rangemx

| | rangem | nx.mexmaci64 | is a Matlab m | ex driver for Fortran program RGCALC | | |
|---------|---------|---------------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|--|
| | Ref.: | NRL Report | 7448 | | | |
| | | A Fortran Co | omputer Progra | m to Calculate the Range of a Pulse | | |
| | | | August 28, 1 | 072 | | |
| | | L. V. Blake | August 20, 1 | 3 12 | | |
| | | 2022a upda | | | | |
| | | oneapi 2023 Monterey v | | ortran compiler | | |
| | | | | | | |
| rangemx | rangemx | | | | | |
| Input | Output | Data type | Fortran/mex | Parameter description | Value | Note |
| array | array | Data type | variable | rarameter description | varue | NOTE: |
| x(1,1) | y(1,1) | Real | PT | Peak Pulse Power (kW) | | |
| x(1,2) | y(1,2) | Real | TAU | Pulse Duration (usec) | | |
| x(1,3) | y(1,3) | Real | GT | Transmit Antenna Gain (dB) | | |
| x(1,4) | y(1,4) | Real | GR | Receive Antenna Gain(dB) | | |
| x(1,5) | y(1,5) | Real | FM | Frequency (MHz) | | |
| x(1,6) | y(1,6) | Real | ANF | Receiver Noise Factor (dB) | | |
| x(1,7) | y(1,7) | Real | СВ | Bandwidth Correction Factor (dB) | | |
| x(1,8) | y(1,8) | Real | ALA | Antenna Ohmic Loss (dB) | | |
| x(1,9) | y(1,9) | Real | ALT | Transmit Transmission Line Loss (dB) | | |
| x(1,10) | y(1,10) | Real | ALR | Receive Transmission Line Loss (dB) | | |
| x(1,11) | y(1,11) | Real | ALP | Scanning-Antenna Pattern Loss (dB) | | |
| x(1,12) | y(1,12) | Real | ALX | Miscellaneous Loss (dB) | | |
| x(1,13) | y(1,13) | Integer | NP | Number of Pulses Integrated | >= 1 | If KA = 6 or 7 (NP is ignored) |
| x(1,14) | y(1,14) | Real | PD | Probability of Detection or SNR (dB) | PD: 0.1 - 0.95 | If KA = 6 or 7 (PD = SNR and there is no range limit) |
| x(1,15) | y(1,15) | Real | FA | False-Alarm Probability (Negative Power of Ten) or SNR (dB) | FA: 4.0 - | If KA = 6 (FA is ignored) If KA = 7 (FA = SNR and there is no range limit) |
| x(1,16) | y(1,16) | Real | SIG | Target Cross Section (Square Meters) | | |
| x(1,17) | y(1,17) | Real | EL | Target Elevation Angle (Degrees) | | |
| x(1,18) | y(1,18) | Integer | NS | Solar and Galactic Noise | -1,0,1 | -1 = Minimum 0 = Average 1 = Maximum |
| x(1,19) | y(1,19) | Integer | KA | Swerling Fluctuation Case | 0-7 | 0 - 4 = Calc. range for one Swerling Case 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 5 = Calc. range for all Swerling Case 0 to 4 6 = Calc. range for one SNR (PD=SNR) 7 = Calc. range for two SNR (PD=SNR, FA= SNR) |

| x(1,20) | y(1,20) | Real | RHOFAC | Water-vapor density multiplicator for Standard | 1-2 | 1 = Attenuation and noise temperature calculated for a surface |
|---------|---------|---------|------------|---|-----|--|
| x(1,20) | y(1,20) | Real | RHOFAC | water-vapor density multiplicator for Standard atmosphere | 1-2 | ater-vapor density of 7.5 g/m3 (default) 2 = Value for surface water-vapor density of 15 g/m3 |
| | y(1,21) | Integer | INERR | Mex Error flag - Out of range error for input parameters PD, FA or NP (calculation aborted) - prevent issue with MARSWR calculation. | 1-3 | <pre>0 = no error 1 = PD error 2 = FA error 3 = PN error</pre> |
| | y(2,1) | Real | TA | Antenna noise temperature (K) | | |
| | y(2,2) | Real | TR | Receiving Transmission Line noise temperature (K) | | |
| | y(2,3) | Real | TE | Receiver noise temperature (K) | | |
| | y(2,4) | Real | TEI | TE X Line-Loss Factor = TEI (K) | | |
| | y(2,5) | Real | TSYS | System (TA + TR + TEI) (K) | | |
| | y(2,6) | Real | ATTN(3,75) | Two-Way Attenuation Through Entire Troposphere (dB) | | |
| | y(2,7) | Real | YB | Detector Threshold (dB) | | |
| | y(2,8) | Integer | IERR | Error Flag from MARSWR.FOR input parameter range error (MARSWR calculation is aborted. The fortran program may stop responding and user need to manually kill Matlab) | 0-1 | 0 = no error 1 = MARSWR Fortran internal routine return an out of range parameter error |
| | y(2,9) | Real | SNDBC(1) | Signal-to-Noise Ratio (dB) | | Swerling Case 0-4 (KA 0-4) Swerling Case 0 (KA = 5) SNR (KA = 6) |
| | y(2,10) | Real | ATTC(1) | Tropospheric Attenuation (dB) | | Swerling Case 0-4 (KA 0-4) Swerling Case 0 (KA = 5) SNR (KA = 6) |
| | y(2,11) | Real | RNGC (1) | Range (Nautical Miles) | | Swerling Case 0-4 (KA 0-4) Swerling Case 0 (KA = 5) SNR (KA = 6) |
| | y(2,12) | Real | SNDBC(2) | Signal-to-Noise Ratio (dB) | | Swerling Case 1 (for KA = 5) SNR (KA = 7) Ignored (KA = 0-4,6) |
| | y(2,13) | Real | ATTC(2) | Tropospheric Attenuation (dB) | | Swerling Case 1 (for KA = 5) SNR (KA = 7) Ignored (KA = 0-4,6) |
| | y(2,14) | Real | RNGC (2) | Range (Nautical Miles) | | Swerling Case 1 (for KA = 5) SNR (KA = 7) Ignored (KA = 0-4,6) |
| | y(2,15) | Real | SNDBC(3) | Signal-to-Noise Ratio (dB) | | Swerling Case 2 (for KA = 5) Ignored for (KA = 0-4,6,7) |
| | у(2,16) | Real | ATTC(3) | Tropospheric Attenuation (dB) | | Swerling Case 2 (for KA = 5) Ignored for (KA = 0-4,6,7) |
| | y(2,17) | Real | RNGC (3) | Range (Nautical Miles) | | Swerling Case 2 (for KA = 5) Ignored for (KA = 0-4,6,7) |
| | y(2,18) | Real | SNDBC(4) | Signal-to-Noise Ratio (dB) | | Swerling Case 3 (for KA = 5) Ignored for (KA = 0-4,6,7) |
| | y(2,19) | Real | ATTC (4) | Tropospheric Attenuation (dB) | | Swerling Case 3 (for KA = 5) Ignored for (KA = 0-4,6,7) |
| | y(2,20) | Real | RNGC (4) | Range (Nautical Miles) | | Swerling Case 3 (for KA = 5) Ignored for (KA = 0-4,6,7) |
| | y(2,21) | Real | SNDBC (5) | Signal-to-Noise Ratio (dB) | | Swerling Case 4 (for KA = 5) Ignored for (KA = 0-4,6,7) |
| | y(2,22) | Real | ATTC (5) | Tropospheric Attenuation (dB) | | Swerling Case 4 (for KA = 5) Ignored for (KA = 0-4,6,7) |

| y(2,23) | Real | RNGC (5) | Range (Nautical Miles) | | Swerling Case 4 (for KA = 5) Ignored for (KA = 0-4,6,7) |
|---------|------|-----------|--|------|---|
| y(3,n) | Real | RG(n) | 75 monotonically increasing values of range, nautical miles, along the ray path from h = 0 to h = 100,000 ft | n=75 | Ref.: NRL Report 7461 Radar/Radio Tropospheric Absorption and Noise Temperature - Lamont V. Blake 1972. |
| y(4,n) | Real | ATTN(1,n) | 75 corresponding decibel radar attenuation values for oxygen | n=75 | |
| y(5,n) | Real | ATTN(2,n) | 75 corresponding decibel radar attenuation values for water vapor | n=75 | |
| y(6,n) | Real | ATTN(3,n) | 75 corresponding decibel radar attenuation values for oxygen plus water vapor | n=75 | |
| y(7,n) | Real | PP(n) | Standard Atmosphere values for pressure | n=75 | |
| y(8,n) | Real | TT(n) | Standard Atmosphere values for temperature | n=75 | |
| y(9,n) | Real | RR(n) | Standard Atmosphere values for water-vapor density | n=75 | |
| y(10,n) | Real | ALPH(1,n) | Absorption coefficient for oxygen (dB per nautical miles) | n=75 | |
| y(11,n) | Real | ALPH(2,n) | Absorption coefficient for water vapor (dB per nautical miles) | n=75 | |
| y(12,n) | Real | ALPH(3,n) | Absorption coefficient for oxygen plus water vapor (dB per nautical miles) | n=75 | |