communicate with each other
- Assigns integers to each process at initialization
  - Called "rank"
- Programmer uses rank to specify destination or source for sending/receiving
- Initially all processes grouped into MPI\_COMM\_WORLD



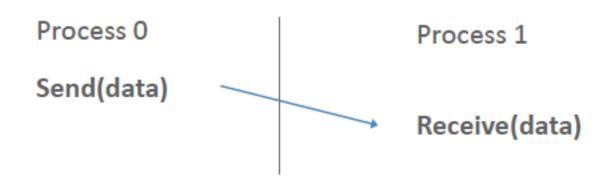
https://www.rc.usf.edu/tutorials/classes/tutorial/mpi/chapter2.html

# Environment Management Routines

- These routines set the MPI execution environment, and cover many purposes
- Some common routines:
  - MPI\_INIT
  - MPI\_COMM\_SIZE
  - MPI\_COMM\_RANK
  - MPI\_FINALIZE

# How Do I Write A Program in MPI?

- Application needs to specify:
  - How do you compile and run the MPI application?
  - How will the processes be identified?
  - How will the data be described?



http://htor.inf.ethz.ch/teaching/mpi\_tutorials/ppopp13/2013-02-24-ppopp-mpi-basic.pdf

# Compiling and Running an MPI Application

- MPI applications can be written in C, C++, or Fortran and appropriate calls to MPI can be added where required
- Compiling code:
  - Regular code:

    qcc test.c —o test ifort test.f —o test
  - MPI applications:
     mpicc test.c —o test
     mpifc test.f —o test
- Running code:
  - Regular code:./test
  - MPI applications (running with 16 processes):
     mpiexec —np 16 ./test

# MPI Library on Janus

- Unlike OpenMP, with MPI you need to have the appropriate library loaded in your environment
- Research Computing recommends impi
- To load these, just type:

```
ml gcc
then
ml impi
```

At the command line

# Compiling An Application

- Before compiling an application, you MUST:
- Include the MPI header file
  - Needed to use all the MPI Library calls
- Initialize the MPI environment
  - MPI\_INIT()
- Specify an end to the MPI environment at end of program
  - MPI\_Finalize()

## Example Fortran Code

Fortran code: simple.f90

#### To run:

```
ml slurm
ml gcc
ml impi
sinteractive --reservation=meetup
mpif90 simple.f90 -o simple
mpiexec -np 8 ./simple
```

# OpenMP vs. MPI

Fortran code: hello.f90

The same code we ran as OpenMP modified for MPI

To run:

```
mpif90 hello.f90 -o hello
mpiexec -np 8 ./hello
```

#### Communication

- One process sends a copy of data to another process and that process receives it
- Requires the following information
  - Sender needs to know
    - Who to send the data to
    - What kind of data to send
    - A tag (like an email subject) so the receiver understands what's being sent
  - Receiver maybe needs to know
    - Who is sending the data
    - What kind of data is sending
    - The tag

## MPI\_SEND (Fortran)

- MPI\_SEND(buf, count, datatype, dest, tag, comm, ierr)
- Basic sending operation
- Routine returns only after the application buffer in the sending task is free for reuse
  - In some sense, a send cannot complete without acknowledgment from the receiving process
  - Can be changed
  - Out of scope here

#### What does this mean?

- Buffer: Usually variable name that is to be sent/received
- Count: number of data elements of a particular type to be sent
- Datatype: pre-defined data type of data (MPI\_CHARACTER, MPI\_INTEGER, etc)
- Dest: destination indicates the process where the message should be delivered. Sent as the rank of the receiving process
- MPI\_SEND(buf, count, datatype, dest, tag, comm, ierr)

#### What does this mean?

- **Tag**: Arbitrary number assigned by the programmer to identify a message.
- Comm: communicator. Usually MPI\_COMM\_WORLD
- lerr: error message

MPI\_SEND(buf, count, datatype, dest, tag, comm, ierr)

## MPI\_RECV (Fortran)

- MPI\_REV(buf, count, datatype, source, tag, comm, status, ierr)
- Status: implies the source of the message
  - Integer array the size of MPI\_STATUS\_SIZE
- Tag: Can use MPI\_ANY\_TAG to receive any message regardless of tag

#### **MPI** Communication

Fortran code: ping.f90

To run:

```
mpif90 ping.f90 —o ping
mpiexec -np 8 ./ping
```

#### References

Material for this talk is used from

- https://computing.llnl.gov/tutorials/mpi/
- http://htor.inf.ethz.ch/teaching/mpi\_tutorials/pp opp13/2013-02-24-ppopp-mpi-basic.pdf
- https://www.rc.usf.edu/tutorials/classes/tutorial/ mpi/
- These are great tutorials we encourage you to go there for more information!

## Questions?

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- Twitter: @CUBoulderRC
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