



Our Relationships Need Improvement

James Forshaw - Google Project Zero



Who am I?



- Researcher in Project Zero
- Specializes in Windows
- Sometimes a vendor (Chrome)
- Opinionated!



Researcher

<https://pixabay.com/photos/laptop-apple-macbook-computer-2561018/>



Vendor

<https://pixabay.com/photos/suit-business-man-business-man-673697/>

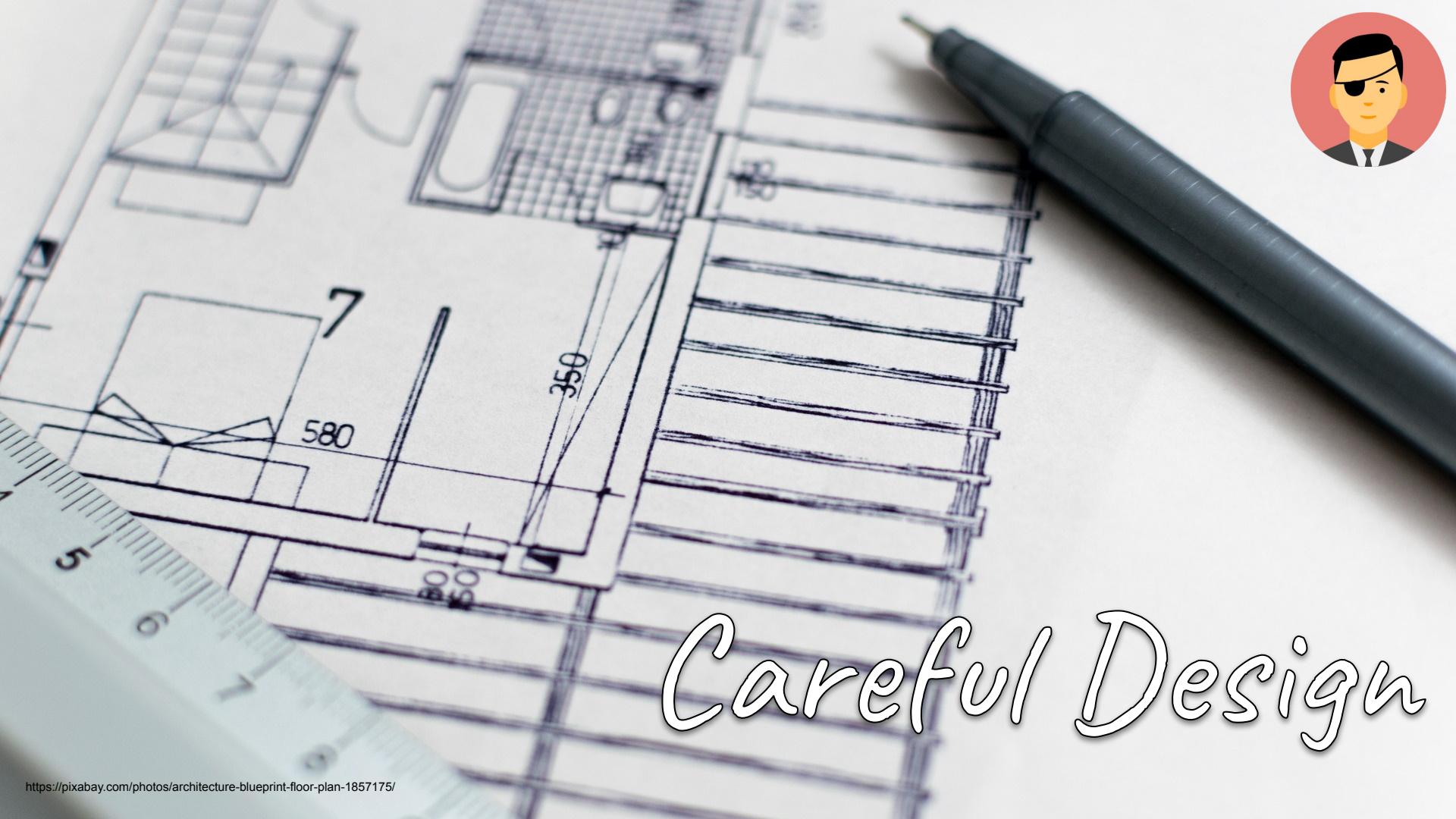
In the Beginning...







Careful Design



Test latest builds.



Microsoft

Windows Insider

About

Getting Started

Preview Windows

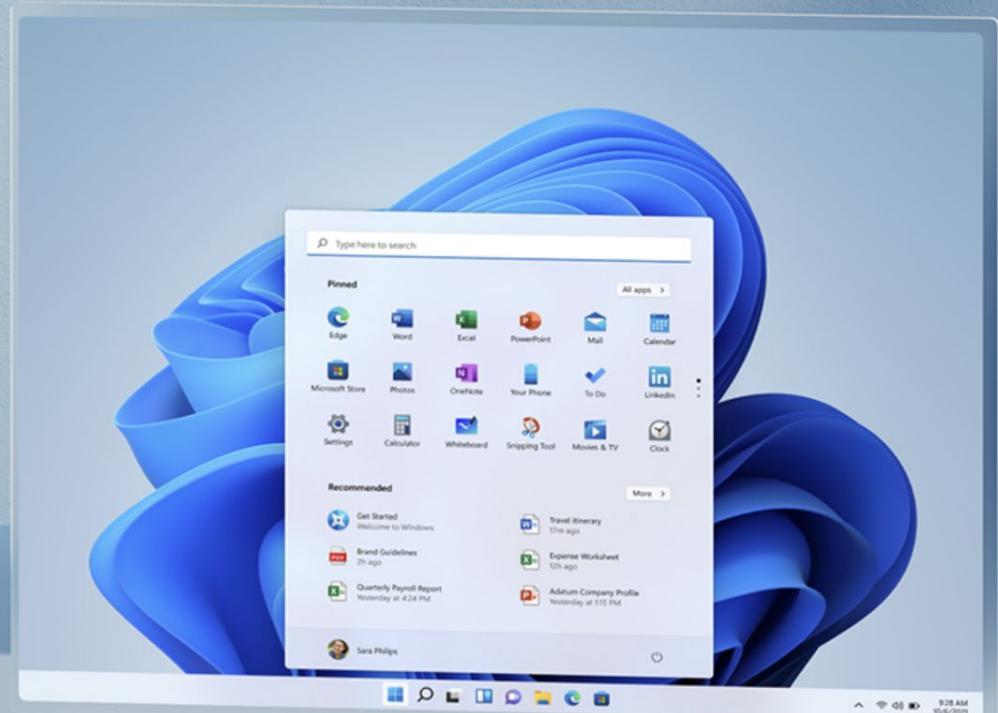
More

Inside Windows 11

How to preview Windows

Previewing Windows, also known as flighting is the process of running Windows Insider Preview Builds on your device. When you run these early versions of Windows and give us feedback, you can help us shape the future of Windows.

[Preview Windows now](#)





Report an issue to MSRC

What type of issue would you like to report to Microsoft?

Vulnerability report

Accept Reports

The Microsoft Security Response Center investigates all reports of security vulnerabilities affecting Microsoft products and services. If you are a security researcher and believe you have found a Microsoft [security vulnerability](#) that meets Microsoft's definition of a [security vulnerability](#), we would like to work with you to investigate it.

Microsoft follows [Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure \(CVD\)](#). We request that you follow these guidelines to help us protect customers and the ecosystem from harm.



[Submit vulnerability report](#)



Microsoft

| MSRC

Report an issue ▾



Microsoft Security Servicing Criteria for Windows

Define what's in Scope



Money!

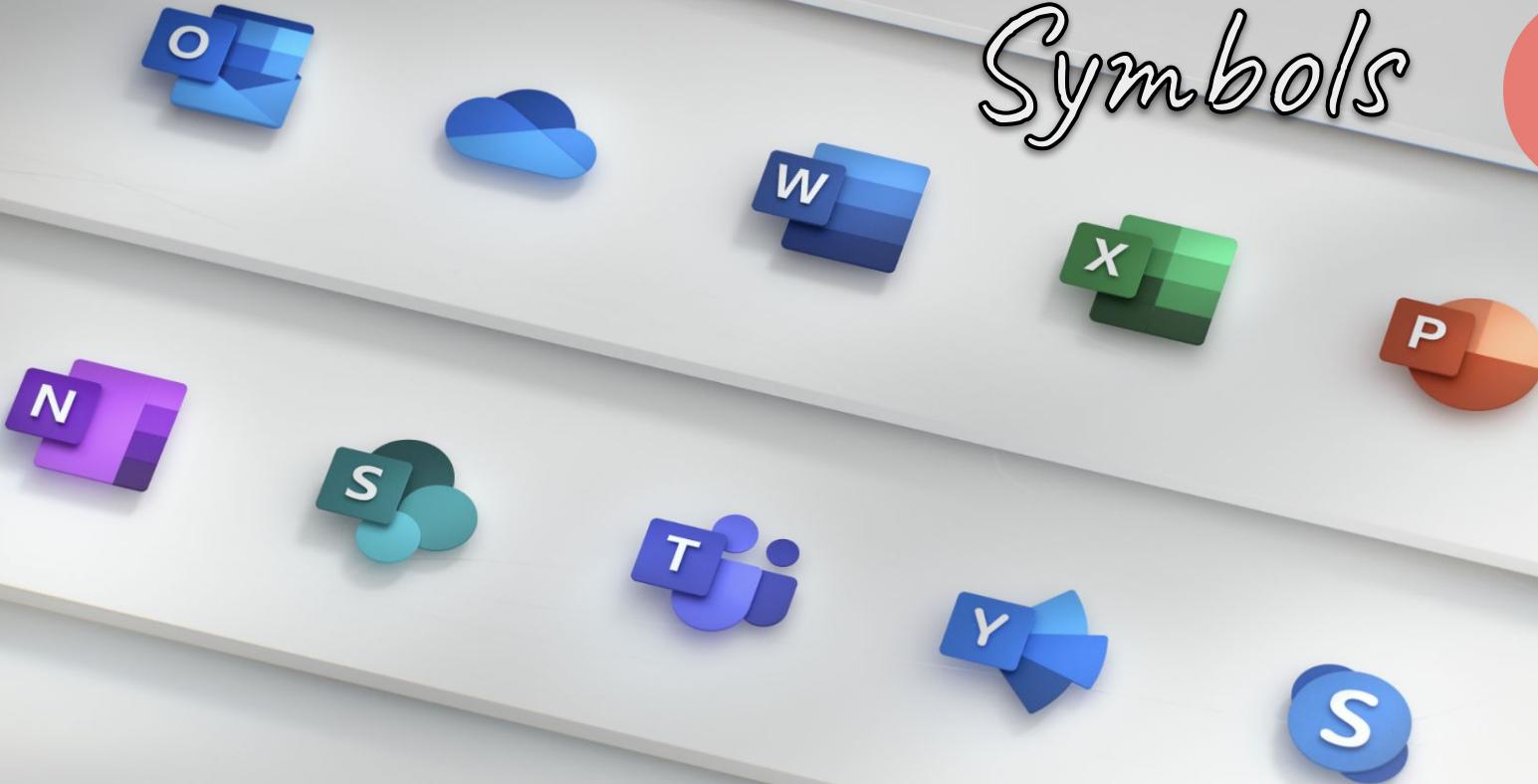




Documentation and Whitepapers



Symbols



Microsoft Office to publish symbols
starting August 2022

You have a Vulnerability Losers



Microsoft Security Response Center (microsoft.com)

You have a Vulnerability Losers

It's in the area blah blah blah! Here's a 200KB crash dump, you sort it out!

Lulz, you're so owned. Gimme \$\$\$\$.

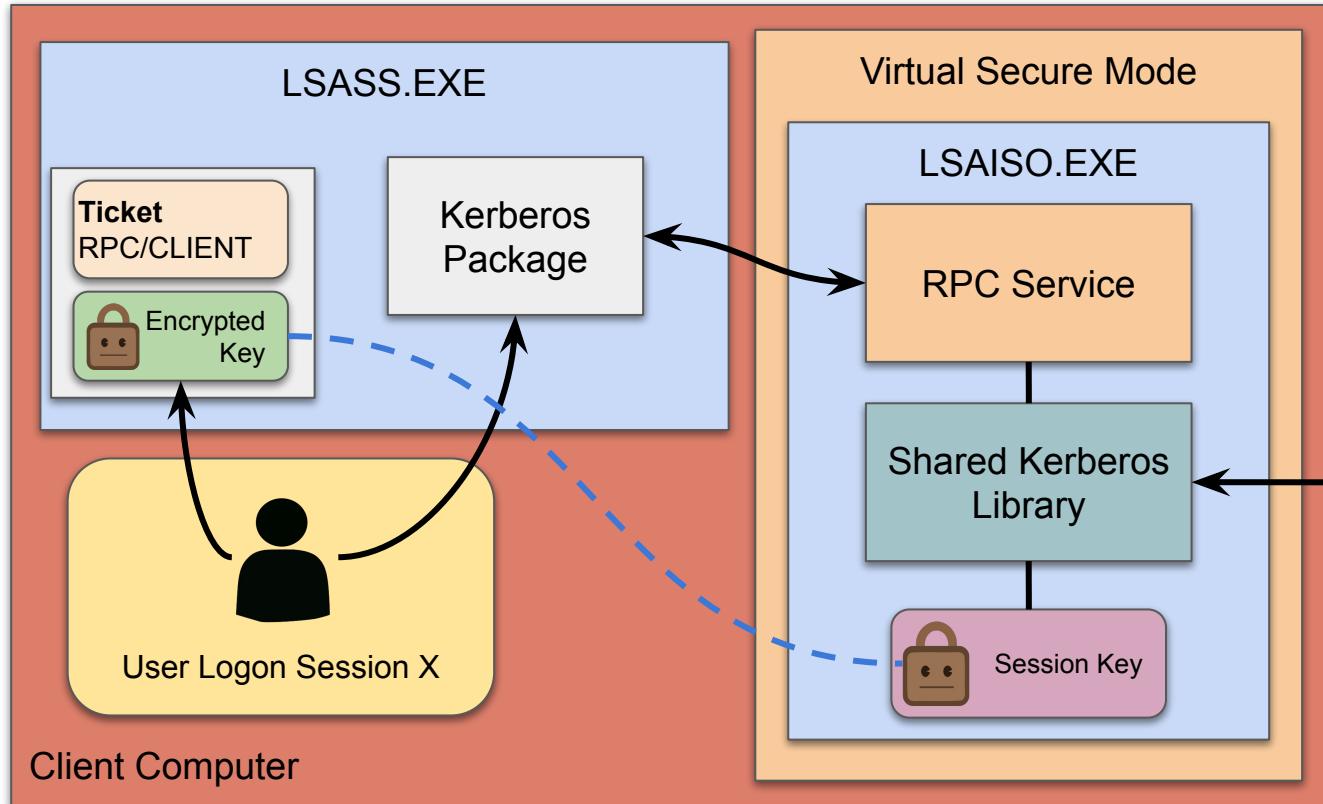
*Don't be a D**k*

↶ ↷ | Sans Serif ▾ | T T ▾ | B I U A ▾ | ⚡ ⚡ ⚡ ⚡ | ▾

Send

A





Windows Credential Guard!

New Windows 11 security features are designed for hybrid work

David Weston Vice President, Enterprise and OS Security

Marketing?

Enhanced identity protection and simplified password management

With Windows 11, you can protect your valuable data and enable secure hybrid work with the latest advanced security that small or medium-sized businesses say results in 2.8 times fewer instances of identity theft.⁵ Here are a few enhancements that can help you stay secure now and in the future:

- **Windows Defender Credential Guard** is enabled by default with Windows 11 Enterprise. Credential Guard uses hardware-backed, virtualization security to help protect against credential theft techniques such as pass-the-hash or pass-the-ticket. In addition, this feature helps prevent malware from accessing system secrets even if the process is running with admin privileges.

Bug Bounty?

Program Name	Start Date	Eligible Entries	Bounty Range
Microsoft Hyper-V	2017-05-31	Critical remote code execution, information disclosure and denial of services vulnerabilities in Hyper-V	Up to \$250,000 USD
Microsoft Windows Insider Preview	2017-07-26	Critical and important vulnerabilities in Windows Insider Preview	Up to \$100,000 USD
Microsoft Applications and On-Premises Servers	2021-03-24	Critical and important vulnerabilities in Microsoft Applications and On-Premises Servers	Up to \$30,000 USD
Windows Defender Application Guard	2017-07-26	Critical vulnerabilities in Windows Defender Application Guard	Up to \$30,000 USD
Microsoft Edge (Chromium-based)	2019-08-20	Critical, important, and moderate vulnerabilities in Microsoft Edge (Chromium-based) Dev, Beta, and Stable channels	Up to \$30,000 USD
Office Insider	2017-03-15	Vulnerabilities on Office Insider	Up to \$15,000 USD
ElectionGuard	2019-10-18	Vulnerabilities in ElectionGuard	Up to \$15,000 USD

[MS-RDPEAR]:

Documentation?

Remote Desktop Protocol Authentication Redirection Virtual Channel

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IDA - Lsalso.i64 (Lsalso.exe) D:\re\Lsalso.i64

File Edit Jump Search View Debugger Options Windows Help

I library function Data Regular function Unexplored Instruction External symbol

Functions window

Function name

- !umAlloc
- !KerbFreeRpcKey
- !KerbClientRpcInit(LsalsoSupportFunctions const*)
- !KerbClientRpcCleanup(void)
- !KerblumGetClientContext
- !KerblumEncryptPassword
- !KerblumBuildPasswordList
- !KerblumBuildAsReqAuthenticator
- !KerblumVerifyServiceTicket
- !KerblumCreateApReqAuthenticator
- !KerblumDecryptApReply
- !KerblumUnpackKdcReplyBody
- !KerblumComputeTgsChecksum
- !KerblumBuildEncryptedAuthData
- !KerblumPackApReply
- !KerblumHashS4UPreauth
- !KerblumSignS4UPreauthData
- !KerblumVerifyChecksum
- !KerblumBuildTicketArmorKey
- !KerblumBuildExplicitArmorKey
- !KerblumVerifyFastArmoredTgsReply
- !KerblumVerifyEncryptedChallengePaData
- GetPknitAuthenticator(KERB_KDC_REQUEST const*)
- ValidateAuthPackBuffer
- ValidatePknitAuthenticator
- KerblumBuildFastArmoredKdcRequest
- KerblumDecryptFastArmoredKerbError
- KerblumDecryptFastArmoredAsReply
- KerblumUpdateSharedConfiguration
- EncryptSupplementalCredentials
- KerblumDecryptPacCredentials
- FinishKeyAgreementCreation
- KerblumCreateECDHKeyAgreement
- KerblumCreateDHKeyAgreement

Line 184 of 663

Graph overview

Symbols?

```
1_int64 __fastcall KerbIumHashS4UPreauth(__int64 a1, const struct _KERB ASN1 DATA *a2, __int64 a3, unsigned int a4, _DWORD a5, _QWORD a6)
2{
3    unsigned int v6; // er12@1
4    __int64 v7; // rdi@1
5    const struct _KERB ASN1 DATA *v8; // r15@1
6    __int64 v9; // rbx@1
7    signed int v10; // edx@3
8    __int32 v11; // ebx@6
9    _DWORD v12; // rsi@10
10   _QWORD v13; // r14@12
11   __int128 v15; // [rsp+30h] [rbp-40h]@5
12   __int64 v16; // [rsp+40h] [rbp-30h]@5
13   __int128 v17; // [rsp+48h] [rbp-28h]@1
14   __int128 v18; // [rsp+58h] [rbp-18h]@1
15   int v19; // [rsp+68h] [rbp-8h]@1
16   __int64 v20; // [rsp+A0h] [rbp+30h]@1
17
18   v20 = 0i64;
19   v19 = 0;
20   v6 = a4;
21   v7 = a3;
22   v8 = a2;
23   v9 = a1;
24   v17 = 0i64;
25   v18 = 0i64;
26   if ( a3 && *( _DWORD * )( a3 + 8 ) == 3 )
27   {
28       v17 = 0i64;
29       v18 = 0i64;
30       v10 = DecryptKey((const struct _KERB_ENCRYPTION_KEY *)a3, (struct _KERB_ENCRYPTION_KEY *)&v17);
31       v19 = v10;
32   }
33   else
34   {
35       v10 = 0xC000000D;
36       v19 = 0xC000000D;
37   }
38   v15 = 0i64;
0000C7C0 KerbIumHashS4UPreauth:23
```

Output window

```
1400397C8: using guessed type __int32 __stdcall KerbClientUnpackAsn1BufferVoid(const struct _KERB ASN1 DATA *, unsigned __int32, void **);
140039F58: using guessed type __int64 __fastcall RtlAllocateHeap(_QWORD, _QWORD, _QWORD);
140045000: using guessed type void *WPP_GLOBAL_Control;
140045A00: using guessed type __int64 qword_140045A00;
```

IDC

AU: idle DownDisk: 324GB

Success?

project-zero project-zero ▾

Bulk edit

Add to hotlist

Change columns

⋮

1 - 11 of 11



Status ▾

Summary + Labels ▾

<input type="checkbox"/>	Fixed	Windows: Windows Defender Remote Credential Guard Authentication Relay EoP CCProjectZeroMembers
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fixed	Windows: Kerberos Redirected Logon Buffer EoP CCProjectZeroMembers
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fixed	Windows: Credential Guard Domain-joined Device Public Key EoP CCProjectZeroMembers
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fixed	Windows: Credential Guard ASN1 Decoder Type Confusion EoP CCProjectZeroMembers
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fixed	Windows: Credential Guard BCrypt Context Use-After-Free EoP CCProjectZeroMembers
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fixed	Windows: Credential Guard Insufficient Checks on Kerberos Encryption Type Use CCProjectZeroMembers
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fixed	Windows: Credential Guard Kerberos Change Password EoP CCProjectZeroMembers
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fixed	Windows: Credential Guard KerblumCreateApReqAuthenticator Key Information Disclosure CCProjectZeroMembers
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fixed	Windows: Credential Guard KerblumGetNtlmSupplementalCredential Information Disclosure CCProjectZeroMembers
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fixed	Windows: Credential Guard Non-Constant Time Comparison Information Disclosure CCProjectZeroMembers
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fixed	Windows: Credential Guard TGT Renewal Information Disclosure CCProjectZeroMembers

CVE-2022-34712

Issue 2306: Windows: Credential Guard KerbIumGetNtlmSupplementalCredential Information Disclosure

Reported by forshaw@google.com on Fri, May 27, 2022, 8:34 PM GMT+2

Windows: Credential Guard KerbIumGetNtlmSupplementalCredential Information Disclosure

Platform: Windows 10+

Class: Information Disclosure

Security Boundary: Virtual Secure Mode

Summary: The KerbIumGetNtlmSupplementalCredential CG API doesn't check the encryption key type leading to information disclosure of key material.

Assumptions: The vulnerability described assumes that a user has authenticated to a machine but is currently not active. As in they're not typing in their password which could be captured by a malicious SSP or changes to WDigest. This is an attack on the design and/or implementation of Credential Guard.

I also assume that you have SYSTEM and/or Kernel privileges on the machine and that you can get into the LSASS process. You could do this with a user-mode PPL bypass (assuming such a thing exists) or a memory corruption vuln or just having SYSTEM if PPL is not enabled. As far as I can tell this is a defended boundary as you shouldn't be able attack Credential Guard even from the VTL0 kernel.

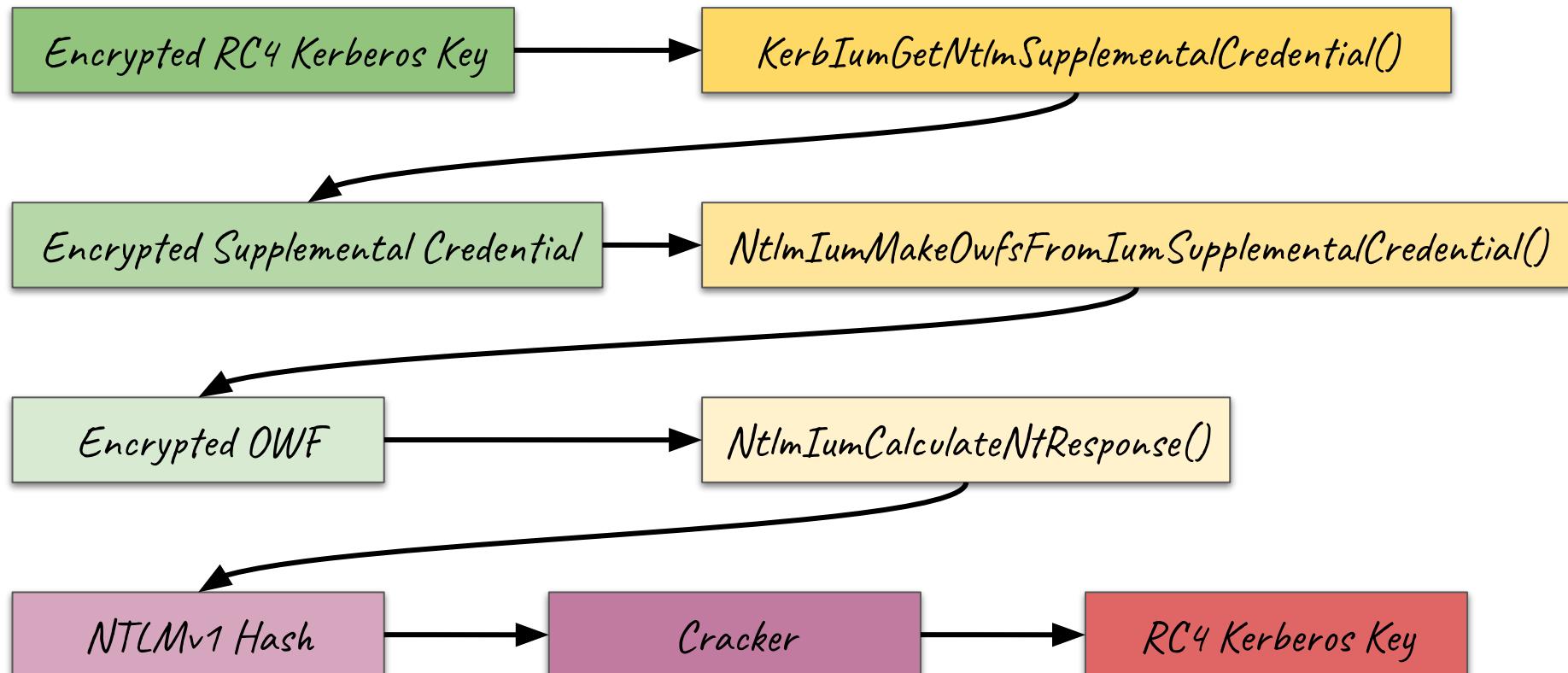
However, this research isn't going to verify that injecting into the process works. I can demonstrate that I can read out the encrypted key blobs for users from LSASS process memory so it'd only be a matter of injecting code into LSASS and calling the RPC API in LSAISO to invoke Credential Guard APIs.

Calculate NTLMv1 Response

```
NTSTATUS NtlmIumCalculateNtResponse(
    _In_    LPBYTE Challenge,
    _In_    PMSV1_0_SECRETS_WRAPPER Credential,
    _Out_   LPBYTE NtResponse) {
    IumpUnprotectCredential(Credential);
    return RtlCalculateNtResponse(Challenge,
                                    Credential->Data,
                                    NtResponse);
}
```

Exported as SystemFunction009

Exploit Chain



Protected User Group

Accounts that are members of the Protected Users group that authenticate to a Windows Server 2012 R2 domain are unable to:

- Authenticate with NTLM authentication.
- Use DES or RC4 encryption types in Kerberos pre-authentication.
- Be delegated with unconstrained or constrained delegation.
- Renew the Kerberos TGTs beyond the initial four-hour lifetime.

Trying Something Different

```
NTSTATUS KerbIumGetNt1mSupplementalCredential(
    _In_  const PKERB_ENCRYPTION_KEY Key,
    _Out_ PMSV1_0_IUM_SUPPLEMENTAL_CREDENTIAL *Cred) {

    KERB_ENCRYPTION_KEY DecryptKey;
    DecryptKey(Key, &DecryptKey);
    if (DecryptKey.KeySize == 16) {
        LsaIsoEncryptNt1mSupplementalCred(DecryptKey.Key, Cred);
        return STATUS_SUCCESS;
    } else {
        return STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER;
    }
}
```

*Only checks size,
not key type.*

*Can use an
AES128 key*

Your NETNTLM DES Cracking Job Results



crack.sh

To: You



Sat 11/06/2022 06:08

Crack.sh has successfully completed its attack against your NETNTLM handshake. The NT hash for the handshake is included below, and can be plugged back into the 'chapcrack' tool to decrypt a packet capture, or to authenticate to the server:

Token: \$NETNTLM\$1122334455667788\$C1D0A554FE8B6749480B5BB14F698BDEFB65C89E775721D2

Key: 2419d566fb174678a126125985437b97

Recovered the AES128 key

This run took 45 seconds.

Practical cracking time

Reply

Forward

Microsoft Windows Insider Preview Bounty Program

General Awards

Security Impact	Maximum Award
Remote Code Execution	\$5,000
Elevation of Privilege	\$2,000
Security Feature Bypass	\$1,000
Information Disclosure	\$1,000
Spoofing	\$1,000
Tampering	\$1,000
Denial of Service	\$500

~\$20,000?

A photograph of a large, fluffy, light brown and black dog lying on its side in the snow. A smaller, brown and tan striped cat is nestled against the dog's neck, both with their eyes closed. A large, stylized text overlay reads "Researcher" on the left and "Vendor" on the right, separated by a red heart symbol.

Researcher ❤ Vendor