

Malware prevention tips for businesses



MALWARE

MALicious + softWARE

Ransomware is a type of malware



Learn pragmatic ways to prevent malware and ransomware



1. Prevent malware delivery



Reduce the likelihood via secure remote access

- Enable secure MFA config
- Use VPNs
- Implement network segmentation
- Monitor for suspicious activity and anomalies



Email & web filters such as

- Blocking the malicious emails and removing executable attachments.
- Intercepting proxies
- Internet security gateways
- Safe browsing lists within browsers



User education

- Encourage detection and reporting of incidents.
- Promote use of password managers, passwordless mechanisms where possible.



2. Restrict malware infection



Secure OS configuration

- Configure necessary features and services.
- Limit user permissions.
- Block unauthorised network traffic via firewall.
- Review and harden OS settings.



Patch management

- Update OS and software promptly.
- Use automated patch management tools.
- Regularly scan for vulnerabilities and mitigate using risk focussed approach.



Restrict scripting and macros

- Apply constrained language mode.
- Allow macros only from trusted sources.
- Disable autorun for mounted media.
- Use an anti-malware product that integrates with AMSI.



3. Limit malware impact



Least privileges

- Only provide the necessary permissions aligned with functional requirements.
- Follow strict approval processes for privileges.
- Conduct regular reviews of user permissions.



Permission reviews

- Remove excessive or outdated permissions.
- Ensure RBAC.
- Audit permissions.
- Isolate legacy or unsupported systems.



Segregating obsolete systems

- Disconnect from the network.
- Implement firewalls.
- Plan for system upgrades or replacements



Conduct regular security reviews to validate your controls.



4. Education



Zero exceptions

- Instill a culture of zero tolerance for malware.
- Encourage personal cybersecurity responsibility.



Regular training

- Conduct security training.
- Promote safe online practices.
- Educate on malware prevention.



Considering your Supply Chain

- Extend security to partners.
- Vet vendor security.
- Enforce access controls.
- Continuously monitor supply chain security.



5. Backup



Utilising the cloud for backup

- Use cloud storage for scalability.
- Automate backups for sync.
- Encrypt data before upload.



Testing backups

- Test backup restoration regularly.
- Verify completeness and accuracy.
- Conduct partial and full recovery tests.



Keeping offline backups

- Use offline backups on physical media/separate zones (cloud only).
- Isolate them from the network.
- Regularly update and verify offline backups.

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