

Implementing a Virtual Private Network

(CompTIA Security + SY - 601)

Objectives:

- To add Routing and Remote Access functionality and configure the Sales users on the DC1 server
- > To configure access policy
- To test the VPN connection
- To use Nmap to discover what ports are exposed on the VPN server

Resources:

- ➤ Kali Virtual Machine (PT1-Kali)
- ➤ Windows Virtual Machine (DC1 & MS1)
- > Nmap

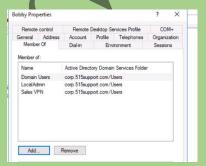
Instructions:

Configure the VPN server

- ➤ Sign-in to **DC1** VM
- > From Server Manager, select Tools > Active Directory Users and Computers from Server Manager Browse to the Users container



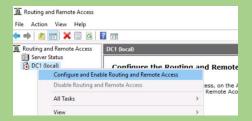
- Create a new global security group named Sales VPN
- Open the Bobby account, select the Member Of tab, and then add Bobby to the SalesVPN group



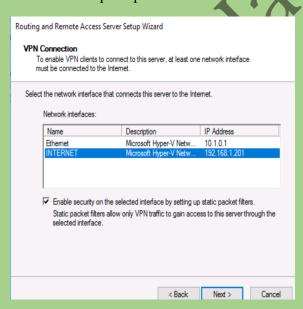
➤ From Server Manager, select Tools > Routing and Remote Access



➤ Right-click DC1 (local) and then select configure and Enable Routing and Remote Access. Select Next to start the wizard



- > Select Remote access (dial-up or VPN) and then select Next
- ➤ Check the box for **VPN** and select **Next**
- ➤ When prompted select **INTERNET** interface as the internet connection

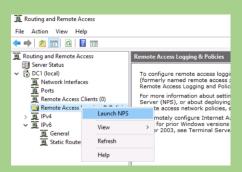


- ➤ Accept all the remaining defaults and select **Finish**
- Acknowledge the policy message and accept the DHCP message when prompted

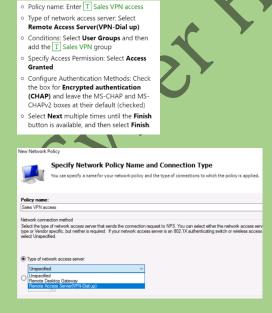
➤ When the RRAS service has started right-click the **DC1** (local) node, select **Properties**. Select **Logging** tabs



- > Select the radio button for Log all events and then select Ok to close the properties box
- Select the Remote Access Logging & Policies node, and then right-click it and select Launch NPS



- In the Network policy server console, select the Network Policies node
- Right-click the Network Policies node, and then select New. Use the following settings (unless otherwise stated accept the defaults):



➤ Observe the new policy in the Network Policies console

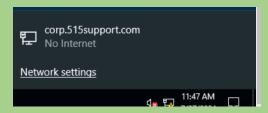
➤ In the NPS console, select Accounting and then select Configure Accounting



> Select Log to a text file on the local computer, accept the rest of the defaults and then complete the configurations

Configure the VPN client

- > Switch to the MS1; if necessary, sign-in
- > Select Other User sign-in as Bobby using Pa\$\$w0rd as the password
- Minimize Server Manager. On the taskbar, in the notification area, click on the **Networks** icon and then select **Network settings**



From the settings page, select **VPN**, and then select **Add a VPN connection**. Configure the following values:



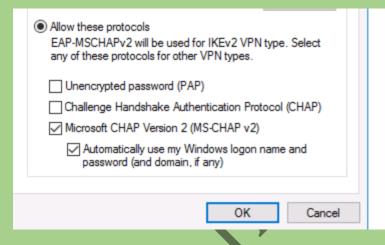
- > When all values are configured, select Save
- ➤ In the Settings window, select the link for Change adapter options

➤ Right-click the Sales VPN. Select Properties and then select Security tab



> Select the radio button for Allow these protocols and then check the boxes for the following:





- > Select **OK** to close the **Sales VPN** Properties
- > On the network settings page, select the Sales VPN, icon and select Connect



➤ Switch to the DC1. In the Routing and Remote Access console, select **Remote Access**Client node

> Switch to the MS1 VM and then select Disconnect to end the VPN configuration test



> Switch back to DC1, and from Server Manager, select Tools > Event Viewer



> Open the System log

Investigating the VPN server

- > Switch to the PT1-Kali VM
- > Open a terminal using the menu at the top of the desktop
- > Run the following Nmap scan to determine what VPN port is open: nmap 10.1.0.1

```
or security and consistency reasons. set NMAPDIR=. to give priority to files in you r local directory (may affect the other data files too).
Nmap scan report for DcL.corp.515support.com (10.1.0.1)
Host is up (0.80076s latency).
Not shown: 985 filtered ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
53/tcp open domain
80/tcp open http
88/tcp open http
88/tcp open microsoft-ds
465/tcp open microsoft-ds
466/tcp open http-rpc-epmap
636/tcp open http-rpc-epmap
636/tcp open popen priority
3268/tcp open plablactIDAP
3268/tcp open globalcatIDAP
3269/tcp open globalcatIDAPs
3389/tcp open globalcatIDAPs
```

Observations:

- User Group Configuration: Created a new global security group named Sales VPN and added the user Bobby to this group.
- **VPN Server Configuration**: Enabled and configured Routing and Remote Access on the DC1 server, set up for VPN access.
- ➤ Access Policy Configuration: Configured network policies and logging for VPN access.
- ➤ **VPN Client Configuration**: Configured VPN connection settings on the MS1 client machine for the Sales VPN.
- ➤ Connectivity Testing: Successfully connected and disconnected from the VPN to test the configuration.

Nmap Scan: Conducted an Nmap scan from the PT1-Kali VM to identify open VPN ports on the VPN server (10.1.0.1).

Results:

- ➤ **Group Setup**: Successfully created and assigned the Sales VPN group.
- ➤ VPN Functionality: The DC1 server was correctly configured for VPN access and remote access policies were set.
- ➤ **Logging Enabled**: VPN server logging was set to log all events for detailed monitoring.
- ➤ Successful VPN Connection: The Sales VPN connection was successfully configured and tested on the MS1 machine.
- ➤ **Port Discovery**: Nmap scan results indicated open ports associated with the VPN service on the server.

Conclusion:

The lab effectively demonstrated the steps necessary to implement and configure a Virtual Private Network (VPN) on a Windows server environment. Key aspects included setting up user groups, configuring VPN server and client settings, and ensuring security policies and logging were properly applied. The successful testing of the VPN connection confirmed that the configuration was correct and functional.

Future Work:

- ➤ Enhance Security: Implement additional security measures such as multi-factor authentication (MFA) for VPN access.
- Monitoring and Alerts: Set up automated monitoring and alerting for VPN access and potential security breaches.
- ➤ **Regular Audits**: Conduct regular security audits and vulnerability assessments to ensure the VPN setup remains secure.
- ➤ User Training: Provide training for users on secure VPN usage and best practices for remote access.