*Note down the main points of the following questions based on the last listening material of this unit.*

1. Popular view(s) towards the present ecosystem:
2. New research findings from the journal *Science*:
3. Data collection method:
4. Detailed research results:
5. Conclusion:
6. Species of birds, fish, mammals and plants are disappearing at speeds rarely experienced, , thanks in large part to human activities: pollution, climate change, habitat destruction and other damage.
7. A new look at ecosystems from the poles to the tropics shows that losses in the number of species in any given place do not yet translate to large changes in the overall number of different species there.
8. The researchers collected data from 100 surveys that followed more than 35,000 different species over various lengths of time.
9. The number of different species in, say, a coral reef remains relatively constant. 40 percent of places had more species present, 40 percent had less and 20 percent were unchanged.
10. The ecosystems of the current Anthoropocene era are transformed, but just as diverse—so far anyway. We are living in a world of novel ecosystems.