CAN-bus sniffing Using ELM327 mini OBD2 Bluetooth Module

Devices

- OBD dongle -> ELM 327 Bluetooth Adaptor
- Vehicle -> Honda City 2004
- Raspberry Pi 3 B+







First, I make Bluetooth communication between raspberry and ELM 327 Bluetooth module. I used "bluetoothctl" command.

```
| Check | Device | De
```

Next, I bind Bluetooth adaptor to serial port

• sudo rfcomm bind rfcomm0 < OBD2 port mac address>

Communication processes I used "Screen" Software

- sudo apt-get install screen
- screen /dev/rfcomm0

I used ELM-USB OBD2 Interface commands For Communication. And I used following commands.

- atz --device ID
- atl1 -- line feed
- ath1 -- display header
- atsp -- how to communicate with port [atsp0 --automatic detections]

Usage: ATSPn, where n is 0 to 9. Set desired communication protocol. O Automatic protocol detection 1 SAE J1850 PWM (41.6 kbaud) 2 SAE J1850 VPW (10.4 kbaud) 3 ISO 9141-2 (5 baud init, 10.4 kbaud) 4 ISO 14230-4 KWP (5 baud init, 10.4 kbaud) 5 ISO 14230-4 KWP (fast init, 10.4 kbaud) 6 ISO 15765-4 CAN (11 bit ID, 500 kbaud) 7 ISO 15765-4 CAN (29 bit ID, 500 kbaud) 8 ISO 15765-4 CAN (11 bit ID, 250 kbaud) - used mainly on utility vehicles and Volvo 9 ISO 15765-4 CAN (29 bit ID, 250 kbaud) - used mainly on utility vehicles and Volvo

Next, I used OBD-2 Parameter IDs to request data from a vehicle, it contains 4 HEX values (FF FF). First 2 represents the mode, next 2 represents parameter ID.

Modes [edit]								
There are 10 diagnostic services described in the latest OBD-II standard SAE J1979. Before 2002, J1979 referred to these services as "modes". They are as follows:								
Mode (hex)	Description							
01	Show current data							
02	Show freeze frame data							
03	Show stored Diagnostic Trouble Codes							
04	Clear Diagnostic Trouble Codes and stored values							
05	Test results, oxygen sensor monitoring (non CAN only)							
06	Test results, other component/system monitoring (Test results, oxygen sensor monitoring for CAN only)							
07	Show pending Diagnostic Trouble Codes (detected during current or last driving cycle)							
08	Control operation of on-board component/system							
09	Request vehicle information							
0A	Permanent Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) (Cleared DTCs)							

In this case I used 01, next I get the vehicle speed using "01 0D" command It give following result

Service 01 [edit]									
PIDs (hex)	PID (Dec)	Data bytes returned	Description	Min value	Max value	Units	Formula ^[a]		
00	0	4	PIDs supported [01 - 20]				Bit encoded [A7D0] == [PID \$01PID \$20] See below		
01	1	4	Monitor status since DTCs cleared. (Includes malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) status and number of DTCs.)				Bit encoded. See below		
02	2	2	Freeze DTC						
03	3	2	Fuel system status				Bit encoded. See below		
04	4	1	Calculated engine load	0	100	%	$rac{100}{255}A$ (or $rac{A}{2.55}$)		
05	5	1	Engine coolant temperature	-40	215	°C	A-40		
06	6	1	Short term fuel trim—Bank 1		99.2 (Add Fuel: Too % Lean)				
07	7	1	Long term fuel trim—Bank 1	-100 (Reduce		0/	$rac{100}{128}A - 100$ (or $rac{A}{1.28} - 100$)		
08	8	1	Short term fuel trim—Bank 2	Fuel: Too Rich)		70			
09	9	1	Long term fuel trim—Bank 2						
0A	10	1	Fuel pressure (gauge pressure)	0	765	kPa	3.4		
0B	11	1	Intake manifold absolute pressure	0	255	kPa	A		
0C	12	2	Engine speed	0	16,383.75	rpm	$\frac{256A+B}{4}$		
ØD	13	1	Vehicle speed	0	255	km/h	A		



48 6B OE < -- Header Value

41 < -- Response Mood

0D < -- Speed Request that I sent

00 < -- Result(speed) in HEX