EasyProcess Documentation

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ponty

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EasyProcess

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Contents:

EasyProcess is an easy to use python subprocess interface.

Links:

- home: https://github.com/ponty/EasyProcess
- documentation: http://ponty.github.com/EasyProcess

Features:

- · layer on top of subprocess module
- easy to start, stop programs
- easy to get standard output/error, return code of programs
- command can be list or string
- logging
- timeout
- unit-tests
- cross-platform, development on linux
- global config file with program aliases
- shell is not supported
- · pipes are not supported
- stdout/stderr is set only after the subprocess has finished
- stop() does not kill whole subprocess tree
- unicode support
- supported python versions: 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 3.1, 3.2, PyPy

Known problems:

• none

Similar projects:

- execute (http://pypi.python.org/pypi/execute)
- commandwrapper (http://pypi.python.org/pypi/commandwrapper)
- extcmd (http://pypi.python.org/pypi/extcmd)
- sh (https://github.com/amoffat/sh)
- envoy (https://github.com/kennethreitz/envoy)
- plumbum (https://github.com/tomerfiliba/plumbum)

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CHAPTER

ONE

BASIC USAGE

```
>>> from easyprocess import EasyProcess
>>> EasyProcess('python --version').call().stderr
u'Python 2.6.6'
```

CHAPTER

TWO

INSTALLATION

2.1 General

- install pip
- install the program:

```
# as root
pip install EasyProcess
```

2.2 Ubuntu

sudo apt-get install python-pip
sudo pip install EasyProcess

2.3 Uninstall

as root
pip uninstall EasyProcess

USAGE

3.1 Simple example

Example program:

```
from easyprocess import EasyProcess
import sys

v = EasyProcess([sys.executable, '--version']).call().stderr
print('your python version:%s' % v)

Output:

$ python -m easyprocess.examples.ver
your python version:Python 2.7.3
```

3.2 General

```
>>> from easyprocess import EasyProcess
>>> # Run program, wait for it to complete, get stdout (command is string):
>>> EasyProcess('python -c "print 3"').call().stdout
u'3'
>>>
>>> # Run program, wait for it to complete, get stdout (command is list):
>>> EasyProcess(['python','-c','print 3']).call().stdout
u'3'
>>>
>>> # Run program, wait for it to complete, get stderr:
>>> EasyProcess('python --version').call().stderr
u'Python 2.7.3'
>>>
>>> # Run program, wait for it to complete, get return code:
>>> EasyProcess('python --version').call().return_code
>>>
>>> # Run program, wait 1 second, stop it, get stdout:
>>> print EasyProcess('ping localhost').start().sleep(1).stop().stdout
PING localhost (127.0.0.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from localhost (127.0.0.1): icmp_req=1 ttl=64 time=0.031 ms
>>> # Unicode support
>>> EasyProcess(['python','-c','print unichr(0x03A9).encode("utf-8")']).call().stdout
u'\u03a9'
```

3.3 Shell commands

Shell commands are not supported.

Warning: echo is a shell command on Windows (there is no echo.exe), but it is a program on Linux

3.4 return_code

```
 \hbox{\tt EasyProcess.return\_code} \ \ is \ \ None \ \ until \ \hbox{\tt EasyProcess.stop()} \ \ or \ \ \hbox{\tt EasyProcess.wait()} \ \ is \ \ called.
```

```
>>> from easyprocess import EasyProcess
>>>
>>> # process has finished but no stop() or wait() was called
>>> print EasyProcess('echo hello').start().sleep(0.5).return_code
None
>>>
>>> # wait()
>>> print EasyProcess('echo hello').start().wait().return_code
0
>>>
>>> # stop() after process has finished
>>> print EasyProcess('echo hello').start().sleep(0.5).stop().return_code
0
>>>
>>> # stop() before process has finished
>>> print EasyProcess('sleep 2').start().stop().return_code
-15
>>>
>>> # same as start().wait().stop()
>>> print EasyProcess('echo hello').call().return_code
```

3.5 With

By using with statement the process is started and stopped automatically:

```
from easyprocess import EasyProcess
with EasyProcess('ping 127.0.0.1') as proc: # start()
    # communicate with proc
    pass
# stopped

Equivalent with:

from easyprocess import EasyProcess
proc = EasyProcess('ping 127.0.0.1').start()
try:
    # communicate with proc
    pass
finally:
    proc.stop()
```

3.3. Shell commands 5

3.6 Timeout

This was implemented with "daemon thread".

"The entire Python program exits when only daemon threads are left." http://docs.python.org/library/threading.html

```
>>> from easyprocess import EasyProcess
>>> # Run ping with timeout
>>> print EasyProcess('ping localhost').call(timeout=1).stdout
PING localhost (127.0.0.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from localhost (127.0.0.1): icmp_req=1 ttl=64 time=0.019 ms
64 bytes from localhost (127.0.0.1): icmp_req=2 ttl=64 time=0.030 ms
```

3.7 Logging

```
Example program:
```

```
from easyprocess import EasyProcess
import logging
# turn on logging
logging.basicConfig(level=logging.DEBUG)
EasyProcess('python --version').call()
EasyProcess('ping localhost').start().sleep(1).stop()
EasyProcess('python --version').check()
    EasyProcess('bad_command').check()
except Exception, detail:
   print detail
    EasyProcess('sh -c bad_command').check()
except Exception, detail:
   print detail
Output:
$ python -m easyprocess.examples.log
DEBUG:easyprocess:param: "python --version" command: ['python', '--version'] ("python --version")
DEBUG:easyprocess:reading config: /home/titi/.easyprocess.cfg
DEBUG:easyprocess:process was started (pid=21281)
DEBUG:easyprocess:process has ended
DEBUG:easyprocess:return code=0
DEBUG:easyprocess:stdout=
DEBUG:easyprocess:stderr=Python 2.7.3
DEBUG:easyprocess:param: "ping localhost" command: ['ping', 'localhost'] ("ping localhost")
DEBUG:easyprocess:process was started (pid=21282)
DEBUG:easyprocess:stopping process (pid=21282 cmd="['ping', 'localhost']")
DEBUG:easyprocess:process is active -> sending SIGTERM
DEBUG:easyprocess:process has ended
DEBUG:easyprocess:return code=-15
DEBUG:easyprocess:stdout=PING localhost (127.0.0.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from localhost (127.0.0.1): icmp_req=1 ttl=64 time=0.022 ms
64 bytes from localhost (127.0.0.1): icmp_req=2 ttl=64 time=0.025 ms
DEBUG:easyprocess:stderr=
DEBUG:easyprocess:param: "python --version" command: ['python', '--version'] ("python --version")
DEBUG:easyprocess:process was started (pid=21361)
DEBUG:easyprocess:process has ended
DEBUG:easyprocess:return code=0
```

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```
DEBUG:easyprocess:stderr=Python 2.7.3

DEBUG:easyprocess:param: "bad_command" command: ['bad_command'] ("bad_command")

DEBUG:easyprocess:OSError exception:[Errno 2] No such file or directory

DEBUG:easyprocess:param: "sh -c bad_command" command: ['sh', '-c', 'bad_command'] ("sh -c bad_command")

DEBUG:easyprocess:process was started (pid=21364)

DEBUG:easyprocess:process has ended

DEBUG:easyprocess:return code=127

DEBUG:easyprocess:stdout=

DEBUG:easyprocess:stderr=sh: 1: bad_command: not found

start error <EasyProcess cmd_param=bad_command alias={alias} cmd=['bad_command'] ({scmd}) oserror: check error, return code is not zero! <EasyProcess cmd_param=sh -c bad_command alias={alias} cmd=
```

3.8 Alias

You can define an alias for EasyProcess calls by editing your config file (\$HOME/.easyprocess.cfg) This can be used for:

- testing different version of the same program
- · redirect calls
- program path can be defined here. (Installed programs are not in \$PATH on Windows)

start python and print python version:

```
>>> from easyprocess import EasyProcess
>>> EasyProcess('python --version').call().stderr
'Python 2.6.6'

edit the config file: $HOME/.easyprocess.cfg:
[link]
python=/usr/bin/python2.7

restart python and print python version again:
>>> from easyprocess import EasyProcess
>>> EasyProcess('python --version').call().stderr
'Python 2.7.0+'
```

3.9 Replacing existing functions

Replacing os.system:

print p.stdout

```
retcode = os.system("ls -l")
==>
p = EasyProcess("ls -l").call()
retcode = p.return_code
print p.stdout

Replacing subprocess.call:
retcode = subprocess.call(["ls", "-l"])
==>
p = EasyProcess(["ls", "-l"]).call()
retcode = p.return_code
```

3.8. Alias 7

3.10 extract_version

```
easyprocess.extract_version(txt)
```

This function tries to extract the version from the help text of any program.

```
>>> from easyprocess import EasyProcess, extract_version
>>> print extract_version(EasyProcess('python --version').call().stderr)
2.7.3
```

FOUR

API

Easy to use python subprocess interface.

Warning: unicode is supported only for string list command (Python2.x) (check shlex for more information)

Parameters

- cmd string ('ls -l') or list of strings (['ls','-l'])
- cwd working directory
- use_temp_files use temp files instead of pipes for stdout and stderr, pipes can cause deadlock in some cases (see unit tests)

call (timeout=None)

Run command with arguments. Wait for command to complete.

same as:

- 1. start()
- 2. wait()
- 3. stop()

Return type self

check (return_code=0)

Run command with arguments. Wait for command to complete. If the exit code was as expected and there is no exception then return, otherwise raise EasyProcessError.

Parameters return_code - int, expected return code

Return type self

check_installed()

Used for testing if program is installed.

Run command with arguments. Wait for command to complete. If OSError raised, then raise EasyProcessCheckInstalledError with information about program installation

Parameters return_code - int, expected return code

Return type self

```
is_alive()
```

poll process using subprocess.Popen.poll()

```
Return type bool
     pid
          PID (subprocess.Popen.pid)
              Return type int
     return_code
          returncode (subprocess.Popen.returncode)
              Return type int
     sendstop()
          Kill process (subprocess.Popen.terminate()). Do not wait for command to complete.
              Return type self
     sleep(sec)
          sleeping (same as time.sleep())
              Return type self
     start()
          start command in background and does not wait for it
              Return type self
     stop()
          Kill process and wait for command to complete.
          same as:
               1. sendstop()
               2. wait()
              Return type self
     wait (timeout=None)
          Wait for command to complete.
          Timeout:
                • discussion: http://stackoverflow.com/questions/1191374/subprocess-with-timeout
                • implementation: threading
              Return type self
     wrap (func, delay=0)
          returns a function which:
               1. start process
               2. call func, save result
               3. stop process
               4. returns result
          similar to with statement
              Return type
exception easyprocess.EasyProcessCheckInstalledError(easy_process)
     This exception is raised when a process run by check() returns a non-zero exit status or OSError is raised.
exception easyprocess.EasyProcessError(easy_process, msg='')
easyprocess.Proc
     alias of EasyProcess
```

 $\verb|easyprocess.extract_version|(txt)$

This function tries to extract the version from the help text of any program.

CHAPTER

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