

1. Develop a C program to implement the process system calls `fork()`, `wait()` to create process and terminate process.

```
→ #include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(){
    pid_t child_pid;
    child_pid=fork();
    int status;
    if(child_pid<0){
        fprintf(stderr,"fork() failed !\n");
        exit(-1);
    }

    if(child_pid==0){
        printf("Child process (PID : %d) is running ...\n",getpid());
        char *args[]={"/bin/ls","-a",NULL};
        execvp(args[0],args);
        perror("exec() failed !");
        exit(1);
    }else{
        printf("Parent process (PID : %d) is waiting for the child to complete\n",getpid());
        wait(&status);
        if(WIFEXITED(status))
            printf("Child process (PID : %d) has completed with status %d\n", \
                child_pid,WEXITSTATUS(status) \
            );
    }
    return(0);
}
```

2. Simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithm to find turnaround time waiting time

- a) FCFS
- b) SJF
- c) Round Robin
- d) Priority

```
a) #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(){
    int bt[20],wt[20],tat[20],i,n;
    float avwt,avtat;
    printf("Enter the number of process -- ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        printf("Enter the burst time for the process %d -- ",i);
        scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
    }
    wt[0]=avwt=0;
    tat[0]=avtat=bt[0];

    for(i=1;i<n;i++){
        wt[i]=wt[i-1]+bt[i-1];
        tat[i]=tat[i-1]+bt[i];
        avwt+=wt[i];
        avtat+=tat[i];
    }

    printf("\nProcess\t Burst time\t Waiting Time\t Turnaround Time\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("p%d\t %d\t\t %d\t\t %d\n",i,bt[i],wt[i],tat[i]);
    printf("\nAverage waiting time -- %f",avwt/n);
    printf("\nAverage Turnaround time -- %f\n",avtat/n);
    exit(0);
}
```

```

b) #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(){
    int p[20],bt[20],wt[20],tat[20],i,k,n,temp;
    float wtavg,tatavg;
    printf("Enter the number of process : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);

    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        p[i]=i;
        printf("Enter the burst time for the process %d : ",i);
        scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
    }

    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        for(k=i+1;k<n;k++)
            if(bt[i]>bt[k]){
                temp=bt[i];
                bt[i]=bt[k];
                bt[k]=temp;
                temp=p[i];
                p[i]=p[k];
                p[k]=temp;
            }

    wt[0]=wtavg=0;
    tat[0]=tatavg=bt[0];

    for(i=1;i<n;i++){
        wt[i]=wt[i-1]+bt[i-1];
        tat[i]=tat[i-1]+bt[i];
        wtavg+=wt[i];
        tatavg+=tat[i];
    }

    printf("\nProcess\t Burst time\t Waiting Time\t Turnaround Time\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("p%d\t %d\t\t %d\t\t %d\n",p[i],bt[i],wt[i],tat[i]);
    printf("\nAverage waiting time : %f",wtavg/n);
    printf("\nAverage Turnaround time : %f\n",tatavg/n);
    return 0;
}

```

c) `#include <stdio.h>`

```
int main(){
    int bu[10],wa[10],tat[10],ct[10],i,j,max,n,t;
    float awt,att,temp;
    awt=att=temp=0;

    printf("Enter the number of process : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);

    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        printf("Enter the burst time for the process %d : ",i+1);
        scanf("%d",&bu[i]);
        ct[i]=bu[i];
    }

    printf("Enter the time slice : ");
    scanf("%d",&t);
    max=bu[0];

    for(i=1;i<n;i++)
        if(max<bu[i])
            max=bu[i];

    for(j=0;j<(max/t)+1;j++)
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
            if(bu[i]!=0){
                if(bu[i]<=t){
                    tat[i]=temp+bu[i];
                    temp+=bu[i];
                    bu[i]=0;
                }else{
                    bu[i]-=t;
                    temp+=t;
                }
            }

    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        wa[i]=tat[i]-ct[i];
        att+=tat[i];
        awt+=wa[i];
    }

    printf("\nThe Average Turnaround time is : %f",att/n);
    printf("\nThe Average Waiting time is : %f",awt/n);
    printf("\nProcess\tBurst time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n",i+1,ct[i],wa[i],tat[i]);
    return 0;
}
```

d) `#include <stdio.h>`

```
int main(){
    int p[20],pri[20],bt[20],wt[20],tat[20],i,k,n,temp;
    float wtavg,tatavg;
    printf("Enter the number of process : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);

    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        p[i]=i;
        printf("Enter the burst time and priority of the process %d : ",i);
        scanf("%d%d",&bt[i],&pri[i]);
    }

    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        for(k=i+1;k<n;k++)
            if(pri[i]>pri[k]){
                temp=p[i];
                p[i]=p[k];
                p[k]=temp;
                temp=bt[i];
                bt[i]=bt[k];
                bt[k]=temp;
                temp=pri[i];
                pri[i]=pri[k];
                pri[k]=temp;
            }

    wt[0]=wtavg=0;
    tat[0]=tatavg=bt[0];

    for(i=1;i<n;i++){
        wt[i]=wt[i-1]+bt[i-1];
        tat[i]=tat[i-1]+bt[i];
        wtavg+=wt[i];
        tatavg+=tat[i];
    }

    printf("\nProcess\t Priority\t Burst time\t Waiting Time\t Turnaround Time\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("p%d\t %d\t\t %d\t\t %d\t\t %d\n",p[i],pri[i],bt[i],wt[i],tat[i]);
    printf("\nAverage waiting time : %f",wtavg/n);
    printf("\nAverage Turnaround time : %f\n",tatavg/n);
    return 0;
}
```

3. Develop a C program to simulate producer-consumer problem using semaphores.

```
→ #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int mutex=1;
int full=0;
int empty=10;
int x=0;

void producer(){
    --mutex;
    ++full;
    --empty;
    x++;
    printf("\nProducer produces item %d",x);
    ++mutex;
}

void consumer(){
    --mutex;
    --full;
    ++empty;
    printf("\nConsumer consumes item %d",x);
    x--;
    ++mutex;
}

int main(){
    int n,i;
    printf("\n1. Press 1 for Producer\n2. Press 2 for Consumer\n3. Press 3 for Exit");

    for(i=1;i>0;i++){
        printf("\nEnter your choice:");
        scanf("%d",&n);

        switch(n){
            case 1:
                if((mutex == 1)&&(empty != 0))
                    producer();
                else
                    printf("Buffer is full");
                break;
            case 2:
                if((mutex == 1)&&(full != 0))
                    consumer();
                else
                    printf("Buffer is empty!");
                break;
            case 3:
                exit(0);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

4. Develop a C program which demonstrates interprocess communication between a reader process and a writer process. Use `mkfifo()`, `open()`, `read()`, `write()` and `close()` APIs in your program.

i) Reader Process

```
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_BUF 1024

int main(){
    int fd;

    char *myfifo = "/tmp/myfifo";
    char buf[MAX_BUF];

    fd=open(myfifo,O_RDONLY);

    read(fd,buf,MAX_BUF);
    printf("Writer: %s\n",buf);

    close(fd);
    return 0;
}
```

## ii) Writer Process

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>

int main(){
    int fd;
    char buf[1024];

    char *myfifo="/tmp/myfifo";
    mkfifo(myfifo,0666);
    printf("Run Reader process to read the FIFO File\n");

    fd=open(myfifo,O_WRONLY);

    strcpy(buf,"Hello from Writer Process");
    write(fd,buf,sizeof(buf));

    close(fd);

    unlink(myfifo);
    return 0;
}
```



5. Develop a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Dead Lock Avoidance.

→ `#include <stdio.h>`

```
int isSafe( \
    int processes,int resources,int max[][resources],int allocated[][resources], \
    int available[] \
){
    int need[processes][resources],finish[processes],i,j;

    for(i=0;i<processes;i++){
        finish[i]=0;

        for(j=0;j<resources;j++){
            need[i][j]=max[i][j]-allocated[i][j];
        }

        int work[resources];

        for(i=0;i<resources;i++)
            work[i]=available[i];

        while(1){
            int found=0;

            for(i=0;i<processes;i++){
                if(!finish[i]){
                    int canAllocate=1;

                    for(j=0;j<resources;j++){
                        if(need[i][j]>work[j]){
                            canAllocate=0;
                            break;
                        }
                    }

                    if(canAllocate){
                        for(j=0;j<resources;j++){
                            work[j]+=allocated[i][j];
                        }
                        finish[i]=1;
                        found=1;
                        break;
                    }
                }
            }

            if(!found)
                break;
        }

        for(i=0;i<processes;i++)
            if(!finish[i])
                return 0;

        return 1;
    }
}

int main(){
    int processes,resources,i,j;

    printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d",&processes);
    printf("Enter the number of resources: ");
    scanf("%d",&resources);

    int max[processes][resources],allocated[processes][resources],available[resources];

    printf("\nEnter the maximum resource matrix:\n");

    for(i=0;i<processes;i++)
        for(j=0;j<resources;j++)
            scanf("%d",&max[i][j]);

    printf("\nEnter the allocated resource matrix:\n");

    for(i=0;i<processes;i++)
        for(j=0;j<resources;j++)
            scanf("%d",&allocated[i][j]);

    printf("\nEnter the available resources:\n");

    for(i=0;i<resources;i++)
        scanf("%d",&available[i]);

    if(isSafe(processes,resources,max,allocated,available))
        printf("\nThe system is in a safe state.\n");
    else
        printf("\nThe system is not in a safe state.\n");

    return 0;
}
```