work/working go/going do/doing

A work/go/be etc. (infinitive)

We use the infinitive with will/can/must etc.:

will	Ann will be here soon.	⇒ Units 28–29
shall	Shall I open the window?	
might	I might phone you later.	⇒ Unit 30
may	May I sit here? I can't meet you tomorrow.	
can could	Could you pass the salt, please?	\Rightarrow Unit 31
must	It's late. I must go now.	⇒ Unit 32
should	You shouldn't work so hard.	⇒ Unit 33
would	Would you like some coffee?	\Rightarrow Unit 35

do/does (present simple)	Do you work? They don't work very hard. Tina doesn't know many people. How much does it cost?	⇒ Units 6–7
did (past simple)	What time did the train leave ? We didn't sleep well.	⇒ Unit 12

В to work / to go / to be etc. (to + infinitive)

(I'm) going to	I'm going to play tennis tomorrow. What are you going to do?	⇒ Unit 27
(I) have to	I have to go now. Everybody has to eat.	⇒ Unit 34
(I) want to	Do you want to go out? They don't want to come with us.	⇒ Unit 51
(I) would like to	I'd like to talk to you. Would you like to go out?	⇒ Unit 35
(I) used to	Dave used to work in a factory.	⇒ Unit 25

working/going/playing etc.

am/is/are + -ing (present continuous)	Please be quiet. I'm working. Tom isn't working today. What time are you going out?	\Rightarrow Units 3–4, 8, 26
was/were + -ing (past continuous)	It was raining, so we didn't go out. What were you doing when the phone rang?	⇒ Units 13–14



49.1 Read what these people say and write sentences with He/She /They said (that)



49.2 Use the pictures to complete the sentences.



- 1 I met Diane last week. She said she was enjoying her new job.
- 2 Betty didn't want anything to eat. She said
- 3 I wanted to borrow Mike's ladder but he said
- 4 Sally was invited to the party but she said
- 5 Sharon told me she didn't want the picture. She said
- 6 Martin has just gone away on holiday. He said
- 7 I was looking for Robert. Linda said
- 8 'Why did Steve stay at home?' 'He said .
- 9 'Has Mary gone out?' 'I think so. She said

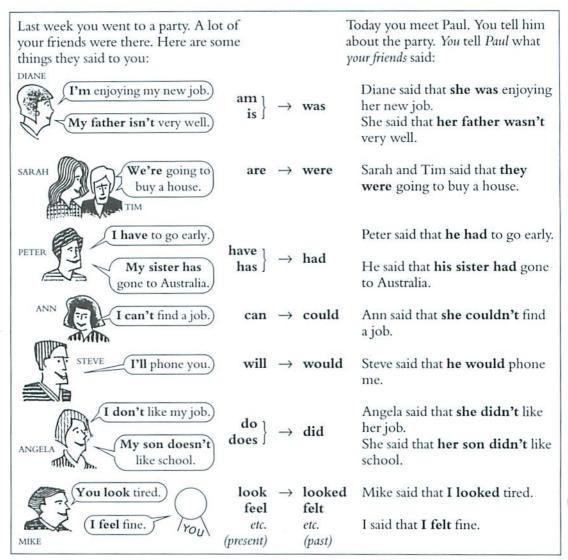
49.3 Put in say/said or tell/told.

- 1 He said he was tired.
- 2 What did she tell you?
- 3 Annshe didn't like Peter.
- 4 Jack me that you were ill.
- 5 Please don't Jim what happened.
- 6 Did Lucyshe would be late?

- 7 The womanshe was a reporter.
- 8 The woman us she was a reporter.
- 9 They asked me a lot of questions but I didn'tthem anything.
- 10 They asked me a lot of questions but I didn'tanything.

She said that ... He told me that ...

A



say and tell

say $(\rightarrow said)$

- He said that he was tired. (not 'He said me')
- What did she say to you? (not 'say you')

Do not say: 'he said me', 'I said Ann' etc.

 $tell (\rightarrow told)$

- He told me that he was tired. (not 'He told that ...')
- What did she tell you? (not 'tell to you')

Do not say: 'he told to me', 'I told to Ann' etc.

- C You can say:
 - He said that he was tired. or He said he was tired. (without 'that')
 - Ann told me that she didn't like her job. or Ann told me she didn't like her job.

Answer these questions with I don't know where/when/why etc.	
Have your friends gone home? Is Kate in her office? Is the castle very old? Will Paul be here soon? Was he angry because I was late? Has Sally lived here a long time? Have your friends gone home? (where) I don't know where they've gone.	
Complete the sentences.	
1 (How do aeroplanes fly?) 2 (Where does Susan work?) 3 (What did Peter say?) 4 (Why did he go home early?) 5 (What time does the film begin?) 6 (How did the accident happen?) Do you know I don't know Do you know I don't remember	? ?
Which is right?	
 Do you know what time is it / it is? Do you know what time it is? is right Why are you / you are going away? I don't know where are they / they are going. Can you tell me where is the museum / the museum is? Where do you want / you want to go for your holidays? Do you know what do elephants eat / elephants eat? 	•
Write questions with Do you know if?	
1 (Have they got a car?) 2 (Are they married?) 3 (Does Sue know Bill?) 4 (Will George be here tomorrow?) 5 (Did he pass his exam?)	
Write questions beginning Do you know?	
1 (What does Ann want?) 2 (Where is Paula?) 3 (Is she working today?) 4 (What time does she start work?) 5 (Are the shops open tomorrow?) 6 (Where do Sarah and Tim live?) 7 (Did they go to Ann's party?)	
Use your own ideas to complete these sentences.	
1 Do you know why the bus was late? 2 Do you know what time	?
	Have your friends gone home? Is Kate in her office? Is the castle very old? Will Paul be here soon? Was he angry because I was late? Has Sally lived here a long time? Complete the sentences. I (How do aeroplanes fly?) (Where does Susan work?) (What did Peter say?) (What did Peter say?) (What did Peter say?) (What dime does the film begin?) (What time does the film begin?) (How did the accident happen?) Which is right? I Do you know what time isie / it is? Why are you / you are going away? I don't know where are they / they are going. Can you tell me where is the museum / the museum is? White questions with Do you know if? I (Have they got a car?) (Chave they got a car?) (Chave they got be here tomorrow?) (Did he pass his exam?) Write questions beginning Do you know? I (What does Ann want?) (What does she start work?) (Where do Sarah and Tim live?) (Did they go to Ann's party?) Use your own ideas to complete these sentences. I Do you know what time Elsa Kate in her office? (where) I don't know (where) I don't know (where) I don't know (how old) (when) (who don't know Do you know I don't know Do you know what time is is is flag the index of the in

Do you know where ... ? I don't know what ... etc.

A



We say:

Where is Paula?

but:

Do you know where Paula is ? (not 'Do you know where is Paula?')

In the same way we say:

I know I don't know Can you tell me where Paula is

Compare:

Who are those people? but How old is Linda? What time is it? Where can I go? How much is this camera? When are you going away? Where have they gone? What was Ann wearing?

Do you know Can you tell me

I know I don't know I don't remember who those people are how old Linda is what time it is where I can go

what time it is
where I can go
how much this camera is
when you're going away
where they have gone
what Ann was wearing

B Questions with do/does/did (present simple and past simple):

Where does he live ?

Do you know where he lives? (not 'Do you know where does he live?')

Compare:

How do aeroplanes fly? but What does Jane want? Why did she go home? Where did I put the key?

Do you know I don't know I don't remember I know how aeroplanes fly what Jane wants why she went home where I put the key

Questions beginning Is ...? / Do ...? / Can ...? etc. (yes/no questions):

Compare:

Is Jack at home?
Have they got a car?
Can Brian swim?
Do they live near here?
Did anybody see you?

but

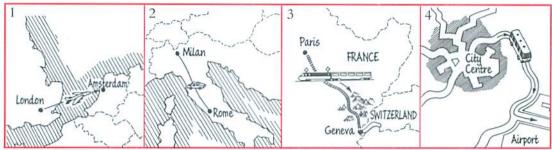
Do you know	if	Jack is at home they've got a car	?
I don't know	or whether	Brian can swim they live near here anybody saw you	

You can use if or whether in these sentences:

Do you know if they've got a car? or Do you know whether they've got a car?

47.3

47.1 Look at the pictures and write questions with How long ...?



77	MANUAL MA	ALL ALLIAN
1	How long does it take by	plane from London to Amsterdam?
3		
4		
Н	ow long does it take to do these	things? Write full sentences.
1	fly from your city/country to It takes two hours to fly	o London from Madrid to London.
2	fly from your city/country t	to New York
3	study to be a doctor in your	country
4	walk from your home to the	nearest shop
5	get from your home to the r	nearest airport
W	rite questions with How long di	d it take ?
1	(She found a place to live.)	How long did it take her to find a place to live?
2 3 4 5	(I walked to the station.) (He cleaned the windows.) (I learnt to ski.) (They repaired the car.)	you
	200 W B 00	

- 47.4 Read the situations and write sentences with It took
 - 1 I read a book last week. I started reading it on Monday. I finished it three days later. It took me three days to read the book.
 - 2 We walked home last night. We left at 10 o'clock and we arrived home at 10.20.
 - 3 I learnt to drive last year. I had my first driving lesson in January. I passed my driving test six months later.
 - 4 Mark drove to London yesterday. He left home at 8 o'clock and got to London at 10.
 - 5 Linda began looking for a job a long time ago. She got a job last week.
 - 6 (write a true sentence about yourself)

How long does it take ...?

A



How long does it take		by plane		?
It takes	two hours ten minutes a long time	by train by car	from to	

How long **does it take** by plane from London to Madrid?

It takes two hours.

- How long does it take by train from London to Manchester?
- It takes two hours by train from London to Manchester.
- How long does it take by car from your house to the station?
- It takes ten minutes by car from my house to the station.

В



How long	does did will	it take	(you) (Ann) (them)	to ?
----------	---------------------	---------	--------------------------	------

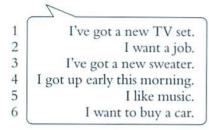
It	takes took will take	(me) (Ann) (them)	a week a long time three hours	to
----	----------------------------	-------------------------	--------------------------------------	----

I started reading the book on Monday. I finished it on Wednesday evening.

It took me three days to read it.

- How long does it take to fly from London to Madrid?
- It takes a long time to learn a language.
- It doesn't take long to cook an omelette.
- It takes me 20 minutes to get to work.
- 'I came by train.' 'Did you? How long did it take (to get here)?'
- It took Tom an hour to do his shopping.
- Did it take you a long time to find a job?
- How long will it take me to learn to drive?
- It will take us an hour to cook the dinner.

46.1 Write questions with what.



(make?) (kind?)	What make is it? What kind of job do you want?
(colour?)	What
(time?)	get up?
(type?)	
(kind?)	

46.2 Complete the questions. Use Which ...?



- 46.3 Put in what/which/who.
 - 1 What is that man's name?
 2 Which way shall we go? Left or right?
 3 You can have tea or coffee. do you prefer?
 - 4 '.....day is it today?' 'Friday.'
 - 5 This is a nice house.room is yours?
- 6is your favourite sport?
 7is more expensive, meat or fish?
- 8is older, Ann or George?
- 9 kind of camera have you got?
- 10 A: Mary has got three cameras.
 - B: camera does she use most?
- 11nationality are you?

How tall are you?

46.4 Complete the questions with How + adjective or adverb (high/long etc.).

How high is Mount Everest?
is it to the station?
is Helen?
do the buses run?
is the water in the pool?
have you lived here?

Nearly 9000 metres. It's about two kilometres from here. She's 26. Every ten minutes. Two metres. Nearly three years.

- 46.5 Write questions with How ... ?
 - 1 Are you 1 metre 70? 1.75? 1.80?
 2 Is this box one kilogram? Two? Three?
 - 3 Are you 20 years old? 22? 25?
 - 4 Did you spend £10? £15? £20?
 - 5 Do you watch TV every day? Once a week? Never?
 - 6 Is it 1000 miles from Paris to Moscow? 1500? 2000?

What ...? Which ...? How ...?

- Α What + noun (What colour ...? / What kind ...? etc.)
 - What colour is your car?
 - What size is this shirt?
 - What time is it?
- What colour are your eyes?
- What make is your TV set?
- What day is it today?
- What kind of job do you want? (or What type of job ...? / What sort of job ...?)

What without a noun:

- What's your favourite colour?
 What do you want to do this evening?
- В Which + *noun* (things or people):
 - Which train did you catch the 9.50 or the 10.30?
 - Which doctor did you see Doctor Ellis, Doctor Gray or Doctor Hill?

We use **which** without a noun for things, not people:

Which is bigger – Canada or Australia?

We use who for people (without a noun):

- Who is taller Bill or Gerry? (not 'Which is taller?')
- C What or which?

We use which when we are thinking about a small number of possibilities (perhaps 2, 3 or 4):

- We can go this way or that way. Which way shall we go?
- There are four umbrellas here. Which is yours?

or

What is more general:

- What is the capital of Argentina?
- What sort of music do you like?

Compare:

- What colour are his eyes? (not 'Which colour?') Which colour do you prefer, pink or yellow?
- What is the longest river in the world? Which is the longest river – the Mississippi, the Amazon or the Nile?
- D How ... ?
 - 'How was the party last night?' 'It was great.'
 - 'How do you usually go to work?' 'By bus.'

You can use **how** + *adjective/adverb* (**how tall / how old / how often** *etc.*):

tall are you?' 'I'm 1 metre 70.' big is the house?' 'Not very big.' old is your mother?' 'She's 45.' 'How far is it from here to the airport?' 'Five kilometres.' often do you use your car?' 'Every day.' long have they been married?' 'Ten years.' much was the meal?' 'Twenty pounds.'

45.3

45.5

45.1 You want the missing information (XXXXX). Write questions with who or what

Tou want the missing information (XXXX). W	The questions with who or what.
1 The letter is from XXXXX.	Who is the letter from?
2 I'm looking for a XXXXX.	What you
3 I went to the cinema with XXXXX.	
4 The film was about XXXXX.	
5 I gave the money to XXXXX.	
6 The book was written by XXXXX .	
Complete the questions for the pictures. Use of listen look talk talk w	ne of these verbs + a preposition:
2	It was very good. Yes, very interesting
1 Who is she talking to? 2 What 3 Who	
Write questions beginning Which?	1
Tom's father is in hospital. We stayed at a hotel. Jack plays for a football team. I went to school in this town.	Which hospital is he in?
You want some information about another countries Ask questions with What is/are like?	ntry. You ask somebody who has been there.
1 (the roads) What are the roads like 2 (the food)	
Ask questions with What was/were like?	
1 Your friend has just come back from ho What was the weather like?	liday. Ask about the weather.
2 Your friend has just come back from the	e cinema. Ask about the film.
3 Your friend has just finished an English	course. Ask about the lessons.
4 Your friend has just come back from ho	oliday. Ask about the hotel.

Who is she talking to? What is it like? (questions 3)

A

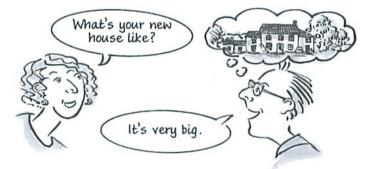


Julia is talking to somebody.

Who is she talking to?

In questions beginning Who ...? / What ...? / Where ...? / Which ...?, prepositions (to/from/with etc.) usually go at the end:

- 'Where are you from?' 'I'm from Thailand.'
- 'John was afraid.' 'What was he afraid of?'
- 'Who do these books belong to?' 'They're mine.'
- Tom's father is in hospital. 'Which hospital is he in?'
- 'Kate is going on holiday.' 'Who with?' / 'Who is she going with?'
- 'I want to talk to you.' 'What about?' / 'What do you want to talk to me about?'
- В What is it like? / What are they like? etc.



What's (= What is) it like? = tell me something about it - is it good or bad, big or small, old or new? etc.

When we say 'What is it like?', like is a preposition. It is not the verb like ('Do you like your new house?' etc.).

- A: There's a new restaurant in our street.
 - B: What's it like? Is it good?
 - A: I don't know. I haven't eaten there yet.
- A: What's your new teacher like?
 - B: She's very good. We learn a lot.
- A: I met Linda's parents yesterday.
- B: Did you? What are they like?
- A: They're very friendly.
- A: Did you have a nice holiday? What was the weather like?
 - B: It was lovely. The sun shone every day.

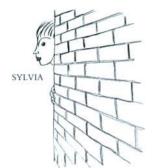
1	Somebody broke the window.	Who broke the window?
2	Something fell off the shelf.	What
3	Somebody wants to see you.	
4	Somebody took my umbrella.	
5	Something made me ill.	
6	Somebody is coming.	
Mak	e questions with who or what (subject o	or object).
1	I bought something.	What did you buy?
2	Somebody lives in this house.	Who lives in this house?
3	I phoned somebody.	
4	Something happened last night.	
5	Somebody knows the answer.	
6	Somebody did the washing-up.	
7	Jill did something.	
8	Something woke me up.	
9	Somebody saw the accident.	
10	I saw somebody.	
11	Somebody has got my pen.	
12	This word means something.	
1 (I lost XXXXX yesterday but fortunatel XXXXX found it and gave it back to n	
	AAAA Tourid it and gave it back to it	
2	XXXXX phoned me last night. She waxxxxx.	
	XXXXX phoned me last night. She wa	anted
3 (XXXXX phoned me last night. She waxxxx. I needed some advice, so I asked XXX	anted XXX.
3 (XXXXX phoned me last night. She waxxxx. I needed some advice, so I asked XXX He said XXXXX. I hear that XXXXX got married last w	anted XXX.
$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 6 \end{array} $	XXXXX phoned me last night. She waxxxx. I needed some advice, so I asked XXX He said XXXXX. I hear that XXXXX got married last w XXXXX told me. I met XXXXX on my way home this	anted XXX. Zeek.



Who saw you? Who did you see? (questions 2)

A

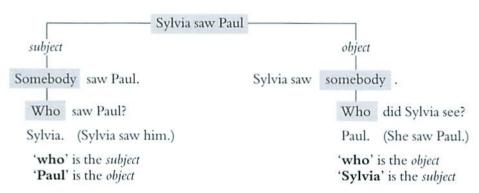




Sylvia saw Paul.

Who **saw** Paul? Sylvia. (Sylvia saw him.)

Who **did** Sylvia **see**? Paul. (She saw Paul.)



- B In these questions, who/what is the subject:
 - Who lives in this house? (= somebody lives in it who?)
 (not 'Who does live?')
 - What happened? (= something happened what?)
 (not 'What did happen?)
 - What's happening? (What's = What is)
 - Who's got my key? (Who's = Who has)

In these questions, who/what is the object:

- Who did **you** meet yesterday? (= **you** met *somebody* who?)
- What did Paul say? (= Paul said something what?)
- Who are you phoning?
- What was Sylvia wearing?

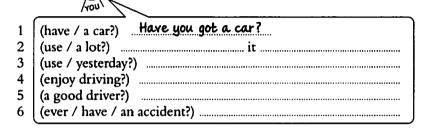
Compare:

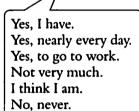
- George likes oranges. → Who likes oranges? George.
 - What does George like? Oranges.
- Jill won some money. → Who won some money? Jill.
 What did Jill win? A hundred pounds.
- Use who for people (somebody). Use what for things, ideas etc. (something):
 - Who is your favourite singer?
 - What is your favourite song?

43.1 Wi	ite qu	estions.
----------------	--------	----------

1	I can swim.	(and you?)	Can you swim?
2	I work hard.	(and Jim?)	Does Jim work hard?
3	I was late this morning.	(and you?)	
4	I've got a key.	(and Ann?)	
5	I'll be here tomorrow.	(and you?)	
6	I'm going out this evening.	(and Paul?)	
7	I like my job.	(and you?)	
8	I live near here.	(and Linda?)	
9	I enjoyed my holiday.	(and you?)	
10	I had a shower this morning.	(and you?)	

43.2 You are talking to a friend about driving. Write the full questions.





43.3 Put the words in the right order. All the sentences are questions.

1	(has / gone / where / David?) Where has David gone?
2	(working / Rachel / is / today?) Is Rachel working today?
3	(the children / what / are / doing?) What
4	(made / is / how / cheese?)
5	(to the party / coming / is / your sister?)
6	(you / the truth / tell / don't / why?)
7	(your guests / have / yet / arrived?)
8	(leave / what time / your train / does?)
	(your car / in the accident / was / damaged?)
0	(to work / Ann / why / go / didn't?)

43.4 Complete the questions.

1	I want to go out.
2	Ann and Paul aren't going to the party.
3	I'm reading.
4	Sue went to bed early.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	My parents are going on holiday.
6	I met Tom a few days ago.
7	Tina has gone away.
8	I can't come to the party.
9	I need some money.
10	Angela doesn't like me.
11	It rains sometimes.
12	I did the shopping.

Where do you want to go?
Why aren't they going?
What
What time
When
Where
Where
Why
How much
Why
How often
When

is it ...? have you ...? do they ...? etc. (questions 1)

A positive: you are You are eating.

question: are you Are you eating? What are you eating?

In questions, the first verb (is/are/have etc.) is before the subject:

```
positive
                                                  question
   subject + verb
                                                 verb + subject
                                                 Am I late?
        I am late.
That seat is free.
                                                   Is that seat free?
                                    \rightarrow
     She was angry.
                                   \rightarrow
                                           Why was she angry?
   David has gone.
                                    \rightarrow
                                         Where has David gone?
     You have got a car.
                                               Have you got a car?
                                          When will they be here?
    They will be here soon.
                                    \rightarrow
    Paula can swim.
                                                Can Paula swim?
                                    \rightarrow
```

Be careful with word order: the subject is after the first verb:

- Where has David gone? (not 'Where has gone David?')
- Are those people waiting for something? (not 'Are waiting ...?')
- When was the telephone invented? (not 'When was invented ...?')
- B do ... ? / does ... ? / did ... ?

Present simple questions:

do I/we/you/they does he/she/it work/live/go etc.

Past simple questions: did you/she/they (etc.) w

did you/she/they (etc.) work/live/go etc.

```
positive
                                                     question
They work hard.
                                               Do they work hard?
                             \rightarrow
 You watch television.
                             \rightarrow
                                    How often do you watch television?
Chris works hard.
                             \rightarrow
                                           Does Chris work hard?
 She gets up early.
                             \rightarrow
                                   What time does she get up?
They worked hard.
                             \rightarrow
                                              Did they work hard?
 You had dinner.
                             \rightarrow
                                         What did you have for dinner?
  She got up early.
                             \rightarrow
                                    What time did she get up?
```

Sometimes do is the main verb (do you do / did he do etc.):

- What do you usually do at weekends?
- 'What does your brother do?' 'He works in a bank.'
- 'I broke my finger last week.' 'How did you do that?' (not 'How did you that?')
- Why isn't ...? / Why don't ...? etc. (Why + negative):
 - Where's John? Why isn't he here? (not 'Why he isn't here?')
 - Why can't Paula come to the meeting tomorrow? (not 'Why Paula can't ...?')
 - Why didn't you phone me last night?

42.1	wake these sentences negative.			
	1 He's gone away. He hasn't gone awa	щ. 4	4 It's cold today.	
	2 They're married.		5 We'll be late.	
	3 I've had dinner.		6 You should go.	
			•	
	Make these sentences negative. Use don't/doe		· i.	
	1 She saw me. She didn't see me.	4	4 He lives here.	
	2 I like cheese.	5	5 Go away!	
	3 They understood	<i>6</i>	6 I did the shopping.	
42.3	Make these sentences negative.			
	1 She can swim. She can't swim.	6	6 He'll be pleased	
	2 They've arrived.		7 Phone me tonight.	
	3 I went to the bank.		8 It rained yesterday.	
	4 He speaks German.		9 I could hear them	
	5 We were angry		0 I believe you.	
	Complete these sentences with a negative verl		•	
4 Z. 4		•	•	
	1 They aren't rich. They haven't go	t much m	ioney.	
	2 'Would you like something to eat?'	No, than	ik you. I nungry.	
	3 I find my glasses. Have			
	4 George write letters			
	5 We can walk to the station from here.			
	6 'Where's Jill?' 'Ikn 7 Be careful!fall!	OW. 1	seen her today.	
	8 We went to the cinema last night. I		like the film very much	
	9 I've been to Spain many times but I	••••••	heen to Portum!	
	10 Julia be here tomorro	wy She's c	going away	
	11 'Who broke that window?' 'Not me			
	12 We didn't see what happened. We			
	••		-	
	You ask Gary some questions. His answers ar	e always 'Y	Yes' or 'No'. Write sentences about Gary, posi	itive
	or negative.			
(8	6	
\rightarrow	Χ.	Į.	GARY	
104				
	Are you married?	No.	1 He isn't married.	
	Do you live in London?	Yes.	2 He lives in London.	
	Were you born in London?	No.	3	
	Do you like London?	No.	4	
	Would you like to live in the country?	Yes.	5	
	Can you drive?	Yes.	6	
	Have you got a car?	No.	7	
	Do you read newspapers?	No.	8	
	Are you interested in politics?	No.	9	
	Do you watch TV most evenings?	Yes.	10	
	Did you watch TV last night?	No.	11	
	Did you go out last night?	Yes.] 12	

don't etc. (negatives) isn't haven't

We use **not** (**n't**) in negative sentences:

positive	→ negative	
am	am not ('m not)	I'm not tired.
is	is not (isn't or 's not)	It isn't (or It's not) raining.
are	are not (aren't or 're not)	They aren't (or They're not) here
was	was not (wasn't)	Julian wasn't hungry.
were	were not (weren't)	The shops weren't open.
have	have not (haven't)	I haven't finished my work.
has	has not (hasn't)	Sue hasn't got a car.
will	will not (won't)	We won't be here tomorrow.
can	cannot (can't)	George can't drive.
could	could not (couldn't)	I couldn't sleep last night.
must	must not (mustn't)	I mustn't forget to phone Ann.
hould	should not (shouldn't)	You shouldn't work so hard.
would	would not (wouldn't)	I wouldn't like to be an actor.

don't/doesn't/didn't

I/we/you/they do not (don't) he/she/it does not (doesn't) Present simple negative: work/live/go etc.

Past simple negative: I/they/he/she (etc.) did not (didn't) work/live/go etc.

positive -> negative

I want to go out. \rightarrow I don't want to go out. They work hard. → They don't work hard. Liz plays the guitar. \rightarrow Liz doesn't play the guitar. My father likes his job. → My father doesn't like his job.

I got up early this morning. \rightarrow I didn't get up early this morning. They worked hard yesterday. → They didn't work hard yesterday.

We played tennis. \rightarrow We didn't play tennis. Diane had a bath. → Diane didn't have a bath.

Don't ...

Look! → Don't look! Wait for me. \rightarrow Don't wait for me.

Sometimes do is the main verb (don't do / doesn't do / didn't do):

Do something! \rightarrow **Don't do** anything!

Sue **does** a lot at weekends. \rightarrow Sue **doesn't do** much at weekends.

I did what you said. \rightarrow I didn't do what you said.

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		\sim	1
	1	I'm happy.	I'm happy too
	2	I'm not hungry.	I'm not hungry
	3	I'm going out.	I'm going out
	4	It rained on Saturday.	It rained on Sunday
	5	Jenny can't drive a car.	She can't ride a bicycle
	6	I don't like shopping.	I don't like shopping
	7	Jane's mother is a teacher.	Her father is a teacher
41.2	Ansı	wer with So I (So am I / So do I /	So can I etc.).
	1 (I amount on head loss does within	So did 1.
	1	I went to bed late last night.	
	2 3	I'm thirsty.	
	4	I've just had dinner. I need a holiday.	
	5	I'll be late tomorrow.	
	6	I was very tired this morning.	
	Ϋ́		J []
	Ansv	wer with Neither .	1
	7	I can't go to the party	.] []
	8	I didn't phone Alex last night	
	9	I haven't got any money	
	10	I'm not going out tomorrow	
	11	I don't know what to do	.] []
41.3	V	ann talliann ta Affania (Maita taura ann	tanaca abautu uu waali Milaaya maalibla waa Ca. I ay Maithay I
41.3	You are talking to Maria. Write true sentences about yourself. Where possible, use So I or Neither I . Look at these examples carefully:		
_	O	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	u can answer: So am 1. 7 or (I'm not. 7
(Jan	100	*	
ζ١.	3 (2)	don't work hard.) yo	u can answer: (Neither do I.) or (I do.) /rou
(21	\mathcal{N}	\wedge
MARI	A 1	I'm learning Eng	lish.
	2	I can ride a bicy	
	3	I'm not Ameri	
	4	I like cook	ing.
	5	I don't like cold weat	her
	6	I slept well last ni	ght.
	7	I've never been to Scotla	and.
	8	I don't write letters very of	
	9	I'm going out tomorrow even	
	10	I haven't got a heada	
	11	I didn't watch TV last ni	
	12	I often go to the cine	ema.