

# **Auditing Passwords with a Password Cracking Utility**

## (CompTIA Security + SY - 601)

# **Objectives:**

> To analyze potential indicators to determine the type of attack

#### Resources:

- > John the Ripper
- > Kali Virtual Machine

#### **Instructions:**

## Create the necessary accounts and passwords

- > Sign-in as root using Pa\$\$w0rd as the password
- Launch the **Terminal** application from the toolbar on the top of the Kali desktop
- ➤ Run the following command to create the first user: adduser –gecos "user01; when prompted set 06101988 as the password (You will type in twice)

```
rootakAll:~# adduser --gecos "" user01
Adding user `user01' ...
Adding new group `user01' (1000) ...
Adding new user `user01' (1000) with group `user01' ...
Creating home directory `/home/user01' ...
Copying files from `/etc/skel' ...
New password:
Retype new password:
passwd: password updated successfully
```

> Create the following additional accounts by using the **adduser** command and set specified passwords

Username:	Password:
user02	Password
user03	Duke
user04	george
user05	\$p0T
user06	G00dPa\$\$w0rd

## Add probable passwords to the word list files

Run the following command to extract the: /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt.gz word list file

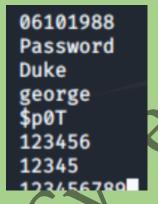
## rootoMALX:~# gunzip /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt.gz

Enter the following command to open the **rockyou.txt** wordlist file for editing



vim /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt

> Select the I key to enter Vim's Insert mode and then add the passwords provided each on a separate line at the top of the file



In Vim press Esc and then type wq and press Enter to save your changes and exit the file

### Run John to crack passwords

> Run the following command to create a text file of usernames and password hashes

# root@KALT:~# unshadow /etc/passwd/etc/shadow > crack-this-file

> Run the following command to crack passwords

rootaKALI:~# john --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt crack-this-file

> Open a second tab in the **Terminal** and then run the following command to view the status of the audit

```
wootakALT:~# john --show crack-this-file
user01:06101988:1000:1000:,,,:/home/user01:/bin/bash
user02:Password:1001:1001:,,,:/home/user02:/bin/bash
user03:Duke:1002:1002:,,:/home/user03:/bin/bash
user04:george:1003:1003:,,,:/home/user04:/bin/bash
user05:$p0T:1004:1004:,,,:/home/user05:/bin/bash
5 password hashes cracked, 2 left
```

> Type **top** to display the system utilization information. Observe that John is consuming most of the system's processing power

```
top - 05:13:14 up 41 min, 1 user, toad average: 1.53, 2.12, 1.46

Tasks: 129 total, 1 running, 128 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie

%Cpu(s): 0.2 us, 0.1 sy, 0.0 ni, 99.7 id, 0.0 wa, 0.0 hi, 0.0 si, 0.0 st

MiB Mem : 5949.7 total, 4808.7 free, 487.5 used, 653.5 buff/cache

MiB Swap: 4094.0 total, 4094.0 free, 0.0 used. 5217.7 avail Mem

PID USER PR NI VIRT RES SHR S %CPU %MEM TIME+ COMMAND

730 root 20 0 741476 96952 35504 S 0.3 1.6 0:08.68 Xorg

1 root 20 0 166456 10908 8136 S 0.0 0.2 0:01.54 systemd
```

- Select q to exit top
- Switch to the Terminal tab where John the Ripper is running, and then type **q** to interrupt the cracking attempt
- > Redirect the results of the John -show crack-this-file to a text file

```
root@KALI:~# john --show crack-this-file > results.txt
root@KALI:~# ls
crack-this-file Document LOD nmap.xsl Public set Videos
Desktop Downloads Music Pictures results.txt Templates
```

Display the results.txt file contents by using the cat command

#### **Observations:**

- > Setup:
  - Created user accounts with specific passwords using adduser.
  - Initial password set to "06101988".

## **Password List:**

• Extracted and edited rockyou.txt to include probable passwords.

### **Password Cracking:**

- Used John the Ripper to create username and password hash file.
- Monitored system utilization with top.

# > System Utilization:

• John the Ripper consumed high CPU during cracking.

#### **Results:**

- Cracked several passwords.
- Displayed results with cat.

## **Results:**

- > Successfully cracked several passwords.
- ➤ High CPU usage during cracking.

## **Conclusion:**

- > Demonstrated the need for strong, unpredictable passwords.
- > Highlighted importance of robust password policies.

## **Future Work:**

- > Implement stricter password policies
- > Conduct regular password audits.
- > Explore advanced cracking techniques.
- Educate users on strong password practices.