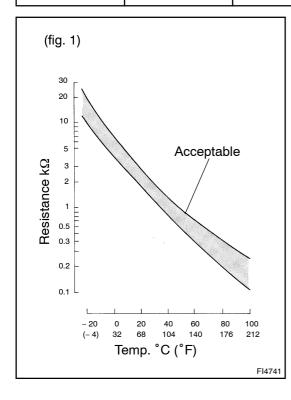
DI3OX-01

**DTC** 

P0110/24

# Intake Air Temp. Circuit Malfunction



The intake air temp. sensor is built into the air flow meter and senses the intake air temperature.

A thermistor built in the sensor changes the resistance value according to the intake air temperature.

The lower the intake air temperature, the greater the thermistor resistance value, and the higher the intake air temperature, the lower the thermistor resistance value (See fig. 1).

The intake air temp. sensor is connected to the engine ECU (See below). The 5 V power source voltage in the engine ECU is applied to the intake air temp. sensor from the terminal THA via resistor R.

That is, the resistor R and the intake air temp. sensor are connected in series. When the resistance value of the intake air temp. sensor changes in accordance with changes in the intake air temperature, the potential at terminal THA also changes. Based on this signal, the engine ECU increases the fuel injection volume to improve driveability during cold engine operation.

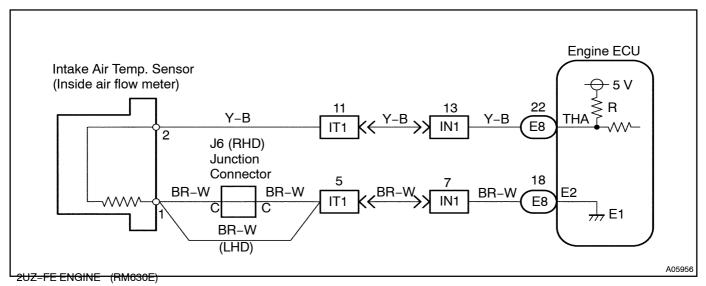
DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
P0110/24		Open or short in intake air temp. sensor circuit Intake air temp. sensor (inside air flow meter) Engine ECU

## HINT:

After confirming DTC P0110/24 use the hand-held tester to confirm the intake air temperature from CUR-RENT DATA.

Temperature Displayed	Malfunction
-40°C (-40°F)	Open circuit
140°C ( 284°F ) or more	Short circuit

## WIRING DIAGRAM



## **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

### HINT:

- •□ If[DTC[P0110/24[Intake[Air[Temp.[Circuit[Malfunction), [P0115/22[[Water[Temp.[Circuit[Malfunction), P0120/41[[Throttle[Position[Sensor[Circuit[Malfunction], P1120/19[[Accelerator[Pedal[Position[Sensor[Circuit[Malfunction], P1120/19[[Accelerator[Circuit[Malfunction], P120/19[[Accelerator[Circuit[Malfunction], P120/19[Accelerator[Circuit[Malfunction], P120/19[Accelerato
- Read freeze frame data using hand-held tester. Because freeze frame records the engine conditions when the final function is detected, when the froubleshooting it is useful for determining whether the vehicle was funning or stopped, the engine warmed up or not, the air-fuel fatio ean or fine final function.

## When using hand-held ester

1[

Connect[hand-held[tester, and tead[value] of intake air temperature.

## **PREPARATION:**

(a) ☐ Connect The Thand-held Tester To The TDLC3.

(b) Turn the ignition witch ON and push the hand-held tester main witch ON.

## **CHECK:**

Read memberature value on held ester.

## OK:

## Same as actual intake air temperature

### HINT:

- •□ If there is open circuit, thand-held tester indicates -40°C (-40°F).
- If there is short circuit, hand-held tester indicates 140°C (284°F) or more.

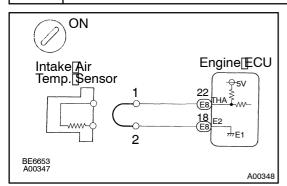


-40°C (-40°F)...Go to step 2. 140°C (284°F) or more...Go to step 4.

OK

Check for intermittent problems (See page DI-4)

# 2 | Check[for[open[in[harness[or[engine[ECU.



### PREPARATION:

- (a) Disconnect the air flow meter connector.
- (b) Connect he sensor wire harness ferminals gogether.
- (c) ☐ Turn the fignition switch ON.

## **CHECK:**

Read temperature value on the shand-held tester.

## OK:

Temperature value: 140°C (284°F) or more

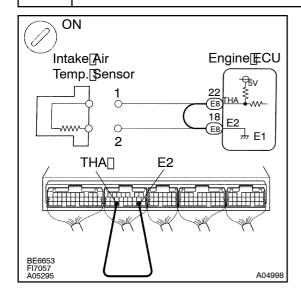


Confirm@ood@onnection@at@sensor.@f@K, replace@ir@low@meter.

NG

3∏

## Check[for[open[in[harness[or[engine[ECU.



## **PREPARATION:**

- (a) Remove the glove compartment door.
- (b) Connect between rminals THA and E2 of he engine ECU connector.

#### HINT:

Air flow meter connector is disconnected.

Before@hecking,@lo@ivisual@ind@ontact@ressure@heck@or@

## CHECK:

Read temperature value on the hand-held tester.

### OK:

Temperature value: 140°C (284°F) or more

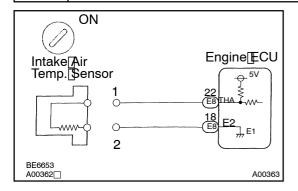


Open in harness between terminals E2 or THA, repair or replace harness.

NG

Confirm good connection at engine ECU. If OK, check and replace engine ECU. (See page N-19)

# 4 Check[for[short[in[harness[and[engine[ECU.



### PREPARATION:

- (a) Disconnect the air flow meter connector.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON.

## **CHECK:**

Read temperature value on the chand-held tester.

## OK:

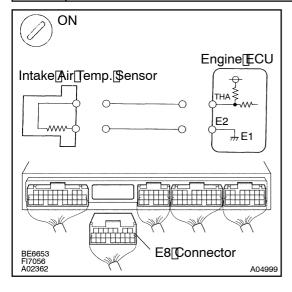
Temperature value: -40°C (-40°F)



Replace air flow meter.

NG

# 5 Check[for[short[]n[harness[or[engine[ECU.



### PREPARATION:

- (a) Remove the glove compartment door.
- (b) Disconnect he E8 connector of he engine ECU.

#### HINT:

Air flow meter connector is disconnected.

(c) Turnthe ignition switch ON.

## **CHECK:**

Read []emperature[]value[]on[]the[]hand-held[]tester.

## OK:

Temperature value: -40°C (-40°F)

ok□

Repair or replace harness or connector.

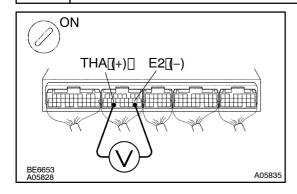
NG

Check and replace engine ECU (See page N-19)

# When hot using hand-held tester

1 |

## Check[voltage[between[terminals[THA]and[E2]of[engine[ECU]connector.



### **PREPARATION:**

- (a) Remove the glove compartment door.
- (b) Turn ignition switch ON.

## **CHECK:**

 $\label{lem:lemmass} $$ Measure voltage between terminals THA and E2 of engine ECU on nector.$ 

### OK:

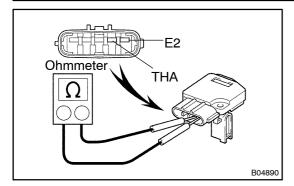
Intake[air[temperature	Voltage
20° <u>C∏</u> 68°F]	0.5 – 3.4 V
60°C (140°F)	0.2 – 1.0 V

OK

Check for intermittent problems (See page N-19).

NG

# 2 Check intake air temp. sensor.



### PREPARATION:

Disconnect the air flow meter connector.

## **CHECK:**

Measure resistance between terminals THA and E2 of air flow meter connector.

### OK:

Resistance is within acceptable zone on chart.

Intake air temperature	Resistance
20°C (68°F)	2 – 3 kΩ
80°C (176°F)	0.2 – 0.4 kΩ

NG

Replace air flow meter.

ок

3 Check[for[open[and[short[in[harness[and[connector[between[engine[ECU[and intake[air[temp.[sensor[See[page[N-19]]]

NG

Repair or replace harness or connector.

OK

Check and replace engine ECU (See page N-19).