

5G Conspiracy vs Non-Conspiracy Network Analysis Report

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Introduction

Purpose of Analysis:

The objective of this analysis is to understand the structural differences between misinformation (5G conspiracy) networks and non-conspiracy networks. We aim to:

- Compare network characteristics using Gephi.
- Identify patterns in connectivity, community structure, and centrality metrics.

Graphs

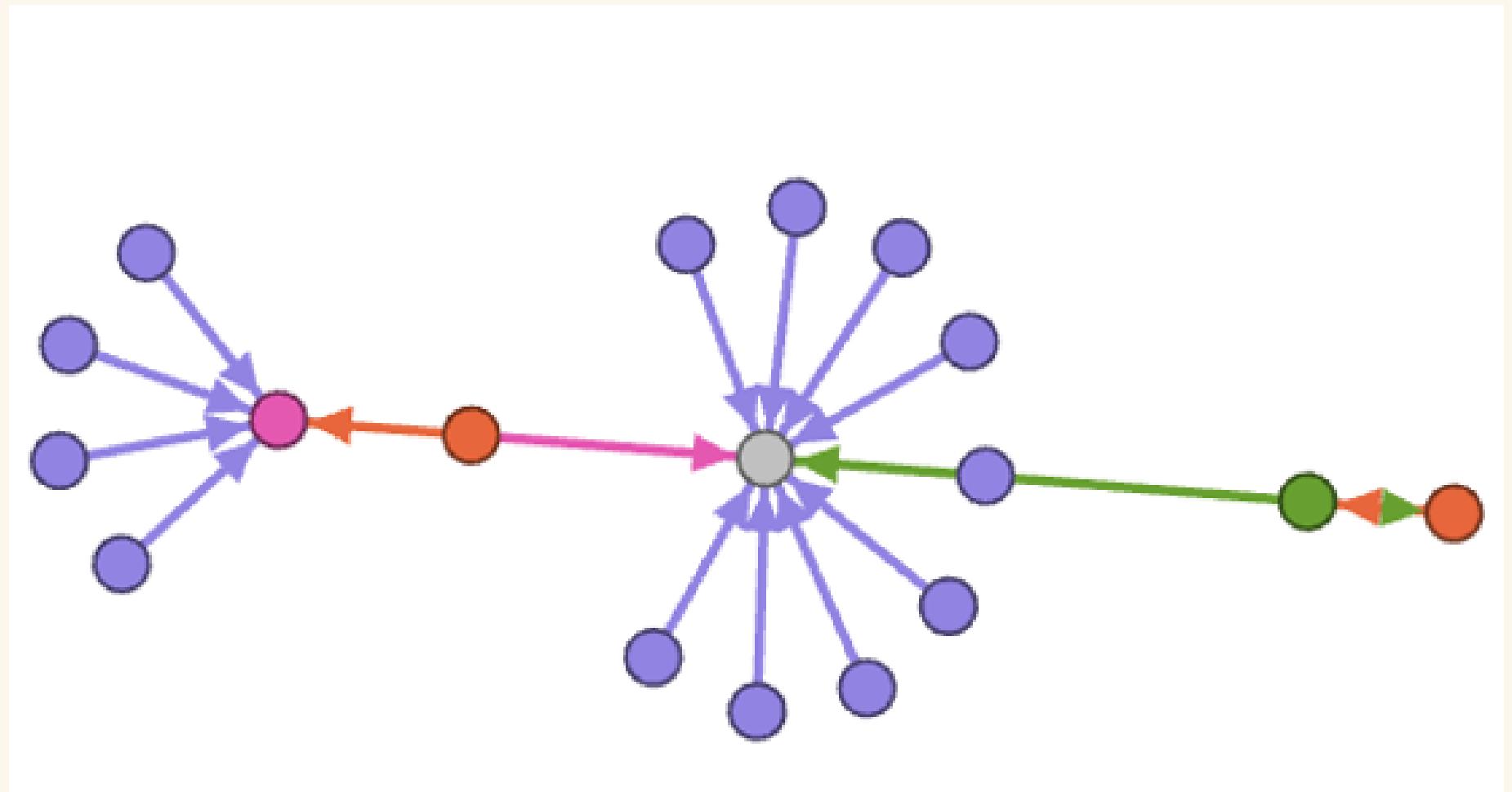
5G Conspiracy Graph: 30

Non-Conspiracy Graph: 40

Visualization

- 5G Conspiracy Graph: Force-Atlas, Expansion
- Non-Conspiracy Graph: Force-Atlas, Expansion

5G Conspiracy Graph



5G Conspiracy Graph

- Nodes 18
- Edges 20
- Interpretation:
 - Larger size may indicate a more complex network or broader discussion.
 - Smaller size may suggest a niche or tightly focused group.

5G Conspiracy Graph

- Avg. Degree 1.111
- Meaning:
 - Average number of connections per node.
- Interpretation:
 - Higher average degree = nodes are more connected.
 - Lower average degree = nodes have fewer interactions.

5G Conspiracy Graph

- Density 0.065
- Meaning:
 - Measures how tightly connected the network is.
- Interpretation:
 - Higher density = network is more interconnected.
 - Lower density = network is sparser.

5G Conspiracy Graph

- Clustering Coefficient 0.058
- Meaning:
 - Likelihood that nodes form local clusters or triangles.
- Interpretation:
 - Higher clustering = more local communities or echo chambers.
 - Lower clustering = less localized clustering.

5G Conspiracy Graph

- Modularity Q 0.375
- # Communities 3
- Meaning:
 - Higher modularity indicates well-separated communities.
 - Number of communities indicates network fragmentation.

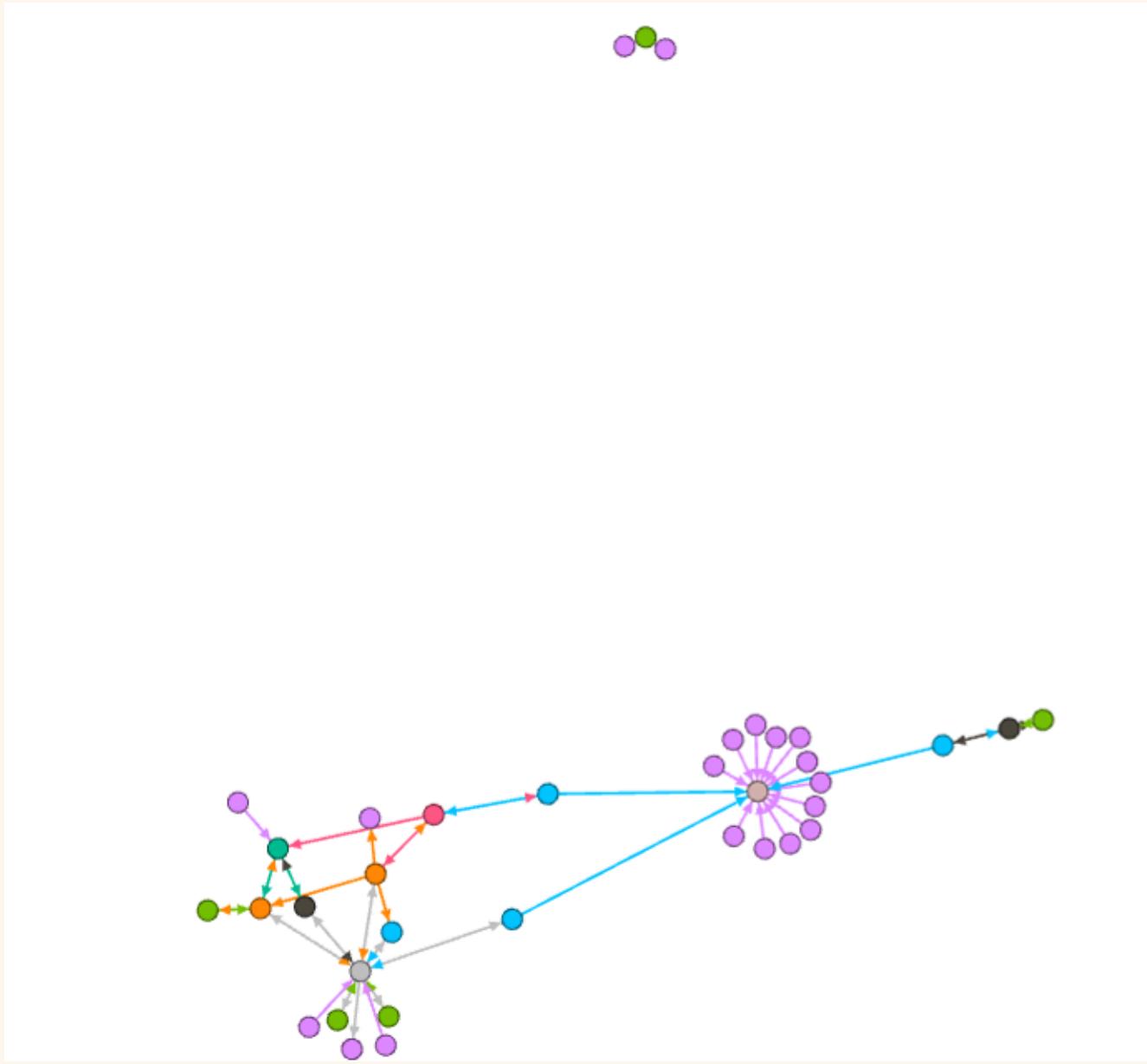
5G Conspiracy Graph

- Betweenness Centrality 0 - 11
- Closeness Centrality 0.5 - 1
- Meaning:
- Betweenness: Nodes acting as bridges in the network.
- Closeness: Nodes closest to all others in terms of path length.

5G Conspiracy Graph

- # Connected Components 1
- Meaning:
 - Number of separate sub-graphs (isolated groups).
- Interpretation:
 - Single connected component = all nodes are reachable.
 - Multiple components = fragmented groups.

5G Non-Conspiracy Graph



5G Non-Conspiracy Graph

- Nodes 36
- Edges 53
- Interpretation:
 - Larger size may indicate a more complex network or broader discussion.
 - Smaller size may suggest a niche or tightly focused group.

5G Non-Conspiracy Graph

- Avg. Degree 1.472
- Meaning:
 - Average number of connections per node.
- Interpretation:
 - Higher average degree = nodes are more connected.
 - Lower average degree = nodes have fewer interactions.

5G Non-Conspiracy Graph

- Density 0.042
- Meaning:
 - Measures how tightly connected the network is.
- Interpretation:
 - Higher density = network is more interconnected.
 - Lower density = network is sparser.

5G Non-Conspiracy Graph

- Clustering Coefficient 0.039
- Meaning:
 - Likelihood that nodes form local clusters or triangles.
- Interpretation:
 - Higher clustering = more local communities or echo chambers.
 - Lower clustering = less localized clustering.

5G Non-Conspiracy Graph

- Modularity Q 0.549
- # Communities 5
- Meaning:
 - Higher modularity indicates well-separated communities.
 - Number of communities indicates network fragmentation.

5G Non-Conspiracy Graph

- Betweenness Centrality 0 – 144.5
- Closeness Centrality 0 -14
- Meaning:
 - Betweenness: Nodes acting as bridges in the network.
 - Closeness: Nodes closest to all others in terms of path length.

5G Non-Conspiracy Graph

- # Connected Components 2
- Meaning:
 - Number of separate sub-graphs (isolated groups).
- Interpretation:
 - Single connected component = all nodes are reachable.
 - Multiple components = fragmented groups.

Comparative Analysis

- Structure:
 - The **conspiracy network** is small and centralized, a typical sign of coordinated misinformation operations.
 - The **non-conspiracy** network is larger, balanced, and decentralized.

Comparative Analysis

- Connectivity:
 - **Conspiracy network** → few highly influential nodes control most interactions.
 - **Non-conspiracy network** → connections are more evenly distributed.

Comparative Analysis

- Fragmentation:
 - **Conspiracy:** 1 connected component → tightly controlled environment.
 - **Non-Conspiracy:** Multiple components → natural topic diversity.

Comparative Analysis

- Central Nodes:
 - **Conspiracy:** No extremely high betweenness → weakly connected but dependent on a few nodes.
 - **Non-Conspiracy:** Strong bridging nodes → resilient against misinformation.

Comparative Analysis

- Community Structure:
 - **Conspiracy:** Only 3 communities → centralized narrative.
 - **Non-Conspiracy:** 5 communities → more variety, less manipulation risk.

Result

From a security perspective, **conspiracy** networks are easier to manipulate but also easier to disrupt because they rely on a few central nodes.

Thank you