Command Line Cheat Sheet

clear

• Clears the screen you're working on

pwd – Present working directory

• Shows your current folder location

ls – list

• Shows the contents of the folder you're in

ls –l

- Shows the list in long format
 - Will give permissions, number of hard links, owner, group, size, last-modified date and filename (in that order)

ls -t

• Sort by time modified (most recent modified first)

ls -r

• Reverses the order

mkdir < Folder Name>

- Creates a new folder with the name you specify
- Note: If you're going to have spaces, put the folder name in " "
 - o Example: mkdir "My Folder"
 - Example: mkdir Folder_1 Folder_2

cd <Folder Name> <Location>

Moves your location to the folder specified

cd ../

Moves you back/up one folder

cd ~

Moves you to your home directory

touch <filename.extension>

- Creates a new file
- Example: touch MyFile.txt

cp <file> <location>

- Copies a file to a location
- Example: cp Text-1_1.txt ./Level2

mv <file> <location>

• Moves a file to a location

head <filename>

• Shows the beginning of a text based document

Command Line Cheat Sheet

- Option: head -<number> <filename>
 - Shows X number of lines of a file
 - o Example: head -10 test.txt

tail <filename>

- Show the end of a text based document
- Option: tail -<number> <filename>
 - Shows X number of lines of a file
- o Example: tail -10 test.txt

less <filename>

- View (but not change) the contents of a text file one screen at a time
- Q or Ctrl + Z will stop it

cat <filename>

• Reads the file sequentially, writing it to the screen.

cat <file_1> <file_2> > new_file

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| (pipe)

- The output of the command to the left of the pipe gets sent as input of the command to the right of the pipe.
- <take this information> | <and then do something with it over here>

tee <filename>

• tee is normally used to split the output of a program so that it can be both displayed and saved in a file.

rm

Delete a file

rm -r <foldername>/*

- Will remove all of the files and directories in a folder specified
- Example: rm -r Docs/*

wc

Word Count

wc -l <filename>

• Prints the line count