## **Exploitation Phase**

- attacker needs to exploit the vulnerability to gain access to the system/server
- we will look at the potential exploitation attempt from the attacker against our web server and see if the attacker got successful in exploiting or not

### The information we have:

- found 2 IP addresses that are sending requests to our server
- 1 of the IPs 40.80.148.42 was seen attempting to scan the server with IP 192.168.250.70
- attacker was using the web scan Acunetix for the scanning attempt

### Count

- use the following search query to see the number of counts by each IP against the web server **Search Query:** 

index=botsv1 imreallynotbatman.com sourcetype=stream\* | stats count(src\_ip) as Requests by src\_ip | sort - Requests

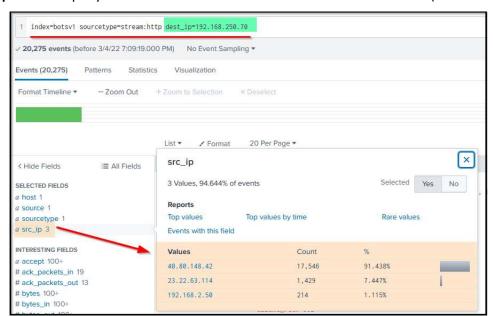
**Query explanation:** this query uses the stats function to display the count of the IP addresses in the src\_fied



- narrow down the result to show requests sent to our web server: 192.168.250.70

Search Query: index=botsv1 sourcetype=stream.http dest\_ip="192.168.250.70"

Query Explanation: query will for all the inbound traffic towards 192.168.250.70 (webserver)

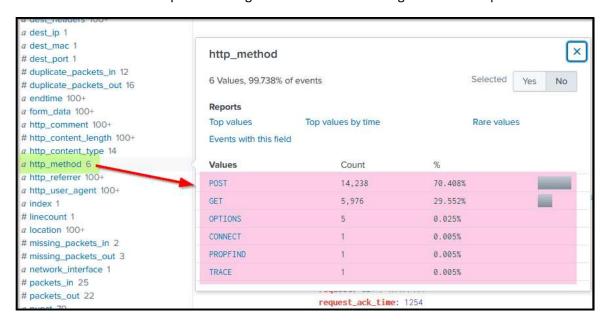


src\_ip should 3 IP address (1 local and 2 remote IPs) that originated the HTTP traffic towards our web server:

- 40.80.148.42 [remote]
- 23.22.63.114 [remote]
- 192.168.2.50 [local]

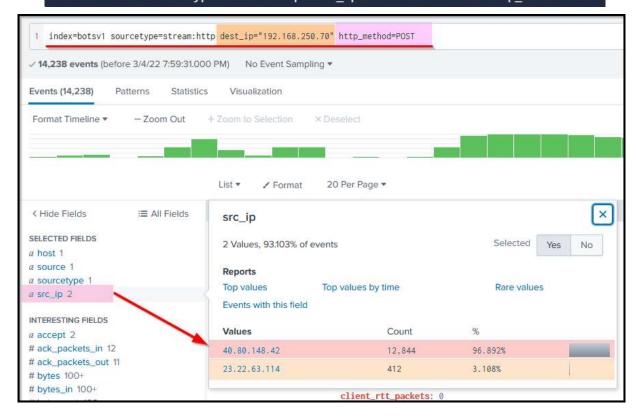
http\_method field will give us information about the HTTP Methods observed during these HTTP communications.

- observed most of the requests coming to our web server through the POST request



http.method=POST > see the traffic coming through POST requests **Search Query:** 

index=botsv1 sourcetype=stream:http dest\_ip="192.168.250.70" http\_method=POST



src\_ip shows 2 IP addresses sending all the POST requests to our server. Fields containing valuable information:

- src\_ip
- form\_data
- http\_user\_agent
- uri

The term Joomla is associated with the webserver found in a couple of fields (uri, uri\_path, http\_referrer)

- web server is using Joomla CMS (Content Management Service) in the backend

Admin login page for Joomla CMS > /joomla/administrator/index.php



- URI contains the login page to access the web portal
- examine the traffic coming into this admin panel for a potential brute force attack

## Requests sent to login page

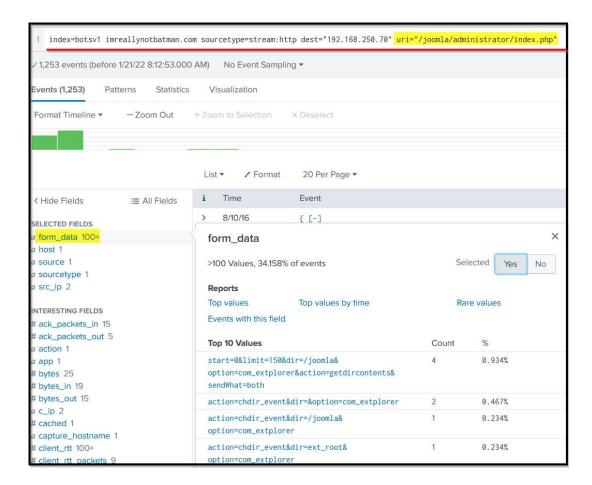
Narrow down search to see the requests sent to the login page.

## **Search Query:**

index=botsv1 imreallynotbatman.com sourcetype=stream:http dest\_ip="192.168.250.70" uri="/joomla/administrator/index.php"

### **Search Explanation:**

- add uri="/joomla/administrator/index.php" to show traffic coming into this URI



# form\_data

- field contains the requests sent through a form on the admin panel page
- suspect the attacker may have tried multiple credentials in an attempt to gain access to the admin panel

Dig deeper into the values contained within the form\_data field.

## **Search Query:**

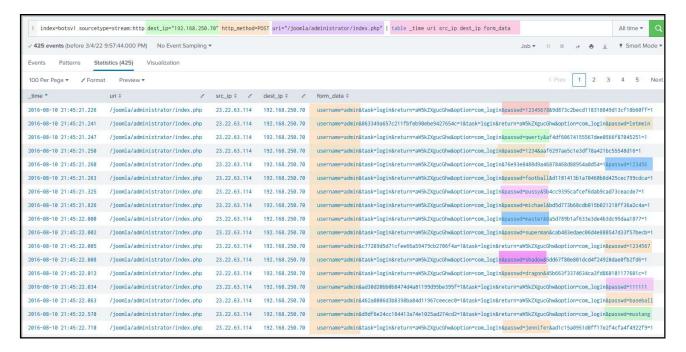
index=botsv1 sourcetype=stream:http dest\_ip="192.168.250.70" http\_method=POST uri="/joomla/administrator/index.php" | table\_time uri src\_ip dest\_ip form\_data

## **Query Explanation:**

- we will add

| table \_time uri src dest\_ip form\_data

- create a table containing important fields



2 interesting fields 'username' that includes the single username 'admin' in all the events and another field 'passwd' that contains multiple passwords in it.

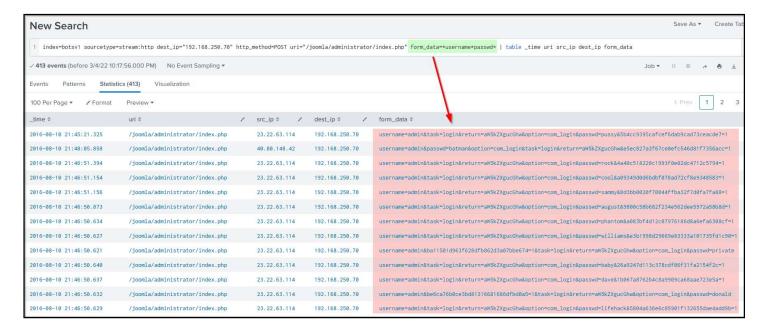
- attacker from IP 23.22.63.114 was trying to brute-force and attempted numerous passwords
- time elapsed between multiple events suggests that the attacker was using an automated tool

## Extracting Username and Passwd fields using Regex

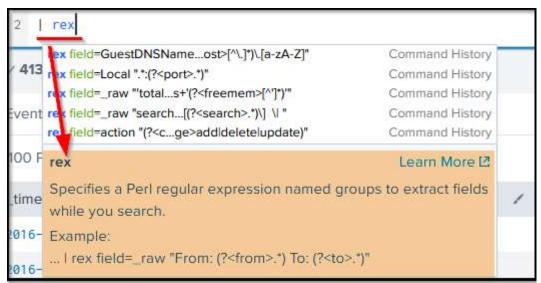
- use Regex in the search to extract only these 2 fields and their values from the logs and display them [username + passwd]
- display the logs that contain 'username' and 'passwd' values in the 'form\_data' field by adding form\_data=\*username\*passwd\*

### **Search Query:**

index=botsv1 sourcetype=stream:http dest\_ip="192.168.250.70" http\_method=POST uri="/joomla/administrator/index.php" form\_data=\*username\*passwd\* | table \_time uri src\_ip dest\_ip form\_data

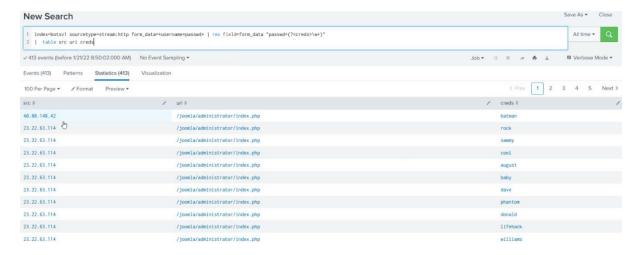


Use Regex (Regular Expressions) to extract all password values found against the field passwd in the logs.



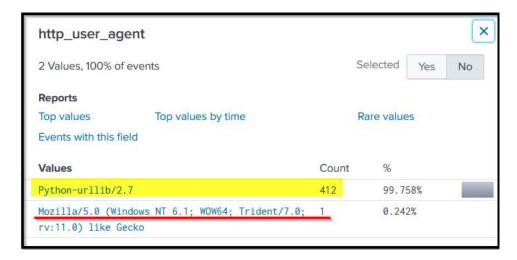
rex field=form\_data "passwd=(?<creds>\w+)"

- extract passwd values only
- this will pick the form\_data field and extract all the values found with the field 'creds'



We have extracted the passwords being used against the username admin on the admin panel of the web server.

- examine the fields in the logs, we will find 2 values against the field 'http\_user\_agent'



- Python script to automate the brute force attack against our server
- 1 request came from a Mozilla browser; change to the about search query and add http\_user\_agent to investigate

#### **Search Query:**

