

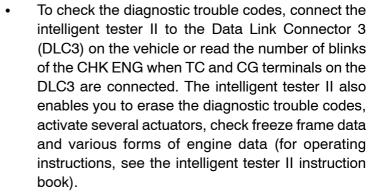
# PRE-CHECK

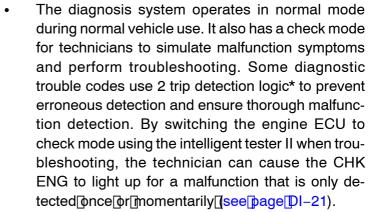
# 1. ☐ DIAGNOSIS SYSTEM

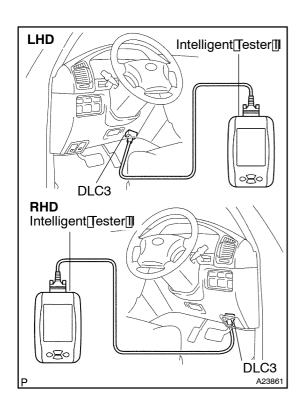
# (a) Description

- •□ When[froubleshooting[Multiplex[DBD[M-OBD)]]vehicles,[]the[]pnly[difference[]from[]the[]usual[]troubleshooting[]procedure[]s[]that[]you[]connect[]the[]ntelligent[]ester[]l[]to[]the[]yehicle,[]and[]read[]pff[]yariousdata[]putput[]from[]the[]yehicle's[]engine[]ECU.
- The wanicle's on board computer ight up the check engine warning ight warning ight warning in the check engine warning ight warning ight warning in the check engine warning ight warning in the computer detects and function in the computer itself or indrive system components. In addition to the warning when a matter that warning ight encounter is the component of the component of the check in the engine and the codes are recorded in the engine ECU memory see page DI-21).

If the malfunction has been repaired, the CHK ENG goes off automatically but the diagnostic trouble codes remain recorded in the engine ECU memory.





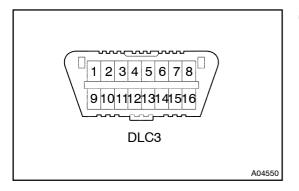


## \*2 trip detection logic:

When a malfunction is first detected, the malfunction is temporarily stored in the engine ECU memory (1st trip). If the same malfunction is detected during the next subsequent drive cycle, the CHK ENG is illuminated (2nd trip).

### Freeze frame data:

Freeze frame data records the engine conditions (fuel system, calculated engine load, engine coolant temperature, fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed, etc.) when a malfunction is detected. When troubleshooting, freeze frame data can help determine if the vehicle was running or stopped, if the engine was warmed up or not, if the air–fuel ratio was lean or rich, and other data from the time the malfunction occurred.



### (b) Check the DLC3.

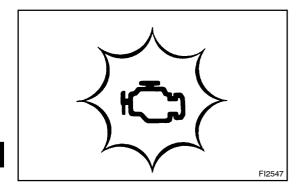
The vehicle's engine ECU uses ISO 14230 for communication. The terminal arrangement of the DLC3 complies with ISO 15031–3 and matches the ISO 14230 format.

| Symbols (Terminal No.) | Terminal Description | Condition           | Specified Condition |
|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| SIL (7) – SG (5)       | Bus "+" line         | During transmission | Pulse generation    |
| CG (4) – Body ground   | Chassis ground       | Always              | Below 1 Ω           |
| SG (5) – Body ground   | Signal ground        | Always              | Below 1 Ω           |
| BAT (16) – Body ground | Battery positive     | Always              | 9 to 14 V           |

#### HINT:

Connect the cable of the intelligent tester II to the DLC3, turn the ignition switch ON and attempt to use the tester. If the display indicates that a communication error has occurred, there is a problem either with the vehicle or with the tester.

- If communication is normal when the tester is connected to another vehicle, inspect the DLC3 on the original vehicle.
- If communication is still not possible when the tester is connected to another vehicle, the problem is probably in the tester itself. Consult the Service Department listed in the tester's instruction manual.



## 2. | INSPECT DIAGNOSIS (Normal Mode)

- (a) ☐ Check The TCHK TENG.
  - (1) The CHK ENG ights up when the ignition switch is turned ON and the engine is not running.

#### HINT:

If the CHK (ENG does not fight up, (troubles hoot the combination meter.

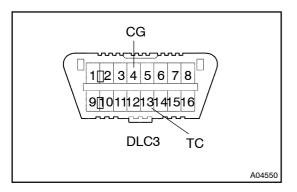
(2) When the tengine started, the CHK ENG should go off. If the manning n, the diagnosis system has detected a malfunction or abnormality in the system.

(b) Check the DTC using the intelligent tester 1.

#### NOTICE:

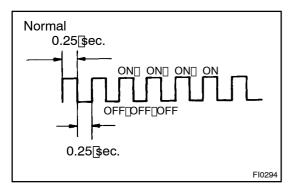
When the diagnosis system is changed from normal mode to check mode, or vice versa, all the DTCs and freeze frame data recorded in normal mode will be erased. Before changing modes, always check and make a note of any recorded DTCs and freeze frame data.

- (1) Connect the intelligent tester to the connect the intelligent tester to the connect the connect the connect the connect to the connect the connect
- (2) Turn the ignition witch ON and turn the intelligent tester I ON.
- (3) Enter the following menus: Powertrain Fingine and ECT TOTC.
- (4) Check and make a mote of DTCs and reeze frame data.
- (5) Confirm the details of the DTCs.



- (c) Check[]he[]DTC[]without[]using[]]he[]ntelligent[]ester[]l.
  - (1) Turn the ignition switch ON.
  - (2) Using \$ST, @onnect between terminals 13 (TC) and 4 (CG) of the DLC3.

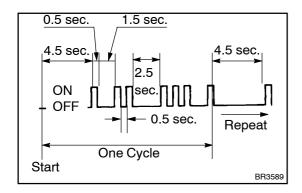
    SST \p9843-18040



(3) Read TCs by observing the CHK ENG. If any DTC is not detected, the CHK ENG blinks as shown in the illustration.

### HINT:

If a diagnostic trouble code is not output, check the diagnostic connector DLC3) circuit See page DI-146).



## (d) Example

As an example, the blinking patterns for codes 12 and 31 are as shown on the illustration.

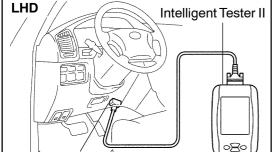
DTCs 12 and 31 are detected and the CHK ENG starts displaying the DTCs, as shown on the left. The CHK ENG blinking pattern of DTC 12 will be displayed first.

- A 2.5 second pause will occur between the CHK ENG blinking patterns of each DTC.
- (2) The CHK ENG blinking pattern of DTC 31 will be displayed.
- (3) A 4.5 second pause will occur when the CHK ENG blinking pattern is the last of a string of multiple DTCs.
- (4) The MIL will repeat the display of the string of DTCs again.
- Check the details of the malfunction using the diagnostic trouble code chart on page DI-21.
- After completing the check, disconnect terminals 13 (TC) and 4 (CG) and turn off the display.

#### HINT:

If 2 or more DTCs are detected, the CHK ENG will display the smaller number DTC first.

Confirm the details of the DTCs.





# 3. INSPECT DIAGNOSIS (Check Mode)

# HINT:

Check mode has a higher sensitivity to malfunctions and can detect malfunctions that normal mode cannot detect. Check mode can also detect all malfunctions that normal mode can. In check mode, the engine ECU sets DTCs using 1 trip detection logic.

#### **NOTICE:**

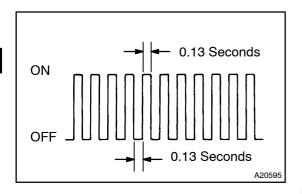
A23861

All the stored DTCs and freeze frame data are erased if: 1) the engine ECU is changed from normal mode to check mode or vice versa; or 2) the ignition switch is turned from ON to ACC or OFF during check mode.

Before changing modes, always check and make a note of any stored DTCs and freeze frame data.

- (a) Check mode procedure.
  - (1) Make sure that the vehicle is in the following condition:
    - Battery positive voltage 11 V or more
    - Throttle valve fully closed
    - Transmission in neutral position
    - Air conditioning switch OFF
  - (2) Turn the ignition switch OFF.
  - (3) Connect the intelligent tester II to the DLC3.
  - (4) Turn the ignition switch ON and turn the intelligent tester II ON.

(5) Enter the following menus: Powertrain / Engine and ECT / Check Mode.



- (6) Make sure that the CHK ENG flashes as shown in the illustration.
- (7) Start the engine (the CHK ENG should turn off).
- (8) Simulate the conditions of the malfunction described by the customer.
- (9) Check the DTC(s) and freeze frame data using the intelligent tester II.
- (10) After checking the DTC, inspect the appropriate circuits.
- (b) Clear the DTC and freeze frame data.

(using intelligent tester II)

- (1) Connect the intelligent tester II to the DLC3.
- (2) Turn the ignition switch ON (do not start the engine) and turn the intelligent tester II ON.
- (3) Enter the following menus: Powertrain / Engine and ECT / DTC / Clear.
- (4) Erase DTCs and freeze frame data by pressing YES on the tester.
- (c) Clear the DTC and freeze frame data.

(not using intelligent tester II)

- (1) Disconnect the cable from the negative (–) battery terminal and wait for more than 1 minute.
- (2) Remove the EFI OR ECD NO. 1 fuse from the engine room J/B located inside the engine compartment and wait for more than 1 minute.

# 4. FAIL-SAFE CHART

If any of the following DTCs are set, the engine ECU enters fail–safe mode to allow the vehicle to be driven temporarily.

| •         |   |   |  |
|-----------|---|---|--|
| DTC No.   | Fail-Safe Operation   | Fail-Safe Deactivation Conditions                           |  |
| P0105/35  | Intake air pressure is fixed at 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 30 in.Hg)  | Return to normal condition                                  |  |
| P0110/24* | Atmospheric temp. is fixed at 60°C (140°F)  | Return to normal condition                                  |  |
| P0115/22  | Engine coolant temp. is fixed at 100°C (212°F)  | Return to normal condition                                  |  |
| P0180/39  | Fuel temp. is fixed at 60°C (140°F)   | Return to normal condition                                  |  |
| P0335/13  | •Fuel cut •TCV duty is fixed at 1.0% •Close diesel throttle valve   | 2 of more NE signals are detected for 0.5 sec.              |  |
| P0340/12  | TCV duty is fixed at 35.0% Fuel injection volume is limited   | 2 of more TDC signals are detected for 4 engine revolutions |  |
| P0500/42  | Reading of speedmeter is fixed at 0 km/h (0 mph)  | Vehicle speed > 9 km/h (5.6 mph)                            |  |
| P1115/23  | Intake air temp. is fixed at 20°C (68°F)  | Return to normal condition                                  |  |
| P1120/19  | Accelerator pedal closed position SW ON:  Accelerator pedal position is fixed at 0%  Accelerator pedal closed position SW OFF:  Accelerator pedal position is fixed at 10%                          | Ignition switch OFF   |  |
| P1121/19  | Accelerator pedal position below 10%  | Ignition switch OFF   |  |
| P1121/19  | Accelerator pedal closed position SW ON:  Accelerator pedal position is fixed at 0%  Accelerator pedal closed position SW OFF:  Accelerator pedal position is fixed at 8%                           | Ignition switch OFF   |  |
| P1122/19  | When idle SW is faulty.  Accelerator pedal closed position SW ON:  Accelerator pedal position is fixed at 0%  Accelerator pedal closed position SW OFF:  Accelerator pedal position is fixed at 10% | Ignition switch OFF   |  |
| P1123/19  | When idle SW is normal.  Idle SW ON:  Accelerator pedal position is fixed at 0%  Idle SW OFF:  Accelerator pedal position below 10%   | Ignition switch OFF   |  |
| D4000/44  | Accelerator pedal position below 10%  | Ignition switch OFF   |  |
| P1220/14  | Fuel injection volume is limited  | Return to normal condition                                  |  |
| P1222/15  | Accelerator pedal opening angle is limited  | Ignition switch OFF   |  |
| P1250/34* | Variable nozzle is full opened  | Ignition switch OFF   |  |
| P1255/34* | Variable nozzle is full opened Accelerator pedal opening angle is limited   | Ignition switch OFF   |  |
| P1256/34* | Variable nozzle is full opened  | Ignition switch OFF   |  |
| P1416/58* | Accelerator pedal opening angle is limited     EGR cut  | Ignition switch OFF   |  |

HINT:

<sup>\*:</sup> Only for Europe

## 5. CHECK FOR INTERMITTENT PROBLEMS

HINT:

Intelligent ester !:

Inspect[]he[]yehicle's[engine[]ECU[]using[]check[]mode.[]ntermittent[]problems[]are[]easier[]o[]detect[]yhen[]he engine[]ECU[]is[]n[]check[]mode,[]he[]engine[]ECU[]uses 1[]rip[]detection[]ogic,[]yhich[]has[]a[]higher[]sensitivity[]o[]malfunctions[]than[]normal[]mode[]default),[]yhich[]uses[]2[]rip[]detection[]ogic.

- (a) Clear the DTC see step 3).
- (b) Change the regine ECU from normal mode to check mode using the intelligent tester in see step 3).
- (c) Perform a simulation est see page N-9)
- (d) ☐ Check ☐ the ☐ connector ☐ and ☐ terminal ☐ (see ☐ page ☐ N-19) ☐
- (e) Wiggle the tharness and the connector see page N-19)

#### 6. BASIC INSPECTION

When a malfunction cannot be confirmed by the DTC check, troubleshooting should be performed on all circuits that are possible causes of the problem. However, in most cases, performing the basic engine check shown below can help you find the problem quickly and efficiently. Always perform this check first when troubleshooting the engine.

1 Is battery positive voltage 11 V or more when engine is stopped?

NO

Charge or replace battery.

YES

2 Is engine cranked?

NO

Proceed[to[problem[symptoms[table[on[page DI-16].

YES

Check air filter (See Pub. No. RM617E on page EM-1).

#### CHECK:

3

Visually check that the air filter is not excessively contaminated with dirt or oil.

NG

Repair or replace.

OK

DI-11

CHECK:

Check that only diesel fuel is used.
Check that the fuel does not contain any impurity.

NG

Replace fuel.

Check fuel for air.

ОК

6 Check fuel pipes and hoses.

# **CHECK:**

Check that the fuel pipes and fuel hoses are not blocked, damaged, disconnected or bent.

NG

NG Repair or replace.

Bleed air from fuel.

OK

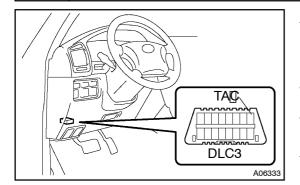
7 Check fuel filter for blockage.

NG Clean or replace.

ОК

| 8  | Check engine oil (See Pub. No. RM617E on page LU-1).        |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|
|    | NG Add or replace.  |  |  |
| ОК |   |  |  |
| 9  | 9 Check coolant (See Pub. No. RM617E on page CO-1).         |  |  |
|    | NG Replace coolant.   |  |  |
| ОК |   |  |  |
| 10 | Check injection timing (See Pub. No. RM617E on page EM-14). |  |  |
|    | NG Adjust injection timing.                                 |  |  |
| ОК |   |  |  |

11 | Check[idle[speed[and[maximum[speed.



### PREPARATION:

Connect[the[tester[probe]]] Tachometer[to[terminal]] AC[] Tachomet

Start the engine.

Warm up the engine.

### CHECK:

Check[the[i]dle[speed.

## **RESULT:**

Idle[speed:[\$50[to[650[rpm

## **PREPARATION:**

- (a) Start the tengine.
- (b) Warm up the engine.
- (c) Depress the accelerator pedal all the way.

## **CHECK:**

(a) Check the maximum speed.

### **RESULT:**

Maximum[speed:[4300[to[4500[rpm

NG□

Repair or replace injection pump.

OK

12 | Check@diagnostic@connector@DLC3)@ircuit@See\_page@DI-1@6).

NG□

Repair or replace.

ОК

13 | Check vacuum pump.

NG

Repair or replace.

OK

Proceed[to[problem[symptoms[table[on[page[DI-16].

#### 7. DATA LIST

#### HINT:

Using the intelligent tester II's Data List allows switch, sensor, actuator, and other item values to be read without removing any parts. Reading the Data List early in troubleshooting is one way to save time.

#### NOTICE:

In the table below, the values listed under "Normal Condition" are reference values. Do not depend solely on these reference values when deciding whether a part is faulty or not.

- (a) Warm up the engine.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch OFF.
- (c) Connect the intelligent tester II to the DLC3.
- (d) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- (e) Turn the intelligent tester II ON.
- (f) Enter the following menus: Powertrain / Engine and ECT / Data List.
- (g) Read the Data List.

| Intelligent Tester II Display | Measurement Item/Range<br>(Display)  | Normal Conditions*  | Diagnostic Notes   |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--|
| MAF                           | Air flow rate from MAF meter status/ Min.: 0 gm/s, Max.: 655.35 gm/s         | •8 to 12 gm/s: Idling<br>•52 to 62 gm/s:<br>Running without load (2,000 rpm)  | If value approximately 0.0 gm/s:  • Mass air flow meter power source circuit open  • VG circuit open or shorted If value 135 gm/s or more:  • E2G circuit open |
| МАР                           | Absolute pressure inside intake<br>manifold/<br>Min.: 0 kPa, Max.: 225 kPa   | <ul> <li>90 to 110 kPa: Idling</li> <li>100 to 130 kPa: Engine running at 2,000 rpm</li> <li>110 to 130 kPa: Engine running at 3,000 rpm</li> </ul> | _  |
| Engine Speed                  | Engine speed/<br>Min.: 0 rpm, Max.: 16383.75 rpm                             | 550 to 650 rpm: Idling<br>(After warming up engine and A/C<br>off)  |  |
| Coolant Temp                  | Engine coolant temperature/<br>Min.: -40°C, Max.: 140°C                      | 80 to 95°C (167 to 194°F):<br>After warming up engine   | If value is -40°C (-40°F) or 140°C (284°F), sensor circuit open or shorted   |
| Intake Air                    | Intake air temperature/<br>Min.: -40°C, Max.: 140°C                          | Equivalent to temperature at intake manifold  | If value is -40°C (-40°F) or<br>140°C (284°F), sensor circuit<br>open or shorted   |
| Vehicle Speed                 | Vehicle speed/<br>Min.: 0 km/h, Max.: 255 km/h                               | Actual vehicle speed  | Speed indicated on speedometer   |
| Injection Volume              | Injection volume/<br>Min.: 0 mm <sup>3</sup> , Max.: 1279.98 mm <sup>3</sup> | 4 to 11 mm <sup>3</sup> : Idling  | _  |
| Starter Signal                | Starter signal/<br>ON or OFF   | ON: Cranking  | _  |
| Closed Throttle Position SW   | Closed throttle position switch/<br>ON or OFF                                | OFF: Accelerator pedal released   | _  |
| Power Steering Signal         | Power steering signal/<br>ON or OFF  | When steering wheel is turned:<br>ON  | _  |
| A/C Signal                    | A/C signal/<br>ON or OFF   | ON: A/C ON  | _  |
| Stop Light Switch             | Stop lamp switch/<br>ON or OFF   | ON: Brake pedal depressed OFF: Brake pedal released   | _  |
| Newtral Position SW Signal    | PNP switch signal/<br>ON or OFF  | ON: P or N position   | _  |

| Intelligent Tester II Display         | Measurement Item/Range<br>(Display)                     | Normal Conditions*   | Diagnostic Notes   |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Power Steering Oil Pressure<br>Switch | Power steering oil pressure switch signal/ ON or OFF    | While turning steering wheel: ON     While not turning steering wheel:     OFF                           | This signal is usually ON unitil ignition switch is turned OFF                   |
| EGR System                            | EGR status for Active Test/<br>ON or OFF                |  | Active Test support date   |
| Injection Timing                      | Injection timing/<br>Min.: 0°CA, Max.: 51°CA            | •16 to 21°CA: Idling •13 to 24°CA: Engine running at 2,000 rpm •18 to 31°CA: Engine running at 3,000 rpm | 1  |
| Fuel Temperature                      | Fuel temperature/<br>Min.: -40°C, Max.: 140°C           | Actual fuel temperature  | If value is -40°C (-40°F) or<br>140°C (284°F), sensor circuit<br>open or shorted |
| Accel Position                        | Accelerator position status/<br>Min.: 0%, Max.: 100%    | 0 to 10%:     Accelerator pedal released     59 to 100%:     Accelerator pedal depressedased             | 1  |
| Throttle Step Position                | Throttle step position/<br>Min.: 1 step, Max.: 255 step | 160 to 180 step: Idling  | _  |
| ACT VSV                               | A/C cut status<br>ON or OFF                             | ON: A/C OFF  | _  |

### HINT:

# 8. ACTIVE TEST

#### HINT:

Performing the intelligent tester II's Active Test allows relay, VSV, actuator and other items to be operated without removing any parts. Performing the Active Test early in troubleshooting is one way to save time. The Data List can be displayed during the Active Test.

- (a) Warm up the engine.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch OFF.
- (c) Connect the intelligent tester II to the DLC3.
- (d) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- (e) Turn the intelligent tester II ON.
- (f) Enter the following menus: Powertrain / Engine and ECT / Active Test.
- (g) Perform the Active Test.

| Intelligent Tester II Display<br>(Abbreviation) | Test Details                  | Control Range | Diagnostic Notes |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Control the EGR System                          | Activate E-VRV for EGR        | ON/OFF        | _                |
| Control the A/C Cut Signal                      | Control A/C signal            | ON/OFF        | _                |
| Connect the TC and TE1                          | Turn on TC and TE1 connection | ON/OFF        | _                |

<sup>\*:</sup> If no idling conditions are specified, the shift lever is in the neutral position, and the A/C switch and all accessory switches are OFF.