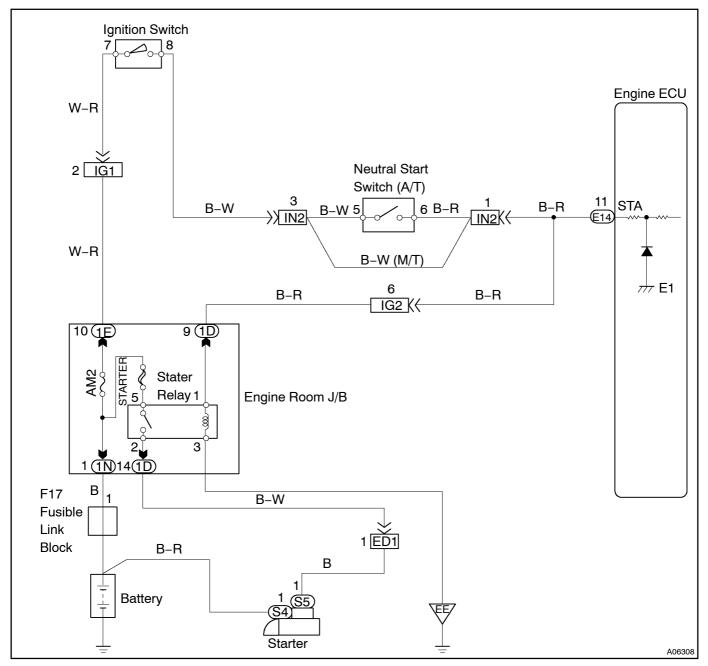
DI31G-04

# **Starter Signal Circuit**

## **CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION**

When the engine is cranked, the intake air flow is slow, so fuel vaporization is poor. A rich mixture is therefore necessary in order to achieve good startability. While the engine is being cranked, the battery voltage is applied to terminal STA of the engine ECU. The starter signal is mainly used to increase the fuel injection volume for the starting injection control and after–start injection control.

# **WIRING DIAGRAM**



# **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

HINT:

This diagnostic chart is based on the premise that engine is cranked normally. If the engine is not cranked, proceed to the problem symptoms table (See page DI-21).

1[]

Check[the[starter[signal.

## Using[hand-held[tester:

#### **PREPARATION:**

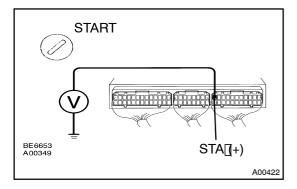
- (a) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.
- (b) Turn[the]gnition[switch[ON[and[hand-held[tester]main switch[ON].

#### **CHECK:**

Read[the[starter[signal]on[the[hand-held[tester[during]cranking]

OK:

Starter[signal: ON



### When hot using hand-held tester:

#### **PREPARATION:**

Remove[the[glove[compartment[door.

#### **CHECK:**

Measure voltage between terminal TA of engine CU connector and body ground during ranking.

OK:

Voltage: 6.0 Vor more



Proceed\_to\_next\_circuit\_inspection\_shown\_on problem[symptoms[table](See[page[DI-21).

NG

2∏

Check for open in harness and connector between engine ECU and starter relay (See page N-19)

NG∏

Repair or replace harness or connector.

OK

Check[and[replace[engine[ECU[(See[page IN-19)]