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Prometheus

- 系统监控与警告系统,将指标数据 (cpu使用率、活动连接) 存储为时间序列。
- systemctl start prometheus 启动
- systemctl status prometheus 显示状态信息
- journalctl -u prometheus | grep error 具体问题日志

1. 直接传输(http)

```
//源端Prometheus配置
remote_write:
- url: http://<远程存储后端地址>/api/v1/write

//接收端Prometheus.yml配置
scrape_configs:
- job_name: 'remote_prometheus' //数据名
scrape_interval: 5m //抓取数据间隔
basic_auth: //验证
username: shgddfxxzxxm
password: Y05SAtgnzUyq
static_configs: //目标机器
- targets: ['172.20.88.244:9090']
```

2. 依赖源端nginx代理(https)

```
//prometheus.yml配置
scrape configs:
  - job_name: 'remote_prometheus' //数据名
   scrape_interval: 5m //抓取数据间隔
                                //指定抓取端点路径
   #metrics_path: /prometheus
   scheme: https
                                //协议
   tls config:
     insecure_skip_verify: true
   basic_auth:
                                //验证
     username: shgddfxxzxxm
     password: Y05SAtgnzUyq
                                //目标机器
   static_configs:
   - targets: '172.20.88.244'
//nginx配置
location / {
   proxy_pass http://172.20.88.244:9090/;
   proxy_http_version 1.1;
   proxy_set_header Upgrade $http_upgrade;
   proxy_set_header Connection keep-alive;
   proxy_set_header Host $host;
   proxy_cache_bypass $http_upgrade;
   proxy_set_header Connection "Upgrade";
   proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
```

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```
proxy_read_timeout 3000s;
}
```

3. 检验

。 在浏览器输入 http:// 接收端ip:端口/ -> Status -> Targets .

